INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Rice — Determination of biometric characteristics of kernels

Riz — Détermination des caractéristiques biométriques des grains



ISO 11746:2012(E)



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Foreword

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Rice — Determination of biometric characteristics of kernels

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the biometric characteristics of husked or milled rice kernels.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 7301, Rice — Specification

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 7301 and the following apply.

3 1

biometric characteristics

length, width and thickness of the kernel measured along the three Cartesian axes

NOTE See Annex A.

4 Principle

Manual selection of kernels and measurement of their biometric characteristics (3.1) with a micrometer.

5 Apparatus

Usual laboratory apparatus and, in particular, the following.

- **5.1 Sample divider**¹⁾, conical sampler or multiple-slot sampler with a distribution system.
- **5.2 Tray**, or equivalent device, coloured in contrast with the colour of the rice to be evaluated.
- **5.3 Tweezers**, of different types (metal, plastic, round tips or pointed, etc.), for easy manipulation of kernels.
- **5.4 Micrometer**, or equivalent device capable of being read to the nearest 0,01 mm and which ensures that no kernel deformation occurs during measurement.

Avoidance of kernel deformation is particularly important for husked rice.

6 Sampling

Sampling is not part of the method specified in this International Standard. A recommended sampling method is given in ISO 24333^[2].

Some sample dividers are described in ISO 24333^[2].

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It is important the laboratory receive a truly representative sample which has not been damaged or changed during transport or storage.

Procedure

Preparation of the test sample 7.1

Carefully mix the laboratory sample to make it as uniform as possible. Then proceed to reduce it, if necessary, using a sample divider (5.1) to obtain a quantity of about 50 g and spread the grains on the tray (5.2). If necessary, sieve it to retain only whole grains.

Determination 7.2

- 7.2.1 Randomly draw out two sets of 100 kernels from the test sample obtained in 7.1.
- While maintaining each kernel motionless in the correct orientation (see Annex A) with the aid of tweezers (5.3), measure the biometric characteristics (3.1) of the kernels of both sets (7.2.1) using the micrometer (5.4). Report the values to the nearest 0,01 mm.
- 7.2.3 For each biometric characteristic (length, width and thickness), calculate the arithmetic means for both sets, (\bar{X}_1, \bar{X}_2) , and check whether the value calculated using the following formula is less than or equal to 2.

$$\frac{\overline{X}_1 - \overline{X}_2}{\left(\overline{X}_1 + \overline{X}_2\right)/2} \times 100$$

A value higher than 2 indicates that sets have not been randomly selected, in which case, return all the kernels to the test sample and repeat the procedure from 7.2.1.

Calculation and expression of results

Calculation 8.1

Calculate the arithmetic means, \bar{X}_1 , \bar{X}_2 , for all the biometric characteristics (3.1).

Expression of results 8.2

Report the mean values of the length, width, and thickness of the kernels to the nearest 0,01 mm.

Precision

9.1 Interlaboratory test

Details of an interlaboratory test on the precision of the method are summarized in Annex B. It is possible that the values derived from this interlaboratory test are not applicable to other types of rice and mixtures of other varieties.

9.2 Repeatability

The absolute difference between two independent single test results, obtained using the same method on identical test material in the same laboratory by the same operator using the same equipment within a short interval of time, will, in not more than 5 % of cases, be greater than the repeatability limits:

$$r_l = 0.125 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_b = 0.049 \text{ mm}$$

$$r_{\delta} = 0.040 \text{ mm}$$

for kernel length, width, and thickness, respectively.

9.3 Reproducibility

The absolute difference between two single test results, obtained using the same method on identical test material in different laboratories with different operators using different equipment, will, in not more than 5 % of cases, be greater than the reproducibility limits:

$$R_l = 0.337 \text{ mm}$$

$$R_b = 0.163 \text{ mm}$$

$$R_{\delta} = 0.092 \text{ mm}$$

for kernel length, width, and thickness, respectively.

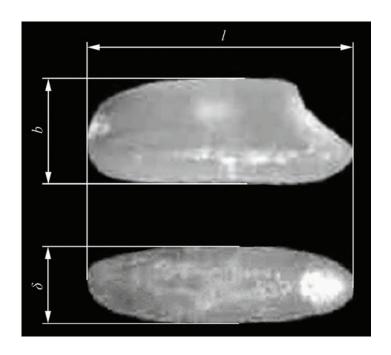
10 Test report

The test report shall contain at least the following information:

- a) all information necessary for the complete identification of the sample;
- b) the sampling method used, if known;
- c) the test method used, with reference to this International Standard (ISO 11746:2012);
- d) all operating details not specified in this International Standard, or regarded as optional, together with details of any incidents which may have influenced the test result(s);
- e) the test result(s) obtained;
- f) if the repeatability has been checked, the final quoted result obtained.

Annex A (normative)

Kernel measurements



Key

- b width
- l length
- δ thickness

Figure A.1 — Kernel measurements

Annex B (informative)

Results of interlaboratory test

An interlaboratory test was carried out in 2009 in accordance with ISO 5725-2^[1], in which 13 laboratories participated. Samples of rice of six different types were investigated: 1 — parboiled husked (PH); 2 — parboiled milled (PM); 3 — husked (H); 4 — milled (M); 5 — husked mixture of varieties (Hmx); 6 — milled mixture of varieties (Mmx). The precision data are given in Tables B.1, B.2 and B.3.

Table B.1 — Results of the statistical analysis for the kernel length

Parameter	Rice sample ^a						
	1 (PH)	2 (PM)	3 (H)	4 (M)	5 (Hmx)	6 (Mmx)	
Laboratories retained after eliminating outliers, n	10	9	10	11	11	9	
Mean value, mm	6,73	6,22	6,37	6,02	6,27	5,51	
Standard deviation of repeatability, s_r , mm	0,039	0,036	0,030	0,024	0,073	0,045	
Coefficient of variation of repeatability, $C_{V,r}$, %	0,6	0,6	0,5	0,4	1,2	0,8	
Repeatability limit, r ($r = 2.83 s_r$), mm	0,110	0,102	0,085	0,068	0,206	0,126	
Standard deviation of reproducibility, s_R , mm	0,108	0,093	0,134	0,098	0,165	0,099	
Coefficient of variation of reproducibility, $C_{V,R}$, %	1,6	1,5	2,1	1,6	2,6	1,8	
Reproducibility limit, R ($R = 2.83 s_R$), mm	0,305	0,264	0,380	0,278	0,468	0,281	
Each laboratory carried out three determinations/sample.							

Table B.2 — Results of the statistical analysis for the kernel width

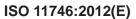
Parameter	Rice sample ^a						
	1 (PH)	2 (PM)	3 (H)	4 (M)	5 (Hmx)	6 (Mmx)	
Laboratories retained after eliminating outliers, n	9	9	8	9	9	9	
Mean value, mm	2,15	2,06	2,97	2,87	2,82	2,62	
Standard deviation of repeatability, s_r , mm	0,014	0,015	0,010	0,013	0,022	0,025	
Coefficient of variation of repeatability, $C_{V,r}$, %	0,7	0,7	0,3	0,4	0,8	1,0	
Repeatability limit, r ($r = 2.83 s_r$), mm	0,040	0,043	0,029	0,036	0,062	0,071	
Standard deviation of reproducibility, s_R , mm	0,038	0,039	0,036	0,049	0,086	0,077	
Coefficient of variation of reproducibility, $C_{V,R}$, %	1,8	1,9	1,2	1,7	3,0	2,9	
Reproducibility limit, R ($R = 2,83 s_R$), mm	0,107	0,109	0,103	0,140	0,243	0,217	
Each laboratory carried out three determinations/sample.							

Table B.3 — Results of the statistical analysis for the kernel thickness

Parameter	Rice sample ^a						
	1 (PH)	2 (PM)	3 (H)	4 (M)	5 (Hmx)	6 (Mmx)	
Laboratories retained after eliminating outliers, n	9	10	8	9	7	8	
Mean value, mm	1,85	1,73	2,03	1,91	1,99	1,83	
Standard deviation of repeatability, s_r , mm	0,013	0,019	0,009	0,011	0,019	0,010	
Coefficient of variation of repeatability, $C_{V,r}$, %	0,7	1,1	0,5	0,6	0,9	0,6	
Repeatability limit, $r (r = 2.83 s_r)$, mm	0,036	0,053	0,026	0,031	0,053	0,029	
Standard deviation of reproducibility, s_R , mm	0,035	0,034	0,025	0,020	0,047	0,026	
Coefficient of variation of reproducibility, $C_{V,R}$, %	1,9	2,0	1,2	1,0	2,4	1,4	
Reproducibility limit, R ($R = 2.83 s_R$), mm	0,098	0,096	0,071	0,056	0,133	0,073	
Each laboratory carried out three determinations/sample.							

Bibliography

- [1] ISO 5725-2, Accuracy (trueness and precision) of measurement methods and results Part 2: Basic method for the determination of repeatability and reproducibility of a standard measurement method
- [2] ISO 24333, Cereals and cereal products Sampling



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