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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1622-2

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Plastics — Polystyrene (PS) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

Plastiques — Polystyrène (PS) pour moulage et extrusion — Partie 2: Préparation des éprouvettes et détermination des propriétés



Reference number ISO 1622-2:1995(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 1622-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 1622-2:1980) and includes the following changes:

The text has been brought into accordance with the frame text developed by SC 9. The table of test methods has been revised in accordance with ISO 10350.

ISO 1622 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics — Polystyrene (PS) moulding and extrusion materials*:

- Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
- Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

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Plastics — Polystyrene (PS) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

1 Scope

This part of ISO 1622 specifies the methods of preparation of test specimens and the test methods to be used in determining the properties of PS moulding and extrusion materials. Requirements for handling test material and for conditioning both the test material before moulding and the specimens before testing are given here.

Procedures and conditions for the preparation of test specimens and procedures for measuring properties of the materials from which these specimens are made are given. Properties and test methods which are suitable and necessary to characterize PS moulding and extrusion materials are listed.

The properties have been selected from the general test methods in ISO 10350. Other test methods in wide use for or of particular significance to these moulding and extrusion materials are also included in this part of ISO 1622, as are the designatory properties specified in part 1.

In order to obtain reproducible and comparable test results, it is necessary to use the methods of specimen preparation and conditioning, the specimen dimensions and the test procedures specified herein. Values determined will not necessarily be identical to those obtained using specimens of different dimensions or prepared using different procedures.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 1622. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 1622 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 62:1980, Plastics — Determination of water absorption.

ISO 75-1:1993, Plastics — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 1: General test method.

ISO 75-2:1993, Plastics — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 2: Plastics and ebonite.

ISO 178:1993, Plastics — Determination of flexural properties.

ISO 179:1993, Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact strength.

ISO 291:1977, Plastics — Standard atmospheres for conditioning and testing.

ISO 293:1986, Plastics — Compression moulding test specimens of thermoplastic materials.

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- ISO 294:1995, Plastics Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials.
- ISO 306:1994, Plastics Thermoplastic materials Determination of Vicat softening temperature (VST).
- ISO 489:1983, Plastics Determination of the refractive index of transparent plastics.
- ISO 527-1:1993, Plastics Determination of tensile properties Part 1: General principles.
- ISO 527-2:1993, Plastics Determination of tensile properties Part 2: Test conditions for moulding and extrusion plastics.
- ISO 899-1:1993, Plastics Determination of creep behaviour Part 1: Tensile creep.
- ISO 1133:1991, Plastics Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics.
- ISO 1183:1987, Plastics Methods for determining the density and relative density of non-cellular plastics.
- ISO 1210:1992, Plastics Determination of the burning behaviour of horizontal and vertical specimens in contact with a small-flame ignition source.
- ISO 1622-1:1994, Plastics Polystyrene (PS) moulding and extrusion materials Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications.
- ISO 2561:1974, Plastics Determination of residual styrene monomer in polystyrene by gas chromatography.
- ISO 2818:1994, Plastics Preparation of test specimens by machining.
- ISO 3167:1993, Plastics Multipurpose test specimens.
- ISO 4589-2:—1), Plastics Determination of burning behaviour by oxygen index Part 2: Ambient-temperature test.
- ISO 4589-3:—11, Plastics Determination of burning behaviour by oxygen index Part 3: Elevated-temperature test.

- ISO 8256:1990, Plastics Determination of tensile-impact strength.
- ISO 10350:1993, Plastics Acquisition and presentation of comparable single-point data.
- IEC 93:1980, Methods of test for volume resistivity and surface resistivity of solid electrical insulating materials.
- IEC 112:1979, Method for determining the comparative and the proof tracking indices of solid insulating materials under moist conditions.
- IEC 243-1:1988, Methods of test for electric strength of solid insulating materials Part 1: Tests at power frequencies.
- IEC 250:1969, Recommended methods for the determination of the permittivity and dielectric dissipation factor of electrical insulating materials at power, audio and radio frequencies including metre wavelengths.
- IEC 296:1982, Specification for unused mineral insulating oils for transformers and switchgear.
- IEC 1006:1991, Methods of test for the determination of the glass transition temperature of electrical insulating materials.

3 Preparation of test specimens

It is essential that specimens are always prepared by the same procedure (either injection moulding or compression moulding), using the same processing conditions.

The procedure to be used for each test method is indicated in tables 3 and 4 (M = injection moulding, Q = compression moulding).

3.1 Treatment of the material before moulding

Before processing, no pretreatment of the material sample is normally necessary.

3.2 Injection moulding

Injection-moulded specimens shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 294, using the conditions specified in table 1.

¹⁾ To be published.

Table 1 — Conditions for injection moulding of test specimens

Material	Melt temperature	Mould temperature	Average injection velocity	
	°C	°C	mm/s	
All grades	220	45	200 ± 100	

3.3 Compression moulding

Compression-moulded sheets shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 293, using the conditions specified in table 2.

The test specimens required for the determination of the properties shall be machined from the compression-moulded sheets in accordance with ISO 2818 or stamped.

4 Conditioning of test specimens

Test specimens shall be conditioned in accordance

with ISO 291 for at least 16 h at 23 °C \pm 2 °C and (50 \pm 5) % relative humidity.

5 Determination of properties

In the determination of properties and the presentation of data, the standards, supplementary instructions and notes given in ISO 10350 shall be applied. All tests shall be carried out in the standard atmosphere of 23 °C \pm 2 °C and (50 \pm 5) % relative humidity unless specifically stated otherwise in tables 3 and 4.

Table 3 is compiled from ISO 10350, and the properties listed are those which are appropriate to polystyrene moulding and extrusion materials. These properties are those considered useful for comparisons of data generated for different thermoplastics.

Table 4 contains those properties, not found specifically in table 3, which are in wide use or of particular significance in the practical characterization of polystyrene moulding and extrusion materials.

Table 2 — Conditions for compression moulding of test specimens

Material	Moulding temperature	Cooling rate	Demoulding temperature	Full pressure	Full-pressure time	Preheating time
	°C	°C/min	°C	MPa	min	min
All grades	200	10	≤ 60	4 ± 0,5	5 ± 1	5 ± 1

Table 3 — General properties and test conditions (selected from ISO 10350)

Property	Unit	Standard	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen prep- aration ¹⁾	Test conditions and supplementary instructions
Rheological properties				1	L
Melt mass-flow rate Melt volume-flow rate	g/10 min cm³/10 min	} ISO 1133	Moulding compound	_	200 °C, load 5 kg
Mechanical properties				1	1
Tensile modulus	MPa	1			Test speed 1 mm/min
Stress at break	MPa	ISO 527-1, ISO 527-2	see ISO 3167	м	Test speed 5 mm/min
Strain at break	%]]			Test speed 5 mm/min
Tensile creep modulus	MPa	ISO 899-1	see ISO 3167	м	At 1 h At 1 000 h Strain ≤ 0,5 %
Flexural modulus Flexural strength	MPa MPa	 	see ISO 3167	М	Test speed 2 mm/min
Charpy impact strength	kJ/m²	<u> </u>	80 × 10 × 4	м	Method 1eU (edgewise impact)
Charpy notched impact strength	kJ/m²	SO 179	$80 \times 10 \times 4$ V-notch, r = 0.25	М	Method 1eA (edgewise impact)
Tensile notched impact strength	kJ/m²	ISO 8256	$80 \times 10 \times 4$ double V-notch, r = 1	М	Only to be quoted if fracture cannot be obtained with notched Charpy test
Thermal properties	<u> </u>		·		
Glass transition temperature	°C	IEC 1006	Moulding compound	_	Method A (DSC or DTA). Use 20 °C/min
Temperature of deflection under load	•c	ISO 75-1, ISO 75-2	110 × 10 × 4 or 80 × 10 × 4	М	0,45 MPa and 1,8 MPa
Vicat softening temperature	°C	ISO 306	10 × 10 × 4	М	Heating rate 50 °C/h, load 50 N
Flammability	mm/min	ISO 1210	125 × 13 × 3	М	Method A — linear burning rate of horizontal specimens
Ignitability	%	ISO 4589-2, ISO 4589-3	80 × 10 × 4	М	Procedure A — top surface ignition
Electrical properties		·			
Relative permittivity	_)			Francisco 100 Hz - 14 this 1
Dissipation factor	_) IEC 250	≥ 80 × ≥ 80 × 1	Q	Frequency 100 Hz and 1 MHz (compensate for electrode edge effect)
Volume resistivity	Ω·m	\		_	
Surface resistivity	Ω) IEC 93	≥ 80 × ≥ 80 × 1	Q	Voltage 100 V
Electric strength	kV/mm	IEC 243-1	$\begin{cases} \ge 80 \times \ge 80 \times 1 \\ \ge 80 \times \ge 80 \times 3 \end{cases}$	а м }	Use 25 mm/75 mm coaxial-cylinder electrode configuration. Immerse in IEC 296 transformer oil. Use short time (rapid rise) test
Comparative tracking index		IEC 112	≥ 15 × ≥ 15 × 4	м	Use solution A
See next page.					

Property	Unit	Standard	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen prep- aration ¹⁾	Test conditions and supplementary instructions			
Other properties								
			50 × 50 × 3 or Ø 50 × 3 disc	М	24 h immersion in water at 23 °C			
Water absorption	%	ISO 62	17 (1	a	Saturation value in water at 23 °C			
			Thickness ≤ 1	Q	Saturation value at 23 °C and 50 % relative humidity			
Density	kg/m³	ISO 1183	10 × 10 × 4	М	Test specimen to be taken from injection-moulded specimen prepared as in 3.2			

Table 4 — Additional properties and test conditions of particular utility to PS moulding and extrusion materials

Property	Unit	Standard	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation ¹⁾	Test conditions and supplementary instructions	
Residual-styrene-monomer content	%	ISO 2561	Moulding compound		_	
Refractive index	_	ISO 489	ISO 3167	М	-	
1) M = Injection moulding						

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