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**Cigarettes — Determination of water in  
smoke condensates —**

Part 1:  
**Gas-chromatographic method**

**AMENDMENT 1**

*Cigarettes — Dosage de l'eau dans les condensats de fumée —  
Partie 1: Méthode par chromatographie en phase gazeuse  
AMENDEMENT 1*





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Amendment 1 to ISO 10362-1:1999 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 126, *Tobacco and tobacco products*.



# Cigarettes — Determination of water in smoke condensates —

## Part 1: Gas-chromatographic method

### AMENDMENT 1

*Page iv, Introduction*

Add the following text at the end of the existing text:

No machine smoking regime can represent all human smoking behaviour:

- it is recommended that cigarettes also be tested under conditions of a different intensity of machine smoking than those specified in this part of ISO 10362;
- machine smoking testing is useful to characterize cigarette emissions for design and regulatory purposes, but communication of machine measurements to smokers can result in misunderstandings about differences in exposure and risk across brands;
- smoke emission data from machine measurements may be used as inputs for product hazard assessment, but they are not intended to be nor are they valid as measures of human exposure or risks. Communicating differences between products in machine measurements as differences in exposure or risk is a misuse of testing using ISO standards.

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