Incorporating Corrigendum No. 1

BRITISH STANDARD

Building and civil engineering – Vocabulary –

Part 9: Work with concrete and plaster

ICS 01.040.91; 91.100.10; 91.100.30



Publishing and copyright information

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ISBN 978 0 580 60496 6

The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard: Committee reference B/500/-/1 Draft for comment 07/30087614 DC

Publication history

Section 6.1 published in February 1984

Section 6.2 published in January 1986

Section 6.3 published in February 1984

Section 6.4 published in January 1986

Section 6.5 published in July 1987

Section 6.6.1 first published in June 1991

Section 6.6.1 second edition published in September 1992

Section 6.6.2 published in December 1990

First published as Part 9 (combined revision of BS 2900 and Sections 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6.1 and 6.6.2) in August 2007.

Amendments issued since publication

Amd. no.	Date	Text affected	
Corrigendum No. 1	31 October 2007	Editorial corrections throughout	_

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Summary of pages

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Foreword

Publishing information

This part of BS 6100 is published by BSI and came into effect on 31 August 2007. It was prepared by Technical Committee B/500, *Basic data*. A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

Supersession

This part of BS 6100 has been prepared under the direction of Technical Committee B/500, Basic data. It supersedes BS 6100-6.1:1984, BS 6100-6.2:1986, BS 6100-6.3:1984, BS 6100-6.4:1986, BS 6100-6.5:1987, BS 6100-6.6.1:1992 and BS 6100-6.6.2:1990, which are withdrawn.

Relationship with other publications

BS 6100 consists of the following parts.

- Part 0: Introduction and index.
- Part 1: General.
- Part 2: Spaces, building types, environment and physical planning.
- Part 3: Civil engineering General.
- Part 4: Civil engineering Transport.
- Part 5: Civil engineering Water engineering, environmental engineering and pipelines.
- Part 6: Construction parts.
- Part 7: Services.
- Part 8: Work with timber and wood-based panels.
- Part 9: Work with concrete and plaster.
- Part 10: Contract terms.
- Part 11: Performance characteristics, measurement and joints.
- Part 12: Plant, equipment and persons.

Information about this document

BS 6100 has been completely restructured and compiled on different principles than previously. Consequently, this part of BS 6100 represents a full revision of the standard.

A general introduction to and explanation of the BS 6100 vocabulary is given in BS 6100-0, which provides an alphabetical index of all the terms in all parts of BS 6100. It is intended that individual parts of BS 6100 are used in conjunction with BS 6100-0 because they do not contain indexes themselves.

BS 6100-1 reproduces verbatim ISO 6707-1 and provides a vocabulary of general terms for the building and civil engineering industry. It is essential that individual parts of BS 6100 are read in conjunction with BS 6100-1.

BS 6100 does not repeat (or provide alternatives for) terms defined in other standards or in other parts of BS 6100. However, it does refer to where definitions can be found and includes a bibliography of all referenced standards.

Presentational conventions

Details of the structure, layout and presentational conventions used in this part of BS 6100 are given in Clause 2.

Contractual and legal considerations

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

1 Scope

This part of BS 6100 defines terms for work with concrete and plaster, including binders, additives, aggregates, concretes and mortars, fibrous and gypsum plasters, and formwork.

2 Vocabulary structure

This part of BS 6100 does not contain its own index. Instead, a comprehensive index of terms is given in BS 6100-0. As a result, it is intended that this part of BS 6100 is used in conjunction with BS 6100-0.

The layout of this vocabulary is designed in accordance with ISO 10241 with terms arranged in a classified order and numbered in accordance with ISO 2145

Each term has an individual number consisting of seven digits in two parts, the first of two digits, the second of five. Each number gives the following information about the term.

- a) The first two digits represent which part of BS 6100 the term belongs to.
- b) The third digit represents which group of terms it belongs to within the part.
- c) The fourth digit represents which subgroup of terms it belongs to within the group, as follows.
 - 1) Works.
 - 2) Parts.
 - 3) Materials.
 - 4) Activities.
 - 5) Processes.
 - 6) Plant, equipment and documentation.
 - 7) Properties.
 - 8) Spaces.
 - 9) Miscellaneous.
- d) The fifth to seventh digits determine the location of the term within the subgroup.

Bold words within a definition indicate terms that are defined elsewhere in this part of BS 6100, other parts of BS 6100 or other standards. Reference to where the term is defined is given in parenthesis after the bold word.

NOTE 1 References to terms defined in BS 6100-1 are shown giving only the part number, e.g. (01); references to terms defined in all other parts of BS 6100 are shown using their full reference number, e.g. (07 59005).

NOTE 2 Where more than one definition source could be referred to, the reference containing the definition of most general applicability is given.

Alternative terms are given in medium type below preferred terms which are given in bold type. All alternative terms have the status of being deprecated. Abbreviations are given in bold type below the terms to which they relate.

In the vocabulary, terms of more than one word are written in their natural word order, e.g. pedestal elbow, and the word order is not inverted, e.g. elbow, pedestal. However, inverted forms of a term are included in the index in BS 6100-0.

Terms are only given in the singular form, even when the plural form is more common (unless the term is only found in the plural form).

3 Binders, hydraulic materials and additives (09 1xxxx)

3.1 Materials (09 13xxx)

09 13002 latent hydraulic material

hydraulic material that acts by the addition of an activator

NOTE Lime (BS EN 459-1) and water is a common activator.

09 13003 blended hydraulic cement

mixture of **cement** (BS EN 206-1) and **latent hydraulic material** (09 13002)

09 13004 clinker

solid **material** (01) formed in high temperature processes by total or partial fusion

09 13006 Portland cement

cement (BS EN 206-1) based on ground **Portland cement clinker** $(09\ 13008)$

09 13007 calcium aluminate cement

cement (BS EN 206-1) obtained by grinding **calcium aluminate cement clinker** (09 13009)

09 13008 Portland cement clinker

clinker (09 13004) formed from a predetermined homogeneous mixture of **materials** (01) comprising **lime** (BS EN 459-1), silica, a small proportion of alumina and generally iron oxide

09 13009 calcium aluminate cement clinker

clinker (09 13004) formed from a predetermined mixture of **materials** (01) consisting principally of alumina and oxides, hydroxides or carbonates of calcium with smaller proportions of iron oxides, silica and other oxides

09 13010 low heat Portland cement

Portland cement (09 13006) with a heat of hydration substantially less than that of normal **Portland cement** (09 13006)

09 13011 sulfate-resisting Portland cement

Portland cement (09 13006) with a low tricalcium aluminate content that produces an end product having higher resistance to attack by sulfates than one produced from ordinary **Portland cement** (09 13006)

09 13012 blastfurnace slag

clinker (09 13004) produced in a molten state simultaneously with pig iron in the reduction of iron ore in a blastfurnace, and composed chiefly of calcium, magnesium and alumino-silicates

NOTE The character of the solid is determined by the way in which the molten material is cooled.

09 13013 granulated blastfurnace slag

blastfurnace slag (09 13012) that is rapidly cooled to form granules of a shattered vitreous structure

09 13014 pozzolana

latent hydraulic material (09 13002) that contains siliceous or siliceous and aluminous **materials** (01)

09 13015 pulverized-fuel ash

solid **material** (01) extracted by electrostatic and mechanical means from **flue** (01) gases of furnaces fired with pulverized **bituminous coal** (BS 1846-1)

09 13017 Portland-slag cement

blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) formed by mixing ground **granulated blastfurnace slag** (09 13013) and **Portland cement** (09 13006)

09 13018 blastfurnace cement

blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) with a ground granulated blastfurnace slag (09 13013) content greater than that of Portland-slag cement (09 13017) and a lower proportion of Portland cement (09 13006)

09 13019 supersulfated cement

blastfurnace cement (09 13018) with a specified proportion of sulfate

09 13020 Portland pozzolana cement

blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) comprising a mixture of **Portland cement** (09 13006) and **pozzolana** (09 13014)

09 13021 pozzolana cement

blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) comprising a homogeneous mixture of **Portland cement** (09 13006) and **pozzolana** (09 13014) that has passed a **test** (11 14010) of **pozzolanicity** (09 17001)

09 13022 composite cement

blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) comprising up to two thirds **Portland cement** (09 13006), together with **blastfurnace slag** (09 13012), **pozzolana** (09 13014) and/or fly ash

09 13023 Portland composite cement

blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) comprising predominantly **Portland cement** (09 13006) with two or more other main constituents

09	13024	Portland-limestone cement blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) based on Portland cement (09 13006) and limestone (BS EN 12670)
09	13025	Portland-burnt shale cement blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) based on Portland cement (09 13006) and burnt oil shale
09	13026	Portland-fly ash cement blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) based on Portland cement (09 13006) and fly ash
09	13027	Portland-silica fume cement blended hydraulic cement (09 13003) produced by Portland cement (09 13006) with silica fume
09	13028	calcium sulfate hemihydrate calcium sulfate in its partially hydrated phase ($CaSO_4.1/2H_2O$)
09	13030	flocculating admixture admixture (01) that greatly increases cohesion by increasing the attractive forces between binder (01) particles
09	13032	pumping aid admixture (01) that reduces line friction (BS EN ISO 772) and/or increases the cohesion of the mix to prevent separation of the constituents
09	13033	thickening admixture admixture (01) that increases the viscosity (11 27038) of the liquid phase to reduce the tendency for separation of constituents
09	13034	workability retention aid admixture (01) that prolongs the period during which workability (11 27140) remains close to its initial level
09	13035	air detraining admixture admixture (01) that reduces entrained air (BS EN 206-1) to low levels
09	13037	foam forming admixture admixture (01) that allows a high level of air to be incorporated during mixing
09	13038	gas forming admixture admixture (01) used in the formation of aerated concrete
09	13039	strength accelerating admixture admixture (01) that increases the rate at which early strength (11 27007) is developed
09	13040	antifreezing admixture admixture (01) that lowers the freezing point of the liquid phase
09	13041	bonding admixture admixture (01) that improves bond strength (09 37006)
09	13042	colouring admixture admixture (01) that changes the colour (11 27079) of the mixture

09	13043	corrosion	inhibiting	admixture
			(01)	

admixture (01) that reduces the risk of corrosion of embedded metal

09 13044 expansion producing admixture

admixture (01) that reacts to produce a controlled expansion in the mixture

09 13045 air entraining admixture

admixture (01) used in formation of air entrained concrete

3.2 Properties (09 17xxx)

09 17001 pozzolanicity

ability of a **material** (01) to combine with calcium hydroxide at ambient temperatures and in the presence of water in order to produce compounds having the **properties** (01) of a **cement** (BS EN 206-1)

09 17002 consistence

degree of firmness with which the particles of a material cohere

4 Aggregate (09 2xxxx)

4.1 Materials (09 23xxx)

09 23001 blended aggregate

blend of natural aggregates (BS EN 13055-1), manufactured aggregates (BS EN 13055-1), by-product aggregates (BS EN 13055-1), or a combination of these types of aggregate (01)

09 23002 graded aggregate

aggregate (01) that has a specified range of proportions by **mass** (11 27001) of a number of different **aggregate sizes** (BS EN 12620)

09 23003 single-sized aggregate

aggregate (01) that is deemed to be of the same **aggregate size** (BS EN 12620); the major proportion of the particles pass the same sieve and do not pass the next sieve in the series

09 23004 continuously-graded aggregate

graded aggregate (09 23002) in which all aggregate sizes (BS EN 12620) within a specified range are represented

09 23005 gap-graded aggregate

graded aggregate (09 23002) in which one or more intermediate **aggregate sizes** (BS EN 12620) are not represented

09 23006 rounded aggregate

 ${\bf coarse~aggregate}$ (BS EN 12620) that consists of particles with rounded surfaces

09 23007 irregular aggregate

coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) that consists of particles of irregular shape (11 27004) and round edges

09	23008	angular aggregate coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) that consists of particles with sharp edges
09	23009	cubical aggregate coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) that consists of particles with three substantially equal dimensions (01)
09	23010	flaky aggregate coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) consisting of particles with a thickness (01) that is small in relation to the other two dimensions (01)
09	23011	elongated aggregate coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) consisting of particles that have one dimension (01) significantly larger than the other two
09	23012	crushed rock coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) produced by crushing rock (03 23027)
09	23013	uncrushed gravel coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) obtained from gravel (03 23029) without crushing
09	23014	crushed gravel coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) produced from gravel (03 23029) by processes that include crushing
09	23015	crusher-run aggregate crushed rock (09 23012) that has not been subjected to any screening (01) after the initial mechanical crushing
09	23016	blastfurnace slag aggregate aggregate (01) from blastfurnace slag (09 13012)
09	23017	cenosphere light-weight aggregate (BS EN 206-1) in the form of hollow glass spheres
		NOTE Found in some pulverized-fuel ashes (09 13015).
09	23018	expanded aggregate light-weight aggregate (BS EN 206-1) produced by heating materials, causing them to entrap air and expand; the initial volume is exceeded significantly by the final volume
09	23019	pelletized expanded blastfurnace slag expanded aggregate (09 23018) produced in pellet form from blastfurnace slag (09 13012)
09	23020	expanded clay aggregate expanded aggregate (09 23018) produced from clay (BS EN 12670)
09	23021	expanded plastics particle aggregate expanded aggregate (09 23018) that consists of plastics particles

09	23022	expanded plastics bead aggregate expanded plastics particle aggregate (09 23021) in bead form
09	23023	exfoliated vermiculite aggregate expanded aggregate (09 23018) produced from vermiculite
09	23024	foamed aggregate expanded aggregate (09 23018) produced by entraining gases into the heat-treated material (01)
09	23025	furnace bottom ash ash (05 39007) from the bottom of a furnace used as a constituent of aggregate (01)
09	23026	sintered aggregate light-weight aggregate (BS EN 206-1) produced by heating metal powders or powdery ores causing them to cohere
09	23027	wood particle aggregate aggregate (01) from treated and graded wood (01) chips (BS EN 844-12)

4.2 Activities (09 24xxx)

09 24001 field settling test

test (11 14010) to determine the approximate percentage of **silt** (03 23028) in an **aggregate** (01) **sample** (01)

09 24002 decantation test

silt test

test (11 14010) to determine the amount of silt (03 23028) in an aggregate (01), by washing the aggregate (01) over an appropriate sieve

09 24003 colour test

approximate method of indicating the amount of organic compounds present in **fine aggregate** (01)

4.3 Plant, equipment and documentation (09 26xxx)

09 26001 riffle box

box with partitions for division of a bulk sample (01)

09 26002 rotary screen

revolving cylinder of perforated metal, that has its axis inclined at a slight angle to the horizontal, used for **screening** (01) **aggregate** (01)

4.4 Properties (09 27xxx)

09 27001 fineness modulus

sum of the accumulative percentage of a **sample** (01) of **aggregate** (01) retained on each sieve of a particular series of sieves, the total being divided by 100

09 27002 elongation index

number representing the proportion of the particles in a **sample** (01) of **coarse aggregate** (BS EN 12620) that have one **dimension** (01) significantly larger than the other two

09 27003 flakiness index

number representing the proportion of the particles of **coarse aggregate** (BS EN 12620) with a **thickness** (01) that is small in relation to the other two **dimensions** (01)

09 27004 10% fines value

measure (01) of resistance of an **aggregate** (01) to crushing determined by identifying the **force** (01) required to produce 10% of **fine aggregate** (01)

09 27005 aggregate impact value

measure (01) of resistance of an **aggregate** (01) to sudden shock or impact

09 27006 aggregate soundness value

measure (01) of the durability (01) of an aggregate (01) in an aggressive environment (01) based on laboratory tests (11 14010)

09 27007 aggregate shrinkage

amount by which a saturated standard **concrete** (01) prism made with an **aggregate** (01), shrinks on oven drying, expressed as a percentage of the dry **length** (01)

09 27008 pessimum moisture content

moisture content (11 27033) of a soil (01) or granular material (01) that when compacted (04 24008) under specified conditions will produce the smallest dry density (BS EN ISO 12570)

09 27009 water absorption value

ratio of the **mass** (11 27001) of water held within the particles of an **aggregate** (01) to the **mass** (11 27001) of dry **aggregate** (01), expressed as a percentage

09 27010 saturated surface-dry

characteristic (01) of **aggregate** (01) that has **voids** (03 28003) in the particles filled with water and surfaces of particles dry to the touch

09 27011 aggregate saturation

characteristic (01) of **aggregate** (01) that has all the air in the **voids** (03 28003) within and between particles displaced by water

09 27012 absorbed moisture

moisture absorbed within the particles of a granular material (01)

09 27013 total moisture

sum of free moisture (BS 4261) and absorbed moisture (09 27012)

09 27014 shell content

proportion of shells contained in an aggregate (01)

5 Concrete (09 3xxxx)

5.1 Parts (09 32xxx)

09 32001 cellular raft

raft **foundation** (01) in which the intersecting **beams** (01) or **walls** (01) form compartments

09 32002 column strip

portion of a **flat slab** (01) **panel** (03 12004), of total **width** (01) usually half the **panel** (03 12004) **width** (01), that extends over and between the **column heads** (03 12038)

09 32003 drop

extra thick part of a **concrete slab** (01) in the region of a **column** (01)

09 32004 middle strip

portion of **flat slab** (01), usually half the **panel** (03 12004) **width** (01) wide, located symmetrically about the centre line of the **panel** (03 12004) and extending throughout the **length** (01) of the **panel** (03 12004) in the direction for which bending effects are being considered

09 32005 L-beam

 ${f concrete}$ (01) ${f beam}$ (01) with a cross-section in the form of an L or inverted L

09 32006 haunch

increase in **depth** (01) of a **beam** (01) or **concrete slab** (01) near the support, to increase its **strength** $(11\ 27007)$

09 32007 dummy joint

purpose-made partial **joint** (01) for **crack control** (09 34018)

cf. dummy joint (09 32008)

09 32008 dummy joint

surface feature for visual purposes to give the appearance of a **joint** (01)

cf. dummy joint (09 32007)

09 32009 rendering substrate

structure (01) to which the first **coat** (01) of **render** (01) is applied

09 32010 water stop

jointing section (01), usually a narrow **elastomer** (BS EN 923), that is cast into **concrete** (01) on both sides of a **joint** (01) to prevent water passing through the **joint** (01)

09 32011 shrinkage crack

crack caused by **restrained shrinkage** (09 35003)

09 32012 floated finish

surface of **fresh concrete** (BS EN 206-1) **finished** (01) with a **float** (01)

09	32013	power floated finish surface of concrete (01) finished (01) with a power float (09 36123); the concrete (01) is allowed to reach initial set (09 35020) before work starts
09	32014	power trowelled finish surface of concrete (01) finished (01) with a power trowel (09 36122)
09	32015	rubbed finish finish (01) to concrete produced by removing surface irregularities with an abrasive
09	32016	board marked finish finish (01) to concrete (01) showing the markings of the boards of the formwork (01)
09	32017	random board finish board marked finish (09 32016) based on boards of random width (01) or length (01), or both
09	32018	rough board finish board marked finish (09 32016) based on rough (11 27053) boards
09	32019	exposed aggregate finish finish (01) to concrete (01) achieved by exposing the coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620)
09	32020	Tyrolean finish machine-applied rough finish (01) on rendering (BS EN 13914-1)
09	32021	dry dash pebble-dash finish (01) in which selected aggregate (01) is thrown onto a freshly-applied rendering (BS EN 13914-1) and left exposed
09	32022	bell cast shaped lower edge of a rendering (BS EN 13914-1) to shed rain water (BS ISO 6107-1)
09	32023	concrete fin undesirable projection from the face of concrete (01) caused by cement paste (09 33042) escaping into a gap in formwork (01) at a joint (01)
	5.2	Materials (09 33xxx)
09	33001	durable concrete concrete (01) that will fulfil its purpose, in the environment (01) for which it is designed, for a required service life (01), when subject to planned maintenance (01)
09	33002	fair faced concrete concrete (01) that possesses a surface substantially free of physical defects (01) and wide variations in colour (11 27079)
09	33003	flowing concrete high consistence concrete (09 33005) that flows into position

09	33004	green concrete hardened concrete (BS EN 206-1) that has gained only a small proportion of its final strength (11 27007)
09	33005	high consistence concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that can be placed with little compactive effort
09	33006	insulating concrete light-weight concrete (BS EN 206-1) that has an air dry density (BS EN ISO 12570) not exceeding 2 000 kg/m ³
09	33007	no slump concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that has a concrete slump value of zero
09	33008	plasticized concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that contains an admixture (01) that increases consistence (09 17002) for a given water/binder (01) ratio or maintains consistence (09 17002) at a lower water/binder ratio
09	33009	pumpable concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that can be transported through a pipeline (01) using a pump (01)
09	33010	refractory concrete concrete (01) that can withstand high temperatures; it is made with calcium aluminate cement (09 13007) and refractory aggregate (01)
09	33011	retarded concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that changes to a hardened state more slowly as a result of the use of a set retarding admixture (BS EN 934-2)
09	33012	stiffened concrete concrete (01) that has lost its consistence (09 17002) to the extent that it is no longer readily mouldable
09	33013	structural concrete concrete (01) that can carry imposed loads (01)
09	33014	water resisting concrete concrete (01) that has high resistance to water penetration
09	33015	aerated concrete light-weight concrete (BS EN 206-1) that contains uniformly
		distributed voids (03 28003) preformed in a foam by means of an admixture (01)
09	33016	distributed voids (03 28003) preformed in a foam by means of an

09	33018	fibre reinforced concrete concrete (01) strengthened with fibres
09	33019	gap-graded concrete concrete (01) made with gap-graded aggregate (09 23005)
09	33020	gas concrete foamed concrete aerated concrete (09 33015) made using a gas forming admixture (09 13038)
09	33021	lean concrete concrete (01) made with a small amount of cement (BS EN 206-1)
09	33022	no fines concrete concrete (01) made with little or no fine aggregate (01)
09	33023	polymer impregnated concrete hardened concrete (BS EN 206-1) that is impregnated with polymer
09	33024	autoclaved concrete concrete (01) that is cured (09 34011) more quickly to increase its early strength (11 27007) in a high pressure steam chamber
09	33025	dry packed concrete concrete (01) of low water content; it is compacted (03 24008) by ramming
09	33026	extruded concrete concrete (01) that has a finished cross-section formed by extrusion
09	33027	grouted aggregate concrete concrete (01) made by injecting grout (01) into voids (03 28003) around coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620)
09	33028	gunite sprayed concrete (09 33035) that has an aggregate size (BS EN 12620) of less than 10 mm
09	33029	mass concrete concrete (01) that is without reinforcement (01) and is usually of large bulk
09	33030	monolithic concrete concrete (01) that is of large bulk, and has structural continuity
09	33031	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{pressed concrete} \\ \textbf{precast concrete} \ (01) \ \text{that is pressed before it hardens, expelling some} \\ \text{of the mixing water} \end{array}$
09	33032	reinforced concrete concrete (01) in which reinforcement (01) is embedded in such a manner that the two materials (01) act together in resisting stress (01) in the concrete (01)
09	33033	rolled concrete concrete (01) that is compacted (03 24008) by roller

09	33034	shotcrete sprayed concrete (09 33035) that has an aggregate size (BS EN 12620) of 10 mm or more
09	33035	sprayed concrete flash coat fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that is placed by high velocity projection from a nozzle
09	33036	spun concrete concrete (01) that is compacted (03 24008) by pressure against a rotating form using centrifugal power
09	33037	steam-cured concrete concrete (01) that is cured (09 34011) more quickly to increase its early strength (11 27007) using steam at atmospheric pressure
09	33038	vacuum dewatered concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) from which water is extracted using a vacuum process
09	33039	underwater concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that is suitable for placement under water
09	33040	reinforcing bar steel bar (01) that forms an element of reinforcement (01) NOTE Usually of circular cross-section.
09	33041	dry mix
00	33011	concrete mix (01) that has a very low water content (09 37014)
09	33042	cement paste mixture of cement (BS EN 206-1) and water
09	33043	neat cement grout grout (01) that consists of cement paste (09 33042)
09	33044	colloidal grout neat cement grout (09 33043) mixed in such a way as to reduce subsequent separation of the binder (01)
09	33046	fibre reinforced cement binder (01) paste reinforced by dispersed or organized fibres, that hardens
09	33047	plum large stone (01) embedded in concrete (01) during placing (09 34019)
09	33048	butter coat soft final rendering (BS EN 13914-1) to which dry dash (09 32021) is applied
09	33049	spatterdash mix of cement (BS EN 206-1), coarse sand (BS EN 12670) and water thrown on, as an initial coat (01), usually to provide a key (01) for a rendering (BS EN 13914-1)

00	00050	
09	33050	concrete casing protective concrete (01) covering to structural steel
09	33051	curing compound material (01) applied to the surface of green concrete (01) to reduce evaporation
09	33053	cast stone reconstructed stone precast concrete (01) in which the finished surface resembles that of natural stone (01)
09	33054	edge panel panel (03 12004) that has at least one free edge (09 33059)
09	33055	hearting concrete concrete (01) that forms the central core (01) of a large structure (01) and is of lower quality than that on the faces
		NOTE A dam (01) is an example of such a large structure (01).
09	33056	facing concrete concrete (01) of higher quality (01) than hearting concrete (09 33055), placed (09 34019) outside it and poured so as to be monolithic (03 17002) with it
09	33057	integral facing concrete (01) or mortar (01) facing of a different quality (01) from the main body of concrete (01), cast so as to be monolithic (03 17002) with it
09	33058	backing concrete concrete (01) that gives support to an integral facing (09 33057)
09	33059	free edge edge of an area of concrete (01) that is not in contact with the edge of another area of concrete (01)
09	33060	nailable concrete concrete (01) into which nails (01) may be driven using a hand tool (12 16001)
09	33061	harsh mix concrete fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) that is difficult to place (09 34019) and work
09	33062	aggregate bridge interlock of particles of coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) at formwork (01) faces sometimes causing isolated pits (06 87002) in the concrete (01) surface
09	33063	water of hydration water combined chemically with a cement (BS EN 206-1)
09	33064	main reinforcement reinforcement (01) that resists the main structural forces (01)

09	33065	secondary reinforcement reinforcement (01) that distributes main structural forces (01) or
		resists other forces (01)
		NOTE Examples of other forces (01) are those produced by resistance shrinkage (09 35003) and thermal effects of actions (ISO 8930).
09	33066	compression reinforcement reinforcement (01) that provides resistance to compression (01) in addition to that provided by the concrete (01)
09	33067	helical reinforcement reinforcement (01) in the form of a helix
09	33068	transverse reinforcement helical reinforcement (09 33067) or link bar (09 33084) for a column (01) or beam (01), or secondary reinforcement (09 33065) at right angles to the main reinforcement (09 33064)
09	33069	shear reinforcement web reinforcement reinforcement (01) that resists shear (01)
09	33070	two-way reinforcement reinforcement (01) for a concrete slab (01) consisting of bands or reinforcing bars (09 33040) at right angles to each other
09	33071	cage reinforcement rigid three-dimensional assembly (01) of reinforcing bars (09 33040)
		NOTE Typically used for a beam (01) or column (01).
09	33072	reinforcement chair device to support the top layer of reinforcement (01) for a concrete slab (01)
09	33073	reinforcement spacer device fitted between reinforcement (01) and formwork (01) to ensure that the concrete cover (01) is correct
09	33074	reinforcement lap overlap between two parallel and adjacent reinforcing bars (09 33040) by which the force (01) in one reinforcing bar (09 33040) is transferred to the other
09	33075	prestressing system assembly (01) by which the force (01) in a prestressing tendon (01) is transmitted to the concrete (01)
09	33076	end block end of a prestressed concrete (01) structural member (01) reinforced to resist local stresses (01) created by the anchorages
09	33077	bar hook end of a reinforcing bar (09 33040) bent through 180 degrees to form an anchorage
09	33078	deformed bar reinforcing bar (09 33040) that has recurrent deformations (01) to increase bond strength (09 37006)

09 33079 cold worked bar

deformed bar (09 33078) that is cold worked to give it the **properties** (01) required

09 33080 cold twisted bar

reinforcing bar (09 33040) that is twisted while cold to increase its strength (11 27007) and improve bond strength (09 37006)

09 33081 hot rolled bar

deformed bar (09 33078) produced by a hot rolling process

09 33082 bent-up bar

tensile **reinforcing bar** (09 33040) inclined upwards through a **depth** (01) of **beam** (01) equal to the **lever arm** (03 17013), to provide **shear reinforcement** (09 33069)

09 33083 distribution bar

reinforcing bar (09 33040) that spreads a concentrated load (01) on a concrete slab (01) or wall (01) or that acts as secondary reinforcement (09 33065)

NOTE Usually at right angles to the main reinforcement (09 33064).

09 33084 link bar

stirrup

supplementary **reinforcing bar** (09 33040) that surrounds and contains the **main reinforcement** (09 33064) of a **concrete** (01) **beam** (01) or **column** (01) and provides **shear**

reinforcement (09 33069)

09 33085 hoop bar

link bar (09 33084) in circular **concrete** (01) **columns** (01) and **piles** (01) in the form of a ring

09 33086 longitudinal rib

uniform continuous protrusion parallel to the axis of a **reinforcing bar** (09 33040)

NOTE In the case of a **cold twisted bar** (09 33080) this refers to the axis before twisting.

09 33087 transverse rib

protrusion on the surface of a **reinforcing bar** (09 33040) other than a **longitudinal rib** (09 33086)

09 33088 starter bar

stub bar

reinforcing bar (09 33040) that partially projects from concrete (01) to provide continuity with the reinforcement (01) of subsequently placed concrete (01)

09 33089 pair of bars

two **reinforcing bars** (09 33040) in contact longitudinally and treated in design as one **reinforcing bar** (09 33040) of equivalent cross-sectional area

09 33090 bundle of bars

three or four **reinforcing bars** (09 33040) in contact longitudinally and treated in design as one **reinforcing bar** (09 33040) of equivalent cross-sectional area

09	33091	dowel bar short metal bar (01) cast into concrete (01) with part of its length (01) projecting as a fastening (01) or as a means of transferring forces (01) acting in the plane of a joint (01) from one component (01) to another
09	33092	dowel sleeve sleeve fitted over a dowel bar (09 33091) on one side of a joint (01) to allow relative movement in the direction of the dowel bar (09 33091)
09	33093	bar tendon bar (01) used as a prestressing tendon (01)
09	33095	fabric reinforcement mesh reinforcement prefabricated mesh of welded reinforcing bars (09 33040) or wires
09	33096	designated fabric fabric reinforcement (09 33095) that has an arrangement defined by fabric reference (09 36137)
09	33097	scheduled fabric fabric reinforcement (09 33095) that has a regular wire and mesh arrangement defined by specifying the size (01) and spacing in each direction
09	33098	detailed fabric fabric reinforcement (09 33095) that has its mesh arrangement defined by dimensioned drawing (01)
09	33099	twisted steel fabric factory-made fabric reinforcement (09 33095) made with cold twisted bars (09 33080)
09	33100	cold drawn wire wire that is cold-drawn from steel to increase its tensile strength (01)
09	33101	hard drawn wire wire that has been drawn through a die at normal temperature
09	33102	deformed wire wire with surface characteristics (01) to increase bond strength (09 37006)
09	33103	indented wire deformed wire (09 33102) that has indentations
09	33104	binding wire wire used for tying reinforcing bars (09 33040) when fixing (01) reinforcement (01)
		NOTE Usually made of soft wire.
09	33105	prestressing strand group of cold drawn wires (09 33100) spun together helically; used in prestressed concrete (01)

09 33106 crimped wire wire that is deformed during manufacture to give it the form of a wave along its **length** (01); used to **prestress** (03 14002) Activities (09 34xxx) 5.3 09 34001 blow out remove unwanted **material** (01) from inside **formwork** (01) with compressed air 09 34002 gang mould arrange a series of **moulds** (09 36027) on a single base so that a number of identical precast **concrete** (01) units may be formed at the same time 09 34005 works cube test test (11 14010) of cube strength (09 37002) using samples (01) taken during progress of the **construction work** (01) 09 34007 compressive strength test test (11 14010) that determines compressive strength (01) 09 34008 cylinder compressive test test (11 14010) that determines cylinder strength (09 37029) 09 34009 slump test test (11 14010) that determines concrete slump 34010 09 flow test test (11 14010) to determine concrete (01) consistence (09 17002) 09 34011 cure concrete ensure that **concrete** (01) hardens by preventing excessive evaporation of water and extremes of temperature 09 34012 steam cure accelerated hardening of concrete (01) using steam 09 34013 mix control control of the quantities of the constituent materials (01) of a mixture to obtain uniformity of **composition** (11 27003) or **performance** (01) 09 34014 scabble concrete remove the surface layer of hardened concrete (BS EN 206-1) thus exposing the **aggregate** (01)

09 34015 retemper

remix **concrete** (01) or **mortar** (01) to restore **consistence** (09 17002)

NOTE Usually involves the addition of water.

09 34016 alternate bay construction

method of **construction** (01) in which alternate **concrete bays** (09 38002) are cast and allowed to harden before intermediate **concrete bays** (09 38002) are cast

09 34017 cementation process

process of injecting **grout** (01) under pressure into **ground** (01) to improve its **properties** (01)

09	34018	crack control ensure that any cracks in concrete (01) occur in predetermined positions or are of controlled width (01)
09	34019	place concrete put fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) into its permanent position or into a mould (09 36027)
09	34020	reprop replace formwork (01) supports after striking (01) to avoid overstressing green concrete (09 33004)
09	34021	reprop place extra posts (01) under a soffit (01) to allow a concrete (01) beam (01) or concrete slab (01) to carry loads (01) in excess of design loads (01)
09	34022	autogenous shrinkage shrinkage caused by the chemical reaction between cement and water
	5.4	Processes (09 35xxx)
09	35001	segregation separation of the constituents of fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1), usually during transport, placing (09 34019) or compacting (03 24008)
09	35002	bleed lose or emit water from fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1)
09	35003	restrained shrinkage contraction of hardened concrete (BS EN 206-1) or mortar (01) caused by evaporation of water from its mass (11 27001)
09	35004	moisture movement contraction or expansion of concrete (01) or mortar (01) caused by loss or gain of moisture
09	35005	carbonation chemical reaction that occurs between the calcium hydroxide or cement paste (09 33042) in concrete (01) and atmospheric carbon dioxide
09	35006	sulfate attack deterioration of concrete (01) caused by sulfate salts in solution
09	35007	alkali-aggregate reaction reaction between alkalis, usually from binder (01), and certain aggregates (01)
09	35008	alkali-carbonate reaction alkali-aggregate reaction (09 35007) in which the reactive aggregate (01) is a form of dolomitic limestone (BS EN 12670)
09	35009	alkali-silica reaction alkali-aggregate reaction (09 35007) from a reactive form of silica (BS EN 12670) in the aggregate (01)

09	35010	alkali-silicate reaction alkali-aggregate reaction (09 35007) from a reactive phyllosilicate in the aggregate (01)
09	35011	force transfer process of passing the forces (01) in a prestressing tendon (01) to concrete (01)
09	35012	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{hack concrete} \\ \text{form discrete pits in the surface of } \textbf{hardened concrete} \ (BS\ EN\ 206\text{-}1) \\ \text{using a point } \textbf{tool} \ (01) \end{array}$
09	35013	concrete plucking removal of a concrete (01) surface by adhesion to formwork (01) on striking (01)
09	35014	$\label{eq:contact} \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{form scabbling} \\ \textbf{removal of the surface of face contact material } (09\ 36075)\ due\ to\ its \\ \textbf{adhesion to concrete } (01)\ on\ \textbf{striking } (01) \\ \end{tabular}$
09	35015	set process by which a cement (BS EN 206-1)/water mix hardens on hydration
09	35016	accelerated set set (09 35015) that is speeded up
09	35017	retarded set set (09 35015) that is slowed down
09	35018	flash set set (09 35015) that occurs very quickly after mixing with water
09	35019	false set premature set (09 35015) immediately after mixing that can be corrected
09	35020	initial set set (0935015) that is a reflection of an ability to carry a small load (01)
	5.5	Plant, equipment and documentation (09 36xxx)
09	36001	inflatable formwork formwork (01) that acquires the required shape (11 27004) by internal pressure and is deflated during striking (01)
09	36002	permanent formwork formwork (01) that is left in place
09	36003	lost formwork formwork (01) that cannot be removed easily and is therefore left in place
09	36004	travelling formwork formwork (01) carried on wheels or rollers so that, after striking (01), it can be moved for re-use without dismantling

09 36005 vacuum formwork formwork (01) that incorporates a lining through which a vacuum is applied to a face of **concrete** (01) to improve its **compaction** (03 24008) 09 36006 apartment formwork room formwork formwork (01) for casting a concrete slab (01) and its supporting walls (01) in one continuous operation 09 36007 cantilever formwork **formwork** (01) that projects beyond, and is fixed to, either previously hardened concrete (BS EN 206-1) or temporary supports 09 36008 climbing formwork formwork (01) for vertical or near vertical structures (01), in which each concrete lift (09 37026) is supported by the previous **concrete lift** (09 37026) 09 36009 dam formwork climbing formwork (09 36008) for a dam (01) 09 36010 leapfrog formwork set of **formwork** (01) that, after **striking** (01), is re-erected next to a previously erected set, usually above it 09 36011 column head formwork formwork (01) at the top of a column (01) to enlarge or change its cross-section 09 36012 edge formwork **formwork** (01) for the edge of a **concrete slab** (01) 09 36013 road formwork edge formwork (09 36012) for a road (01) or other concrete slab (01) on the ground (01)09 36014 square edge road formwork road formwork (09 36013) in which the top surface of the formwork (01) is at a right angle to the vertical surface to give a square edge to the **concrete slab** (01) 09 36015 rail attached road formwork road formwork (09 36013) that has an attached steel rail (04 22051) to carry and guide the wheels of a **concrete train** (09 36104) 36016 09 soffit formwork formwork (01) for a soffit (01)09 36017 quick strip formwork

09 36018 table formwork soffit formwork (09 36016) for suspended floors (01) that is in the form of a table and is moved in one piece

soffit formwork (09 36016) that allows **striking** (01) of areas of **face contact material** (09 36075) without disturbing **soffit** (01) supports

09	36019	flying formwork table formwork (09 36018), usually large, that is moved by crane (01) from one position to another
09	36020	collapsible formwork formwork (01) that contains a mechanism to facilitate striking (01)
09	36021	telescopic formwork formwork (01) that can be reduced in size (01) after striking (01), to pass through similar formwork (01) already in position
09	36022	slip formwork formwork (01) that is moved during continuous placing of concrete (09 34019)
09	36023	core formwork formwork (01) for the core (01) of a building (01)
		cf. core formwork (09 36069)
09	36024	back formwork formwork (01) for a surface that will be unseen in a finished structure (01), or for shaping the blinding (01) in an excavation (01)
09	36025	top formwork formwork (01) for an upper surface
09	36026	tilt up formwork formwork (01) for casting a unit horizontally that is subsequently rotated into a nearly vertical position for the concrete lift (09 37026)
09	36027	mould preformed receptacle for fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) or plaster (01) to give shape (11 27004) to the hardened material (01)
09	36028	trough mould mould (09 36027) for creating an elongated recess in the underside of a concrete slab (01)
09	36029	waffle mould mould (09 36027) for creating a square, or almost square, recess in a concrete slab (01)
09	36030	battery mould one of a series of moulds (09 36027) that have common intermediate surfaces and are used to gang mould (09 34002)
09	36031	formwork lining face contact material (09 36075) fixed to the inside face of formwork (01) to give a particular finish (01)
09	36032	formwork panel prefabricated framed face contact sheeting (09 36076) intended for repeated use
09	36033	ganged formwork assembly of formwork panels (09 36032) joined together for convenience in erecting and handling

09 36034 draw formwork vertical plate (01) that separates two mixes of fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1), and is gradually withdrawn, during or at the conclusion of a concrete lift (09 37026), to allow the two mixes to bond together 09 36035 waler formwork (01) waling (03 26016) 36036 strongback long structural member (01) used in formwork (01) as a waler (09 36035) or soldier (03 26034) 09 36037 plumbing foot device attached to the foot of a **soldier** (03 26034) to enable the formwork (01) for a wall (01) to be plumbed 09 36038 push pull prop adjustable **formwork** (01) support that transmits tensile or compressive loads (01) NOTE Usually telescopic. 09 36039 adjustable floor centre beam (01) of adjustable length (01) that supports soffit formwork (09 36016) NOTE Usually of sheet metal or lattice construction. 09 36040 access door removable panel in **formwork** (01) that gives access for **inspection** (11 14002), or to **compact** (03 24008) or **place concrete** (09 34019) 36041 clean out trap removable bottom section of **formwork** (01) for extracting rubbish 09 36042 beam box assembled side and **soffit formwork** (09 36016) for a **beam** (01) 09 36043 beam clamp beam cramp device that holds constituents members of a beam box (09 36042) tightly together, resisting pressure from the **fresh** concrete (BS EN 206-1) 36044 column clamp device that holds the sides of **formwork** (01) for a **column** (01), resisting pressure from the fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) 36045 panel clamp device for **fixing** (01) together two **formwork panels** (09 36032) 09 36046 folding wedges wedges (06 32230), used in pairs and driven in opposite directions, that hold or force apart parallel formwork (01) members 09 36047 cover block reinforcement spacer (09 33073) fixed between reinforcement (01)

and the face of **formwork** (01) to ensure that the **concrete cover** (01)

is correct

09	36048	stop end formwork formwork (01) at a construction joint (11 42013) or movement joint (11 42004); usually fitted in the vertical plane
09	36049	formwork anchor screw fastening (01), cast in concrete (01), to provide anchorage for subsequent formwork (01)
09	36050	seating cleat device that is fitted to previously cast permanent work, to support the formwork (01) for the next concrete lift (09 37026)
09	36051	formwork tie device in formwork (01) used in tension (03 15002) to resist the pressure from fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1)
09	36052	coil tie formwork tie (09 36051) that has a central non-recoverable portion formed of two wire coils connected by rods (01)
09	36053	formwork hanger tie formwork tie (09 36051) to suspend soffit formwork (09 36016)
09	36054	non-recoverable tie cast-in tie formwork tie (09 36051) part of which is left in place
09	36055	recoverable tie formwork tie (09 36051) intended for reuse
09	36056	she bolt bolt (01) portion of a formwork tie (09 36051) assembly that has a female thread to engage with a central formwork tie (09 36051) section
09	36057	pigtail tie non-recoverable tie (09 36054) part of which is zig-zag in shape (11 27004) to create an anchorage
09	36058	single face tie non-recoverable tie (09 36054) that provides an anchorage for cantilever formwork (09 36007)
09	36059	snap tie non-recoverable tie (0936054) , the projecting end of which is broken off beneath the concrete (01) surface after use
09	36060	water bar tie non-recoverable tie (09 36054) with an enlarged central section that is intended to reduce water leakage
09	36061	taper tie recoverable tie (09 36055) tapered to facilitate recovery
09	36062	through tie recoverable tie $(09\ 36055)$ that passes through concrete (01) and is withdrawn during striking (01)

09 36063 tie sleeve tube (01) that prevents adhesion (01) between fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) and a recoverable tie (09 36055) 09 36064 waler plate plate (01) that transfers loads (01) between a formwork tie $(09\ 36051)$ and the frame (01) of the formwork (01)36065 09 bolt box formwork (01) around a foundation bolt (06 72084) that creates a pocket (09 38001) for lateral adjustment of the bolt before final grouting 09 36066 box out section within **formwork** (01) that creates a **pocket** (09 38001) or aperture 36067 door former **box out** (09 36066) for a **door** (01) 36068 09 window former box out (09 36066) for a window (01) 09 36069 core formwork device for forming a hole in a **concrete** (01) **component** (01) cf. core formwork (09 36023) 09 36070 void formwork void box permanent formwork (09 36002) component (01) that creates a completely enclosed void (03 28003) 09 36071 drip former material (01) fixed parallel to the edge of soffit formwork (09 36016) that creates a drip (06 22164) groove 36072 grout check grout strip material (01) fixed to formwork (01) that creates a clean line at the edge of a **concrete** (01) pour 09 36073 rustication strip material (01) fixed to formwork (01) that creates a visual break in a large plain area of **concrete** (01) 09 36074 kicker small **concrete** (01) upstand, cast above **floor** (01) **level** (01) to position wall (01) or column (01) formwork (01) for the next **concrete lift** (09 37026) 36075 face contact material **formwork** (01) **material** (01) that is in direct contact with the **concrete** (01) and establishes its **shape** (11 27004) 09 36076 face contact sheeting face contact material (09 36075) in thin cross-sections of large

rectangular surface area

09	36077	lap plate small piece of face contact material (09 36075) that laps onto concrete (01) previously placed
09	36078	striking piece narrow, often splayed, piece of face contact material (09 36075) used to facilitate striking (01)
09	36079	wrecking strip striking piece (09 36078) that is intended to be destroyed
09	36080	mould oil oil or emulsion release agent (01)
09	36081	concrete mixer machine that combines the constituents to produce concrete (01)
09	36082	continuous mixer concrete mixer (09 36081) that discharges its contents in a continuous flow (01)
09	36083	static mixer concrete mixer (09 36081) that does not move; it is fed with materials (01) where it stands and the delivery is collected
		NOTE It has no wheels, rails (04 22051), or other means of transportation.
09	36084	batch mixer concrete mixer $(09\ 36081)$ into which the materials (01) are fed and from which the mixed concrete (01) is discharged in discrete quantities
09	36085	drum type concrete mixer batch mixer (09 36084), with a drum, fitted with a series of fixed blades, that rotates about a horizontal or inclined axis
09	36086	tilting drum mixer drum type concrete mixer (09 36085) that discharges its contents by tilting the drum
09	36087	non-tilting drum mixer drum type concrete mixer (09 36085) with a drum that rotates about a fixed axis and two openings
09	36088	split drum mixer drum type concrete mixer (09 36085) with a drum that rotates about a horizontal axis; the two ends of the drum separate to discharge the contents
09	36089	reversing drum mixer drum type concrete mixer (09 36085) with a drum that rotates about a horizontal axis; the direction of rotation is reversed to discharge the contents
09	36091	rotating pan mixer concrete mixer (09 36081) with a shallow rotating drum and eccentrically placed paddles

09	36092	stationary pan mixer concrete mixer (09 36081) with a stationary horizontal shallow drum and concentrically placed rotating paddles
09	36093	annular trough mixer stationary pan mixer (09 36092) with paddles that rotate around a horizontal or inclined axis
09	36094	axial trough mixer concrete mixer (09 36081) with a stationary shallow drum and one or more rotating paddles mounted on a horizontal or inclined shaft
09	36095	trailer mixer concrete mixer (09 36081) fitted with road (01) wheels so that it can be towed by a motor vehicle
09	36096	gauge box four-sided rigid container used to measure (01) quantities of materials (01) by volume
09	36097	grout pan small machine for mixing grout (01)
09	36098	colloidal mixer machine for combining the constituents of colloidal grout (09 33044)
09	36099	<pre>concrete skip vessel for the transport and discharge of fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) NOTE Usually made of steel.</pre>
09	36100	concrete pump pump (01) for delivering fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) through a pipe (01)
09	36101	concrete chute inclined open trough for delivering fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) by gravity
09	36102	pneumatic concrete placer equipment for delivering fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) through a pipe (01) by means of compressed air
09	36103	screed pump pump (01) for transporting screed (BS EN 13318) material (01) through a pipe (01)
09	36104	concrete train number of machines that move on rails (04 22051) and are used in concert to carry out all the processes necessary to construct (01) a concrete (01) pavement (01)
09	36105	concrete paver machine that moves on tracks (01) or rails (04 22051) and is used to construct (01) a concrete (01) pavement (01)
09	36106	slip form paver concrete paver (09 36105) with formwork (01) that moves forward with the machine

NOTE It is usually guided by a sensor.

09 36107 concrete spreader machine that spreads fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) from heaps dumped in front of it, or receives and spreads fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) in a uniform layer NOTE Usually carried on edge formwork (09 36012) or on rails (04 22051) parallel to the formwork (01). 09 36108 screw spreader machine that spreads **fresh concrete** (BS EN 206-1) through the action of an Archimedian screw or flight NOTE Mainly used as part as a slip form paver (09 36106). 09 36109 box spreader **hopper** (12 86009) to place **concrete** (01) at the correct **level** (01) between road formwork (09 36013) 09 36110 concrete vibrator mechanical device to compact (03 24008) fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) by vibration 09 36111 external vibrator form vibrator concrete vibrator (09 36110) that is applied or fixed to formwork (01) 09 36112 immersion vibrator poker vibrator concrete vibrator (09 36110) immersed in fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1); it has a tubular head connected to a source of energy (01) 09 36113 surface vibrator concrete vibrator (09 36110) applied to the top surface of fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) 09 36114 concrete vibrating machine surface vibrator (09 36113) carried on road formwork (09 36013) 09 36115 beam vibrator surface vibrator (09 36113) in the form of a beam (01) 09 36116 vibrating table concrete vibrator (09 36110) in the form of a table NOTE Used mainly for **precast concrete** (01). 09 36117 screeding board board for producing a flat surface or camber (06 27001) to fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) or screed (BS EN 13318) 36118 09 screed batten section (01) that forms a guide for a screeding board (09 36117) 09 36119 screed rail tamping rail guide that acts as a datum (01) and support for a screeding **board** (09 36117)

09	36120	tamping board section (01) to compact (03 24008) concrete (01) by repeated blows and to shape the surface of a concrete slab (01)
09	36121	concrete finishing machine machine that compacts (03 24008) fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) by surface vibration and shapes and finishes the surface
09	36122	power trowel machine with a number of power driven rotating blades for finishing concrete (01) floors (01)
09	36123	power float machine with a power driven rotating disc for finishing concrete (01) floors (01); the concrete (01) is allowed to reach initial set (09 35020) before work starts
		cf. power float (09 46008)
09	36124	arrissing tool hand tool (12 16001) for producing a radius or chamfer (01) on the edges of fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1)
09	36125	concrete surface planer machine for reducing the level (01) of hardened concrete (BS EN 206-1)
09	36126	concrete scabbler machine or tool (01) to scabble concrete (09 34014)
09	36127	grouting machine pump (01) for injecting grout (01) under pressure
09	36128	cement gun apparatus for pneumatic application of mortar (01)
09	36129	cover meter apparatus for measurement (01) of concrete cover (01)
09	36130	curing blanket cover laid over fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) to retain heat and help cure concrete (09 34011)
09	36131	concrete saw saw (12 66034) for cutting concrete (01)
09	36132	bar bending machine power bender machine for bending reinforcing bars (09 33040)
09	36133	bar cropper machine for cutting reinforcing bars (09 33040) by shearing
09	36134	boom scraper pivoted boom carrying a bucket or chain of buckets for handling aggregate (01) from a stockpile
09	36135	flow table board or table for measurement (01) of concrete (01) consistency

09 36136 shape code

standard notation for the **shape** (11 27004) of a **reinforcing bar** (09 33040)

09 36137 fabric reference

alphanumeric code that defines wire **sizes** (01) and mesh **dimensions** (01) of **fabric reinforcement** (09 33095)

09 36138 starter frame

formwork (01) for casting a kicker (09 36074) in situ

09 36139 dovetail anchor

anchor slot

device cast into a **concrete** (01) surface to produce a slot narrower at the surface than at its base and into which a shaped metal tongue is inserted to form an anchorage for a facing

NOTE Made from sheet steel or other metal.

09 36140 sealing groove strip

strip (01) attached to the face of **formwork** (01) to produce a **sealing groove** (11 42027)

09 36141 angle fillet

strip (01) fitted in an internal intersection in **formwork** (01) to form a **chamfer** (01) or designed contour

5.6 Properties (09 37xxx)

09 37001 effective width of slab

width (01) of a concrete slab (01) assumed for design purposes

09 37002 cube strength

compressive strength (01) of **concrete** (01) made with a specific **concrete mix** (01) using a standard cuboid **specimen** $(11\ 12001)$

09 37003 estimated in situ cube strength

compressive strength (01) of **concrete** (01) at a location in a **structural member** (01) estimated by indirect means and expressed in terms of **cube strength** (09 37002)

09 37004 core strength

compressive strength (01) of a concrete (01) assessed (11 14001) from a core (01) sample (01)

09 37005 tensile splitting strength

indirect tensile strength

tensile strength (01) of a **concrete** (01) made with a specific mix, determined indirectly by splitting a cylindrical, cuboid, or prismatic **specimen** (11 12001)

09 37006 bond strength

bond stress (01) at the instant before **failure** $(11\ 17012)$ of **concrete bond** (01)

09 37007 initial stress

stress (01) imposed in the **concrete** (01) or steel of a **prestressed concrete** (01) **structural member** (01) when it is first fully stressed, and before **creep** (01) or plastic yield occurs

09	37008	local bond stress bond stress (01) at a particular point on reinforcement (01)
09	37009	average bond stress maximum force (01) in an embedded reinforcing bar (09 33040) divided by the product of the perimeter and the length (01) of the reinforcing bar (09 33040)
09	37010	cement/water ratio reciprocal of water/cement ratio (BS EN 206-1)
09	37011	aggregate/cement ratio ratio of mass (11 27001) of aggregate (01) to mass (11 27001) of cement (BS EN 206-1) in concrete (01) or mortar (01)
09	37012	voids ratio ratio of the volume of voids (03 28003) in a material (01) to the combined volume of the material (01) and voids (03 28003)
09	37013	nominal mix proportions proportions of dry materials (01) in a concrete mix (01) expressed in volumetric terms
09	37014	water content mass (11 27001) of water in unit volume of a mixture
09	37015	air content ratio of total volume of air to unit volume of a mixture, usually expressed as a percentage
09	37016	concrete yield volume of compacted (03 24008) fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) produced by given mix masses (11 27001) or volumes of individual constituents
09	37018	compacting factor ratio of the mass (11 27001) of fresh concrete (BS EN 206-1) filling a standard container when allowed to fall into it, to the mass (11 27001) of fully compacted (03 24008) concrete (01) filling the same container
09	37025	concrete maturity measure (01) of hydration of concrete (01) represented by the area under the curve of temperature above a defined value against time since placing (09 34019)
09	37026	concrete lift height (01) of concrete (01) placed (09 34019) in one continuous operation
09	37027	striking time stripping time earliest moment for striking (01)
09	37028	formwork draw incline the face on a formwork (01) component to facilitate striking (01)

09 37029 cylinder strength

compressive strength (01) of **concrete** (01) made with a specific **concrete mix** (01) using a standard cylindrical **specimen** (11 12001)

5.7 **Spaces (09 38xxx)**

09 38001 pocket

small recess formed in a concrete (01) surface

09 38002 concrete bay

area of **concrete** (01) bounded by **joints** (01) or **free edges** (09 33059)

09 38003 air void

air pocket

void (03 28003) in hardened concrete (BS EN 206-1) formed by entrained air (BS EN 206-1) or entrapped air (BS EN 206-1)

09 38004 water void

space (01) in **hardened concrete** (BS EN 206-1) occupied or formed by surplus water

09 38005 honeycombing

interconnected **voids** (03 28003) in **concrete** (01) caused by loss of or lack of **mortar** (01)

09 38006 concrete blow hole

bleb

small hole in the face of finished **concrete** (01) caused by air trapped against the face of the **formwork** (01)

6 Plaster (09 4xxxx)

6.1 Parts (09 42xxx)

09 42001 solid background

masonry (01) or concrete (01) structure (01) that is used as a plastering background (01) or to which a lining (01) is attached

09 42004 mechanical key

openings, grooves or open **texture** (01) in the surface of a **plastering background** (01) or **rendering substrate** (09 32009) into which **plaster** (01) or **render** (01) respectively penetrates

09 42005 plaster key

part of an **undercoat** (BS EN 13914-2) comprising **plaster** (01) pressed through the openings in **laths** (09 43029)

09 42006 plaster enrichment

ornamental detail produced in casting plaster (09 43028)

09 42007 plastering screed

narrow band of hardened **plaster** (01) used as a thickness and alignment guide when applying a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2)

09 42008 collar screed

horizontal plastering screed (09 42007) around a column (01)

09 42009 fibrous plaster firsting

first coat (01) of casting plaster $(09\ 43028)$ applied to a fibrous plastering model $(09\ 46052)$ or fibrous plastering mould $(09\ 46043)$

09 42010 fibrous plaster second

coat (01) of casting plaster (09 43028) applied to a fibrous plaster firsting (09 42009) to produce a homogeneous fibrous plaster cast (09 43037)

09 42011 undercut

part of the surface of a **fibrous plastering model** (09 46052), **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043) or **fibrous plastering reverse mould** (09 46044) that turns under an adjacent part

09 42012 plasterboard nail

hot-dip galvanized, large flat head, round steel wire **nail** (01) for **fixing** (01) **gypsum plasterboard** (09 43001) to pieces of **timber** (01)

09 42013 plasterboard nailable fixing plug

corrosion resistant ring shank **nail** (01) inserted in an expandable plastics sleeve for **fixing** (01) **gypsum plasterboard insulation composite panel** (09 43053) to **solid backgrounds** (09 42001) by **hammering** (06 24029) into a pre-drilled hole

09 42014 drywall screw

corrosion resistant, self-drilling and tapping, trumpet shaped and cross punched head steel **screw** (01) for **fixing** (01) **gypsum plasterboard** (09 43001) to lightweight steel **sections** (01)

09 42015 plasterboard jointing compound

jointing material (01) based on a **binder** (01); after addition of water it is applied to **gypsum plasterboard** (09 43001) while plastic and subsequently hardens

09 42016 bedding compound

plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) for embedding and covering **jointing tape** (09 42023)

09 42017 finishing compound

plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) for application over bedding compound (09 42016) to form the final visible surface

09 42018 dual-purpose compound

plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) for embedding and covering **jointing tape** (09 42023) and forming the final visible surface

09 42019 tapeless jointing compound

plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) that is used without jointing tape (09 42023)

09 42020 short setting compound

plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) that hardens within 20 minutes and 60 minutes

09 42021 long setting compound

plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) that takes more than 180 minutes to harden

09	42022	normal setting compound plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) that hardens within 60 minutes and 180 minutes
09	42023	jointing tape paper strip (01) for incorporation in an application of plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) as reinforcement (01)
09	42024	run moulded section moulded section (08 32095) formed with a running mould (09 46015)
09	42025	raked run moulded section run moulded section (09 42024) formed with a raking mould (09 46042)
	6.2	Materials (09 43xxx)
09	43001	gypsum plasterboard board of gypsum (01) plaster (01) enclosed between and bonded to two paper sheets (01)
09	43002	glass reinforced gypsum material (01) based on a gypsum (01) binder (01) to which a glass (01) fibre reinforcement (01) has been added during mixing
09	43003	membrane reinforced gypsum board board of gypsum (01) plaster (01) with reinforcement (01) in the form of membranes that are located beneath the surface
09	43004	fibred plaster plaster (01) that contains fibres
09	43005	glass reinforced plaster fibred plaster (09 43004) that employs glass (01) fibres
09	43006	lime plaster plaster (01) that is produced from lime (BS EN 459-1) putty
09	43007	neat gypsum plaster gypsum (01) plaster (01) that does not contain aggregate (01)
09	43008	Portland cement plaster plaster (01) that is produced from Portland cement (09 13006)
09	43009	premixed plaster plaster (01) that has all the constituents mixed by the manufacturer (01)
09	43010	sanded plaster plaster (01) that contains sand (BS EN 12670)
09	43011	autoclaved gypsum plaster gypsum (01) plaster (01) that is produced in a high-pressure, high-temperature chamber
09	43012	retarded hemihydrate gypsum plaster hemihydrate gypsum plaster (09 43013) with a material (01) added to the binder (01) to extend the time the mixture will take to harden

09	43013	hemihydrate gypsum plaster plaster of Paris gypsum (01) plaster (01) that employs calcium sulfate hemihydrate (09 13028) as the binder (01)
09	43014	coarse stuff plaster (01) for an undercoat (BS EN 13914-2) based on lime (BS EN 459-1) putty and sand (BS EN 12670)
09	43015	gauged coarse stuff plaster (01) for an undercoat (BS EN 13914-2) that is based on coarse stuff (09 43014) mixed with either ordinary Portland cement (09 13006) or gypsum (01) plaster (01)
09	43016	setting stuff fine stuff plaster (01) for a finish (01) that is based on lime (BS EN 459-1) putty and fine sand (BS EN 12670)
09	43017	acoustic plaster plaster (01) for an internal surface finish (01) with enhanced sound absorption (11 27093)
09	43018	damp resisting plaster plaster (01) that contains a chemical admixture (01) to reduce moisture transmission
09	43019	x-ray resisting plaster plaster (01) that contains barytes to reduce x-ray penetration
09	43020	bonding plaster plaster (01) for an undercoat (BS EN 13914-2) for application to plastering backgrounds (01) of low suction (01) and mechanical key (09 42004)
09	43021	browning plaster plaster (01) for an undercoat (BS EN 13914-2) for application to plastering backgrounds (01) of moderate suction (01) and mechanical key (09 42004)
09	43022	thin coat plaster plaster (01) for a final coat (BS EN 13914-2) of reduced thickness (01)
09	43023	thin wall plaster plaster (01) for a final coat (BS EN 13914-2) that incorporates an organic binder (01) and hardens by drying
09	43024	board finish plaster final coat (BS EN 13914-2) plaster (01) for application to gypsum plasterboard (09 43001)
09	43025	metal lath plaster plaster (01) for application to metal laths (09 43029)
09	43026	multi purpose plaster plaster (01) for application to different types of plastering background (01)

09	43027	renovation plaster plaster (01) for application to a plastering background (01) of old masonry (01) that may contain residual moisture after installation of a new damp proof course (01)
09	43028	casting plaster plaster (01) for casting
09	43029	lath product (01) attached to a plastering background (01) that provides a key (01) when plaster (01) is applied
09	43030	timber lath lath $(09\ 43029)$ formed with timber (01) strips (01) fixed side by side with spaces (01) between each pair
09	43031	furred expanded metal lath expanded metal lath (09 43029) with integral ribs that create spaces (01) when fixed to a solid background (09 42001)
09	43032	sprayable ribbed expanded metal lath expanded metal lath (09 43029) with integral ribs, coated to restrict the penetration of plaster (01) applied by high velocity projection
09	43033	circular window form metal lath expanded metal lath (09 43029) in the shape (11 27004) of a circular window (01) reveal (01)
09	43034	gypsum lath thin gypsum baseboard (09 43044) that is used as a lath (09 43029)
09	43035	metal bead corrosion resistant lightweight metal section (01) used in plastering (BS EN 13914-2) as a guide, reinforcement (01) or to provide features in a finish (01)
09	43036	scrim open weave or coarse mesh fabric used as a reinforcement (01) in plastering (BS EN 13914-2)
09	43037	fibrous plaster cast product (01) made of casting plaster (09 43028) and fibrous reinforcement (01)
09	43038	run cast section (01) made of casting plaster (09 43028) that contains reinforcement (01) and is shaped with a running mould (09 46015) while plastic
09	43039	solid cast product (01) made of casting plaster (09 43028) only
09	43040	bruised lath timber lath (09 43030) that has been softened by hammering (06 24029)
09	43041	carton pierre mixture of paper pulp, whiting and size, used for casting

09	43042	gesso mixture of casting plaster (09 43028), glue and linseed oil or boiled oil, glue and whiting, used for making fibrous plastering models (09 46052) or fibrous plaster casts (09 43037)
09	43043	size water solution of gelatine in water, used to extend the time a casting plaster (09 43028) will take to harden
09	43044	gypsum baseboard gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) with a face suitable for receiving gypsum (01) plaster (01)
09	43045	gypsum plasterboard A gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) with a face suitable for receiving decoration
09	43049	gypsum plasterboard D gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) of controlled density (01)
09	43046	gypsum plasterboard E gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) for use as infill (01) in external walls (01)
09	43047	gypsum plasterboard F gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) with mineral fibres and other additives (01) in the core (1) to improve cohesion (01) at high temperatures
09	43048	gypsum plasterboard H gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) that contains additives (01) to reduce the rate of water absorption
09	43051	gypsum plasterboard I gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) that has enhanced resistance to impact loads (01)
09	43050	gypsum plasterboard R gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) that has increased longitudinal and transverse breaking loads (01)
09	43052	gypsum cove curved section (01) of gypsum (01) plaster (01) enclosed by and bonded to a paper sheet (01) and used at junctions between walls (01) and ceilings (01)
09	43053	gypsum plasterboard composite panel laminate (01) that has as least one layer of gypsum plasterboard (09 43001)
09	43054	gypsum plasterboard insulation composite gypsum plasterboard composite panel (09 43053) that incorporates a layer of thermal insulation material (01)
09	43055	vapour control gypsum plasterboard gypsum plasterboard composite panel (09 43053) that incorporates a layer of low water vapour permeability (01)

09	43056	prefabricated gypsum wallboard panel gypsum plasterboard composite panel (09 43053) that consists of two gypsum plasterboards (09 43001) separated by and bonded to a core (01)
09	43057	gypsum plasterboard edge narrow longitudinal surface of a gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) covered by paper
09	43058	gypsum plasterboard end narrow transverse surface of a gypsum plasterboard (09 43001), showing the exposed core (01)
09	43059	gypsum plasterboard face paper-covered surface of a gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) where the paper extends over the gypsum plasterboard edges (09 43057)
09	43060	gypsum plasterboard back surface of a gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) opposite to the gypsum plasterboard face (09 43059)
09	43061	gypsum based adhesive adhesive (01) that has gypsum (01) binder (01) as its principal constituent
09	43062	metal furring channel galvanized lightweight steel section (01) bonded with gypsum based adhesive (09 43061) to a solid background (09 42001) as a ground (01) for gypsum plasterboard (09 43001)
09	43063	plasterboard resilient fixing channel galvanized lightweight steel section (01) fixed to timber (01) supports as a ground (01) for gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) and capable of accommodating movement
	6.3	Activities (09 44xxx)
09	44001	scotch bracket timber lath (09 43030) for a run moulded section (09 42024) producing a cornice (06 22131); it is bedded in the angle between the wall (01) and the ceiling (01)
09	44002	scour consolidate a plaster (01) surface using a cross grained float (09 46006) with a circular motion
09	44003	chatter unwanted vibration of a running mould (09 46015)
09	44004	dress up place and secure plaster enrichment (09 42006) onto a run moulded section (09 42024) or fibrous plastering reverse mould (09 46044)
09	44005	stop in fill and make good joints (01) between fibrous plaster casts (09 43037) after fixing (01)

09 44006 one gauge method

method of producing a **fibrous plaster cast** (09 43037) using one mix of **casting plaster** (09 43028)

6.4 Plant, equipment and documentation (46xxx)

09 46002 plastering dot

short thin piece of **timber** (01) that is positioned and set in **plaster** (01) and used as an alignment guide

09 46003 corner scraper

angle plane

plate (01) or grid with several straight edged steel blades set across one surface and an arch handle on the other, for removing **plaster** (01) at internal angles

09 46004 darby

rule (09 46020) that has two cylindrical handles on one surface

09 46005 straight grained float

float (01) that has a **timber** (01) blade with its **grain** (BS EN 844-7) parallel to the **length** (01)

09 46006 cross grained float

float (01) that has a **timber** (01) blade with its **grain** (BS EN 844-7) across the **length** (01)

09 46007 nail float

straight grained float (09 46005) that has **nail** (01) points protruding from its face forming grooves in the surface of the **plastering background** (01) as a **mechanical key** (09 42004)

09 46008 power float

hand held **power tool** (12 16002) with several sponge blades on one surface of a rotating disc; used to smooth a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2)

cf. **power float** (09 36123)

09 46009 skimming float

straight grained float (09 46005) with a thin blade; used for applying plaster (01) for a final coat (BS EN 13914-2)

09 46010 sponge float

float (01) that has a layer of synthetic sponge on the blade surface

09 46011 gig stick

strip (01) of wood (01) attached to a running mould (09 46015) at one end and a pivot pin at the other; it guides the running mould (09 46015) on a circular path

09 46012 larry

steel blade attached at a right angle to one end of a long handle; used to mix **plaster** (01)

09 46013 lath hammer

steel serrated hammer head and notched **axe** (12 66029) blade on a **hammer** (12 66002) handle; used to **nail** (01) and cut **timber laths** (09 43030)

09 46014 peg mould

running mould (09 46015) with two protruding pegs; used with a curved guide

09 46015 running mould

plastering templet (09 46054) within a timber (01) frame (01)

NOTE Also used to produce fibrous plaster cast (09 43037) in reverse profile (01).

09 46016 thumb mould

small running mould (09 46015)

09 46017 mixer pump

machine that mixes **plaster** (01) with water and pumps the mixed **plaster** (01) and compressed air through **hoses** (12 66025) to a **spray gun** (09 46019)

09 46018 plaster pump

machine that pumps mixed **plaster** (01) and compressed air through **hoses** $(12\ 66025)$ to a **spray gun** $(09\ 46019)$

09 46019 spray gun

hand operated nozzle, with a control tap, from which **plaster** (01) is projected at high velocity

09 46020 rule

tool (01) with a straight edge for guiding and measurement (01)

09 46021 entasised rule

rule (09 46020) to shape a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2) to the surface of a **column** (01) with a slightly convex curved shaft

09 46022 feather edge rule

long **rule** (09 46020) that reduces in **thickness** (01) towards the straight edge; used at internal angles

09 46023 floating rule

long **rule** (09 46020) used on **undercoats** (BS EN 13914-2)

09 46024 box rule

floating rule $(09\ 46023)$ of right angle section (01) used on ceilings (01)

09 46025 ioint rule

bevelled edge steel **rule** (09 46020) that is cut to a 45 degrees angle at one end; it is used for extending **run moulded sections** (09 42024) for **mitred joints** (08 32092), **returns** (06 22125) and stopped ends

09 46026 rebated rule

rule (09 46020) that has one or more **rebates** (08 32123) of specified **depth** (01) in the straight edge; used for levelling the surface of a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2)

09 46027 running rule

strip (01) of **timber** (01), fixed to a surface, to guide a **running mould** (09 46015)

09 46028 thickness rule

rule (09 46020) of specified **thickness** (01) fixed to the surface of a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2) to form an edge and determine the **thickness** (01) of the next **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2)

09 46029 scratcher

row of steel wires set in a handle that are used to form grooves in the surface of **undercoats** (BS EN 13914-2) to provide a **mechanical key** (09 42004)

09 46030 small tool

small double-ended steel **tool** (01) for fine work and making good in **plaster** (01)

09 46031 spatula

narrow straight edged steel blade, stiffened by a handgrip of equal **length** (01) on one long edge, for smoothing the surface of **plaster coats** (BS EN 13914-2)

09 46032 trammel

board that on one surface has two straight channel **sections** (01) that intersect at a right angle; used in conjunction with a **trammel rod** (09 46033) for guiding a **running mould** (09 46015) on an elliptical path

09 46033 trammel rod

strip (01) of **wood** (01) that attaches at one end to a **running mould** (09 46015) and at the other end has two small pivoted blocks that engage in the channel **sections** (01) of a **trammel** (09 46032)

09 46034 finishing trowel

flexible **laying on trowel** (09 46036); used for applying and smoothing the surface of a **final coat** (BS EN 13914-2)

09 46035 gauging trowel

flat steel blade that tapers to a rounded end with a cranked handle at the broad end; used for making up and applying a small quantity of **plaster** (01)

09 46036 laying on trowel

rectangular flat steel blade with a central stiffener and a single or double hang handle on one surface; used for **plastering** (BS EN 13914-2)

09 46037 margin trowel

narrow rectangular flat steel blade with a cranked handle at one end; used for **plastering** (BS EN 13914-2) in narrow areas

09 46038 square external angle trowel

rectangular steel blade that is formed to a right angle with a cranked handle outside the angle at one end; used for smoothing the surface of a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2) at an external angle

09 46039 square internal angle trowel

rectangular steel blade that is formed to a right angle with a cranked handle inside the angle at one end; used for smoothing the surface of a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2) at an internal angle

09 46040 Swiss trowel

rectangular flat steel blade that is stiffened by a central arch handle on one surface, used for smoothing the surface of a **coat** (01) of **projection gypsum plaster** (BS EN 13279-1)

09 46041 twitcher trowel

steel blade of rectangular **channel section** (01) with a cranked handle at one end; used for smoothing the surface of a **plaster coat** (BS EN 13914-2) at an internal angle

09 46042 raking mould

running mould (09 46015) for use at an angle to the horizontal and in which a compensatory adjustment is made to the **profile** (01)

09 46043 fibrous plastering mould

device for the production of identical objects in **casting plaster** (09 43028), made from a fluid setting material or thermoplastic material, the shaped surface being obtained by allowing the material to solidify in contact with a **fibrous plastering model** (09 46052)

09 46044 fibrous plastering reverse mould

device used for the production of a **fibrous plaster cast** (09 43037) with a surface shaped in a **profile** (01) that is the reverse of that normally obtained with a **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043)

09 46045 busk

flexible steel **sheet** (01) used to remove excess hardened **casting plaster** (09 43028)

09 46046 drag

steel **plate** (01), with a serrated edge, used to remove excess hardened **casting plaster** (09 43028)

09 46047 case mould

flexible mould (09 46055) made by pouring a flexible moulding compound (09 46056) into the void (03 28003) between a fibrous plastering model (09 46052) and a fibrous plaster case (09 46050)

09 46048 column mould box

fibrous plastering templet (09 46054) of a column (01) profile (01) that pivots at each end of a box frame, and is used to shape a **fibrous** plastering reverse mould (09 46044) for a column (01)

09 46049 core former

shaped object used to form a **void** (03 28003) or recess in a **fibrous plaster case** (09 46050) or **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043), or to fill out the bulk of a large **fibrous plastering model** (09 46052) or **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043)

09 46050 fibrous plaster case

fibrous plaster cast (09 43037) that supports a flexible mould (09 46055) or holds together the parts of a piece mould (09 46063)

09 46051 fibrous plaster fence

strip (01) placed around a **fibrous plastering model** (09 46052) or **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043) to form an enclosure and prevent loss of casting **materials** (01)

09 46052 fibrous plastering model

full size solid object or feature that is to be reproduced as a **fibrous plaster cast** (09 43037)

09 46053 fibrous plaster rope

strip (01) of canvas coated with **casting plaster** $(09\ 43028)$ for incorporation in a **fibrous plaster cast** $(09\ 43037)$ as additional **reinforcement** (01)

09 46054 plastering templet

profiled metal **sheet** (01) that is drawn across the surface of **plaster** (01) while it is plastic to modify its **shape** (11 27004)

09 46055 flexible mould

fibrous plastering mould (09 46043) made of flexible moulding compound (09 46056), and used for the reproduction of a fibrous plastering model (09 46052) that has an undercut (09 42011)

09 46056 flexible moulding compound

flexible material (01) used for making fibrous plastering moulds (09 46043)

09 46057 hand lathe

turning box

rod (01) that by rotation, adjacent to a **plastering templet** (09 46054) on a **frame** (01), produces a cylindrical **product** (01)

09 46058 insertion mould

inflexible **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043) that incorporates a small **flexible mould** (09 46055)

09 46059 loose piece mould

fibrous plastering mould (09 46043) with a removable piece; for making a **moulded section** (08 32095) with an **undercut** (09 42011)

09 46060 mitre stop

short **length** (01) of **moulded section** (08 32095) cut to a mitre and replaced in a **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043) to produce a mitre on a subsequent **fibrous plaster cast** (09 43037)

09 46061 muffle

profiled metal **sheet** (01) fixed over a **plastering templet** (09 46054) to change the **profile** (01)

09 46062 open fence mould

flexible mould $(09\ 46055)$ formed using a fibrous plaster fence $(09\ 46051)$

09 46063 piece mould

fibrous plastering mould $(09\ 46043)$ made with parts held together while casting and then separated to remove the cast

09 46064 skin mould

thin **flexible mould** (09 46055) supported by a **fibrous plaster case** (09 46050)

09 46065 squeeze mould

small **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043) formed by pressing a plastics material on to a **fibrous plastering model** (09 46052) to obtain an impression

09 46066 turning mould

running mould (09 46015) pivoted at one end; used to make a **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043) for a **dome** (03 52002) or similar feature

09 46067 wad

piece of canvas coated with **casting plaster** (09 43028); used in the production of **fibrous plaster casts** (09 43037)

09 46068 waste mould

fibrous plastering mould (09 46043) that is destroyed to release the **fibrous plaster cast** (09 43037)

09 46069 armature

frame (01) of **wood** (01) or metal to which **clay** (BS EN 12670) is applied when forming a large **clay** (BS EN 12670) **fibrous plastering model** $(09\ 46052)$

09 46070 back and front mould

fibrous plastering mould (09 46043) made in two opposing parts

09 46071 cock comb

drag (09 46046) with a curved serrated edge

09 46072 plasterboard jack

lifting platform for raising **gypsum plasterboard** (09 43001) into position in a **ceiling** (01) and supporting it prior to **fixing** (01)

09 46073 foot lifter

foot operated lever for raising gypsum plasterboard (09 43001) into position on a vertical plastering background (01) prior to fixing (01)

09 46074 plasterboard placer

hand operated lever for raising **gypsum plasterboard** (09 43001) into position on a vertical **plastering background** (01) and supporting it prior to **fixing** (01)

09 46075 drywall hammer

hammer (12 66002) for driving hot-dip galvanized, round steel wire nails (01) with large convex heads scored so they can be depressed without damaging the surface of gypsum plasterboard (09 43001)

09 46076 plasterboard saw

general purpose **hand saw** $(12\ 66035)$ for cutting **gypsum plasterboard** $(09\ 43001)$ that has a steel blade with five teeth per 25 mm to prevent clogging

09 46077 plasterboard trimmer

hand set **tool** (01) for cutting a **strip** (01) from a **gypsum plasterboard edge** (09 43057)

09 46078 jointing tape machine

hand operated machine that simultaneously applies **jointing tape** (09 42023) and **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015) to a **joint** (01) in **gypsum plasterboard** (09 43001)

09 46079 corner applicator

hand operated machine that applies **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015) to both **gypsum plasterboard faces** (09 43059) at an internal angle

09 46080 corner finisher

tool (01) for smoothing the surface of plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) at an internal angle

09 46081 corner roller

tool (01) for pressing jointing tape (09 42023) into the surface plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015) at an internal angle

09 46082 flat finisher

hand operated machine that applies a smooth surfaced band of **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015) to a flat surface

09 46083 spot finisher

small flat finisher (09 46082) for use over the heads of plasterboard nails (09 42012) or drywall screws (09 42014) in the central area of a gypsum plasterboard face (09 43059) or gypsum plasterboard back (09 43060)

09 46084 jointing compound sander

abrasive **tool** (01) for smoothing hardened **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015)

09 46085 jointing tape machine loading pump

hand pump (01) for filling a **jointing tape machine** $(09\ 46078)$ with **plasterboard jointing compound** $(09\ 42015)$

09 46086 jointing long handled broad knife

triangular steel blade on a long handle for removing surplus plasterboard jointing compound (09 42015)

09 46087 jointing bladed pan

rectangular plastics trough with steel scraper blades on the longer edges for **cleaning** (06 84020) a **jointing long handled broad knife** (09 46086)

09 46088 jointing sponge

plastics foam disc on a rigid backing with a central handle for working **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015) to an edge of reducing **thickness** (01)

09 46089 jointing tape knife

triangular steel blade on a handle for pressing **jointing tape** (09 42023) into **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015)

09 46090 jointing compound hand applicator

rectangular rigid plastics blade, with a hand grip on one edge, for applying **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015)

09 46091 jointing compound finishing trowel

rectangular slightly curved flexible steel blade, with a central stiffener and single hang handle on the convex surface, for applying **plasterboard jointing compound** (09 42015)

6.5 Properties (09 47xxx)

09 47001 starring

star shaped **blemish** (01) in hardened **plaster** (01); it is caused by a delay in drying

09 47002 fibrous plaster draught

slope (01) given to surfaces of a **fibrous plastering mould** (09 46043) to facilitate the release of a **fibrous plaster cast** (09 43037)

09 47003 cockling

deformation (01) of a fibrous plaster firsting (09 42009)

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