ISO 4593 93 **3 4851903** 0547327 818 **3**

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4593

Second edition 1993-11-15

Plastics — Film and sheeting — Determination of thickness by mechanical scanning

Plastiques — Film et feuille — Détermination de l'épaisseur par examen mécanique



Reference number ISO 4593:1993(E)

ISO 4593:1993(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 4593 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, Plastics, Sub-Committee SC 11, Products.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 4593:1979), which has been technically revised.

© ISO 1993

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization
Case Postale 56 • CH-1211 Genève 20 • Switzerland
Printed in Switzerland

ii

Plastics — Film and sheeting — Determination of thickness by mechanical scanning

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the thickness of a sample of plastics film or sheeting by mechanical scanning.

The method is not suitable for use with embossed film or sheeting.

2 Apparatus

- **2.1 Thickness-measuring device,** capable of measuring to the following accuracies:
- up to and including 100 μm to an accuracy of 1 μm (see note 1);
- above 100 μm and up to and including 250 μm to an accuracy of 2 μm ;
- above 250 μm to an accuracy of 3 μm.

NOTE 1 Where the above is not adequate and a higher accuracy is required, this method should not be applied but a more suitable measuring device or method selected. The determination of gravimetric thickness is described in ISO 4591:1992, Plastics — Film and sheeting — Determination of average thickness of a sample, and average thickness and yield of a roll, by gravimetric techniques (gravimetric thickness)

The measuring surfaces of the device shall comprise a plane lower face and either a plane or radiused upper face. All surfaces shall be polished.

2.1.1 In the case of plane/plane measuring surfaces, the diameter of each face shall be between 2,5 mm and 10 mm and they shall be parallel to within 5 μ m. The lower face shall be capable of being adjusted to conform to this requirement. The force applied to the measuring face shall be 0,5 N to 1,0 N.

2.1.2 In the case of plane/radiused measuring surfaces, the diameter of the plane lower surface shall not be less than 5 mm and the radius of curvature of the upper surface shall be 15 mm to 50 mm. The force applied to the radiused face shall be 0,1 N to 0,5 N.

NOTE 2 Transmission of the measured values may be performed, for example, mechanically (by micrometer), optically (by mirror instrument) or electronically (inductively).

3 Test specimens

Cut test specimens, about 100 mm wide, across the whole width of the sample. When required, take specimens at positions approximately 1 m apart in the longitudinal direction of the sample. The specimens shall contain no creases except those necessary for folding the film for presentation or packaging purposes. The specimens shall contain no other defects.

4 Procedure

- **4.1** Condition the specimens for at least 1 h at 23 °C \pm 2 °C. For moisture-sensitive films, the conditioning time and atmosphere shall be as stated in the specification for the material under test or as specified between buyer and seller.
- **4.2** Ensure that the specimens and the faces of the measuring device (2.1) are free from contamination, for example dust.
- **4.3** Check the zero point of the measuring device before starting the measurements and recheck after each series of measurements.
- **4.4** When determining the thickness, lower the foot gently to avoid deforming the material.

ISO 4593:1993(E)

- **4.5** Determine the thickness of the specimens at points equally spaced along the length of the specimen, as follows:
- a) for samples less than 300 mm wide 10 points;
- b) between 300 mm wide and 1 500 mm wide 20 points;
- c) more than 1 500 mm wide minimum 30 points.

Measurements shall not be taken within 50 mm of the edges of untrimmed rolls.

5 Precision

The precision of this test method is not known because interlaboratory data are not available. When interlaboratory data are obtained, a precision statement will be added at the following revision.

6 Test report

The test report shall include the following:

- a) a reference to this International Standard;
- all details necessary for identification of the sample;
- the types of measuring face used and the force applied;
- d) the length of the specimens;
- e) the number of specimens measured;
- f) the arithmetic mean of the individual measurements, to the nearest 1 μm or 0,001 mm, reported as the average mechanically measured thickness of the specimens; if required, the individual readings shall also be reported;
- g) the total number of measurements made and, if required, the standard deviation.

120 4593 93 ■ 4851903 0547331 249 ■

(SO 4593:1993(E)

UDC 678.5/.8-416:678.01:543.71

Descriptors: plastics, plastics products, sheets, films, plastic sheets, tests, determination, thickness, dimensional measurements.

Price based on 2 pages