

Guide to

Choice of aperture size and wire diameter combinations for industrial wire screens and woven wire cloth —

**Part 2: Preferred combinations for
woven wire cloth**

Committees responsible for this British Standard

The preparation of this British Standard was entrusted by the General Mechanical Engineering Standards Policy Committee (GME/-) to Technical Committee GME/29, upon which the following bodies were represented:

BCIRA

British Cement Association
 British Coal Corporation
 British Laboratory Ware Association
 Guild of Metal Perforators
 Institution of Chemical Engineers
 Institution of Mining and Metallurgy
 National Association of British and Irish Millers
 Ministry of Defence
 Society of Chemical Industry
 Society of Cosmetic Scientists
 Woven Wire Association
 Coopted members

The following bodies were also represented in the drafting of the standard, through subcommittees and panels:

British Aggregate Construction Materials Industries
 British Steel Industry (Wire Section)
 National Federation of Clay Industries
 Refractories Association of Great Britain

This British Standard, having been prepared under the direction of the General Mechanical Engineering Standards Policy Committee, was published under the authority of the Board of BSI and comes into effect on 28 February 1991

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The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard:
 Committee reference GME/29
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National foreword

This Part of BS 7372 has been prepared under the direction of the General Mechanical Engineering Standards Policy Committee and is identical with ISO 4783-2:1989 “*Industrial wire screens and woven wire cloth — Guide to the choice of aperture size and wire diameter combinations — Part 2: Preferred combinations for woven wire cloth*”, published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). ISO 4783-2 was prepared by Technical Committee 24 of ISO and the UK took an active part in its preparation.

ISO 4783-2:1989 (the second edition) superseded ISO 4783-2:1981 (the first edition) and constituted a minor revision of it.

BS 7372 consists of the following parts:

- *Part 1: General*;
- *Part 2: Preferred combinations for woven wire cloth*.

These two Parts supersede BS 481-1:1971, which is withdrawn.

When ISO 4783-3:1981 “*Preferred combinations for pre-crimped or pressure-welded wire screens*” has been revised it will be considered for implementation as a British Standard to supersede BS 481-2:1983.

Cross-reference

International Standard	Corresponding British Standard
ISO 3:1973	BS 2045:1965 <i>Preferred numbers</i> (Technically equivalent)
ISO 497:1973	

Related British Standards to ISO 2194:1972 are BS 410:1986 “*Specification for test sieves*” and BS 481 “*Specification for industrial wire mesh*” Part 2:1972 “*High tensile steel wire mesh with square apertures from 125 mm to 2 mm*”. There is no British Standard corresponding to ISO 4782.

A British Standard does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users of British Standards are responsible for their correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, pages i and ii, pages 1 to 8, an inside back cover and a back cover.

This standard has been updated (see copyright date) and may have had amendments incorporated. This will be indicated in the amendment table on the inside front cover.

1 Scope

This part of ISO 4783 tabulates preferred combinations of aperture size and wire diameter for industrial woven wire cloth which are taken from the general list of aperture/wire combinations given in ISO 4783-1.

It applies to woven wire cloth of aperture size from 16 mm to 0,02 mm.

NOTE This is the first International Standard on woven wire cloth for industrial purposes; these specifications are a compromise which takes account of existing national standards. ISO Member Bodies are earnestly requested to rationalize further in order to reduce the number of wire diameters per aperture width within the next five years without excluding the option of increasing the number of preferred apertures.

ISO 4783-3 gives the preferred combinations for pre-crimped or pressure-welded wire screens.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 4783. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 4783 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards listed below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 3:1973, *Preferred numbers — Series of preferred numbers*.

ISO 497:1973, *Guide to the choice of series of preferred numbers and of series containing more rounded values of preferred numbers*.

ISO 2194:1972, *Wire screens and plate screens for industrial purposes — Nominal sizes of apertures*.

ISO 4782:1987, *Metal wire for industrial wire screens and woven wire cloth*.

3 Designation

Woven wire cloth for industrial purposes shall be designated in the following sequence by

- width of aperture w ;
- diameter of wire d ;
- material of wire;
- type of weave (see Figure 2).

4 Aperture size and wire diameter combinations

Table 1 lists the preferred combinations of aperture size and wire diameter for woven wire cloth and states the open area A_0 and the mass per square metre, Q_A , for each combination.

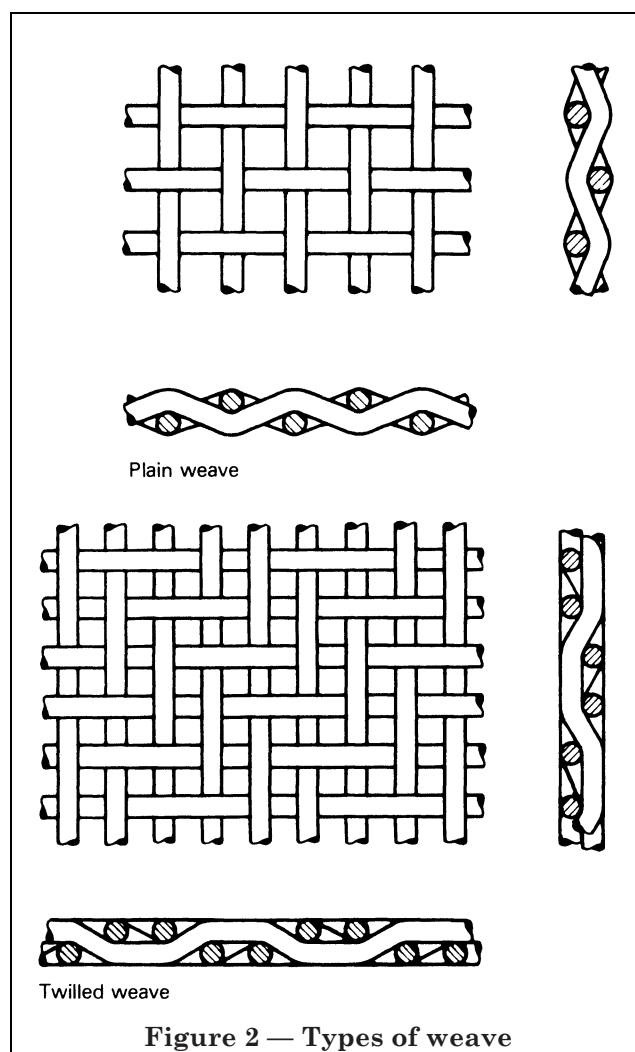
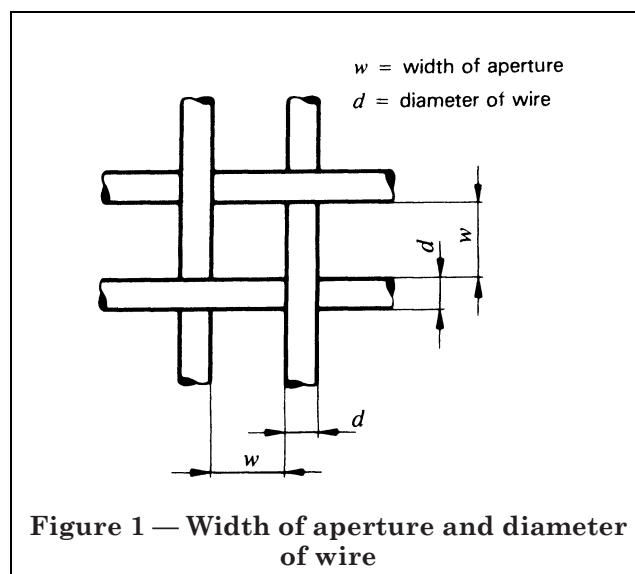


Table 1 — Preferred aperture size and wire diameter combinations

Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area ρA kg/m ²	Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area ρA kg/m ²			
R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm				R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm						
16	16	16	1,60	83	1,85	8	8	8	1,00	79	1,41			
			1,80	81	2,31				1,25	75	2,15			
			2,00	79	2,82				1,40	72	2,65			
			2,24	77	3,49				1,60	69	3,39			
			3,15	70	6,58				1,80	67	4,20			
			3,55	67	8,19				2,00	64	5,08			
	14		1,40	83	1,62				2,24	61	6,22			
			1,80	79	2,60				2,50	58	7,56			
			2,24	74	3,92				2,80	55	9,22			
			2,80	69	5,93									
		13,2	2,80	68	6,22									
12,5	12,5		1,25	83	1,44				0,900	79	1,29			
			1,60	79	2,31				1,12	75	1,94			
			1,80	76	2,88				1,25	72	2,38			
			2,00	74	3,50				1,40	70	2,93			
			2,24	72	4,31				1,60	67	3,74			
			2,80	67	6,51				1,80	64	4,62			
	11,2	11,2	1,12	83	1,29			6,7	1,80	62	4,84			
			1,25	81	1,59				3,15	46	12,80			
			1,40	79	1,98				6,3	6,3		0,800	79	1,14
			1,80	74	3,17							1,00	74	1,74
			2,00	72	3,85							1,12	72	2,15
			2,24	69	4,74							1,40	67	2,23
			2,50	67	5,79							1,80	60	5,08
			2,80	64	7,11							2,00	58	6,12
			3,15	61	8,78							2,24	54	7,46
			3,55	57	10,58							2,50	51	9,02
			2,80	48	10,94									
			3,15	44	13,34									
10	10		1,12	81	1,43				0,710	79	1,01			
			1,40	77	2,18				0,800	77	1,27			
			1,60	74	2,80				0,900	74	1,58			
			1,80	72	3,49				1,12	69	2,37			
			2,00	69	4,23				1,25	67	2,90			
			2,50	64	6,35				1,40	64	3,56			
		9,5	1,40	76	2,28				1,60	60	4,52			
			1,80	71	3,64				1,80	57	5,56			
			2,00	68	4,42				2,24	51	8,13			
			2,24	65	5,43				5	5		0,710	77	1,12
			2,50	63	6,61							0,900	72	1,74
			2,80	60	8,09							1,00	69	2,12
3,15	56	9,96	1,25	64	3,18									
3,55	53	12,27	1,40	61	3,89									
			1,60	57	4,93									
	9		1,00	81	1,27				1,80	54	6,05			
			1,25	77	1,94				2,00	51	7,26			
			1,40	75	2,39				2,24	48	8,80			
			1,60	73	3,07				2,50	44	10,58			
			1,80	69	3,81				2,80	41	12,77			
			2,24	64	5,67									

^a For plain steel wire, $\rho = 7\,850 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (see clause 5).

Table 1 — Preferred aperture size and wire diameter combinations

Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area ρA kg/m ²	Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area ρA kg/m ²
R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm				R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm			
		4,75	0,900 1,25 1,40 1,60 1,80 2,00 2,24 2,50 2,80	71 63 60 56 53 50 46 43 40	1,82 3,31 4,05 5,12 6,28 7,53 9,12 10,95 13,19				0,500 0,560 0,710 0,800 0,900 1,12 1,60 1,80 2,00	72 69 64 60 57 51 40 37 34	0,96 1,19 1,82 2,26 2,78 4,06 7,39 8,95 10,85
	4,5		0,630 0,800 0,900 1,00 1,12 1,25 1,40 1,60 1,80 2,00 2,24	77 72 69 67 64 61 58 54 51 48 45	0,98 1,53 1,91 2,31 2,83 3,45 4,22 5,33 6,53 7,82 9,46	2,5	2,5		0,400 0,450 0,500 0,630 0,710 0,800 0,900 1,00	74 72 69 64 61 57 54 51	0,70 0,87 1,06 1,61 1,99 2,46 3,08 3,63
								2,36	0,800 1,00 1,80	56 49 32	2,57 3,78 9,89
4	4	4	0,560 0,630 0,710 0,900 1,00 1,12 1,25 1,40	77 75 72 67 64 61 58 55	0,87 1,09 1,36 2,10 2,54 3,11 3,78 4,61		2,24		0,355 0,400 0,450 0,560 0,630 0,710 0,900	75 72 69 64 61 58 51	0,62 0,77 0,96 1,42 1,76 2,17 3,28
	3,55		0,500 0,560 0,630 0,800 0,900 1,00 1,12 1,25	77 75 72 67 64 61 58 55	0,78 0,97 1,21 1,87 2,31 2,79 3,41 4,13	2	2	2	0,315 0,400 0,560 0,630 0,710 0,900 1,00 1,25 1,60	74 69 61 58 54 48 44 38 31	0,60 0,85 1,56 1,92 2,36 3,55 4,23 6,11 9,03
		3,55	0,560 0,900 1,25	73 62 53	1,02 2,42 4,31		1,8		0,315 0,355 0,400 0,500 0,560 0,630 0,800	72 70 67 61 58 55 48	0,60 0,74 0,92 1,38 1,69 2,07 3,13
3,15	3,15		0,450 0,500 0,560 0,710 0,800 0,900 1,12 1,25	77 74 72 67 64 60 54 51	0,71 0,87 1,07 1,66 2,05 2,54 3,73 4,51			1,7	0,400 0,630 0,800 1,12 1,40	66 53 46 36 30	0,97 2,16 3,25 5,65 8,03
	2,8	2,8	0,450	74	0,79						

^a For plain steel wire, $\rho = 7\,850\text{ kg/m}^3$ (see clause 5).

Table 1 — Preferred aperture size and wire diameter combinations

Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area <i>Q_A</i> kg/m ²	Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area <i>Q_A</i> kg/m ²			
R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm				R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm						
1,6	1,6		0,280	72	0,53				0,450	48	1,77			
			0,315	70	0,66				0,500	44	2,12			
			0,355	67	0,82				0,560	41	2,55			
			0,450	61	1,25				0,710	34	3,74			
			0,500	58	1,51				0,900	28	5,41			
			0,560	55	1,84				0,9			0,200	67	0,46
			0,630	51	2,26							0,224	64	0,57
			0,710	48	2,77							0,250	61	0,69
			0,800	44	3,39							0,315	55	1,04
			1,00	38	4,88							0,355	51	1,28
		1,4	0,250	72	0,48				0,400	48	1,56			
			0,315	67	0,73				0,450	45	1,91			
			0,450	57	1,39				0,500	41	2,27			
			0,560	51	2,03				0,85			0,355	50	1,33
			0,630	48	2,48							0,400	44	1,63
			0,710	44	3,03							0,500	40	2,35
			0,900	37	4,47							0,630	33	3,41
			1,25	28	7,49							0,800	27	4,93
1,25	1,25		0,250	69	0,53	0,8	0,8		0,200	64	0,51			
			0,280	67	0,65				0,250	58	0,76			
			0,315	64	0,81				0,280	55	0,92			
			0,400	57	1,23				0,315	51	1,13			
			0,500	51	1,81				0,355	48	1,39			
			0,560	48	2,20				0,450	41	2,06			
			0,630	44	2,68				0,500	38	2,44			
			0,800	37	3,96				0,71	0,71		0,180	64	0,46
1,18			0,450	52	1,58	0,200	61	0,56						
			0,630	43	2,78	0,250	55	0,83						
			0,800	36	4,11	0,280	51	1,01						
			1,00	29	5,83	0,315	48	1,23						
	1,12		0,250	67	0,58				0,355	44	1,50			
			0,315	61	0,88				0,450	37	2,22			
			0,355	58	1,09				0,560	31	3,14			
			0,400	54	1,34				0,63	0,63		0,160	64	0,41
			0,450	51	1,64							0,180	60	0,51
			0,560	44	2,37							0,224	54	0,75
			1,00	31	5,64							0,250	51	0,90
1	1	1	0,224	67	0,52	0,280	48	1,09						
			0,250	64	0,64	0,315	44	1,33						
			0,280	61	0,78	0,400	37	1,97						
			0,315	58	0,96	0,6			0,280	46	1,13			
			0,355	54	1,18				0,400	36	2,03			
			0,400	51	1,45				0,450	33	2,45			

^a For plain steel wire, $Q = 7\,850 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (see clause 5).

Table 1 — Preferred aperture size and wire diameter combinations

Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area <i>Q_A</i> kg/m ²	Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area <i>Q_A</i> kg/m ²
R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm				R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm			
	0,56		0,160	60	0,45	0,315	0,315		0,112	54	0,37
			0,224	51	0,81				0,160	44	0,69
			0,280	44	1,19				0,200	37	0,99
			0,355	37	1,75				0,250	31	1,40
0,5	0,5	0,5	0,140	61	0,39			0,3	0,160	43	0,71
			0,160	57	0,49				0,200	36	1,02
			0,200	51	0,73				0,224	33	1,18
			0,224	48	0,88				0,250	30	1,44
			0,250	44	1,06		0,28		0,100	54	0,33
			0,280	41	1,28				0,112	51	0,41
			0,315	38	1,55				0,140	44	0,59
			0,355	34	1,87				0,160	40	0,74
			0,400	31	2,26				0,180	37	0,89
	0,45		0,140	58	0,42				0,224	31	1,26
			0,200	48	0,78	0,25	0,25	0,25	0,100	51	0,36
			0,250	41	1,13				0,125	44	0,53
			0,280	38	1,36				0,140	41	0,64
			0,315	35	1,65				0,160	37	0,79
		0,425	0,200	46	0,81				0,180	34	0,96
			0,280	36	1,41				0,200	31	1,13
			0,355	30	2,05		0,224		0,090	51	0,33
0,4	0,4	.	0,125	58	0,38				0,100	48	0,39
			0,180	48	0,71				0,125	41	0,57
			0,224	41	1,02				0,160	34	0,85
			0,250	38	1,22				0,180	31	1,02
			0,280	35	1,46			0,212	0,100	46	0,41
	0,355	0,355	0,125	55	0,41				0,140	36	0,71
			0,140	51	0,50				0,160	32	0,87
			0,180	44	0,77						
			0,200	41	0,92	0,2	0,2		0,080	51	0,29
			0,224	38	1,10				0,090	48	0,35
			0,250	34	1,31				0,112	41	0,51
			0,280	31	1,57				0,125	38	0,61
			0,315	28	1,88				0,140	35	0,73
			0,355	25	2,25				0,160	31	0,90

^a For plain steel wire, $\rho = 7\,850\text{ kg/m}^3$ (see clause 5).

Table 1 — Preferred aperture size and wire diameter combinations

Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area <i>Q_A</i> kg/m ²	Width of aperture			Diameter of wire <i>d</i> mm	Open area <i>A_o</i> %	Mass ^a per unit area <i>Q_A</i> kg/m ²	
R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm				R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm				
	0,18	0,18	0,080	48	0,31			0,09	0,09	0,040	48	0,16
			0,090	44	0,38					0,045	44	0,19
			0,112	38	0,55					0,050	41	0,23
			0,125	35	0,65					0,056	38	0,27
			0,140	32	0,78					0,063	35	0,33
										0,071	31	0,40
0,16	0,16		0,071	48	0,28			0,08	0,08	0,040	44	0,17
			0,100	38	0,49					0,045	41	0,21
			0,112	35	0,59					0,050	38	0,24
			0,125	32	0,70					0,056	35	0,29
		0,15	0,063	50	0,24					0,063	31	0,35
			0,080	43	0,36							
			0,100	36	0,51							
			0,112	33	0,61							
	0,14		0,063	48	0,25					0,075	46	0,15
			0,090	37	0,45					0,040	43	0,18
			0,100	34	0,53					0,050	36	0,25
			0,112	31	0,63					0,056	33	0,30
0,125	0,125	0,125	0,056	48	0,22				0,071	0,040	41	0,18
			0,063	44	0,27					0,045	38	0,22
			0,080	37	0,40					0,050	34	0,26
			0,090	34	0,48					0,056	31	0,31
			0,100	31	0,56			0,063	0,063	0,036	41	0,17
										0,040	37	0,20
										0,045	34	0,24
										0,050	31	0,28
	0,112		0,056	44	0,24							
			0,071	38	0,35					0,056	41	0,15
			0,080	34	0,42					0,036	37	0,18
			0,090	31	0,51					0,040	34	0,21
										0,045	31	0,26
		0,106	0,050	46	0,20							
			0,056	43	0,25					0,053	36	0,19
			0,063	39	0,30					0,040	33	0,22
			0,071	36	0,36							
			0,080	31	0,45			0,05	0,05	0,028	41	0,13
0,1	0,1		0,050	44	0,21					0,030	39	0,14
			0,063	38	0,31					0,032	37	0,16
			0,071	34	0,37					0,036	34	0,19
			0,080	31	0,40					0,040	31	0,23

^a For plain steel wire, $Q = 7\,850 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (see clause 5).

Table 1 — Preferred aperture size and wire diameter combinations

Width of aperture			Diameter of wire	Open area	Mass ^a per unit area
R 10 <i>w</i> mm	R 20 <i>w</i> mm	R 40/3 <i>w</i> mm	<i>d</i> mm	<i>A_o</i> %	<i>ρ_A</i> kg/m ²
	0,045	0,045	0,032	34	0,17
			0,036	31	0,20
0,04	0,04		0,025	38	0,12
			0,030	33	0,16
			0,032	31	0,18
		0,038	0,025	36	0,13
			0,030	30	0,17
	0,036		0,028	32	0,16
			0,030	30	0,17
0,032	0,032	0,032	0,025	32	0,14
			0,028	28	0,17
0,025	0,025		0,022	28	0,13
			0,025	26	0,16
0,02	0,02		0,020	25	0,13

^a For plain steel wire, $\rho = 7\,850\text{ kg/m}^3$ (see clause 5).

Table 2 — Material densities

Material	Density ρ kg/m ³
Plain steel	7 850
Carbon steel	7 850
Stainless steel (17–19 % Cr, 8–10 % Ni)	7 900
Aluminium (AlMg5)	2 700
Copper	8 900
Brass (CuZn37)	8 450
Brass (CuZn20)	8 650
Brass (CuZn10)	8 800
Nickel	8 900
Nickel-copper (NiCu 30 Fe)	8 830
Copper-tin (CuSn6) (Phosphor-bronze)	8 800

5 Mass per unit area

The mass per unit area, ρ_A , of an industrial wire screen or woven wire cloth is given, in kilograms per square metre, by the formula

$$\rho_A = \frac{d^2 \rho}{618,1 (w + d)}$$

where

- d* is the diameter of wire, in millimetres;
- w* is the width of aperture, in millimetres;
- ρ is the material density, in kilograms per cubic metre.

Values for ρ shall be taken from Table 2.

Publication(s) referred to

See national foreword.

BS 7372-2:
1991
ISO 4783-2:
1989

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