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**AMENDMENT 1**  
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**Rapeseed — Determination of  
glucosinolate content — Part 1:  
Method using high performance liquid  
chromatography**

**AMENDMENT 1**

*Graines de colza — Dosage des glucosinolates — Partie 1: Méthode  
par chromatographie liquide à haute performance*

*AMENDEMENT 1*



Reference number  
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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 34, *Food products*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Oleaginous seeds and fruits and oilseed meals*.



# Rapeseed — Determination of glucosinolate content — Part 1: Method using high performance liquid chromatography

## AMENDMENT 1

Page ii, Foreword

Delete “— Part 2: Method using X-ray fluorescence spectrometry”

Page 6, 9.1

Delete the first paragraph and insert the following.

The content of each glucosinolate, expressed in micromoles per gram of dry matter of the product, is equal to:

$$\frac{A_g}{A_s} \times \frac{n}{m} \times \frac{K_g}{K_s} \times \frac{100}{(100-w)}$$

where

- $A_g$  is the peak area, in integrator units, corresponding to desulfoglucosinolate;
- $A_s$  is the peak area, in integrator units, corresponding to the internal standard used;
- $K_g$  is the response factor of desulfoglucosinolate (9.2);
- $K_s$  is the response factor of the internal standard used;
- $m$  is the mass, in grams, of the test portion;
- $n$  is the quantity, in micromoles, of internal standard added to the tube in 8.2;
- $w$  is the moisture and volatile matter content, expressed as a percentage mass fraction, of the test sample.

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