
**Internal combustion engines —
Piston rings —**

**Part 2:
Rectangular rings made of steel**

*Moteurs à combustion interne — Segments de piston —
Partie 2: Segments rectangulaires en acier*





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ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6622-2:2003), which has been technically revised.

ISO 6622 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Internal combustion engines — Piston rings*:

- *Part 1: Rectangular rings made of cast iron*
- *Part 2: Regular rings made of steel*

Introduction

The ISO 6622 series is one of a number of series of International Standards dealing with piston rings for reciprocating internal combustion engines. Others are ISO 6621,[\[2\]](#) [\[3\]](#) [\[4\]](#) [\[5\]](#) ISO 6623,[\[6\]](#) ISO 6624,[\[7\]](#) [\[8\]](#) [\[9\]](#) [\[10\]](#) ISO 6625, ISO 6626,[\[12\]](#) [\[13\]](#) [\[14\]](#) and ISO 6627[\[15\]](#) (see Bibliography for details).

The common features and dimensional tables presented in this part of ISO 6622 constitute a broad range of variables and, in selecting a particular ring type, the designer must bear in mind the conditions under which it will be required to operate.

It is also essential that the designer refer to the specifications and requirements of ISO 6621-3[\[4\]](#) and ISO 6621-4[\[16\]](#) before completing his selection.

Internal combustion engines — Piston rings —

Part 2: Rectangular rings made of steel

1 Scope

This part of ISO 6622 specifies the essential dimensional features of rectangular rings made of steel, types R, B, BA, and M having nominal diameters from 30 mm up to and including 160 mm, used in reciprocating internal combustion piston engines for road vehicles and other applications.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Not applicable.

3 Overview

The rectangular ring types are specified in [Tables 1 to 5](#) and [Figures 1 to 6](#). Their common features and the dimensions of those features are specified in [Tables 6 to 11](#) and [Figures 7 to 22](#). [Tables 12](#) and [13](#) give the force factors for the different ring types, while [Table 13](#) gives the dimensions and forces of the rectangular rings.

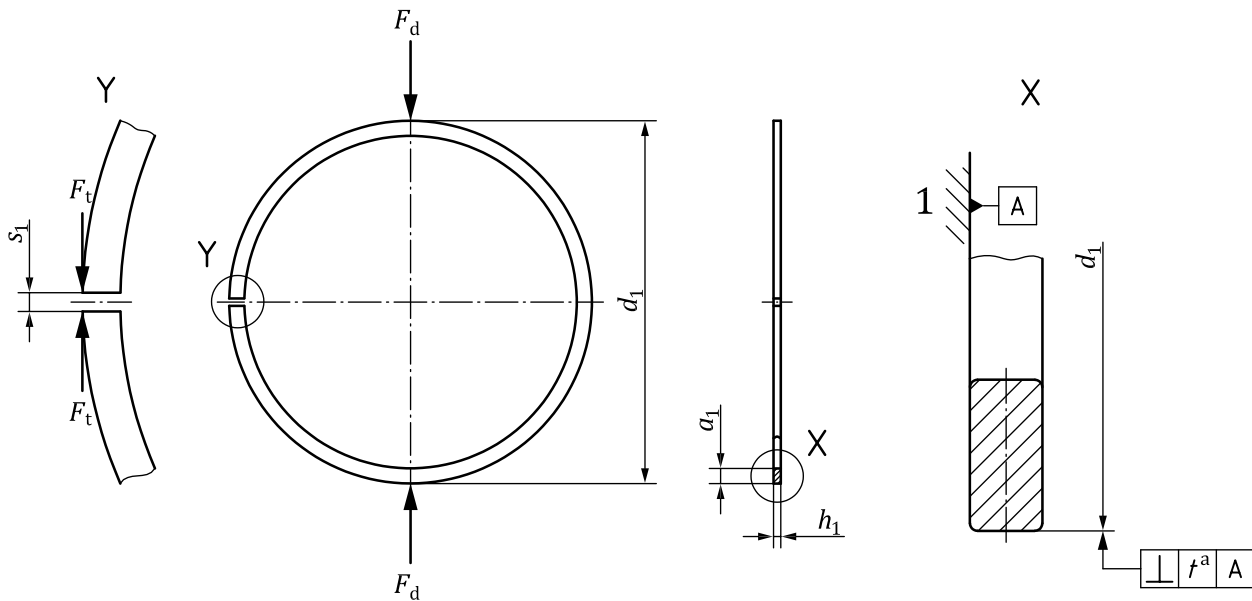
4 Ring types and designation examples

4.1 Type R — Straight-faced rectangular ring

4.1.1 General features

[Figure 1](#) shows the general features of piston ring type R.

See [Table 13](#) for dimensions and forces.



Key

- 1 reference plane
- a $t = 0,005 \times h_1$.

Figure 1 — Type R

4.1.2 Designation

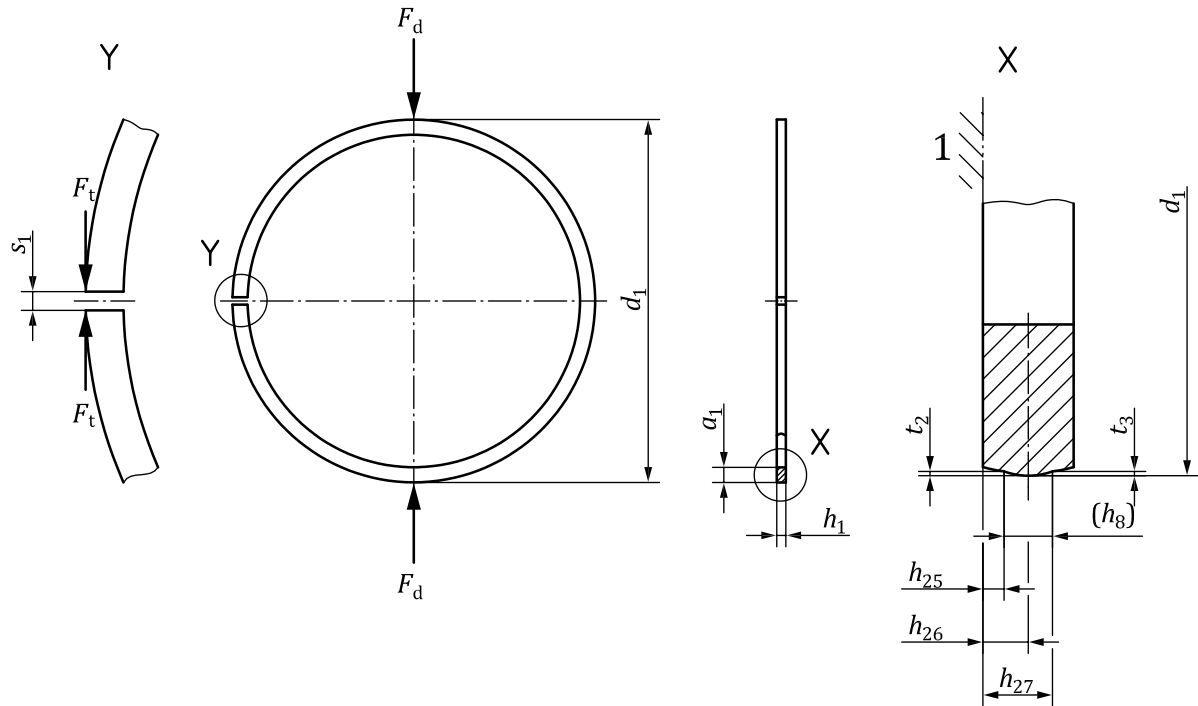
EXAMPLE Designation of a piston ring complying with the requirements of this part of ISO 6622 (i.e. ISO 6622-2) being a steel, rectangular ring with a straight-faced peripheral surface (R), of nominal diameter $d_1 = 60$ mm (60), of nominal ring width $h_1 = 1,2$ mm (1,2), made of CrSi alloyed steel, subclass 62 (MC62), and with a chromium-plated peripheral surface of a minimum thickness 0,1 mm (CR2). Parameters in parenthesis are used in the ISO ring designation:

Piston ring ISO 6622-2 R - 60 × 1,2 - MC62/CR2

4.2 Type B — Barrel-faced rectangular ring

4.2.1 General features

See [Table 13](#) for dimensions and forces.


Key

1 reference plane

Figure 2 — Type B
Table 1 — Symmetrical barrel dimensions and gauge width (h_8)

Dimensions in millimetres

h_1	h_{25}	h_{26}	h_{26} tol.	h_{27}	t_2, t_3	h_8^a
0,8	0,20	0,40	$\pm 0,15$	0,60	0,001...0,010	0,40
1,0	0,25	0,50	$\pm 0,15$	0,75	0,001...0,011	0,50
1,2	0,30	0,60	$\pm 0,20$	0,90	0,002...0,012	0,60
1,5	0,35	0,75	$\pm 0,25$	1,15	0,003...0,015	0,80
1,75	0,35	0,85	$\pm 0,30$	1,35		1,00
2,0	0,40	1,00	$\pm 0,30$	1,60		1,20
2,5	0,45	1,25	$\pm 0,40$	2,05	0,005...0,020	1,60
3,0	0,50	1,50	$\pm 0,50$	2,50		2,00
3,5	0,55	1,75	$\pm 0,50$	2,95		2,40

^a Gauge width (h_8) only informative; may be used only if agreed between manufacturer and customer.

4.2.2 Designation

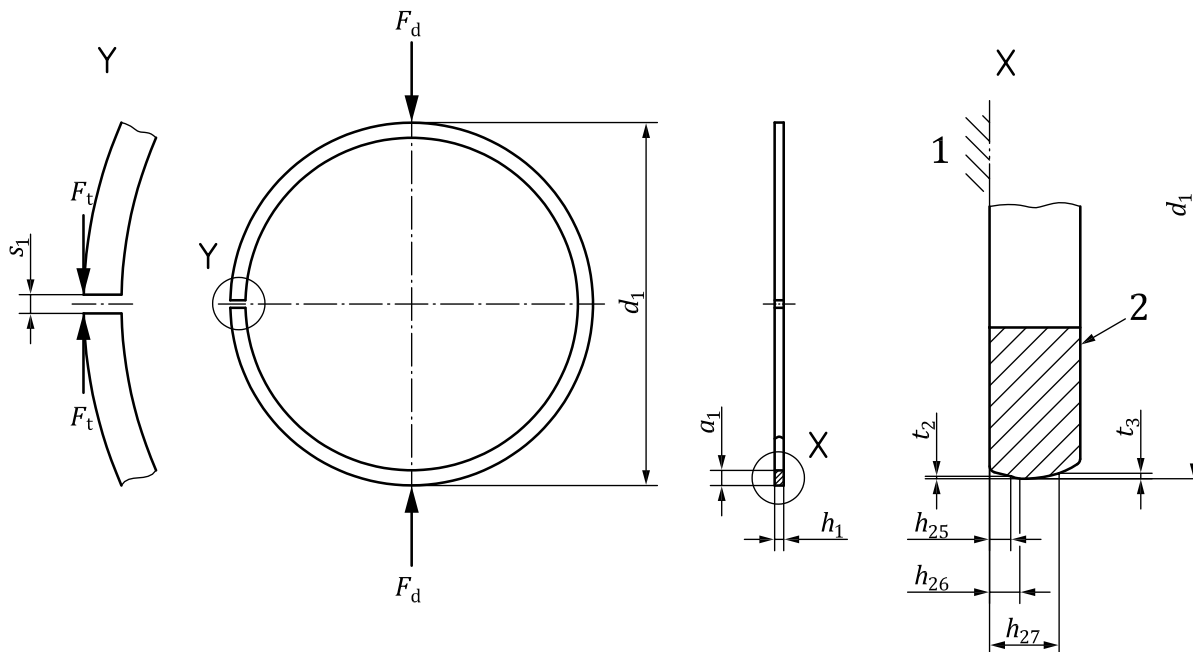
EXAMPLE Designation of a piston ring complying with the requirements of this part of ISO 6622 (i.e. ISO 6622-2) being a steel, rectangular ring with a barrel-faced peripheral surface (B), of nominal diameter $d_1 = 60$ mm (60), of nominal ring width $h_1 = 1,5$ mm (1,5), made of martensitic steel (17 % Cr), subclass 66 (MC66), nitrided on the peripheral surface and side faces (NT), to a depth of 0,03 mm min. on the peripheral surface (030), and with an associated side face depth of 0,010 mm min. Parameters in parenthesis are used in the ISO ring designation:

Piston ring ISO 6622-2 B - 60 × 1,5 - MC66/NT030

4.3 Type BA — Asymmetrical barrel-faced rectangular ring, $h_1 \geq 1,2\text{mm}$

4.3.1 General features

See Table 13 for dimensions and forces.



Key

- 1 reference plane
- 2 top side identification mark

Figure 3 — Type BA

Table 2 — Asymmetrical barrel dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres

h_1	h_{25}^a	h_{26}	h_{26} tol.	h_{27}	t_2^b	t_3^b
1,2	0,20 ^c	0,35 ^c	± 0,15	0,80 ^c	0...0,005	0,005...0,016
	0,28	0,43		0,90		
1,5	0,35	0,50	± 0,15	1,15	0...0,006	0,007...0,022
1,75	0,35	0,55	± 0,20	1,35	0...0,007	0,008...0,025
				1,50		0,009...0,030
2,0	0,40	0,60	± 0,25	1,80	0...0,008	0,011...0,035
2,5	0,45	0,70		2,10		0,012...0,038
3,0	0,55	0,80		2,40		0,012...0,040
3,5	0,60	0,90	± 0,30	2,40	0...0,009	0,012...0,040

^a h_{25} may be lowered for rings with reduced edge dimensions.
^b t_2 and/or t_3 may be varied as agreed between manufacturer and customer.
^c Recommended for bottom edge smaller than 0,2 mm.

4.3.2 Designation

EXAMPLE Designation of a piston ring complying with the requirements of this part of ISO 6622 (i.e. ISO 6622-2) being a steel, rectangular ring with an asymmetrical barrel-faced peripheral surface (BA), of nominal diameter $d_1 = 80$ mm (80), of nominal ring width $h_1 = 1,5$ mm (1,5), made of martensitic steel (17 % Cr), subclass 66 (MC66), nitrided on the peripheral surface and side faces (NT) to a depth of 0,05 mm min. on the peripheral surface (050), and with an associated side face depth of 0,015 mm min. Parameters in parenthesis are used in the ISO ring designation:

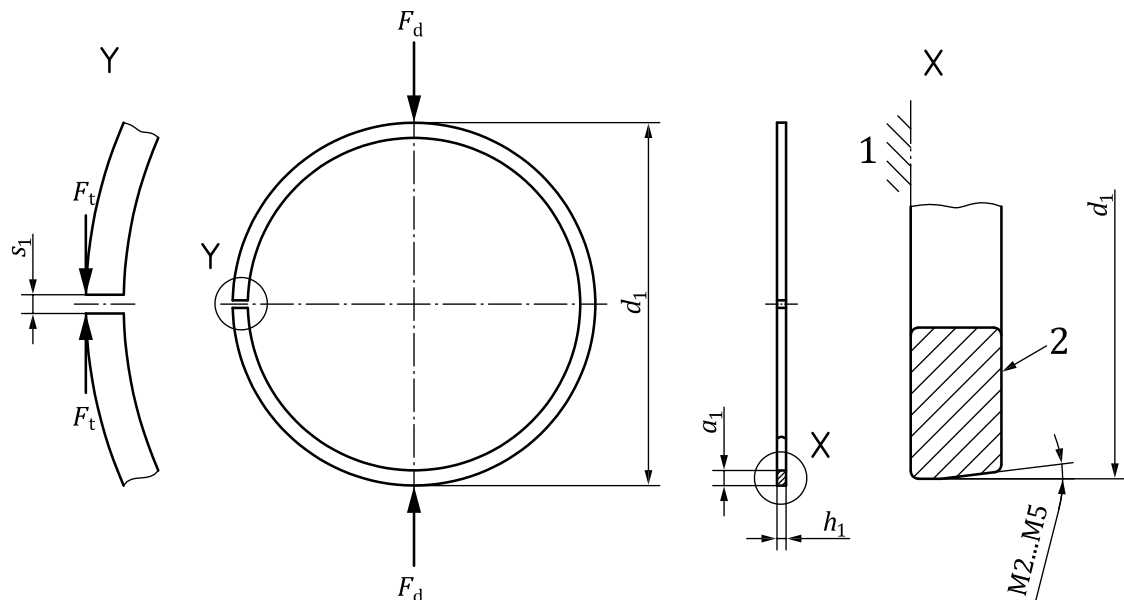
Piston ring ISO 6622-2 BA - 80 × 1,5 - MC66/NT050

4.4 Type M — Taper-faced rectangular ring

NOTE Taper M1 excluded.

4.4.1 General features

See [Table 13](#) for dimensions and forces.



Key

- 1 reference plane
- 2 top side identification mark

Figure 4 — Type M

Table 3 — Taper

Dimensions in millimetres

Code	Nitrided rings and chromium-plated or spray-coated rings with peripheral surface ground ^c					
	Taper	Tolerance	with IF ^a (top side)		with IFU ^{a d} (bottom side)	
			Taper	Tolerance	Taper	Tolerance ^b
M2	30	$\begin{matrix} +60 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	30	$\begin{matrix} +60 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	—	—
M3	60		60		60	$\begin{matrix} +60 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$
M4	90		90		90	
M5	120		120		120	

- a IF and IFU are explained in Figures 24 and 25.
- b For M rings (negative twist type) M3, M4, and M5, the twist angle should not exceed 90 % of the minimum taper angle.
- c For chromium plated rings with tapered peripheral surface not ground, the tolerance shall be increased by 10 (e.g. M3 = 60: $\begin{matrix} +60 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$ for M rings or $\begin{matrix} +70 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$ for M rings with IF or IFU).
- d IFU not recommended for rings with $h_1 \leq 1,2$ mm.

4.4.2 Designation

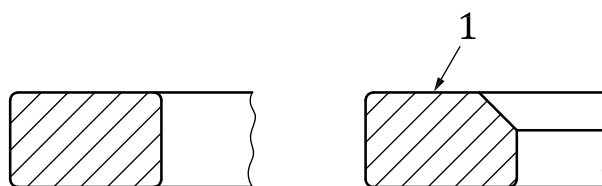
EXAMPLE Designation of a piston ring complying with the requirements of this part of ISO 6622 (i.e. ISO 6622-2) being a steel, rectangular ring with 60' taper-faced peripheral surface (M3), of nominal diameter $d_1 = 60$ mm (60), of nominal ring width $h_1 = 1,5$ mm (1,5), made of alloyed steel (CrSi), subclass 62 (MC62), with a chromium-plated peripheral surface of a minimum thickness of 0,1 mm (CR2). Parameters in parenthesis are used in the ISO ring designation:

Piston ring ISO 6622-2 M3 - 60 × 1,5 - MC62/CR2

5 Common features

5.1 Type R — Straight-faced rectangular ring

5.1.1 Nitrided/PVD rings

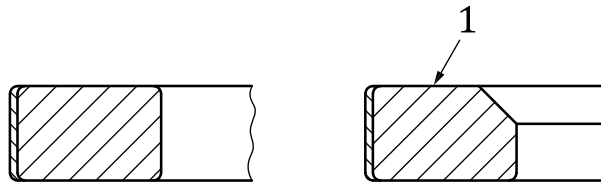


- Key
- 1 top side identification mark

Figure 5 — Nitrided/PVD type R rings

5.1.2 Chromium-plated or spray-coated rings

5.1.2.1 Fully faced

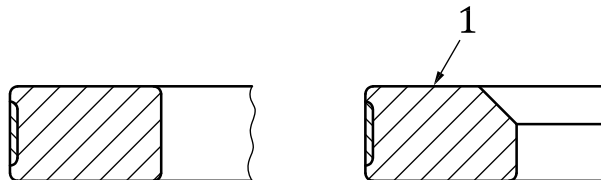


Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 6 — Fully faced type R rings

5.1.2.2 Inlaid, $h_1 \geq 1,2$ mm (not recommended for chromium-plated rings)



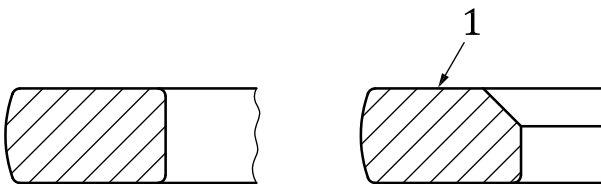
Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 7 — Inlaid type R rings

5.2 Type B — Barrel-faced rectangular ring

5.2.1 Nitrided/PVD rings



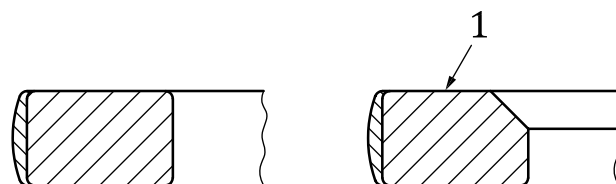
Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 8 — Nitrided/PVD type B rings

5.2.2 Chromium-plated or spray-coated rings

5.2.2.1 Fully faced

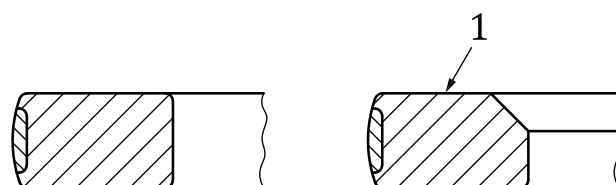


Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 9 — Fully faced type B rings

5.2.2.2 Inlaid, $h_1 \geq 1,2$ mm (not recommended for chromium-plated rings)



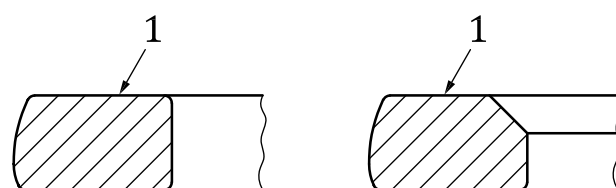
Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 10 — Inlaid type B rings

5.3 Type BA — Asymmetrical barrel-faced rectangular ring, $h_1 \geq 1,2$ mm

5.3.1 Nitrided/PVD rings



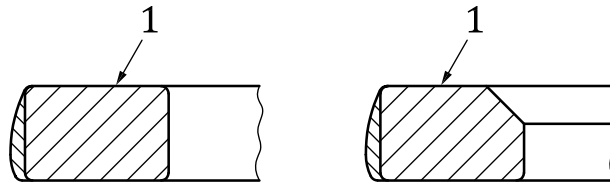
Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 11 — Nitrided/PVD type BA rings

5.3.2 Chromium-plated or spray-coated rings

5.3.2.1 Fully faced

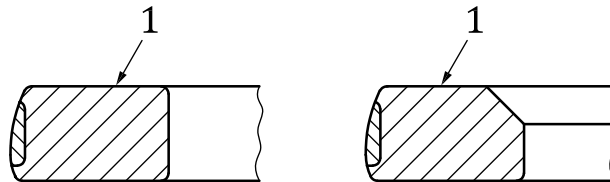


Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 12 — Fully faced type BA rings

5.3.2.2 Inlaid, $h_1 \geq 1,2$ mm (not recommended for chromium-plated rings)



Key

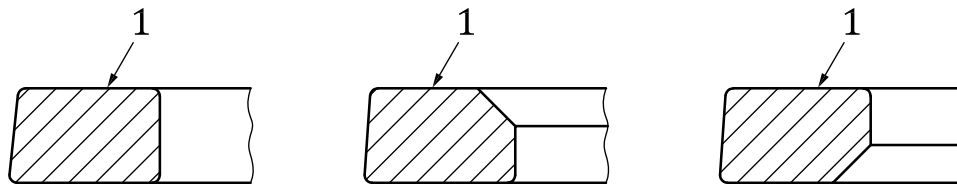
1 top side identification mark

Figure 13 — Inlaid type BA rings

5.4 Type M — Taper-faced rectangular ring

5.4.1 Fully tapered

5.4.1.1 Uncoated/Nitrided/PVD rings



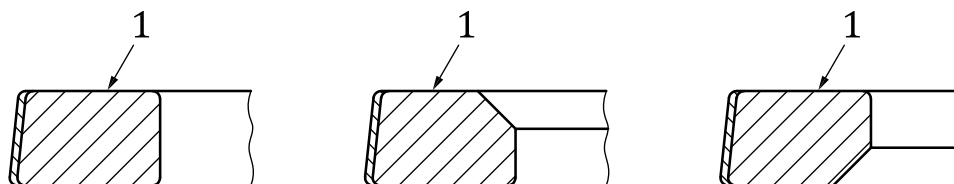
Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 14 — Uncoated/Nitrided/PVD type M rings

5.4.1.2 Chromium-plated or spray-coated rings

5.4.1.2.1 Fully faced

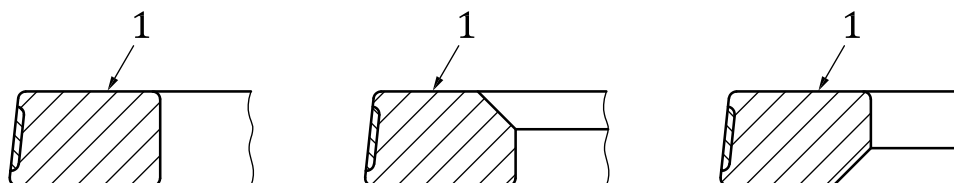


Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 15 — Fully faced type M rings

5.4.1.2.2 Inlaid, $h_1 \geq 1,2$ mm (not recommended for chromium-plated rings)

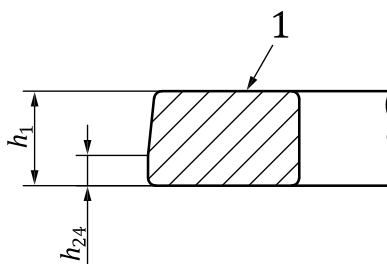


Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 16 — Inlaid type M rings

5.4.2 Taper-faced rectangular ring with partly cylindrical machined (LM) or lapped (LP) peripheral surface



Key

1 top side identification mark

Figure 17 — Partly cylindrical or lapped type M rings

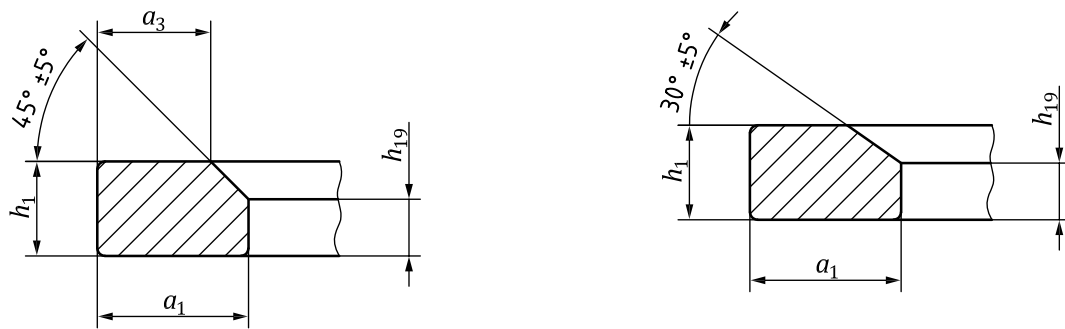
Table 4 — Axial dimensions of the cylindrical part of peripheral surface h_{24}

Dimensions in millimetres

h_1	h_{24}^a max.	h_{24} max. each side of gap up to 30°
1,0	0,4	0,7
1,2	0,4	0,8
1,5	0,5	1,0
1,75	0,6	1,2
2,0	0,7	1,4
2,5	0,8	1,6
3,0	1,0	2,0
3,5	1,2	2,3

^a Partly cylindrical peripheral surface shall be visible.

5.5 Type R, B, BA, and M rings (positive twist type) — Internal bevel top side



a) Commonly used in rings with $h_1 \geq 1,2$ mm

b) Commonly used in rings with $h_1 < 1,2$ mm

Figure 18 — Internal bevel (IF)

5.6 Type M rings (negative twist type), taper M3 to M5 — Internal bevel bottom side

See [Table 3](#).

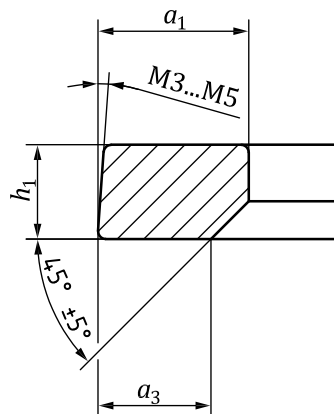


Figure 19 — Internal bevel bottom side (IFU)

Table 5 — h_{19} dimensions for rings $h_1 < 1,5$ mm

Dimensions in millimetres

d_1	h_{19}	
		Tolerance
$30 \leq d_1 \leq 100$	$0,6 \times h_1$	$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ -0,25 \end{matrix}$

Table 6 — a_3 dimensions for rings $h_1 \geq 1,5$ mm

Dimensions in millimetres

d_1	a_3	
		Tolerance
$30 \leq d_1 < 80$	$0,8 \times a_1$	$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ -0,2 \end{matrix}$
$80 \leq d_1 \leq 160$	$0,8 \times a_1$	$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ -0,3 \end{matrix}$

5.7 Type R, B, BA, and M rings — Outside and inside rounded edges

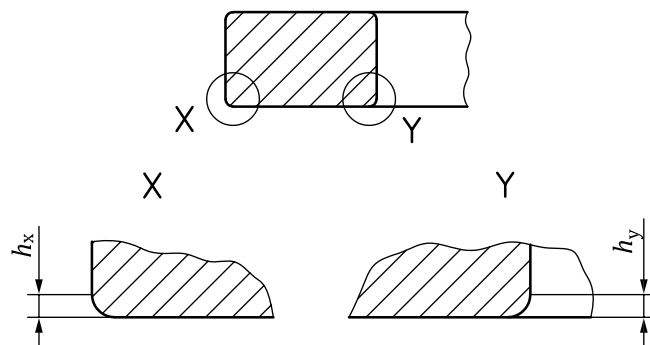


Figure 20 — Outside and inside rounded edges

Table 7 — h_x and h_y dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres

h_1	h_x max.	h_y max.
$0,8 \leq h_1 < 1,5$	0,25	0,30
$h_1 \geq 1,5$	0,30	0,40

5.8 Type R, B, BA, and M rings (fully faced and inlaid) — Plating/coating thickness

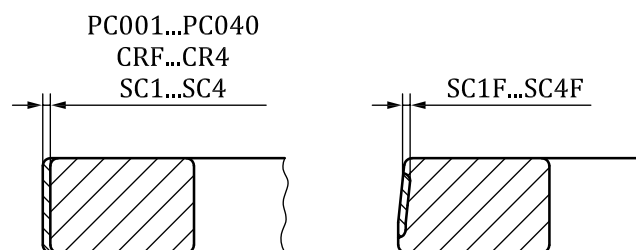


Figure 21 — Plating/coating thickness

Table 8 — Chromium plating/spray coating thickness

Dimensions in millimetres

Chromium plating code	Spray coating code	Thickness min.
CRF	—	0,005
CR1	SC1	0,050
CR2	SC2	0,100
CR3 ^a	SC3 ^a	0,150
CR4 ^a	SC4 ^a	0,200

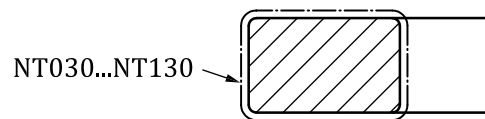
^a Not recommended for rings with $h_1 \leq 1,2$.

Table 9 — PVD coating thickness

Dimensions in millimetres

Code	Peripheral surface min.
PC001	0,001
PC003	0,003
PC006 ^a	0,006
PC010 ^a	0,010
PC020 ^a	0,020
PC030 ^a	0,030
PC040 ^a	0,040

^a Not applicable to diamond-like carbon (DLC) coatings.

5.9 Type R, B, BA, and M rings — Nitrided case depth**Figure 22 — Nitrided case depth****Table 10 — Nitrided case depth**

Dimensions in millimetres

Code	Nitrided case depth min.	
	Peripheral surface	Side faces
NT030	0,03	0,010
NT050	0,05	0,015
NT070	0,07	0,020
NT090	0,09	0,020
NT110	0,11	0,030
NT130	0,13	0,030

6 Force factors

The tangential and diametral forces given in [Table 13](#) shall be corrected when additional features are being used. For common features, the multiplier factors given in [Tables 12](#) and [13](#) shall be used.

Table 11 — Force correction factors for R, B, BA, and M rings with features IF and taper

Factor		
M2 or M3	M4 or M5	IF
0,98	0,96	0,88

Table 12 — Force correction factors for chromium-plated, spray-coated, PVD-coated, and nitrided R, B, BA, and M rings (fully faced and inlaid type)

d_1 mm	Factor							
	CRF/PC001... PC030	CR1/ PC040	CR2/SC1	CR3	SC2	CR4/SC3	SC4	NT030...NT130
$30 \leq d_1 < 50$	1	0,80	0,71	—	0,63	—	—	1,03
$50 \leq d_1 < 75$	1	0,87	0,81	0,75	0,75	0,69	0,64	1,03
$75 \leq d_1 < 100$	1	0,91	0,86	0,82	0,82	0,78	0,74	1,03
$100 \leq d_1 < 125$	1	0,93	0,89	0,86	0,86	0,82	0,79	1,03
$125 \leq d_1 \leq 160$	1	0,94	0,91	0,89	0,89	0,86	0,83	1,03

7 Dimensions and forces

See [Table 13](#).

Table 13 — (continued)

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal diameter d_1	Radial wall thickness a_1 Tolerance	Ring width h_1							Tolerance	Closed gap s_1 Tolerance	Tangential force F_t [N]							Tolerance	Diametral force F_d [N]							Tolerance	Nominal diameter d_1														
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7			For h_1 shown in column								For h_1 shown in column																						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7			1	2	3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4	5	6	7																
52	1,9									0,15	+0,2 0	3,4	4,2	5,1	6,4								7,2	9,0	11,0	13,8								52							
53														3,4	4,2	5,1	6,4								7,2	9,0	11,0	13,8								53					
54															3,4	4,2	5,0	6,3								7,2	9,0	10,8	13,5								54				
55															3,4	4,2	5,0	6,3								7,2	9,0	10,8	13,5								55				
56															3,3	4,1	5,0	6,2								7,0	8,8	10,8	13,3								56				
57															3,8	4,8	5,7	7,2								8,2	10,3	12,3	15,5								57				
58															3,8	4,7	5,7	7,1								8,1	10,1	12,3	15,3								58				
59	2,1											3,7	4,6	5,6	7,0								7,9	9,9	12,0	15,1								59							
60	± 0,15 Within a ring: 0,15 max.	0,8	1,0	1,2	1,5					0,2	+0,2 0	3,7	4,6	5,5	6,9								7,9	9,9	11,8	14,8								60							
61																		3,6	4,5	5,4	6,8							7,8	9,7	11,6	14,6							± 30 % if $F_t < 10$ N	61		
62																		4,2	5,2	6,2	7,8								9,0	11,2	13,3	16,8							± 20 % if $F_t \geq 10$ N	62	
63																		4,1	5,1	6,2	7,7								8,8	11,0	13,3	16,6								63	
64																		4,1	5,1	6,1	7,7								8,8	11,0	13,1	16,6								64	
65						2,3													4,0	5,0	6,1	7,6								8,6	10,8	13,1	16,3								65
66																			4,0	5,0	6,0	7,5								8,6	10,8	12,9	16,1								66
67												3,9	4,9	5,9	7,4								8,4	10,5	12,7	15,9								67							
68												4,6	5,7	6,8	8,6								9,8	12,3	14,6	18,5								68							
69												4,5	5,6	6,8	8,5								9,6	12,0	14,6	18,3								69							
70	2,5											4,5	5,6	6,7	8,4	9,8	11,2	14,1					9,6	12,0	14,4	18,1	21,1	24,1	30,2					70							
71												4,4	5,5	6,6	8,3	9,7	11,1	13,9					9,4	11,8	14,2	17,8	20,9	23,9	29,9					71							
72						1,75	2,0	2,5				4,3	5,4	6,5	8,2	9,6	11,0	13,7					9,3	11,6	14,0	17,6	20,6	23,7	29,6					72							
73												4,3	5,4	6,5	8,1	9,5	10,8	13,6					9,3	11,6	14,0	17,4	20,4	23,2	29,2					73							

Table 13 — (continued)

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal diameter d_1	Radial wall thickness a_1	Ring width h_1								Tolerance	Closed gap s_1	Tangential force F_t [N]								Tolerance	Diametral force F_d [N]								Tolerance	Nominal diameter d_1	
		Tolerance										Tolerance									Tolerance										
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
74	2.7	0.8								0.2	$+0.2$ 0	5.0	6.2	7.4	9.3	10.9	12.5	15.6		10.6	13.3	15.9	20.0	23.4	26.9	33.5			74		
75										4.9	6.1	7.3	9.2	10.7	12.3	15.3	10.5	13.1		15.7	19.8	23.0	26.4	33.0	75						
76										4.8	6.0	7.2	9.0	10.5	12.0	15.1	10.3	12.9		15.5	19.4	22.6	25.8	32.4		76					
77										4.6	5.8	7.0	8.8	10.3	11.8	14.8	10.0	12.5		15.1	18.9	22.1	25.4	31.8						77	
78										4.6	5.7	6.9	8.7	10.1	11.6	14.5	9.8	12.3		14.8	18.7	21.7	24.9	31.2							78
79	5.3	6.6	7.9	9.9	11.6	13.3	16.7	11.4	14.2	17.0	21.3	24.9	28.6	35.8	79																
80	2.9								0.25	$+0.25$ 0	6.5	7.8	9.8	11.5		13.1	16.5		14.0	16.8	21.1	24.7	28.2	35.4			80				
81											6.4	7.7	9.7	11.4	13.0	16.3	13.8		16.6	20.9	24.5	28.0	35.0	81							
82											6.3	7.6	9.6	11.2	12.8	16.1	13.5		16.3	20.6	24.1	27.5	34.5					82			
83											6.3	7.5	9.5	11.1	12.7	15.8	13.5		16.1	20.4	23.9	27.3	34.1						83		
84											6.2	7.4	9.3	10.9	12.5	15.6	13.3		15.9	20.0	23.4	26.9	33.6							84	
85	± 0.15 Within a ring; 0.15 max.	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.75	2.0	2.5	For phosphated PO surface: 0 -0.030	0.25	$+0.25$ 0	7.1	8.5	10.7	12.5	14.3	17.9		15.3	18.3	23.0	26.9	30.7	38.5		$\pm 30\%$ if $F_t < 10\text{ N}$	$\pm 20\%$ if $F_t \geq 10\text{ N}$	85				
86											7.0	8.4	10.6	12.3	14.1	17.7		15.1	18.1	22.8	26.4	30.3	38.1					86			
87											6.9	8.3	10.4	12.2	14.0	17.5		14.8	17.8	22.4	26.2	30.1	37.6						87		
88											6.8	8.2	10.3	12.0	13.8	17.2		14.6	17.6	22.1	25.8	29.7	37.1							88	
89											6.7	8.1	10.1	11.9	13.6	17.0		14.4	17.4	21.7	25.6	29.2	36.5								89
90	3.1								0.25	$+0.25$ 0	6.6	8.0	10.0	11.7	13.4	16.7	20.1		14.2	17.2	21.5	25.2	28.8	35.9	43.2			90			
91											7.6	9.1	11.4	13.4	15.3	19.2	23.1		16.3	19.6	24.5	28.8	32.9	41.3	49.6				91		
92											7.4	9.0	11.2	13.1	15.0	18.8	22.6		16.0	19.4	24.1	28.2	32.3	40.4	48.6					92	
93											7.3	8.8	11.0	12.9	14.7	18.5	22.2		15.7	18.9	23.7	27.7	31.6	39.8	47.7						93
94											7.1	8.6	10.8	12.6	14.4	18.1	21.7		15.3	18.5	23.2	27.1	31.0	38.9	46.7						
95	3.3								0.25	$+0.25$ 0	7.0	8.4	10.5	12.3	14.1	17.7	21.2		15.0	18.1	22.6	26.4	30.3	38.1	45.6			95			
96											8.0	9.6	12.1	14.1	16.2	20.2	24.3		17.2	20.6	26.0	30.3	34.8	43.4	52.3				96		

Table 13 — (continued)

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal diameter d_1	Radial wall thickness a_1	Ring width h_1							Tolerance	Closed gap s_1	Tolerance	Tangential force F_t [N]							Tolerance	Diametral force F_d [N]							Tolerance	Nominal diameter d_1
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7				For h_1 shown in column								For h_1 shown in column								
												1	2	3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
97	3,5	1,0							0,3	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	7,9	9,5	11,9	13,9	15,9	20,0	24,0	17,0	20,4	25,6	29,9	34,2	43,0	51,6	97			
98											7,8	9,4	11,7	13,7	15,7	19,7	23,7	16,7	20,2	25,2	29,5	33,8	42,4	50,9	98			
99											7,7	9,2	11,6	13,5	15,5	19,4	23,3	16,5	19,8	24,9	29,0	33,3	41,7	50,1	99			
100	3,7	—							0,3	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	8,5	11,4	13,3	15,2	19,1	22,9	18,3	24,5	28,6	32,7	41,1	49,2	100					
101											8,3	11,2	13,1	15,0	18,8	22,6	17,9	24,1	28,2	32,3	40,4	48,6	101					
102											9,7	12,8	15,0	17,2	21,5	25,8	20,8	27,5	32,3	37,0	46,2	55,5	102					
103	3,7	—	1,2	1,5	1,75	2,0	2,5	3,0	0,3	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	9,5	12,7	14,8	16,9	21,2	25,5	20,4	27,3	31,8	36,3	45,6	54,8	103					
104											9,3	12,5	14,6	16,7	20,9	25,1	20,0	26,9	31,4	35,9	44,9	54,0	104					
105											9,1	12,3	14,4	16,4	20,6	24,7	19,5	26,4	31,0	35,3	44,3	53,1	105					
106	$\pm 0,20$ Within a ring; 0,20 max.	—							0,3	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	8,9	12,1	14,1	16,2	20,2	24,3	19,1	26,0	30,3	34,8	43,4	52,2	106					
107											8,8	11,9	13,9	15,9	19,9	23,9	18,9	25,6	29,9	34,2	42,8	51,4	107					
108											10,1	13,6	15,9	18,2	22,8	27,4	21,7	29,2	34,2	39,1	49,0	58,9	108					
109	3,9	—							0,35	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	9,9	13,3	15,6	17,8	22,3	26,8	21,3	28,6	33,5	38,3	47,9	57,6	109					
110											15,2	17,4	21,8	26,2	30,6	32,7	37,4	46,9	56,3	65,8	110							
111											14,9	17,0	21,3	25,6	29,9	32,0	36,6	45,8	55,0	64,3	111							
112	4,1	—							0,35	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	14,5	16,6	20,8	25,0	29,2	31,2	35,7	44,7	53,8	62,8	112							
113											16,6	19,0	23,8	28,6	33,4	35,7	40,9	51,2	61,5	71,8	113							
114											16,4	18,7	23,5	28,2	32,9	—	—	35,2	40,2	50,5	60,6	70,7	—	—	114			
115	4,1	—							0,35	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	16,1	18,4	23,1	27,8	32,4	34,6	39,6	49,7	59,8	69,7	115							
116											15,9	18,1	22,7	27,3	31,9	34,1	38,9	48,8	58,7	68,6	116							
117											15,6	17,8	22,3	26,8	31,4	33,5	38,3	47,9	57,6	67,5	117							
118	4,1	—							0,35	$\begin{matrix} +0,25 \\ 0 \end{matrix}$	15,3	17,5	21,9	26,4	30,8	32,9	37,6	47,1	56,8	66,2	118							

Table 13 — (continued)

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal diameter d_1	Radial wall thickness a_1	Ring width h_1							Closed gap s_1	Tangential force F_t [N]							Diametral force F_d [N]							Nominal diameter d_1												
		Tolerance								Tolerance							Tolerance																			
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7													
119	4,3	1,75	2,0	—	—	—	—	0,35	+0,25 0	17,5	20,0	25,1	30,1	35,2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	119							
120										17,2	19,7	24,7	29,7	34,7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	120	
121										17,0	19,4	24,3	29,2	34,1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	121
122										16,7	19,1	23,9	28,7	33,5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	122
123										16,4	18,8	23,5	28,2	33,0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	123
124										16,1	18,4	23,1	27,7	32,4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	124
125	4,5	1,75	2,0	—	—	—	—	0,35	+0,25 0	18,4	21,0	26,4	31,7	37,0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	125							
126										18,0	20,6	25,8	31,0	36,2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	126	
127										17,6	20,1	25,2	30,3	35,4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	127
128										17,2	19,6	24,6	29,6	34,5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	128
129										16,7	19,2	24,0	28,8	33,7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	129
130										4,7	1,75	2,0	2,5	3,0	3,5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
131	2,5	3,0	3,5	—	—	—	—	—	—				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	131						
132	2,5	3,0	3,5	—	—	—	—	—	—				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	132						
133	2,5	3,0	3,5	—	—	—	—	—	—				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	133						
134	2,5	3,0	3,5	—	—	—	—	—	—				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	134						
135	2,5	3,0	3,5	—	—	—	—	—	—				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	135						
136	4,9	1,75	2,0	—	—	—	—	0,4	+0,25 0	25,1	30,2	35,2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	136							
137										28,7	34,4	40,2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	137	
138										28,2	33,9	39,6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	138
139										27,7	33,3	38,9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	139
140										27,2	32,7	38,2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	140
140										26,7	32,1	37,5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	140

Table 13 — (continued)

Dimensions in millimetres

Nominal diameter d_1	Radial wall thickness a_1	Ring width h_1							Closed gap s_1	Tangential force F_t [N]							Diametral force F_d [N]							Nominal diameter d_1					
		Tolerance	1	2	3	4	5	6		7	Tolerance	Tolerance	For h_1 shown in column							Tolerance	For h_1 shown in column							Tolerance	
			1	2	3	4	5	6		7			1	2	3	4	5	6	7										
141	4,9											26,2	31,5	36,8							56,4	67,7	79,1						
142												29,9	36,0	42,0							64,4	77,4	90,3						
143									-0,010 -0,030			29,4	35,4	41,3							63,3	76,1	88,8						
144												28,9	34,8	40,6							62,2	74,8	87,3						
145	5,1								For phosphated PO surface: 0	0,4	+0,25 0	28,4	34,1	39,9							61,1	73,3	85,8						
146									0			27,9	33,5	39,1							59,9	72,0	84,1						
147									-0,030			27,3	32,9	38,4							58,8	70,7	82,6						
148												31,2	37,5	43,8							67,1	80,6	94,2						
149					3,0	3,5						30,5	36,6	42,8							65,5	78,7	92,0						
150	5,3	± 0,20																											
151		Within a ring: 0,20 max.										35,8	41,8								77,0	89,9							
152												34,9	40,7								75,0	87,5							
153									-0,010 -0,035			34,0	39,7								73,1	85,4							
154												38,8	45,3								83,4	97,4							
155	5,5								For phosphated PO surface: 0	0,5	+0,3 0										81,9	95,7							
156									-0,035			37,4	43,7								80,4	94,0							
157												36,7	42,9								78,9	92,2							
158												36,0	42,1								77,4	90,5							
159												35,3	41,2								75,9	88,6							
159	5,7											40,3	47,0								86,6	101,1							
160												39,3	45,9								84,5	98,7							

NOTE 1 For intermediate sizes (for example repair sizes), the radial wall thickness of the next smaller nominal diameter should be applied.
 NOTE 2 The values for F_t and F_d , given in Table 13, apply to steel with a typical modulus of elasticity (E_s) of 210 GN/m². Mean forces are calculated for nominal radial wall thickness (a_1) and mean ring width (h_1).
 NOTE 3 For the sole purpose of this part of ISO 6622, the assumed average ratio F_d/F_t is 2,15. However, for rings up to 50 mm, the ratio F_d/F_t shall be determined between manufacturer and customer.

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