

**INTERNATIONAL STANDARD****575**

C-36-25

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

**Textile machinery and accessories — Transfer cones —  
Half angle of the cone 4° 20'***Matériel pour l'industrie textile — Cônes de transfert — Demi-angle du cône 4° 20'*

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ISO 575-1978 (E)

## FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 575 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 72, *Textile machinery and accessories*, and was circulated to the member bodies in January 1977.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Belgium	Korea, Rep. of	Spain
Czechoslovakia	Mexico	Switzerland
France	Netherlands	United Kingdom
Germany	Philippines	U.S.S.R.
India	Poland	Yugoslavia
Ireland	Romania	
Italy	South Africa, Rep. of	

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 575-1967, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

# Textile machinery and accessories — Transfer cones — Half angle of the cone $4^{\circ} 20'$

## 1 SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

This International Standard specifies the dimensions and the tolerances of transfer cones, having a half angle of the cone of  $4^{\circ} 20'$ , which, after the cones for dyeing purposes have been removed from the dyed or bleached wound packages, are put in the packages for the purpose of re-processing. These transfer cones shall not be used for winding purposes. This International Standard also specifies the dimensions and tolerances of the gauges for checking the cones.

## 2 DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES

See the figures and tables on page 2.

Dimensions which are not specified are left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

The deviations from the nominal value  $4^{\circ} 20'$  of the half angle of cone are limited by the tolerances for  $D$ ,  $D_1$ ,  $D_2$  and  $L$  as indicated in table 1. They do not influence the practical use of the cones.

## 3 MATERIAL

The material may be impregnated or lacquered paper or suitable plastic.

The following details shall be specified :

- a) treatment of surface;
- b) number, size and location of perforations.

The distance between the ends of the cone and edges of the nearest holes, if any, shall be  $16 \pm 0,5$  mm.

## 4 USE OF THE GAUGE

The inner dimensions of the cone are in accordance with this International Standard if the edge of the larger end of the cone, after it has been placed loosely on the gauge and then pressed home by hand, is between the tolerance marks.

The outer dimensions of the cone are in accordance with this International Standard if the edge of the larger end of the cone, after it has been placed in the gauge without forcing, is between the tolerance marks.

## 5 CHECKING OF THE LENGTH OF THE CONE

To check the tolerances of the length of the cone, a suitable gauge for checking lengths, for example a slide-gauge, has to be used. The gauges shown cannot be used for this purpose.

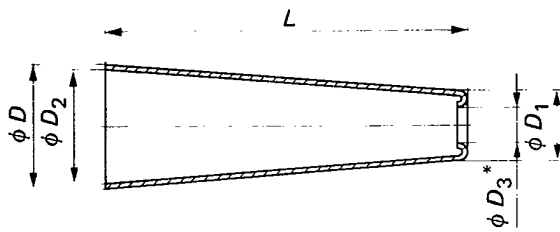


FIGURE 1a) – Non-perforated cone

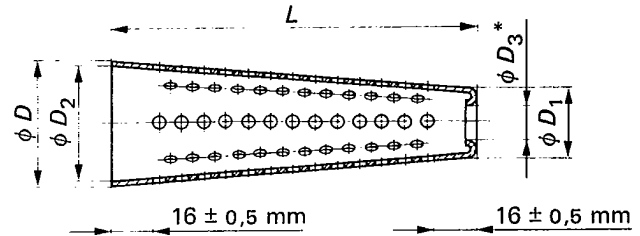


FIGURE 1b) – Perforated cone

TABLE 1 – Cones

Values in millimetres

	$D$	$D_1$	$D_2$	$D_3^*$	$L$
	Admiss-ible de-viations				
57	0 - 0,5	33,4	52,3	22	155
61					
79,5	0 - 0,6	55,9	75,5	40	155
83,5					

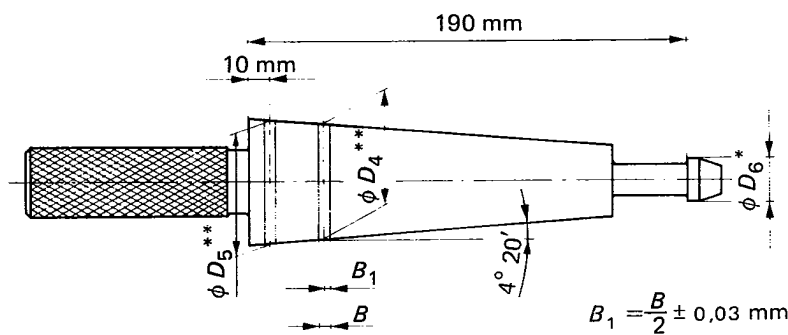


FIGURE 2a) – Gauge I, for checking the inner dimensions

TABLE 2 – Gauges I\*\*\*

Values in millimetres

$D_4^{**}$	$D_5^{**}$	$D_6^*$ h 9	$B$ $\pm 0,03$
52,3	56,3	22	3,3
75,5	79,5	40	4,0

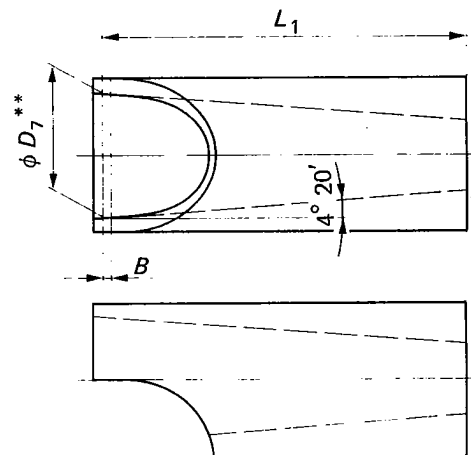


FIGURE 2b) – Gauge II, for checking the outer dimensions

TABLE 3 – Gauges II\*\*\*

Values in millimetres

$D_7^{**}$	$L_1$	$B$ $\pm 0,03$
57	155	3,3
61	180	
79,5	155	4
83,5	180	

\* In certain cases dimensions  $D_3$  and  $D_6$  have to be agreed upon between the parties concerned in relation to the wall thickness.

\*\* The tolerances of the cone diameters of the gauge, measured at any distance from the ends, shall be  $j_6$  (see ISO/R 286, *ISO System of limits and fits – Part 1 : General, tolerances and deviations*, page 23).

\*\*\* The cones may be checked either using gauge I or using gauge II, but the method of checking using gauge I is preferred.