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Ships and marine technology — Ship's mooring and towing fittings — Mooring chocks

Navires et technologie maritime — Corps-morts et ferrures de remorquage de navires — Chaumards





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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 13713 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8, Ships and marine technology, Subcommittee SC 4, Outfitting and deck machinery.

Introduction

The mooring chock is a type of ship's mooring and towing fitting installed on the shipside to lead the mooring and towing rope from the ship's inboard to outboard.

The mooring chocks are normally adopted for ships which use nylon or other synthetic ropes other than wire ropes considering the small bending ratio (for wire ropes see ISO 13729.)

The tensile strength of rope is reduced depending on bend radius through the chock in accordance with the rope manufacturer's guidelines.

Ships and marine technology — Ship's mooring and towing fittings — Mooring chocks

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the design, size and technical requirements for mooring chocks installed to lead the mooring and towing rope of a ship.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IMO Circular MSC/Circ.1175, Guidance on shipboard towing and mooring equipment

3 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3 1

safe working load

SWL

maximum load in kN on the rope that should normally be applied in service conditions

4 Classification

4.1 Type

The mooring chocks shall be classified by its installation site as follows:

- Type A Deck-mounted mooring chock;
- Type B Bulwark-mounted mooring chock.

4.2 Nominal sizes

The nominal sizes, $L \times H$ of mooring chocks are denoted by reference to the width and height of the opening of the chock, in millimetres. For the mooring chocks having the same size, the alphabetical character is followed by nominal size for the different safe working load (SWL).

The nominal sizes are:

250x200, 300x250, 350x250, 400x250, 450x250, 500x250A, 500x250B

5 Dimensions

Mooring chocks have dimensions and particulars in accordance with Tables 1 and 2, and Figures 1 and 2.

ISO 13713:2012(E)

Materials

The following material shall be used for manufacturing the mooring chocks:

Chock: steel casting material having a yield point of not less than 235 N/mm² or equivalent.

The carbon contents of the steel casting are not to be more than 0,23 % considering weldability.

7 Construction

The foundation of the mooring chocks shall be determined by considering actual load direction. The foundation and welding connections to the hull shall be guaranteed reliable transmission of the maximum loading of the mooring chocks to hull construction without any plastic deformation or cracks.

8 Manufacturing and inspection

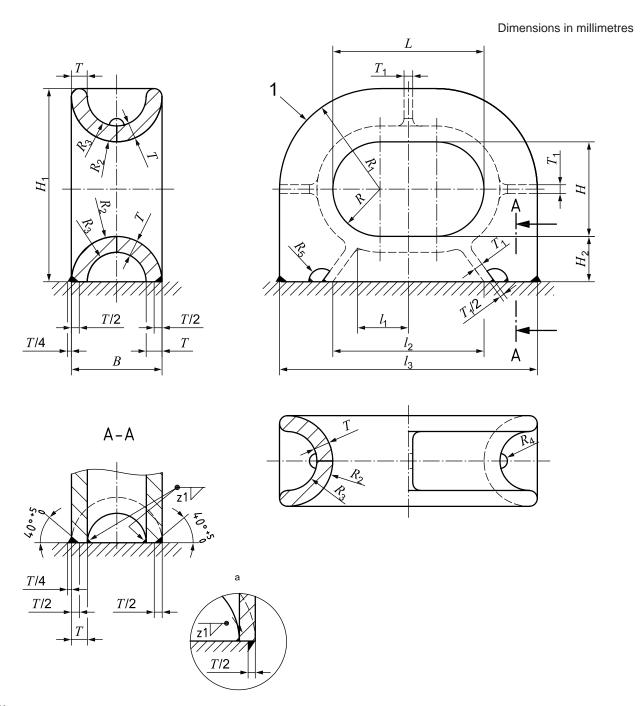
- 8.1 All surfaces of the mooring chocks, including welding, shall be free from any visible flaws or imperfections.
- All surfaces in contact with the ropes shall be free from surface roughness or irregularities likely to cause damage to the ropes by abrasion.
- 8.3 The mooring chocks shall be coated externally with an anti-corrosion protective finish.

Marking 9

- 9.1 The SWL intended for the use of the mooring chocks shall be noted in the towing and mooring plan available on board for the guidance of the shipmaster, as specified in MSC/Circ.1175.
- 9.2 The actual SWL on board shall be determined by considering the foundation and under deck reinforcement, and it shall be marked on the towing and mooring plan. The actual SWL shall not be over the SWL indicated in this International Standard.
- 9.3 The mooring chock shall be clearly marked with its SWL by weld bead or equivalent. The SWL shall be expressed in tonnes (letter 't') and be placed so that it is not obscured during operation of the fitting.

EXAMPLE SWL XXX t

- 9.4 The SWL mark shall be placed on the foundation of the chock or on deck.
- 9.5 The radii of edges and corners not shown in Figures 1 and 2 shall be of minimum 25 mm.



Key

- 1 mooring chock
- a Alternative welding method.

Figure 1 — Type A — Deck-mounted mooring chocks

Table 1 — Dimensions and SWL of Type A — Deck-mounted mooring chocks

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal size	l ₁	l ₂	l ₃	В	H ₁	Н2	R	R ₁	R ₂
$L \times H$									
250x200	100	250	444	160	377	80	100	197	80
300x250	110	300	536	200	468	100	125	243	100
350x250	125	350	608	220	489	110	125	254	110
400x250	135	400	682	240	511	120	125	266	120
450x250	150	450	760	260	535	130	125	280	130
500x250A	175	500	832	280	556	140	125	291	140
500x250B	175	500	840	280	560	140	125	295	140
Nominal size	R ₃	R ₄	R ₅	T	<i>T</i> ₁	Welding leg length ^a	SWLb		Calculated weight ^c
E X II						<i>z</i> 1	(kN)	(t)	(kg)
250x200	46	20	15	34	18	8,5	353	36	73
300x250	64	25	20	36	20	9	491	50	121
350x250	72	30	20	38	20	9,5	589	60	151
400x250	78	30	20	42	23	10,5	736	75	200
450x250	80	30	20	50	28	12,5	981	100	280
500x250A	88	30	20	52	30	13	1 128	115	338
500x250B	80	30	20	60	36	15	1 373	140	396

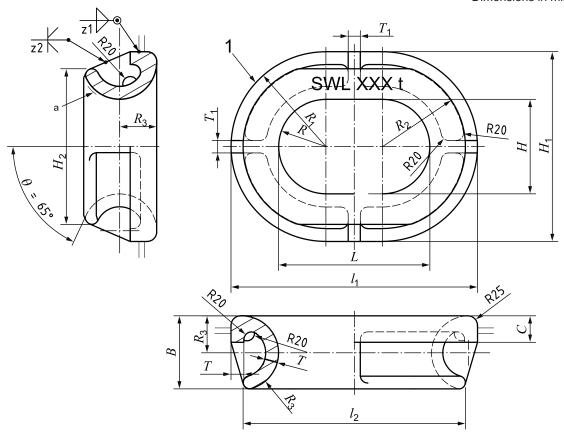
The welding method may be changed based on the same welding volume/strength.

The "SWL" may be adjusted depending on the actual loading conditions, and the actual marking shall be agreed between the user and the manufacturer.

The calculated weight is for reference only.

The SWLs shown are for reference only. These are based on the loadings as mentioned in Annex A.

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

- 1 mooring chock
- θ° maximum available line leading angle limited by the end of curve surface (for reference)
- ^a SWL marking.

NOTE The SWL mark shall be provided on the chock or on the shell plate near the chock.

Figure 2 — Type B — Bulwark-mounted mooring chocks

Nominal size

Table 2 — Dimensions and SWL of Type B — Bulwark-mounted mooring chocks

Dimensions in millimetres

l_1	l_2	B	H_1	H ₂	C	R	R_1	R ₂	
- 1	-2		,	2			,	2	
450	398	154	408	327	57	100	200	174	
516	460	168	466	387	60	125	233	205	
582	520	177	482	395	65	125	241	210	
652	588	193	502	412	70	125	251	219	
734	662	213	534	433	77	125	267	231	
812	730	237	562	447	82	125	281	240	
828	750	253	578	466	82	125	289	250	
R ₃	T	<i>T</i> ₁	Welding leg length ^a		SWL ^b			Calculated weight ^c	
			<i>z</i> 1	<i>z</i> ₂	(kN)	(t)		(kg)	
78	26	20	8	8	353	36		48	
85	27	24	8	9,5	491	50		83	
85 90	27 29	24 25	8	9,5 10	491 589	50 60		83 100	
90	29	25	9	10	589	60		100	
90	29 34	25 32	9 9,5	10 13	589 736	60 75		100 145	
	516 582 652 734 812 828	450 398 516 460 582 520 652 588 734 662 812 730 828 750 R ₃ T	450 398 154 516 460 168 582 520 177 652 588 193 734 662 213 812 730 237 828 750 253 R3 T T1	450 398 154 408 516 460 168 466 582 520 177 482 652 588 193 502 734 662 213 534 812 730 237 562 828 750 253 578 Welding leng 71 21	450 398 154 408 327 516 460 168 466 387 582 520 177 482 395 652 588 193 502 412 734 662 213 534 433 812 730 237 562 447 828 750 253 578 466 Welding leg length ^a z1 z2	450 398 154 408 327 57 516 460 168 466 387 60 582 520 177 482 395 65 652 588 193 502 412 70 734 662 213 534 433 77 812 730 237 562 447 82 828 750 253 578 466 82 Welding leg length ^a Iength ^a 21 22 (kN)	450 398 154 408 327 57 100 516 460 168 466 387 60 125 582 520 177 482 395 65 125 652 588 193 502 412 70 125 734 662 213 534 433 77 125 812 730 237 562 447 82 125 828 750 253 578 466 82 125 Welding leg length ^a SWL ^b	450 398 154 408 327 57 100 200 516 460 168 466 387 60 125 233 582 520 177 482 395 65 125 241 652 588 193 502 412 70 125 251 734 662 213 534 433 77 125 267 812 730 237 562 447 82 125 281 828 750 253 578 466 82 125 289 Welding leg length ^a SWL ^b Calc 21 21 22 (kN) (t) (t)	

The welding method may be changed based on the same welding volume/strength.

The SWLs shown are for reference only. These are based on the loadings as mentioned in Annex A.

[&]quot;SWL" may be adjusted depending on the actual loading conditions, and the actual marking shall be agreed between the user and the manufacturer.

The calculated weight is for reference only.

Annex A

(informative)

Basis for strength assessment of mooring chocks

A.1 General

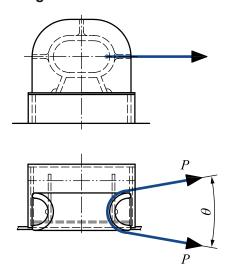
The strength of the mooring chocks was evaluated by finite element model analysis and determined based on the following design criteria.

A.2 Loading

The mooring chocks shall be designed to withstand the horizontal (Figure A.1) and vertical (Figures A.2 and A.3) load cases.

The horizontal and vertical loadings were considered individually, but both loadings were not considered simultaneously.

A.2.1 Case 1 — Horizontal loading



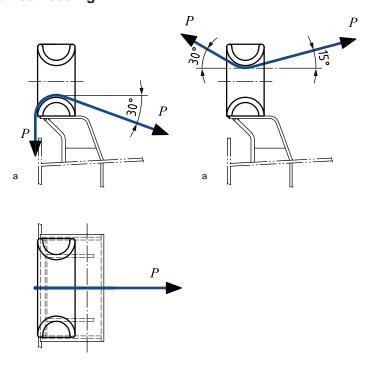
Key

P mooring force or towing force

NOTE The loads were considered for a rope deflected 180° ($\theta = 0^{\circ}$) through the mooring chock.

Figure A.1 — Case 1 — Horizontal loading

A.2.2 Case 2 — Vertical loading



Key

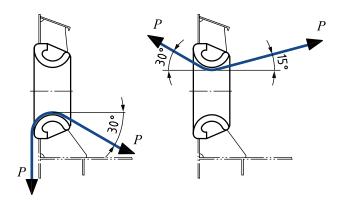
- mooring force or towing force
- Ship side.

The loads were considered for a rope deflected through the mooring chock, as shown in this figure. NOTE

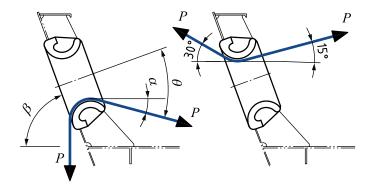
Vertical down side: Outboard down 90°, Inboard down 30°

Vertical up side: Outboard up 30°, Inboard up 15°

Figure A.2 — Vertical loading for Type A — Deck-mounted mooring chocks



a) Bulwark-mounted mooring chocks without bulwark inclination



b) Bulwark-mounted mooring chocks with bulwark inclination

Key

P mooring force or towing force

NOTE The loads were considered for a rope deflected as in this figure through the mooring chock.

Vertical down side: Outboard down 90°, Inboard down θ ° is not to be over 65°.

(α° = Maximum 30° for instance, at the design bulwark angle of β = 55°.)

Vertical up side: Outboard up 30°, Inboard up 15°.

Figure A.3 — Vertical loading for Type B — Bulwark-mounted mooring chocks

A.3 Load and stress criterion

Under the SWL, the following stress criterion was adopted:

The combined stress is limited to 85 % of the yield stress of the material.

A.4 Wear-down allowances and corrosion additions

The wear-down margin and corrosion margin were already included in the safety factor.

Bibliography

- [1] IACS UR A2, Shipboard fittings and supporting hull structures associated with towing and mooring on conventional vessels
- OCIMF, Mooring Equipment Guidelines (MEG3) [2]
- [3] ISO 4990, Steel castings — General technical delivery requirements
- [4] ISO 13729, Ships and marine technology — Ship's mooring and towing fittings — Closed chocks

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