INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 1628-1

Third edition 2009-02-01 **AMENDMENT 1** 2012-07-01

Plastics — Determination of the viscosity of polymers in dilute solution using capillary viscometers —

Part 1: **General principles**

AMENDMENT 1

Plastiques — Détermination de la viscosité des polymères en solution diluée à l'aide de viscosimètres à capillaires —

Partie 1: Principes généraux

AMENDEMENT 1



ISO 1628-1:2009/Amd.1:2012(E)



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2012

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Amendment 1 to ISO 1628-1:2009 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Physical-chemical properties*.

Plastics — Determination of the viscosity of polymers in dilute solution using capillary viscometers —

Part 1: **General principles**

AMENDMENT 1

Page 10, Subclause 9.1

In the first and third lines of the fourth paragraph, add the reduced viscosity because the intrinsic viscosity can also be calculated by extrapolating the reduced viscosity against concentration curve to zero concentration, so that this paragraph reads:

The intrinsic viscosity shall be calculated from the values of inherent viscosity or reduced viscosity obtained for concentrations c_1 , c_2 , c_3 ..., in the approximate ratio 1:2:3 ..., by a graphical method consisting of plotting the inherent-viscosity values or the reduced-viscosity values (on the ordinate axis) against the concentration (on the abscissa) and extrapolating the curve to zero concentration. The intrinsic viscosity is read off the ordinate axis.



ICS 83.080.01

Price based on 1 page