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Rubber hoses and hose assemblies — Compact wire-braid-reinforced hydraulic types for oil-based or water-based fluids — Specification

Tuyaux et flexibles en caoutchouc — Types hydrauliques compacts avec armature de fils métalliques tressés pour fluides à base d'huile ou à base d'eau — Spécifications



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 11237 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, Rubber and rubber products, Subcommittee SC 1, Hoses (rubber and plastics).

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO 11237-1:2004 and ISO 11237-2:2006, which have been technically revised and combined in a single document. The main changes are the use of the megapascal as the preferred unit of pressure, the removal of the abrasion test requirement and the replacement of ISO 4397 by ISO 1307 in Clause 2 and Table 1.

Rubber hoses and hose assemblies — Compact wire-braidreinforced hydraulic types for oil-based or water-based fluids — Specification

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for five types of compact, wire-braid-reinforced hose and hose assembly of nominal size from 5 to 31,5. They are suitable for use with water-based hydraulic fluids HFC, HFAE, HFAS and HFB as defined in ISO 6743-4 at temperatures ranging from –40 °C to +60 °C and oil-based hydraulic fluids HH, HL, HM, HR and HV as defined in ISO 6743-4 at temperatures ranging from –40 °C to +100 °C.

This International Standard does not include requirements for end fittings. It is limited to requirements for hoses and hose assemblies.

NOTE It is the responsibility of the user, in consultation with the hose manufacturer, to establish the compatibility of the hose with the fluid to be used.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1307, Rubber and plastics hoses — Hose sizes, minimum and maximum inside diameters, and tolerances on cut-to-length hoses

ISO 1402, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydrostatic testing

ISO 1817, Rubber, vulcanized — Determination of the effect of liquids

ISO 4671, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Methods of measurement of the dimensions of hoses and the lengths of hose assemblies

ISO 4672:1997, Rubber and plastics hoses — Sub-ambient temperature flexibility tests¹⁾

ISO 6605, Hydraulic fluid power — Hoses and hose assemblies — Test methods

ISO 6743-4, Lubricants, industrial oils and related products (class L) — Classification — Part 4: Family H (Hydraulic systems)

ISO 6803, Rubber or plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Hydraulic-pressure impulse test without flexing

ISO 7233, Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies — Determination of resistance to vacuum

ISO 7326:2006, Rubber and plastics hoses — Assessment of ozone resistance under static conditions

¹⁾ Under revision as ISO 10619-2.

ISO 8033:2006, Rubber and plastics hoses — Determination of adhesion between components

ISO 8330, Rubber and plastics hose and hose assemblies — Vocabulary

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8330 apply.

Classification

Five types of hose are specified, distinguished by their construction, working pressure and minimum bend radius. These hoses have thin covers designed to permit fitting assembly without the removal of the cover or a portion of the cover.

- Type 1SC: hoses with a single braid of wire reinforcement.
- Type 2SC: hoses with two braids of wire reinforcement.
- Type R16S: hoses with one or two braids of wire reinforcement. c)
- Type R17: 21 MPa (210 bar) constant pressure hoses with one or two braids of wire reinforcement. d)
- Type R19: 28 MPa (280 bar) constant pressure hoses with one or two braids of wire reinforcement.

Types R16S, R17 and R19 are not subjected to the vacuum resistance tests. NOTE

Materials and construction

Hoses 5.1

Hoses shall consist of a rubber lining resistant to oil- or water-based hydraulic fluids, one or two layers of hightensile steel wire and a weather- and oil-resistant rubber cover.

Hose assemblies

Hose assemblies shall be manufactured using hoses conforming to the requirements of this International Standard.

Hose assemblies shall be manufactured only with those hose fittings whose correct functioning has been verified in accordance with Subclauses 7.2, 7.3, 7.5, 7.6 and 7.7 of this International Standard. The manufacturer's instructions shall be followed for the preparation and fabrication of hose assemblies.

Dimensions

Hose diameters and cover thickness

When measured in accordance with ISO 4671, the hose diameters shall conform to the values given in Table 1 and the cover thickness to 6.3.

Table 1 — Dimensions of hoses

	All t	ypes	Т	ype 1S	С	Т	ype 2S	С	Туре	R16S	Туре	R17	Туре	R19
Nominal size ^a	يرفوهم المراوما	Inside diameter		wire	Outside diameter of hose	Diameter over	wire	Outside diameter of hose	Diameter over wire	Outside diameter of hose	Diameter over wire	Outside diameter of hose	Diameter over wire	Outside diameter of hose
	m	m	m	m	mm	m	m	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
	min.	max.	min.	max.	max.	min.	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.	max.
5	4,6	5,4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10,1	11,6	10,8	12,7
6,3	6,1	6,9	9,6	10,8	13,5	10,6	11,7	14,2	12,3	14,5	11,0	13,2	12,4	14,4
8	7,7	8,5	10,9	12,1	14,5	12,1	13,3	16,0	13,3	15,8	13,0	15,0	14,2	16,3
10	9,3	10,1	12,7	14,5	16,9	14,4	15,6	18,3	15,9	18,8	15,0	17,0	16,0	18,0
12,5	12,3	13,5	15,9	18,1	20,4	17,5	19,1	21,5	19,1	22,0	18,8	21,1	20,4	22,6
16	15,5	16,7	19,8	21,0	23,0	20,5	22,3	24,7	22,5	25,4	23,6	25,9	25,9	27,5
19	18,6	19,8	23,2	24,4	26,7	24,6	26,4	28,6	26,3	29,0	27,7	30,3	29,7	32,5
25	25,0	26,4	30,7	31,9	34,9	32,5	34,3	36,6	34,0	36,6	35,6	38,6	N/A	N/A
31,5	31,4	33,0	37,8	39,0	42,2	39,3	41,7	44,3	41,9	44,3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NOTE N/	A = Not a	available.												
^a Nominal	sizes are	in accor	dance w	ith ISO 1	307.									

6.2 Concentricity

When measured in accordance with ISO 4671, the concentricity of hoses shall conform to the values given in Table 2.

Table 2 — Concentricity of hoses (all types)

Nominal size	Maximum variation in wall thickness mm				
Nominal Size	Between inside diameter and outside diameter	Between inside diameter and reinforcement diameter			
Up to and including 6,3	0,8	0,5			
Over 6,3 and up to and including 19	1,0	0,6			
Over 19	1,3	0,8			

6.3 Hose cover thickness

When measured in accordance with ISO 4671, the cover thickness of all types of hose shall lie in the range 0,8 mm to 1,5 mm.

Performance requirements

7.1 General

The requirements for type and routine testing are given in Annex A and recommendations for periodic testing in Annex B.

7.2 Change in length requirements

When determined in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605, the change in length of hoses at the maximum working pressure shall not exceed +2 % to -4 %. Maximum working pressure values are given in Table 3.

Table 3 — Maximum working pressure

				Ту	pe			
Nominal	1SC		2SC/R16S		R17		R19	
size			Ma	ximum woı	king press	ure		
	MPa	bar	MPa	bar	MPa	bar	MPa	bar
5	N	/A	N	/A	21	210	28	280
6,3	22,5	225	40	400	21	210	28	280
8	21,5	215	35	350	21	210	28	280
10	18	180	33	330	21	210	28	280
12,5	16	160	27,5	275	21	210	28	280
16	13	130	25	250	21	210	28	280
19	10,5	105	21,5	215	21	210	28	280
25	8,8	88	16,5	165	21	210	N.	/A
31,5	6,3	63	12,5	125	N/A N/A		/A	
NOTE 1 M	1Pa = 10 bar;	N/A = Not a	vailable.					

Table 4 — Proof pressure

	Туре								
Nominal	19	SC SC	2SC/R16S		R17		R19		
size				Proof p	ressure				
	MPa	bar	MPa	bar	MPa	bar	MPa	bar	
5	N	/A	N	/A	42	420	56	560	
6,3	45	450	80	800	42	420	56	560	
8	43	430	70	700	42	420	56	560	
10	36	360	66	660	42	420	56	560	
12,5	32	320	55	550	42	420	56	560	
16	26	260	50	500	42	420	56	560	
19	21	210	43	430	42	420	56	560	
25	17,6	176	33	330	42	420	N/A		
31,5	12,5	125	25	250	N/A N/A		/A		

Table 5 — Minimum burst pressure

				Ту	pe			
Nominal	1SC		2SC/R16S		R17		R19	
size	Minimum burst pressure							
	MPa	bar	MPa	bar	MPa	bar	MPa	bar
5	N.	/A	N	/A	84	840	112	1 120
6,3	90	900	160	1 600	84	840	112	1 120
8	86	860	140	1 400	84	840	112	1 120
10	72	720	132	1 320	84	840	112	1 120
12,5	64	640	110	1 100	84	840	112	1 120
16	52	520	100	1 000	84	840	112	1 120
19	42	420	86	860	84	840	112	1 120
25	35,2	352	66	660	84	840	N/A	
31,5	25	250	50	500	N/A N/A		/A	
NOTE 1 M	Pa = 10 bar;	N/A = Not av	vailable.					

7.3 Hydrostatic requirements

When determined in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605, the proof pressure (see Table 4) and the minimum burst pressure (see Table 5) of hoses and hose assemblies shall conform to the values in the respective tables.

7.4 Minimum bend radius

Use a test piece having a length at least four times the minimum bend radius. Measure the hose outside diameter with callipers in the straight-lay position before bending the hose. Bend the hose through 180° to the minimum bend radius (see Table 6) and measure the flatness with the callipers.

When the hose is bent to the minimum bend radius given in Table 6, measured on the inside of the bend, the flatness shall not exceed 10 % of the original outside diameter.

Table 6 — Minimum bend radius

		М	inimum bend radi	us				
Nominal size			mm					
	Type 1SC	Type 2SC	Type R16S	Type R17	Type R19			
5	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	45			
6,3	75	75	50	50	50			
8	85	85	55	55	55			
10	90	90	65	65	65			
12,5	130	130	90	90	90			
16	150	170	100	100	100			
19	180	200	120	120	120			
25	230	250	150	150	N/A			
31,5	250	280	210	N/A	N/A			
NOTE N/A = Not	NOTE N/A = Not available.							

Resistance to impulse

7.5.1 Oil-based fluid impulse test

The impulse test shall be in accordance with ISO 6803 or ISO 6605. The test fluid temperature shall be 100 °C.

For type 1SC hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 125 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 150 000 impulse cycles.

For type 2SC, R16S, R17 and R19 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 200 000 impulse cycles.

There shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure before reaching the specified number of cycles.

This test shall be considered a destructive test, and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

7.5.2 Water-based fluid impulse test

The impulse test shall be in accordance with ISO 6803 or ISO 6605. The test fluid temperature shall be 60 °C. The test fluid used shall be HFC, HFAE, HFAS or HFB as defined in ISO 6743-4.

For type 1SC hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 125 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 150 000 impulse cycles.

For type 2SC, R16, R17 and R19 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 200 000 impulse cycles.

There shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure before reaching the specified number of cycles.

This test shall be considered a destructive test and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

7.5.3 Optional impulse test

The following test may be used to maximize tester efficiency:

- oven-age assemblies filled with one of the water-based fluids specified in 7.5.2 for 120 h at 60 °C.
- impulse-test the aged assemblies using an oil-based hydraulic fluid at a temperature of 100 °C.

For type 1SC hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 125 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 150 000 impulse cycles.

For type 2SC, R16S, R17 and R19 hoses, when tested at an impulse pressure equal to 133 % of the maximum working pressure, the hose shall withstand a minimum of 200 000 impulse cycles.

There shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure before reaching the specified number of cycles.

This test shall be considered a destructive test and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

Leakage of hose assemblies

When tested in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605, there shall be no leakage or other evidence of failure. This test shall be considered a destructive test and the test piece shall be discarded after the test.

7.7 Cold flexibility

When tested in accordance with method B of ISO 4672:1997 at a temperature of $-40\,^{\circ}$ C, there shall be no cracking of the lining or cover. The test piece shall not leak or crack when subjected to a proof pressure test, in accordance with ISO 1402 or ISO 6605 after regaining ambient temperature.

7.8 Adhesion between components

When determined in accordance with ISO 8033, the adhesion between lining and reinforcement and between cover and reinforcement shall be no less than 2,5 kN/m for type 1SC and 2SC hoses and no less than 1,8 kN/m for type R16S, R17 and R19 hoses.

Test pieces shall be type 5 for lining and reinforcement and type 2 or type 6 for cover and reinforcement as described in Subclauses 5.1 and 5.3 of ISO 8033:2006.

7.9 Vacuum resistance

When tested in accordance with ISO 7233, hoses and hose assemblies shall conform to the values given in Table 7.

Type Type 1SC Type 2SC Nominal size Negative gauge pressure MPa MPa bar har 0,80 6,3 0,08 0,095 0,95 8 0,08 0,80 0,095 0,95 10 0,08 0,80 0,095 0,95 0,095 0,95 12,5 0.08 0,80 16 0,80 0.095 0.95 0,08 N/A 19 0.08 0,80 25 0,08 0,80 N/A 31,5 0.08 0.80 N/A

Table 7 — Degree of vacuum

NOTE 1 N/A = Not applicable.

NOTE 2 There is no vacuum resistance requirement for types R16S, R17 and R19.

7.10 Fluid resistance

7.10.1 General

The fluid resistance tests shall be carried out on moulded sheets of lining and cover compound having a minimum thickness of 2 mm and of cure state equivalent to that of the hose.

7.10.2 Oil resistance

When determined in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in IRM 903 oil for 168 h at a temperature of 100 °C, the percentage change in volume of the lining shall be between 0 % and +25 % for type 1SC and 2SC hoses and between 0 % and +100 % for type R16S, R17 and R19 hoses (i.e. shrinkage is not permissible).

When determined in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in IRM 903 oil for 168 h at a temperature of 70 °C, the percentage change in volume of the cover shall, for all types of hose, be between 0 % and +100 % (i.e. shrinkage is not permissible).

7.10.3 Water resistance

When determined in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in distilled water for 168 h at a temperature of 60 °C, the percentage change in volume of the lining shall, for all types of hose, be between 0 % and +30 % (i.e. shrinkage is not permissible).

When tested in accordance with ISO 1817 by immersion in IRM 903 oil for 168 h at a temperature of 70 °C, the percentage change in volume of the cover shall, for all types of hose, be between 0 % and +100 %.

7.11 Ozone resistance

For all hose types, when tested in accordance with method 1 or 2 of ISO 7326:2006, depending on the nominal size of the hose, no cracking or deterioration of the cover shall be visible under ×2 magnification.

7.12 Visual examination

Hose shall be examined for visible defects in the outer cover and to verify that the hose identification is correct and has been properly marked. Hose assemblies shall, in addition, be inspected to verify that the correct fittings are fitted.

Marking

8.1 Hoses

Hoses meeting the requirements of this International Standard shall be marked at least once every 760 mm with at least the following information:

the manufacturer's name or identification, e.g. MAN;

a reference to this International Standard, i.e. ISO 11237; b)

the type, e.g. 1SC; c)

the nominal size, e.g. 16;

the maximum working pressure, in megapascals and in bars, or in either, with the units indicated, e.g. 22,5 MPa (225 bar);

the quarter and last two digits of the year of manufacture, e.g. 2Q10 (other date-coding methods indicating, for instance, the day or month and year of manufacture are allowed as long as they are clear to the user).

EXAMPLE MAN/ISO 11237/1SC/16/22,5 MPa (225 bar)/2Q10.

8.2 Hose assemblies

Hose assemblies meeting the requirements of this International Standard shall be marked with at least the following information:

- a) the manufacturer's name or identification, e.g. MAN;
- b) the maximum working pressure of the assembly, in megapascals and in bars, or in either, with the units indicated, e.g. 22,5 MPa (225 bar)²⁾;
- c) two digits indicating the month of assembly followed by a slash and the last two digits of the year of assembly, e.g. 06/10 [other date-coding methods indicating, for instance, the day or month and year of manufacture are allowed as long as they are clear to the user, e.g. 11/12/10].

EXAMPLE MAN/22,5 MPa (225 bar)/06/10.

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²⁾ The maximum working pressure of a hose assembly is equal to the maximum working pressure of the component having the lowest maximum working pressure.

Annex A (normative)

Type and routine testing of production hoses

	Type tests	Routine tests
Property	Frequency (for each hose type and size): at initial product qualification, in the event of product changes after initial qualification and after 5 years	Performed on each length of finished hose prior to warehousing or sale
Dimensions		
Measurement of inside diameter	X	X
Measurement of outside diameter	X	X
Measurement of outer cover thickness	X	N/A
Measurement of concentricity	X	N/A
Hose tests		
Visual examination	X	X
Proof test	X	X
Burst test	Х	N/A
Change in length test	Х	X
Minimum bend radius test	Х	N/A
Impulse test	X	N/A
Leakage test (hose assemblies)	X	N/A
Cold flexibility test	X	N/A
Adhesion (cover)	Х	N/A
Adhesion (lining)	Х	N/A
Vacuum resistance test	Х	N/A
Fluid resistance test for cover	Х	N/A
Fluid resistance test for lining	X	N/A
Ozone resistance test	X	N/A
X Test shall be carried out.		
N/A Test not applicable.		

Annex B (informative)

Periodic testing of production hoses

	Product	ion tests
Property	Frequency: every 3 000 m produced of each hose type and size	Frequency: every 12 months of production for each hose type and size
Dimensions		
Measurement of inside diameter	X	X
Measurement of outside diameter	X	X
Measurement of outer cover thickness	X	X
Measurement of concentricity	X	X
Hose tests		
Visual examination	X	Х
Proof test	X	X
Burst test	X	Х
Change in length test	X	X
Minimum bend radius test	N/A	X
Impulse test	N/A	X
Leakage test (hose assemblies)	N/A	X
Cold flexibility test	N/A	X
Adhesion (cover)	N/A	Х
Adhesion (lining)	N/A	X
Vacuum resistance test	N/A	X
Fluid resistance test for cover	N/A	Х
Fluid resistance test for lining	N/A	Х
Ozone resistance test	N/A	Х
X Test shall be carried out.		
N/A Test not applicable.		

Not for Resale

11

Annex C

(informative)

Recommendations for lengths of supplied hoses and length tolerances for hose assemblies

C.1 Hoses

The lengths of hoses in the manufacturer's standard pack, with the lengths marked, should preferably be within ±2 % of the lengths indicated.

When no specific hose lengths have been ordered, the percentages of different lengths in any given delivery or pack of at least 500 m should preferably be as indicated in Table C.1.

Table C.1 — Hose lengths in delivery when no lengths specified

Length of hose	Percentage of total length
Greater than or equal to 1 m but less than or equal to 10 m	5 % max.
Greater than 10 m but less than or equal to 15 m	25 % max.
Greater than 15 m	75 % min.

C.2 Hose assemblies

The tolerances on the lengths of hose assemblies should preferably conform to the values given in Table C.2.

Table C.2 — Tolerances on lengths of hose assemblies

Length of hose assembly	Nominal size				
mm	Up to and including 25	Over 25 and up to and including 50	Over 50		
Up to and including 630	+7 -3 mm	+12 -4 mm	+25 -6 mm		
Over 630 and up to and including 1 250	⁺¹² ₋₄ mm	⁺²⁰ ₋₆ mm	_6 IIIIII		
Over 1 250 and up to and including 2 500	⁺²⁰ ₋₆ mm	+25 -6 mm			
Over 2 500 and up to and including 8 000	+1,5 % -0,5 %				
Over 8 000	+3 %				

ICS 23.100.40; 83.140.40

Price based on 12 pages