

Ethanol for industrial use —

Part 3: Method for determination of carbonyl compounds content present in moderate amounts (titrimetric method)

NOTE It is recommended that this Part be read in conjunction with the information given in the “*General introduction*” published separately as BS 6392-0.

UDC 661.722:543.24.062:543.854.6

Confirmed
January 2011

Foreword

This Part of BS 6392 is technically equivalent to ISO 1388 “*Ethanol for industrial use — Methods of test*” Part 4 “*Estimation of content of carbonyl compounds present in moderate amounts — Titrimetric method*”, published in 1981 by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

For ease of production, the text of ISO 1388-4:1981, with the omission of the Annex, has been used for this British Standard. Some terminology and certain conventions are not identical with those used in British Standards; attention is drawn especially to the following.

The comma has been used as a decimal marker. In British Standards it is current practice to use a full point on the baseline as the decimal marker.

This standard describes a method only and should not be used as a specification defining limits of purity. Reference to the standard should indicate that the method of test used is in accordance with BS 6392-3.

A British Standard does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users of British Standards are responsible for their correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, pages i and ii, pages 1 and 2, an inside back cover and a back cover.

This standard has been updated (see copyright date) and may have had amendments incorporated. This will be indicated in the amendment table on the inside front cover.

Amendments issued since publication

Amd. No.	Date of issue	Comments

This British Standard, having been prepared under the direction of the Chemicals Standards Committee, was published under the authority of the Board of BSI and comes into effect on 31 August 1983

© BSI 01-2000

The Committees responsible for this British Standard are shown in Part 0.

The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard:

Committee reference CIC/4
Draft for comment 80/51209 DC

ISBN 0580 13369 9

Contents

	Page
Foreword	Inside front cover
1 Scope and field of application	1
2 Principle	1
3 Reagents	1
4 Apparatus	1
5 Procedure	1
6 Expression of results	1
Publication referred to	Inside back cover

1 Scope and field of application

This Part of BS 6392 describes a titrimetric method for estimation of the content of carbonyl compounds present in moderate amounts in ethanol for industrial use.

The method is applicable to products having carbonyl compounds contents, expressed as acetaldehyde, equal to or greater than 0,01 % (*m/m*).

NOTE 1 This method, which is used commercially, allows determination of only those carbonyl compounds which react under the specified conditions.

NOTE 2 The title of the publication referred to in this standard is given on the inside back cover.

2 Principle

Reaction of hydroxylammonium chloride with the carbonyl compounds in a test portion and titration of the hydrochloric acid formed with standard volumetric sodium hydroxide solution, in the presence of bromophenol blue as indicator.

3 Reagents

During the analysis, use only reagents of recognized analytical grade, and distilled water or water of equivalent purity.

3.1 Hydroxylammonium chloride reagent

WARNING — Corrosive and irritating. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Dissolve 4 g of hydroxylammonium chloride in 20 ml of water and dilute to 200 ml with 95 % (*V/V*) ethanol. Heat under reflux for 30 min on a boiling water bath, cool to ambient temperature, add 5 ml of the bromophenol blue solution (3.4) and just sufficient of the sodium hydroxide solution (3.2) to produce a dichroic green coloration.

NOTE Industrial methylated spirits 95 % (*V/V*) is not suitable for use in place of the ethanol 95 % (*V/V*) used in the preparation of this reagent.

3.2 Sodium hydroxide, standard volumetric solution, $c(\text{NaOH}) = 0,1 \text{ mol/l}$.

3.3 Hydrochloric acid, standard volumetric solution, $c(\text{HCl}) = 0,1 \text{ mol/l}$.

3.4 Bromophenol blue, 2 g/l ethanolic solution.

Dissolve 0,2 g of bromophenol blue in 1,5 ml of the sodium hydroxide solution (3.2) and dilute to 100 ml with 95 % (*V/V*) ethanol.

NOTE Industrial methylated spirits 95 % (*V/V*) is not suitable for use in place of the ethanol 95 % (*V/V*) used in the preparation of this reagent.

4 Apparatus

Ordinary laboratory apparatus, and

4.1 Conical flasks, of capacity 150 ml, fitted with ground glass stoppers.

5 Procedure

5.1 Test portion

Take $50 \pm 0,1$ ml of the laboratory sample and place it in one of the conical flasks (4.1).

5.2 Determination

Place 50 ml of the hydroxylammonium chloride reagent (3.1) in a second conical flask (4.1), to be used as the colour standard.

Add 1,25 ml of the bromophenol blue solution (3.4) to the flask containing the test portion (5.1) and add, drop by drop, either the sodium hydroxide solution (3.2) or the hydrochloric acid solution (3.3) until the colour matches that of the colour standard. Then add, to each of the flasks, 25 ml of the hydroxylammonium chloride reagent (3.1) and stopper the flask containing the colour standard.

Loosely stopper the flask containing the test solution and heat it for 10 min on a boiling water bath. Remove the flask from the water bath, cool to ambient temperature and titrate the solution with the sodium hydroxide solution (3.2) until the colour matches as closely as possible that of the colour standard.

6 Expression of results

The carbonyl compounds content, expressed as acetaldehyde (CH_3CHO) as a percentage by mass, is given by the formula

$$\frac{0,004\ 405 \times V \times 100}{50 \times \rho} = \frac{0,008\ 81\ V}{\rho}$$

where

V is the volume, in millilitres, of the sodium hydroxide solution (3.2) used for the determination;

ρ is the density, in grams per millilitre, of the sample at 20 °C (see BS 4522);

0,004 405 is the mass, in grams, of carbonyl compounds, expressed as acetaldehyde, corresponding to 1 ml of sodium hydroxide solution, $c(\text{NaOH}) = 0,100 \text{ mol/l}$;

50 is the volume, in millilitres, of the test portion (5.1).

NOTE If the concentrations of the standard volumetric solutions used are not exactly as specified in the list of reagents, an appropriate correction should be made.

Publication referred to

BS 4522, *Method for the determination of density of liquids at 20 °C.*

BSI — British Standards Institution

BSI is the independent national body responsible for preparing British Standards. It presents the UK view on standards in Europe and at the international level. It is incorporated by Royal Charter.

Revisions

British Standards are updated by amendment or revision. Users of British Standards should make sure that they possess the latest amendments or editions.

It is the constant aim of BSI to improve the quality of our products and services. We would be grateful if anyone finding an inaccuracy or ambiguity while using this British Standard would inform the Secretary of the technical committee responsible, the identity of which can be found on the inside front cover. Tel: 020 8996 9000. Fax: 020 8996 7400.

BSI offers members an individual updating service called PLUS which ensures that subscribers automatically receive the latest editions of standards.

Buying standards

Orders for all BSI, international and foreign standards publications should be addressed to Customer Services. Tel: 020 8996 9001. Fax: 020 8996 7001.

In response to orders for international standards, it is BSI policy to supply the BSI implementation of those that have been published as British Standards, unless otherwise requested.

Information on standards

BSI provides a wide range of information on national, European and international standards through its Library and its Technical Help to Exporters Service. Various BSI electronic information services are also available which give details on all its products and services. Contact the Information Centre. Tel: 020 8996 7111. Fax: 020 8996 7048.

Subscribing members of BSI are kept up to date with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards. For details of these and other benefits contact Membership Administration. Tel: 020 8996 7002. Fax: 020 8996 7001.

Copyright

Copyright subsists in all BSI publications. BSI also holds the copyright, in the UK, of the publications of the international standardization bodies. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI.

This does not preclude the free use, in the course of implementing the standard, of necessary details such as symbols, and size, type or grade designations. If these details are to be used for any other purpose than implementation then the prior written permission of BSI must be obtained.

If permission is granted, the terms may include royalty payments or a licensing agreement. Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright Manager. Tel: 020 8996 7070.