## **BRITISH STANDARD**

# Building and civil engineering – Vocabulary –

Part 4: Transport

ICS 01.040.93; 93.080.01; 93.100; 93.120



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# **Contents**

## Foreword ii

- 1 Scope 3
- 2 Vocabulary structure 3
- Road transport (04 1xxxx) 4
- 4 Rail transport (04 2xxxx) 30
- **5** Air transport (04 3xxxx) 54

Bibliography 58

## List of figures

Figure 1 – Railway track terms shown as diamond crossings  $\,$  29

## **Summary of pages**

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, pages i to iv, pages 1 to 58, an inside back cover and a back cover.

## **Foreword**

## **Publishing information**

This part of BS 6100 is published by BSI and came into effect in June 2008. It was prepared by Technical Committee B/500, *Basic data*. A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

#### **Supersession**

This part of BS 6100 supersedes BS 6100-2.4.1:1992, BS 6100-2.4.2:1988, BS 6100-2.4.3:1992 and BS 6100-2.8:1990, which are withdrawn.

## Relationship with other publications

BS 6100 consists of the following parts.

- Part 0: Introduction and index.
- Part 1: General.
- Part 2: Spaces, building types, environment and physical planning.
- Part 3: Civil engineering General.
- Part 4: Civil engineering Transport.
- Part 5: Civil engineering Water engineering, environmental engineering and pipelines.
- Part 6: Construction parts.
- Part 7: Services.
- Part 8: Work with timber and wood-based panels.
- Part 9: Work with concrete and plaster.
- Part 10: Contract terms.
- Part 11: Performance characteristics, measurement and joints.
- Part 12: Plant, equipment and persons.

#### Information about this document

BS 6100 has been completely restructured and compiled on different principles than previously. Consequently, this part of BS 6100 represents a full revision of the standard.

A general introduction to and explanation of the BS 6100 vocabulary is given in BS 6100-0, which provides an alphabetical index of all the terms in all parts of BS 6100. It is intended that individual parts of BS 6100 are used in conjunction with BS 6100-0 because they do not contain indexes themselves.

BS 6100-1 reproduces verbatim ISO 6707-1 and provides a vocabulary of general terms for the building and civil engineering industry. It is essential that individual parts of BS 6100 are read in conjunction with BS 6100-1.

BS 6100 does not repeat (or provide alternatives for) terms defined in other standards or in other parts of BS 6100. However, it does refer to where definitions can be found and includes a bibliography of all referenced standards.

## **Presentational conventions**

Details of the structure, layout and presentational conventions used in this part of BS 6100 are given in Clause 2.

## Contractual and legal considerations

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

# 1 Scope

This part of BS 6100 defines civil engineering terms that relate to road, rail and air transport.

This standard does not include building types (covered in BS 6100-3), tunnels and bridges (covered in BS 6100-4), building services (covered in BS 6100-8) and water transport, pipelines and ducts (covered in BS 6100-6).

# 2 Vocabulary structure

This part of BS 6100 does not contain its own index. Instead, a comprehensive index of terms is given in BS 6100-0. As a result, it is intended that this part of BS 6100 is used in conjunction with BS 6100-0.

The layout of this vocabulary is designed in accordance with ISO 10241 with terms arranged in a classified order and numbered in accordance with ISO 2145

Each term has an individual number consisting of seven digits in two parts, the first of two digits, the second of five. Each number tells the following information about the term.

- a) The first two digits represent which part of BS 6100 the term belongs to.
- b) The third digit represents which group of terms it belongs to within the part.
- c) The fourth digit represents which subgroup of terms it belongs to within the group.
- d) The fifth to seventh digits determine the location of the term within the subgroup.

Bold words within a definition indicate terms that are defined elsewhere in this part of BS 6100, other parts of BS 6100 or other standards. Reference to where the term is defined is given in parenthesis after the bold word.

NOTE 1 References to terms defined in BS 6100-1 are shown giving only the part number, e.g. (01); references to terms defined in all other parts of BS 6100 are shown using their full reference number, e.g. (06 59005).

NOTE 2 Where more than one definition source could be referred to, the reference containing the definition of most general applicability is given.

Alternative terms are given in medium type below preferred terms which are given in bold type. All alternative terms have the status of being deprecated. Abbreviations are given in bold type below the terms to which they relate.

In the vocabulary, terms of more than one word are written in their natural word order, e.g. pedestal elbow, and the word order is not inverted, e.g. elbow, pedestal. However, inverted forms of a term are included in the index in BS 6100-0.

Terms are only given in the singular form, even when the plural form is more common (unless the term is only found in the plural form).

# 3 Road transport (04 1xxxx)

## 3.1 Works (04 11xxx)

#### 04 11001 primary route

route, made up of **roads** (01) other than **motorways** (01), forming part of a national **network** (01) of important through **roads** (01)

NOTE It is signed in a distinctive manner.

## 04 11002 major road

 $\mathbf{road}$  (01) that has a permanent priority for  $\mathbf{traffic}$  (01) movement over other  $\mathbf{roads}$  (01)

#### 04 11003 minor road

 $\mathbf{road}$  (01) that has a lesser  $\mathbf{traffic}$  (01) value than a  $\mathbf{major}$   $\mathbf{road}$  (04 11002)

## 04 11004 single track road

**road** (01) used by **traffic** (01) in both directions but of insufficient **width** (01) for two vehicles to pass except where it is widened for passing and overtaking

## 04 11005 private street

**road** (01) that gives access to adjoining premises but is not maintained by the **highway** (01) authority

#### 04 11006 all-purpose road

road (01) for use by all classes of traffic (01)

## 04 11007 dual carriageway road

**road** (01) that has two separated **carriageways** (01) for travel in opposite directions

#### 04 11008 special road

road (01) for use by prescribed classes of traffic (01)

#### 04 11009 trunk road

**highway** (01) of primary importance in a national or regional network *NOTE* Designated by Act of Parliament.

## 04 11010 classified road

highway (01) of importance for through communication

NOTE Designated by Act of Parliament.

#### 04 11011 principal road

 $\mathbf{highway}$  (01) that is second in importance to a  $\mathbf{trunk}$   $\mathbf{road}$  (04 11009)

NOTE Designated by Act of Parliament.

#### **04 11012** county road

**highway** (01) that the council of administrative county or region is required to maintain at public expense

#### 04 11013 delegated road

 ${\bf county\ road}\ (04\ 11012)$  that is maintained by the council of a borough or other county district

NOTE The administrative county remains the highway (01) authority.

#### 04 11014 radial road

**highway** (01) that provides direct communication between the centre of an urban area and the outer districts

## 04 11015 ring road

**highway** (01) in or around an urban area to enable **traffic** (01) to avoid a **town centre**  $(02\ 38017)$  or a town

#### 04 11016 distributor road

 ${f road}$  (01) in an urban area that caters for local, district and primary  ${f traffic}$  (01) movements

## **04 11017 bypass**

**highway** (01) on the fringe of a town or village, to enable through **traffic** (01) to avoid congested areas or other obstructions to movement

## 04 11018 cattle grid bypass

way for pedestrians and animals to pass around a **cattle grid** (04 12064)

NOTE Usually gated.

#### 04 11019 relief road

**highway** (01) within a **built-up area** (02 38009) to enable **traffic** (01) to avoid congested areas or other obstructions to movement

## 04 11020 one-way street

 ${\bf road}$  (01) along which vehicular  ${\bf traffic}$  (01) may move in one direction only

NOTE Special provision may be made for public service vehicles and cycles.

## **04 11021 diversion**

length of **road** (01) in substitution for the whole or part of an existing **highway** (01)

cf. diversion (04 11022)

#### **04 11022** diversion

alternative way for **traffic** (01) to avoid congestion, obstruction or other hazard

cf. diversion (04 11021)

## 04 11023 occupation road

**road** (01) that people occupying **land** (01) adjacent to the **road** (01) are entitled to use but that the public at large are not entitled to use

#### 04 11024 accommodation road

**road** (01) that is provided by one party to accommodate an owner in the use of his own **land** (01) in exchange for some concession

NOTE For example, a private **road** (01) provided by a **highway** (01) authority for the use of a landowner whose **land** (01) has been severed.

#### 04 11025 service road

 ${f road}\,(01)$  running parallel to a more important  ${f road}\,(01)$  and providing access to the properties situated along its length

## 04 11026 slip road

length of one-way **road** (01) that connects **roads** (01) at a **road** (01) junction

NOTE The roads (01) connected are usually at different levels.

#### 04 11027 crossover

part of a **footway** (01) or **verge** (01) crossed by a vehicular way to give access to **land** (01) adjacent to a **road** (01)

cf. crossover (04 11028), crossover (04 22043)

#### 04 11028 crossover

part of a **central reserve** (01) paved for occasional use by vehicles cf. **crossover** (04 11027), **crossover** (04 22043)

## 04 11029 cycle lane

**traffic lane** (01) reserved for the use of pedal cycles

#### 04 11030 bus lane

**traffic lane** (01) reserved for the use of buses or other authorized vehicles

## 04 11031 towpath

way along the **bank** (05 28001) of a **canal** (01) or **waterway** (05 22131) for towing or other services connected with **navigation** (05 21007)

## 04 11032 causeway

paved way across land (01) liable to be submerged

NOTE Often raised.

## **04 11033** clearway

**travelled way** (04 12001) on which vehicles are not permitted to stop voluntarily

cf. clearway (04 38006)

## 04 11034 peak hour clearway

**travelled way** (04 12001) on which vehicles are not permitted to stop voluntarily during specified periods when there is expected to be most **traffic** (01)

#### 04 11035 right of way

right to pass over **land** (01) on foot, on or with animals, or in a vehicle

NOTE The right may be subject to conditions and restrictions of user by the grantor or derived from uninterrupted custom.

cf. **right of way** (04 19015)

#### 04 11036 collector-distributor

 $\mathbf{road}$  (01) approximately parallel to a  $\mathbf{major}$   $\mathbf{road}$  (04 11002) that links junctions on the  $\mathbf{major}$   $\mathbf{road}$  (04 11002) to the local  $\mathbf{road}$  (01)  $\mathbf{network}$  (01)

## 04 11038 do-nothing road network

existing **road** (01) **network** (01) against which changes due to a proposed **highway** (01) may be assessed

#### 04 11039 link

length of road (01) between successive road (01) junctions

04 11040 zone centroid connector notional link (04 11039) that joins the zone centroid (04 18003) to

the **road** (01) **network** (01) by which **trips** (04 19004) gain access to

or egress from the **network** (01)

04 11041 underbridge

**bridge** (01) that carries the way under consideration

04 11042 overbridge

**bridge** (01) that spans the way under consideration

04 11043 Irish bridge

> paved ford that incorporates **pipes** (01) to take the **dry weather flow** (01)

04 11044 subway

underground passageway or tunnel (01) for pedestrians and/or cyclists

#### 3.2**Parts (04 12xxx)**

04 12001 travelled way

> part of the **carriageway** (01) that carries through **traffic** (01); it excludes auxiliary **traffic lanes** (01) and **lay-bys** (01)

04 12002 passing place

> local widening of a narrow carriageway (01) to enable vehicles to pass or overtake

04 12003 weaving length

length of carriageway (01) where weaving (04 19050) may take place

04 12004 climbing lane

> **traffic lane** (01) on an up **gradient** (01) for use by slower moving vehicles and to facilitate overtaking

04 12005 merging lane

acceleration lane

auxiliary **traffic lane** (01) that allows **traffic** (01) to join a major road (04 11002) without impeding through traffic (01)

04 12006 diverging lane

deceleration lane

auxiliary **traffic lane** (01) that allows turning **traffic** (01) to approach a **road** (01) junction without impeding through **traffic** (01)

04 12007 right-turn lane

> diverging lane (04 12006) or right hand lane (04 12011) solely for **traffic** (01) turning right

04 12008 left-turn lane

> diverging lane (04 12006) or left hand lane (04 12012) solely for traffic (01) turning left

right-turning lane 04 12009

> through **traffic lane** (01) that has **road markings** (01) for **traffic** (01) turning right

04 12010 left-turning lane

> through **traffic lane** (01) that has **road markings** (01) for **traffic** (01) turning left

## 04 12011 right hand lane

**traffic lane** (01) on the extreme right in the direction of **traffic flow** (05 19016)

#### 04 12012 left hand lane

**traffic lane** (01) on the extreme left in the direction of **traffic flow**  $(05\ 19016)$ 

## 04 12013 centre lane

traffic lane (01) between the right hand lane  $(04\ 12011)$  and the left hand lane  $(04\ 12012)$ 

## 04 12014 bus bay

lay-by (01) reserved for Public Service Vehicles at a stopping place

## 04 12015 hardened verge

part of a verge (01) strengthened to support traffic (01) and grassed

#### **04 12016** hard strip

surfaced strip that abuts a carriageway (01)

NOTE Usually not more than 1 m in width (01).

#### 04 12017 flush kerb

border at the edge of a **carriageway** (01), **hard shoulder** (01) or **hard strip** (04 12016) and substantially level with it

NOTE Usually of concrete (01); may act as a marginal strip (04 12018).

## 04 12018 marginal strip

narrow surface strip that conspicuously marks the edge of a **carriageway** (01)

#### 04 12019 traffic island

raised area on the **highway** (01) shaped and located so as to direct **traffic** (01) movements

NOTE Usually at a road (01) junction.

## 04 12020 ghost island

area marked on a **carriageway** (01) so as to direct **traffic** (01) movements

NOTE Usually at a road (01) junction.

#### 04 12021 refuge

island

**platform** (06 52012) or guarded area in a **carriageway** (01) that divides the streams of **traffic** (01) and provides a safe area for pedestrians

#### **04** 12022 bollard

device placed on a **refuge** (04 12021) or **traffic island** (04 12019) to warn drivers of the obstruction

NOTE It may indicate the direction to be taken by vehicles by means of a traffic sign (07 92006).

cf. **bollard** (04 12023)

#### 04 12023 bollard

substantial **post** (01) to prevent passage of vehicles

cf. **bollard** (04 12022)

## **04 12024** marker post

**post** (01) erected alongside a **carriageway** (01) to give warning or guidance

NOTE Generally fitted with material or small studs that reflect, but not normally lit.

## 04 12025 rumble strip

serrated strip

warning device that consists of a series of transverse ridges or recesses, or coarse textured **surfacing** (04 12061), in or at the edge of a **carriageway** (01)

#### 04 12026 anti-dazzle screen

glare screen

device that screens the lights of oncoming traffic (01)

NOTE Examples are fences (01) or shrubs (06 12035).

#### 04 12027 pedestrian crossing

transverse strip of **carriageway** (01) marked to indicate where pedestrians should cross the **road** (01)

## 04 12028 zebra crossing

**pedestrian crossing** (05 12027) marked with studs, alternate black and white stripes and flashing beacons, on which pedestrians have priority over vehicles

## 04 12029 pelican crossing

**pedestrian crossing** (05 12027) controlled by **traffic signals** (04 12103)

## 04 12030 school crossing

place on a **carriageway** (01) where an authorized person in uniform regulates **traffic** (01) by means of a prescribed **traffic sign** (07 92006) for the purpose of guiding schoolchildren across

#### 04 12031 cycle crossing

place on a **carriageway** (01) marked to indicate where cyclists should cross

#### **04 12032** road hump

sleeping policeman

hump, formed in or on the surface of a **carriageway** (01) to discourage drivers from proceeding at an excessive speed

## **04 12033 edging**

border at the edge of a **footpath** (01), **footway** (01), **bridleway** (03 31012) or **cycle track** (01)

#### 04 12034 sight line

line, either in **plan** (BS ISO 10209-1) or in **profile** (01), that delineates the area in which a **sight distance** (04 17004) can be achieved

#### 04 12035 improvement line

line that defines the boundary of a **landtake** (04 18001) for widening or improving a **highway** (01) as a control over **development** (03 34001)

04 12036 at grade junction

road (01) junction at which no road (01) passes over another

**04 12037** cross roads

at grade junction (04 12036) of two roads (01) crossing at right angles approximately

04 12038 scissor junction

at grade junction (04 12036) of two roads (01) crossing obliquely

04 12039 staggered junction

at grade junction (04 12036) of three roads (01), at which the major road (04 11002) is continuous through the junction and the minor roads (04 11003) connect with it by forming two opposed **T junctions** (04 12040)

04 12040 T junction

at grade junction (04 12036) of two roads (01) at which the minor road (04 11003) joins the major road (04 11002) at right angles approximately

04 12041 Y junction

at grade junction  $(04\ 12036)$  of two roads (01), at which the minor road  $(04\ 11003)$  joins the major road  $(04\ 11002)$  at an oblique angle and terminates at the junction

04 12042 fork junction

at grade junction (04 12036) of two roads (01), at which the major road (04 11002) deviates from a straight path at the junction with the minor road (04 11003)

04 12043 grade-separated junction

road (01) junction at which at least one road (01) passes over another

04 12044 trumpet junction

**grade-separated junction** (04 12043) at which one **road** (01) joins another; allows free flow of **traffic** (01) through all its available changes of direction

04 12045 grade-separated fork junction

grade-separated junction (04 12043) of two roads (01) where one carriageway (01) of one road (01) passes over or under the other road (01) before merging into a single road (01)

04 12046 grade-separated diamond junction

**grade-separated junction** (04 12043) of two **roads** (01) in which they are interconnected by four **slip roads** (04 11026)

04 12047 roundabout

**road** (01) junction at which **traffic** (01) circulates around a circular **traffic island** (04 12019) or **ghost island** (04 12020)

04 12048 grade-separated roundabout junction

grade-separated junction (04 12043) of two or more roads (01) in which the slip roads (04 11026) from the major road (04 11002) meet the minor roads (04 11003) or the slip roads (04 11026) from the minor roads (04 11003) at a roundabout (04 12047) above or below the major road (04 11002) / minor roads (04 11003)

04 12049 mini roundabout

**roundabout** (04 12047) that has a one way movement of **traffic** (01) round a **ghost island** (04 42020) or small **traffic island** (04 12019)

04 12050 mini roundabout at T junction

**T junction** (04 12040) with a **mini roundabout** (04 12049) at the intersection of two **roads** (01)

04 12051 at grade double mini roundabout

two mini roundabouts (04 12049) at an at grade junction (04 12036) that are connected by a short length of road (01) or are contiguous

04 12052 gyratory system

**road** (01) layout enabling **traffic** (01) from several **roads** (01) to pass around a large central area using priority junctions, **mini roundabout** (04 12049) or **traffic signals** (04 12103)

04 12053 dumb-bell junction

grade-separated diamond junction (04 12046) between a major road (04 11002) and minor roads (04 11003) where the slip roads (04 11026) are connected to the minor road (04 11003) with two roundabouts (01)

04 12054 multi-level junction

**grade-separated junction** (04 12043) where three or more **roads** (01) are connected by **slip roads** (04 11026)

04 12055 interchange

**grade-separated junction** (04 12043) of **roads** (01) providing free **traffic flow** (04 19016) between them

04 12056 rigid pavement

**pavement** (01) in which the main **structural member** (01) is a high **strength**  $(11\ 27007)$  **concrete slab** (01) that also provides the surface in contact with the **traffic** (01)

04 12057 rigid composite pavement

pavement (01) with a high strength  $(11\ 27007)$  concrete slab (01) as basecourse  $(04\ 12123)$  with a bituminous  $(04\ 17014)$  surface layer  $(04\ 12124)$ 

04 12058 flexible pavement

**pavement** (01) in which the whole **pavement** (01) **structure** (01) deflects under **load** (01), each layer receiving the **loads** (01) from above, spreading them out and passing them on to the layer below

04 12059 flexible composite pavement

**pavement** (01) in which the **basecourse**  $(04\ 12123)$  is bound with **hydraulic binder** (01)

04 12060 continuously reinforced concrete pavement CRCP

rigid pavement (04 12056) or rigid composite pavement (04 12057) in which the concrete slab (01) is reinforced and has no transverse movement joints (11 42004) 04 12061 surfacing part of a **pavement** (01) above the **roadbase** (04 12122) 04 12062 binder course part of the **surfacing** (04 12061) immediately below the **surface layer** (04 12124) 04 12063 snow fence fence (01) to restrict the accumulation of drifting snow on a road (01) or **track** (01) 04 12064 cattle grid **structure** (01) placed on a **road** (01) to prevent passage of animals while permitting other **traffic** (01) to pass 04 12065 cattle creep underground passage or tunnel (01) to permit passage of bovines under a road (01) or railway (01) NOTE Smaller mammals can also use the same facility. 04 12066 bridge superstructure superstructure (01) of a bridge (01) 04 12067 bridge substructure parts of a **bridge** (01) supporting the **bridge** superstructure (04 12066) 04 12068 corrugated steel buried structure tunnel (01) or conduit (01) comprising buried corrugated steel components (01) surrounded by granular material (01) 04 12069 horizontal curve curve in **plan** (ISO 10209-1) of a way 04 12070 vertical curve curve on the longitudinal profile (01) of the way 04 12071 transition curve curve in which the radius changes continuously along its length NOTE For connecting a straight length with a circular arc or two circular arcs of different radii or of opposite hand. 04 12072 transition length **length** (01) of a transition curve (04 12071) 04 12073 compound curve curve in a way that consists of two or more arcs of different radii curving in the same direction and having a common tangent or transition curve (04 12071) between them 04 12074 reverse curve two abutting curves in a way that are of opposite hand in the shape (11 27004) of an "S" or its mirror image 04 12075 intersection point point at which two successive straight lengths of way, or tangents to curves, intersect

04 12076 tangent point point where a way ceases to be straight and curvature begins 04 12077 highest portion of the cross-section of a cambered way flag 04 12078 small **slab** (01) of natural or artificial **stone** (01) or **precast** concrete (01) 04 12079 filter drain rubble drain drain formed in a **trench** (01) using a granular **backfill** (01) NOTE A porous or perforated **pipe** (01) may be laid in the **trench** (01). 04 12080 box culvert **culvert** (01) of rectangular cross-section 04 12081 channel **channel** (01) for **surface water** (01) at the edge of a carriageway (01) 04 12082 grip shallow trench (03 22007) across a verge (01) to lead surface water (01) away from the carriageway (01)04 12083 kerb outlet aperture formed in a **kerb** (01) to convey **surface water** (01) from the **channel** (04 12081) into a **drain** (01) or **ditch** (05 22067) 04 12084 regulating course layer of **material** (01) of variable **thickness** (01) to adjust the shape (11 27004) in preparation for a surface layer (04 12124) of regular thickness (01) 04 12085 warping joint hinged **joint** (01) in a **road** (01) **slab** (01)04 12086 sett paving surface layer (04 12124) of setts (01) laid in a regular pattern 04 12087 stone block paving surface layer (04 12124) of stone (01) blocks (01) in which the vertical faces of the **blocks** (01) are dressed to strict gauges so the **joints** (01) between **blocks** (01) are very narrow 04 12089 grouted macadam coarse aggregate (BS EN 12620) into which a bituminous **binder** (04 13006) or a **mortar** (01) of **Portland cement** (09 13006) and sand (BS EN 12670) is poured after spreading the aggregate (01) 04 12090 cement-bound macadam grouted macadam (04 12089) with Portland cement (09 13006) mortar (01) and sand (BS EN 12670) 04 12091 skid-resistant surface non-skid surface surface layer (04 12124) with improved skid resistance (BS 7941-1) 04 12092 mastic asphalt surfacing

surface layer (04 12124) of mastic asphalt (BS EN 12970)

#### 04 12093 surface dressing

**surface layer** (04 12124) of **chippings** (04 13003) lightly rolled into a film of **bitumen emulsion** (04 13023) or **cut back bitumen** (04 13027)

## 04 12094 clay block paving

**surfacing** (04 12061) that consists of regular **blocks** (01) of fired **clay** (BS EN 12670) laid in a pattern

## 04 12095 crack inducer

**strip** (01) placed in a **concrete slab** (01) to form a **dummy joint** (09 32007)

#### 04 12096 rut

groove or depression in a **surface layer**  $(04\ 12124)$  produced by the **action** (01) of **traffic** (01)

#### **04 12097 buffer zone**

strip of **carriageway** (01) delineated to separate **traffic** (01) in a **contraflow** (01)

NOTE Usually about 1 m wide.

## 04 12098 parking meter

mechanical device to **measure** (01), display and collect payment for the **parking** (04 19056) time of vehicles

## **04 12099** yellow line

**traffic line** (05 12120) on a **carriageway** (01) or **kerb** (01), yellow in **colour** (11 27079) and regulating **waiting** (04 19060), loading and unloading

#### **04 12100 stop line**

continuous transverse or oblique **traffic line** (04 12120) behind which vehicles should stand when stopped by police control, **traffic signals** (04 12103) or **regulatory sign** (06 92022)

## **04 12101** give way line

broken transverse **traffic line** (04 12120) across a **traffic lane** (01) at the mouth of the **minor road** (04 11003) at a **road** (01) junction signifying that vehicles emerging from the **minor road** (04 11003) should give way to vehicles on the **major road** (04 11004) or **roundabout** (04 12047)

#### 04 12102 reflecting road stud

device installed on a **carriageway** (01) at regular intervals to supplement or act as a substitute for a **traffic line** (04 12120) by reflecting the light from an approaching vehicle as white or coloured light

## 04 12103 traffic signals

system of different coloured signal lights, including arrow-shaped lights, for stopping **traffic streams** (04 19013) or permitting them to move

## 04 12104 signal head

**assembly** (01) of signal lights, their appropriate housing and means of attachment to its support

## 04 12105 signal head assembly

combination of one or more  $\mathbf{signal}$  heads (04 12104) attached to one support

## 04 12106 signal face

side of a signal head (04 12104) capable of exhibiting signal lights

#### 04 12107 primary signal face

**signal face** (04 12106) nearest to and facing oncoming **traffic** (01); it is situated close to the **stop line** (04 12100) on the near side of the **carriageway** (01) facing the approaching **traffic** (01) but may be duplicated on the off-side

## 04 12108 secondary signal face

**signal face** (04 12106) facing oncoming **traffic** (01) supplementing the **primary signal face** (04 12107) and beyond the **stop line** (04 12100)

## 04 12109 restricted right of way

movement in a particular direction accorded only by a green arrow **traffic signal** (04 12103) at a **primary signal face** (04 12107)

## 04 12110 stage

indication by **traffic signals** (04 12103) during a period of the **signalling cycle** (04 12112) that gives **right of way** (04 19015) to one or more particular **traffic** (01) movements

## **04 12111 phase**

set of conditions that fixes the pattern of movement and waiting for one or more **traffic streams** (04 19013) during a **signalling cycle** (04 12112)

#### 04 12112 signalling cycle

one complete sequence of the operation of **traffic signals** (04 12103)

## 04 12113 controller

apparatus that controls and switches **traffic signals** (04 12103)

#### 04 12114 vehicle actuated traffic signals

**traffic** (01) signalling equipment in which the duration of the red and green signal lights and the time of duration of the **signalling cycle** (04 12112) vary in relation to the **traffic flow** (05 19016) into and through the controlled area

NOTE It is actuated by a detector (04 19062).

#### 04 12115 concurrent ambers

condition where on a change of **right of way**  $(04\ 19015)$  all the warning indications to **traffic** (01) about to start or for that called upon to stop, start together

## 04 12116 staggered ambers

condition where on a change of **right of way** (04 19015) the warning to **traffic streams** (04 19013) about to start commences during the warning to **traffic streams** (04 19013) called upon to stop

## 04 12117 sequent ambers

condition where on a change of **right of way** (04 19015) the start of a warning to **traffic streams** (04 19013) about to start coincides with the end of the warning to **traffic streams** (04 19013) called upon to stop

## 04 12118 funnelling system

**traffic signals** (04 12103) that concentrate **traffic** (01) into small groups to reduce congestion

## 04 12119 road stud

small metal marker placed with others across the surface of a **carriageway** (01) to indicate the limits of a **pedestrian crossing** (04 12027)

#### 04 12120 traffic line

road marking (01) in the form of a line

## 04 12121 pavement sub-base

one or more layers of **material** (01) placed immediately above the **road formation** (01)

#### **04 12122** roadbase

main structural element of a **pavement** (01)

#### 04 12123 basecourse

course forming part of the **surfacing** (04 12061) immediately below the **surface layer** (04 12124)

#### 04 12124 surface layer

upper layer of **pavement** (01) the surface of which is in contact with the **traffic** (01)

## **3.3 Materials (04 13xxx)**

#### **04 13001** coated grit

grit (BS EN 12670) coated with bitumen (01)

## 04 13003 chippings

single sized **aggregate**  $(09\ 23003)$  of nominal **size** (01) between 3 mm and 20 mm

## 04 13004 coated chippings

chippings (04 13003) coated with bitumen (01)

#### 04 13005 soil cement

**soil** (01), **clinker** (09 13004) or ash stabilized or strengthened with a **hydraulic binder** (01)

## 04 13006 bituminous binder

**bituminous**  $(04\ 17014)$  **material** (01) with adhesive and waterproofing **properties** (01)

#### 04 13007 modified binder

bituminous binder (04 13006) incorporating an additive (01)

#### 04 13008 filler

fine non-plastic mineral matter used to stiffen **bituminous binders** 04 13006) and **bituminous** (04 17014) mixtures and to fill **voids** (03 28003) in these mixtures

#### **04 13009** slurry seal

mixture of **binder** (01), **fine aggregate** (01) and **filler** (04 13008) with water added to produce a mixture of **slurry** (01) consistency

## 04 13010 lake asphalt

highly viscous natural  $\operatorname{asphalt}(01)$  found in well defined surface deposits

#### 04 13013 tar

viscous liquid, black in **colour** (11 27079), that has adhesive **properties** (01), obtained by the destructive distillation of **coal** (BS 3323), **wood** (01) or **shale** (BS EN 12670)

## 04 13015 coated macadam

graded **aggregate** (01) coated with **bituminous binder** (04 13006) and in which a major part of the **strength** (11 27007) of the mixture derives from interlocking of **aggregate** (01)

#### 04 13016 bitumen macadam

**coated macadam**  $(04\ 13015)$  in which the **binder** (01) is wholly or substantially **bitumen** (01)

#### 04 13019 dense bitumen macadam

**bitumen macadam** (04 13016) in which the **aggregate** (01) and **filler** (04 13008) are graded to form a close textured mixture of low **permeability** (01) when spread and compacted

## 04 13021 porous asphalt

coated macadam (04 13015) used as a surface layer (04 12124), retaining a high voids (03 28003) content to facilitate rapid drainage (01) of surface water (01)

#### 04 13023 bitumen emulsion

dispersion of **bitumen** (01) in water with an emulsifying agent

#### 04 13024 anionic bitumen emulsion

**bitumen emulsion**  $(04\ 13023)$  in which the emulsifying agent **coats** (01) the droplets of **bitumen** (01) with a negatively charged organic ion coating

#### 04 13025 cationic bitumen emulsion

**bitumen emulsion** (04 13023) in which the emulsifying agent **coats** (01) the droplets of **bitumen** (01) with a positively charged organic ion coating

#### 04 13026 flux oil

substantially non-volatile oil

## 04 13027 cut back bitumen

**bitumen** (01) obtained from petroleum with a **viscosity** (11 27038) that is reduced by adding a volatile oil

## 04 13028 pitching stone

large **stones** (01) placed by hand with small **stones** (01) or other **material** (01) in the interstices and compacted; used as a **basecourse** (04 12123) or **revetment** (05 21073)

NOTE Usually between 175 mm and 300 mm in depth (01).

#### 04 13029 tack coat

thin film of **binder** (01) to improve adhesion between two layers of **pavement** (01)

## 3.4 Activities (04 14xxx)

## 04 14001 traffic assignment

assessment, from a knowledge of the origins and destinations of **traffic** (01) in an area, of the distribution of the **traffic** (01) on a specific **road** (01) **network** (01)

## 04 14002 traffic simulation

assess **traffic flow**  $(04\,19016)$  through a representation of **traffic** (01) systems and situations

#### 04 14003 grit

spread **grit** (BS EN 12670) or similar **material** (01) on **surfacing** (04 12061) to reduce the likelihood of skidding

## **04 14004** scarify

systematic disruption and loosening of **surfacing** (04 12061) or of **ground** (01)

#### **04 14005** repave

restore (01) a bituminous (04 17014) surface layer (04 12124) by heating, scarifying (04 14004), remix the loosened material (01) with additional bitumen (01) and relay

#### 04 14006 burn off

remove excess **bituminous binder** (04 13006) from a **surface layer** (04 12124) by a machine using a flame technique

## **04 14007** regulate

form a surface to the required **shape** (11 27004) or contour

## **3.5 Processes (04 15xxx)**

#### 04 15001 community severance

adverse effect on movement within a community as a consequence of **roads** (01) and **traffic** (01)

#### 04 15002 visual intrusion

perceived impact of a **road** (01) and its **traffic** (01) on the **landscape** (06 19001)

#### 04 15003 visual obstruction

blockage of view by a proposed **road** (01), its **structures** (01) and the **traffic** (01) using the **road** (01)

#### 04 15004 shift

lateral displacement of a circular curve in a way, measured along the radius, consequent upon the introduction of a **transition curve** (04 12071)

## 04 15005 corrugation

surface **deformation** (01) into marked wave-like shapes at approximately equal distances and transverse to the line of **traffic** (01)

## 04 15006 stripping

displacement of **bituminous binder** (04 13006) from the surface of **aggregate** (01)

NOTE Usually by the action (01) of water.

## **04 15007** early cut-off

condition in which one or more **traffic streams** (04 19013) that were running during the preceding **stage** (04 12110) are stopped whilst one or more other **traffic streams** (04 19013) are allowed to continue moving

#### 04 15008 late release

condition in which one or more **traffic streams** (04 19013) are permitted to move before the release of other **traffic streams** (04 19013) permitted to run with them during the subsequent **stage** (04 12110)

## 3.6 Plant, equipment and documents (04 16xxx)

#### 04 16001 assessment framework

tabular presentation of the effects of a proposed **highway** (01), including all **costs** (01) and benefits, enabling an appraisal to be made

#### 04 16002 visual envelope map

map indicating the area of **land** (01) from which there would be a view of any part of a proposed **road** (01), its **structures** (01) and the **traffic** (01) using the **road** (01)

#### 04 16003 fixed trip matrix

**trip matrix** (04 16005) that it is assumed will not be altered by a **road** (01) scheme

#### 04 16004 traffic model

mathematical model (01) for predicting traffic flow  $(04\ 19016)$  on proposed and existing roads (01)

#### 04 16005 strip matrix

table of the number of vehicles or person **trips** (04 19004) between **zones** (04 18002) in a particular period of time

#### 04 16006 automatic traffic count

**traffic** (01) count by an automatic device, recorded for future analysis

#### 04 16007 manual classified count

**traffic** (01) count by observation; recorded and classified by vehicle type and time period

#### 04 16008 traffic census

recording, together or by classes, the number of vehicles passing a selected point or points in a specified time, period or series of periods

## 04 16009 directional census

**traffic census** (04 16008) in which the volume of **traffic** (01) passing in each direction at each point is counted separately

## 04 16010 origin and destination

collection of data concerning origins and destinations of  $\mathbf{traffic}$  (01) moving in an area

#### 04 16011 cordon

ring of survey points drawn round an area for the purpose of carrying out a **traffic census** (04 16008) or to encircle the area of interest of a **traffic** (01) study

#### 04 16012 screen

line of survey points across an area such that all material  $\mathbf{traffic}$   $\mathbf{streams}$  (04 19013) going from the one part of the area to the other are observed

#### 04 16013 screen-line

imaginary line drawn across a transport corridor NOTE Often an enclosed cordon (04 16011).

## 04 16014 gravity model

**traffic model** (04 16004) that assumes the probability of a **trip** (04 19004) is proportional to the attraction of the destination and the inverse of the **trip** (04 19004) distance

#### 04 16015 diversion curve

mathematical relationship, used in **traffic** (01) modelling, that apportions **traffic** (01) between different routes and different modes of transport

#### 04 16016 car ownership model

assessment of car ownership, i.e. number of cars per household, in a **zone** (04 18002)

## 04 16017 trip distribution

**traffic model** (04 16004) that connects the origins and destinations of **trips** (04 19004) to form a matrix of the movements taking place between **zones** (04 18002)

#### 04 16018 trip assignment model

**traffic model** (04 16004) selecting the routes through a **road** (01) **network** (01) that vehicles might be expected to take

#### 04 16019 all-or-nothing assignment

assignment of all  ${f trips}$  (04 19004) between two  ${f zones}$  (04 18002) to a single route

## 04 16020 multi-routeing assignment

distribution of all **trips** (04 19004) between two **zones** (04 18002) over two or more routes

## 04 16021 capacity restrained assignment

assignment of **trips** (04 19004) that takes account of the level of congestion in the **road** (01) **network** (01) when selecting routes between **zones** (04 18002)

## 04 16022 capacity index

code number that categorizes each link (04 11039) in a road (01) network (01) according to its traffic flow (04 19016) characteristics (01)

## 04 16023 jurisdiction code

code used in **traffic** (01) modelling to indicate the physical location of a **road** (01)

## 04 16024 digital ground model

computerized representation of the  $\mathbf{ground}$  (01) surface by vertical and horizontal coordinates

## 04 16025 parking survey

process of recording data of the vehicles parked in a specific area and the analysis of the data to determine the number, duration and rates of arrival and departure of the vehicles observed

## 3.7 Plant, equipment and documents (04 17xxx)

## 04 17001 speed/flow/geometry relationship

mathematical relationship between the speed of travel on a **road** (01), its physical **characteristics** (01) and the volume and nature of **traffic flow** (0519016) along it

## 04 17002 horizontal alignment

direction and course of the centre line of a **road** (01) or **carriageway** (01) on **plan** (BS ISO 10209-1)

## 04 17003 vertical alignment

direction and course of the centre line of a **road** (01) or **carriageway** (01) in **profile** (01)

## 04 17004 sight distance

distance at which an object becomes visible to an observer, the **height** (01) above the **carriageway** (01) and object being specified

#### 04 17005 stopping sight distance

minimum specified **sight distance** (04 17004) within which a vehicle travelling at a specified speed can stop safely

## 04 17006 full overtaking sight

minimum specified **sight distance** (04 17004) within which a vehicle can overtake safely without exceeding a specified speed

#### 04 17007 degree of curvature

angle subtended by a circular arc at the centre of the circle of which the arc is a part, the length of the arc being limited by a given chord

NOTE The given chord is usually 30 m long.

## 04 17008 intersection angle

internal angle formed by two successive straight lengths of way or by tangents to curves

## 04 17009 deviation angle

external angle formed by two successive straight lengths of way or tangents to curves

NOTE Indicates the angular change of direction.

## 04 17010 deflection angle

angle from a tangent subtending a chord used in **setting out** (01) a curved way

#### 04 17011 camber

convexity of the curved cross-section of a way

#### **04 17012** crossfall

**slope** (01) across the width of a way

#### 04 17013 superelevation

banking

inward tilt or transverse inclination to the cross-section of a **carriageway** (01) throughout the length of a **horizontal curve** (04 12069) to reduce the effects of centrifugal force on a moving vehicle

## 04 17014 bituminous

containing bitumen (01) or mixtures thereof

#### 04 17015 texture depth

measure (01) of the texture (01) of a surface layer (04 12124)

## 04 17016 riding quality

objective **measure** (01) related to the subjective response of a vehicle occupant to the unevenness of a **road** (01) surface

NOTE Usually expressed in terms of the summed vertical irregularities per kilometre along a longitudinal line on the surface.

## 04 17017 skid resistance value

numerical value of **skid resistance** (BS 7941-1) measured with a portable tester

#### 04 17018 braking force coefficient

coefficient used as a **measure** (01) of the resistance of a wheel to forward sliding on the **road** (01) and to the condition where brakes are applied to a wheel having forward motion only

NOTE Expressed as the ratio of the horizontal force (01) in the plane of the wheel to the load (01) on the wheel when it is on the point of skidding.

#### 04 17020 polished stone value

**measure** (01) of extent to which different types of **stone** (01) in a **surface layer** (04 12124) will polish under **traffic** (01)

#### 04 17021 aggregate abrasion value

measure (01) of abrasion resistance  $(11\ 27015)$  of an aggregate (01)

#### 04 17022 minimum running period

duration of a green signal light, following the extinction of a red-amber signal light, during which no change of signal light occurs

## 04 17023 vehicle extension period

additional duration of a green signal light that can be secured by the operation of a **detector** (11 19062) by a vehicle that has **right of way** (04 19015)

#### 04 17024 maximum running period

maximum period that a green light signal can be continued after a demand had been made by **traffic** (01) on another **phase** (04 12111)

## 04 17025 inter-green period

period between the end of the green light signal giving **right of way** (04 19015) for one **phase** (04 12111), and the beginning of the green light signal giving **right of way** (04 19015) for the next **phase** (04 12111)

## 04 17026 all-red period

period during the change from one **phase** (04 12111) to the next when all signal aspects display a red light signal

## 3.8 **Spaces (04 18xxx)**

## 04 18001 landtake

land (01) required for a highway (01) scheme

#### **04 18002 zone**

geographical area of convenient size (01) for trip  $(04\ 19004)$  information

NOTE Normally based on convenient local authority boundaries.

#### 04 18003 zone centroid

notional centre of a **zone** (04 18002) that represents the origin and destinations of all **trips** (05 19004) from and to that **zone** (04 18002)

#### 04 18004 splay

area of **land** (01) at a junction, corner or bend to give adequate visibility

#### 04 18005 flare

area of a **traffic lane** (01) in which its **width** (01) is increased to form an additional **traffic lane** (01) or to widen a **traffic lane** (01) at the approach to a **road** (01) junction

## 04 18006 funnel

area of a **traffic lane** (01) in which its **width** (01) is gradually reduced until it is eliminated

#### **04 18007** safety zone

area between a **traffic lane** (01) and **construction work** (01) that is temporarily delineated and kept clear to help secure safety

## **04 18008** parking bay

area designated and marked for parking (04 190506) one vehicle

#### 04 18009 pelican controlled area

area of **carriageway** (01) subject to control in relation to a **pelican crossing** (04 12029)

## 04 18010 zebra controlled area

area of **carriageway** (01) subject to control in relation to a **zebra crossing** (04 12028)

|    | 3.9   | Miscenaneous (04 19xxx)   |
|----|-------|---|
| 04 | 19001 | personal injury accident<br>road (01) accident in which at least one person is injured  |
| 04 | 19002 | fatal accident<br>road (01) accident in which at least one person is killed   |
| 04 | 19003 | damage only accident road (01) accident that involves at least one vehicle in which no people are injured or killed   |
| 04 | 19004 | <b>trip</b> single journey from an origin to a destination  |
| 04 | 19005 | primary destination<br>major town served by a primary route (04 11001)  |
| 04 | 19006 | <b>generated traffic</b> additional <b>traffic</b> (01) induced by the creation of special facilities or factors  |
| 04 | 19007 | re-assigned traffic traffic (01) that changes its route between an unchanged origin and destination as a result of changes made to the road (01) network (01) |
| 04 | 19008 | redistributed traffic traffic (01) that changes the origin or destination of a trip (04 19004) as a result of a change made to the road (01) network (01)     |
| 04 | 19009 | home-based trip<br>trip (04 19004) that starts or finishes at home  |
| 04 | 19010 | non-home-based trip<br>trip (04 19004) that neither starts nor finishes at home   |
| 04 | 19011 | modal split<br>separation of trips (04 19004) according to mode of transport  |
| 04 | 19012 | <b>trip end model</b> assessment of the number of <b>trips</b> (04 19004) that start or finish in a <b>zone</b> (04 18002)                                    |
| 04 | 19013 | traffic stream traffic (01) moving in one or more lines in the same direction   |
|    |       | NOTE Usually vehicular traffic (01).  |
| 04 | 19014 | traffic control regulation of traffic (01) by traffic signals (04 12103) or traffic signs (06 92006)  |
| 04 | 19015 | right of way right of priority attached to traffic (01) moving in a particular direction or a priority given temporarily                                      |
|    |       | cf. <b>right of way</b> (04 11035)  |
| 04 | 19016 | traffic flow number of vehicles, people or animals passing a specific point in a  |

stated time, in both directions unless otherwise stated

04 19017 design flow traffic flow (05 19016) assumed for highway (01) design purposes 04 19018 peak traffic flow maximum traffic flow (05 19016) in given circumstances 04 19019 traffic flow density traffic flow (05 19016) per unit of travelled way (04 12001) NOTE Usually expressed as number of vehicles per hour per traffic lane (01). 04 19020 traffic capacity maximum practicable traffic flow (05 19016) in given purposes or assumed for design purposes 04 19021 lane capacity traffic capacity (04 19020) of one traffic lane (01) 04 19022 optimum speed speed at which the traffic capacity (04 19020) can be attained 04 19023 traffic concentration number of vehicles per unit length of road (01) at a specified time excluding parked vehicles 04 19024 passenger car unit unit of **traffic** (01) equivalent to one normal private car, for capacity purposes NOTE The private car is the unit and other vehicles are converted to the same unit by a factor that depends on their type and circumstances. 04 19025 transverse distribution manner in which vehicular traffic (01) disposes itself across the carriageway (01) 04 19026 free speed speed adopted by a driver when uninfluenced by the presence of other traffic (01) 04 19027 design speed free speed (04 19026) above which 85% of traffic (01) does not travel, assumed for design purposes 04 19028 journey time overall time taken to travel between two specified points on a route, excluding intentional stoppages 04 19029 stopped time time spent stationary on a journey as a result of the requirements of other **traffic** (01) 04 19030 running time

# 04 19031 running speed

time (04 19029)

average speed calculated by dividing distance travelled by a vehicle by its  ${\bf running\ time\ }(04\ 19030)$ 

difference between journey time (04 19029) and stopped

## 04 19032 distance headway

distance from the front of a vehicle to the front of the one ahead in the same **traffic lane** (01)

## 04 19033 headway

interval, in time, between consecutive vehicles operating scheduled services

## 04 19034 time headway

time that elapses at a specified point between the passage of corresponding points on successive vehicles travelling in one or more directions as selected

## 04 19035 braking distance

distance a vehicle travels between when the brakes are applied and when the vehicle stops

#### 04 19036 reaction time

time interval between the occurrence of an event that demands immediate action by the driver and his response

NOTE Examples of responses are application of brakes, response to traffic signals (04 12103).

#### 04 19037 reaction distance

distance travelled during the **reaction time** (04 19036)

## 04 19038 stopping time

time interval between the instant when the driver receives a stimulus that signifies a need to stop and the instant when the vehicle comes to rest

NOTE Usually implies a minimum time.

## 04 19039 brake lag

time that elapses from the instant when the brake pedal is depressed and the instant when the brakes influence the motion of the vehicle

## 04 19040 priority rules

rules that govern the precedence of **traffic** (01)

#### 04 19041 segregated contraflow

**contraflow** (01) in which **traffic** (01) travelling in a direction opposite to the normal is limited to light vehicles

## 04 19042 alternate one way working

arrangement whereby **traffic** (01) is restricted to one **traffic lane** (01) controlled by **traffic signs** (06 92006) that direct **traffic flow** (04 19016) in each direction alternately

## **04 19043 filtering**

permitted movement of **traffic** (01) from the same direction in one or more **traffic lanes** (01) while **traffic** (01) in the remaining **traffic lanes** (01) is stopped

#### 04 19044 single-line traffic

**traffic** (01) constrained to movement in one direction in a single **traffic** lane (01)

#### 04 19045 shuttle traffic

**traffic** (01) constrained to flow only in one direction and then in the opposite direction, alternately

## 04 19046 turning traffic

vehicles turning left or right after passing a **stop line** (04 12100) or primary **traffic signals** (04 12103)

## 04 19047 gyratory traffic

vehicular **traffic** (01) flowing around a **gyratory system** (04 12052) or a **roundabout** (04 12047)

## 04 19048 diverted traffic

 $\mathbf{traffic}$  (01), normally using one  $\mathbf{road}$  (01) or route, that is temporarily directed onto another  $\mathbf{road}$  (01) or route

#### 04 19049 tidal traffic

 $\boldsymbol{traffic}\,(01)$  on a two-way  $\boldsymbol{road}\,(01)$  that proceeds predominantly in one direction

NOTE The direction may be changed according to time or other recurrent circumstances.

## 04 19050 weaving

movement of **traffic** (01) in the same general direction by which vehicles within two or more **traffic streams** (04 19013) intersect at a small angle so that the vehicles in one stream cross other streams gradually

#### 04 19051 bunch

of vehicles, travel in groups or clusters

#### 04 19052 diverge

of a vehicle, move out of a **traffic stream** (04 19013)

#### **04 19053** merge

of a vehicle, move into a **traffic stream** (04 19013)

#### 04 19054 funnelling

effect of a gradual reduction in the width (01) of a carriageway (01)

## 04 19055 channelling

use of **traffic islands** (04 12019) or **road marking** (01) to direct **traffic** (01) into specified **traffic lanes** (01)

#### 04 19056 parking

keeping or leaving a vehicle stationary in a place that may or may not be on the **highway** (01)

## 04 19057 authorized street parking

**parking** (04 19056) on part of a **highway** (01) that has been designated as a place where vehicles may be parked

## 04 19058 angle parking

**parking** (04 19056) where the axes of vehicles are oblique to the alignment of the **carriageway** (01)

## 04 19059 parking turnover

number of times that **parking spaces** (01) are used in a stated time

## 04 19060 waiting

keeping or leaving a vehicle stationary on the **highway** (01) for reasons other than **traffic** (01) delay

NOTE For example, for period longer than the minimum necessary for picking up or setting down passengers or loading or unloading goods.

## 04 19061 unilateral waiting

system in which vehicles are prohibited from **waiting** (04 19060) on one side of a **carriageway** (01)

NOTE The prohibition may apply to one side permanently, or be changed from one side to another.

## 04 19062 detector

unit of the vehicle detecting equipment that, when traversed by a vehicle, initiates the process of detection

NOTE Usually laid in a carriageway (01).

## **04 19063 speed time**

vary the duration of the **vehicle extension period**  $(04\ 17023)$  relative to the speed of vehicles

## 04 19064 minimum change

signal change that occurs at expiration of **minimum running period** (04 17022)

#### **04 19065** gap change

signal change that occurs at the end of a **vehicle extension period** (04 17023)

## 04 19066 maximum change

signal change that occurs on the expiration of a  ${\bf maximum\ running\ period\ }(04\ 17024)$ 

## 04 19067 demand

request for **right of way** (04 19015) for **traffic** (01) passing a **detector** (04 19062) and approaching a red light signal

#### 04 19068 extension

continuation of the green light signal that results from a request made by a vehicle that has **right of way** (04 19015)

## 04 19069 traffic engineering

engineering that deals with **traffic** (01) usage and control, and including **traffic** (01) planning and the design of **road** (01) layouts

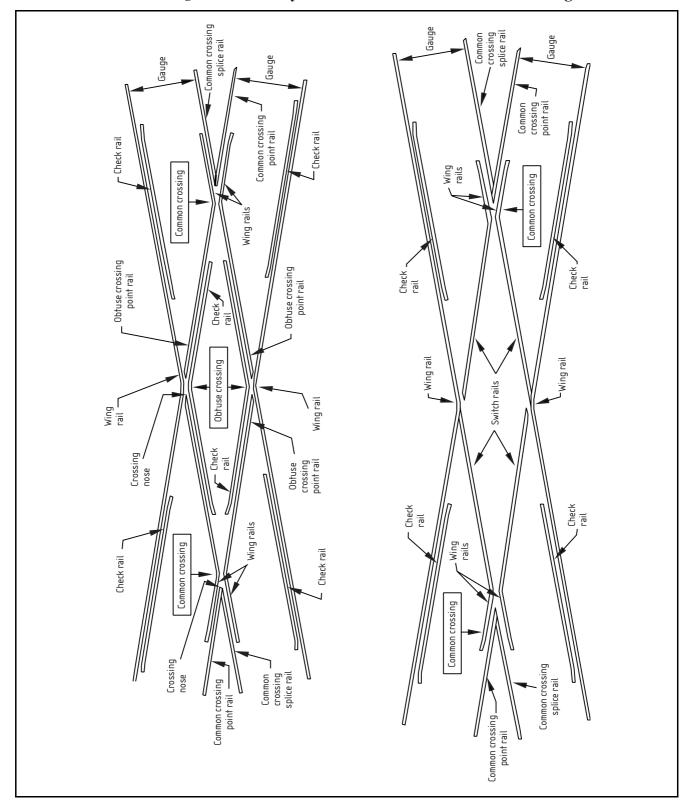


Figure 1 Railway track terms shown as diamond crossings

# 4 Rail transport (04 2xxxx)

| 4.1 | Works | (04 | 21xxx) |
|-----|-------|-----|--------|
|-----|-------|-----|--------|

## 04 21001 electric railway

railway (01) on which vehicles are propelled by **electric** (07 17002)

traction

## 04 21002 light railway

 ${f railway}~(01)$  with restrictions on  ${f weight}~(01)$  and speed of vehicles

#### 04 21002 rack railway

railway (01) with vehicles driven by pinions that engage on a rack

## 04 21003 funicular railway

**railway** (01) on a steep incline on which vehicles are connected by **cable** (01) to a drum or to each other to provide a counterbalance

#### 04 21006 occupation bridge

**bridge** (01) involving a **railway** (01) where the **road** (01) or **footpath** (01) concerned is privately owned

## 04 21007 accommodation bridge

**bridge** (01) to maintain access between sections of land severed by the **railway** (01)

## 4.2 Parts (04 22xxx)

#### 04 22001 main line

principal track (01) on a railway (01)

## 04 22002 secondary line

 $\mathbf{track}$  (01) on a  $\mathbf{railway}$  (01) less important than a  $\mathbf{main}$  line (04 22001)

#### 04 22003 relief line

**secondary line** (04 22022) that runs alongside a **main line** (04 22001)

## 04 22004 branch line

track (01) that acts as a feeder to a main line (04 22001) or a secondary line (04 22002)

#### 04 22005 goods line

**track** (01) for carrying freight vehicles

## 04 22006 passing loop

**track** (01) for diverting or holding **traffic** (01) so that other **traffic** (01) may pass

#### 04 22007 through line

**track** (01) within the environs of a station for non-stopping **traffic** 

#### 04 22008 electrified track

track (01) for an electric railway (04 21001)

#### 04 22009 reversible line

**track** (01) for operating in both directions

| 04 | 22010 | single line single reversible line (04 22009) on a section of railway (01)   |
|----|-------|--|
| 04 | 22011 | siding<br>track (01) for marshalling and stabling vehicles   |
| 04 | 22012 | <pre>private siding siding (04 22011) or access track (01) on private premises</pre>   |
| 04 | 22013 | running line<br>track (01) other than a siding (04 22011)  |
| 04 | 22014 | plain line<br>length of track (01) without switches (04 22024) or<br>crossings (04 22032)  |
| 04 | 22015 | switch and crossing layout<br>length of track (01) with switches (04 22024) and<br>crossings (04 22032) forming junctions (04 22040)   |
| 04 | 22016 | <b>track category</b> classification of <b>running line</b> (04 22013) based on tonnage and <b>traffic</b> speed   |
| 04 | 22017 | track panel prefabricated assembly (01) of rails (04 22051), sleepers (01) and fastenings (01)   |
| 04 | 22018 | slab track rails (04 22021) and fittings (01) fixed to sleepers (01) or precast concrete (01) panels embedded in an in situ reinforced concrete (09 33032) slab (01), or rails (04 22021) and fittings (01) fixed to an in situ reinforced concrete (09 33032) slab (01) |
| 04 | 22019 | transition beam connecting unit between ballasted track (01) and slab track (04 22018)   |
| 04 | 22020 | mixed gauge track<br>dual gauge track<br>track (01) with extra running rail (04 22056) or running<br>rails (04 22056) to provide two or more gauges (04 27003)   |
| 04 | 22021 | <pre>interlaced track track (01) in which adjacent tracks (01) overlap to allow two-way traffic working within a restricted width (01)</pre>   |
|    |       | NOTE The overlap is usually temporary.   |
| 04 | 22022 | anchor length<br>length of track (01) required at each end of continuous welded rail<br>(04 22057) to resist forces (01) applied by a rail tensor (04 26025)   |
| 04 | 22023 | breathing length<br>length of track (01), immediately abutting an adjustment switch<br>(04 22114), subject to movement caused by temperature change  |
| 04 | 22024 | switch assembly (01) of rails (04 22051) and other components (01) for diverting vehicles from one track (01) to another   |

| 04 | 22025 | trailing switch<br>switch (04 22024) installed where traffic is predominantly from<br>switch heel (04 22152) towards switch toe (04 22150)                                  |
|----|-------|---|
| 04 | 22026 | facing switch<br>switch (04 22024) installed where <b>traffic</b> is predominantly from<br>switch toe (04 22150) towards switch heel (04 22152)                             |
| 04 | 22027 | self reversing switch<br>switch (04 22024) that resets itself after a trailing movement of a<br>vehicle from switch heel (04 22152) to switch toe (04 22150)                |
| 04 | 22028 | powered switch<br>switch (04 22024) operated other than manually  |
| 04 | 22029 | hand of switch direction, left or right, viewed from the switch toe (04 22150), to which traffic will be diverted from the main line (04 22001)                             |
| 04 | 22030 | switch half set<br>assembly (01) for one side of a switch (04 22024) that comprises a<br>stock rail (04 22147) and switch rail (04 22143)                                   |
| 04 | 22031 | two levelled switch switch $(04\ 22024)$ layout in which cant $(04\ 27010)$ is provided beyond the switch heel $(04\ 22152)$  |
| 04 | 22032 | crossing assembly (01) to permit the passage of wheel flanges across other rails (04 22051) where tracks (01) intersect   |
| 04 | 22033 | angle of crossing tangent of acute angle of a crossing (04 22032)   |
|    |       | NOTE Expressed as a ratio; usually based on centre line measurements (01).  |
| 04 | 22034 | <b>turnout</b> junction (04 22040) that comprises a <b>switch</b> (04 22024), a <b>crossing</b> (04 22032) and <b>closure rails</b> (04 22061)                              |
| 04 | 22035 | right hand turnout<br>turnout (04 22034) in which one of the tracks (01) diverges to the<br>right when viewed from a switch toe (04 22150) towards a<br>crossing (04 22032) |
| 04 | 22036 | left hand turnout<br>turnout (04 22034) in which one of the tracks (01) diverges to the<br>left when viewed from a switch toe (04 22150) towards a<br>crossing (04 22032)   |
| 04 | 22037 | contra flexure turnout<br>turnout (04 22034) in which the curves of diverging tracks (01) are<br>of opposite hand   |
| 04 | 22038 | similar flexure turnout<br>turnout (04 22034) in which the curves of diverging tracks (01) are  |

of the same hand

| 04 | 22039 | tandem turnout<br>two integral turnout (04 22034)   |
|----|-------|---|
| 04 | 22040 | <b>junction</b> layout at intersection of <b>tracks</b> (01)  |
| 04 | 22041 | single junction<br>junction (04 22040) that consists of a turnout (04 22034) and a<br>diamond crossing (04 22045)                                   |
| 04 | 22042 | double junction<br>junction (04 22040) that consists of two turnouts (04 22034) and a<br>diamond crossing (04 22045)                                |
| 04 | 22043 | <b>crossover</b> two <b>turnouts</b> (04 22034) connected to give directional movement from one <b>track</b> (01) to another                        |
|    |       | cf. crossover (04 11027), crossover (04 11028)  |
| 04 | 22044 | scissors crossover<br>two integral crossovers (04 22043) of opposite hand   |
| 04 | 22045 | diamond crossing<br>junction (04 22040) that consists of two common<br>crossings (04 22177) and two obtuse crossings (04 22178)                     |
| 04 | 22046 | switch diamond crossing<br>diamond crossing (04 22045) in which the obtuse crossing point<br>rails (04 22185) are switch rails (04 22143)           |
| 04 | 22047 | compound crossing diamond crossing (04 22045) with two or four switches (04 22024) that extends directional movement of vehicles                    |
| 04 | 22048 | ladder<br>series of turnouts (04 22034), diamond crossing (04 22045),<br>compound crossings (04 22047) or any combination of these                  |
| 04 | 22049 | catch point<br>trap point<br>assembly (01) of rails (04 22051) that derails vehicles in the event of<br>their unauthorized movement                 |
| 04 | 22050 | trap point assembly (01) of rails (04 22051) that halts vehicles in the event of their unauthorized movement, so as to protect adjacent tracks (01) |
| 04 | 22051 | rail<br>steel section (01) to guide vehicles  |
| 04 | 22052 | flat bottom rail<br>rail (04 22052) in which the foot of rail (04 22070) has a flat base  |
| 04 | 22053 | bull head rail<br>rail (04 22051) in which head of rail (04 22069) and foot of<br>rail (04 22070) are similarly shaped                              |
| 04 | 22054 | normal quality rail<br>rail (04 22051) that complies with a relevant standard   |

04 22055 long welded rail rail (04 22051) formed by welding (BS 499-1) two or more lengths together 04 22056 running rail rail (04 22051) that supports the flanged steel wheels of a railway (01) 04 22057 continuous welded rail running rail (04 22056) that is a long welded rail (04 22055) longer than 55 m 04 22058 low rail inner running rail (04 22056) of curved track (01) 04 22059 high rail outer running rail (04 22056) of curved track (01) 04 22060 gauge rails two running rails (04 22056) of track (01) at specified gauge (04 27003) 04 22061 closure rail short length of running rail (04 22056) used to complete a track (01) assembly (01) 04 22062 check rail rail (04 22051) beside a running rail (04 22056) to restrict lateral wheel movement 04 22063 guard rail rail (04 22051) beside a running rail (04 22056) at a specific location for added security NOTE Typical applications are viaducts (01) and level crossings (04 22200). 04 22064 conductor rail additional rail (04 22051) for conveying electric current (12 27105) for traction at **track** (01) level 04 22065 third rail single conductor rail (04 22064) 04 22066 fourth rail second conductor rail (04 22064) 04 22067 contact ramp device at the end of a **conductor rail** (04 22064) to ensure smooth contact of traction shoes 04 22068 rail profile **profile** (01) of a **rail** (04 22051) 04 22069 head of rail upper portion of a rail (04 22051) 04 22070 foot of rail lower portion of a rail (04 22051)

04 22071 web of rail mid-section of a rail (04 22051) between head of rail (04 22069) and **foot of rail** (04 22070) 04 22072 crown of rail upper surface of **head of rail** (04 22069) 04 22073 rail end end of rail (04 22051) prepared for jointing (01) to another rail (04 22051) 04 22074 running off end rail end (04 22073) at which traffic in the predominant direction leaves that **rail** (04 22051) 04 22075 running on end rail end (04 22073) at which traffic in the predominant direction runs on to that **rail** (04 22051) 04 22076 running surface part of **head of rail** (04 22069) in contact with tyre 04 22077 running face inside face of **head of rail** (04 22069) contacted by wheel flanges 04 22078 back face outside face of **head of rail** (04 22069) 04 22079 fishing angle inclination to horizontal of the lower surface of **head of rail** (04 22069) and of upper surface of the **foot of rail** (04 22070) NOTE The fishplate (04 22082) has corresponding angles on upper and lower surfaces. 04 22080 rail brand mark visible impression embossed on a web of rail (04 22071) giving details of the manufacture of the **rail** (04 22051) 04 22081 rail joint **construction** (01) formed by **fixing** (01) together two rails (04 22051) 04 22082 fishplate plate (01) to connect rail ends (04 22073) 04 22083 skirted fishplate **fishplate** (04 22082) of increased **depth** (01) to provide additional strength (11 27007) at the ends of bull head rails (04 22053) 04 22084 fishbolt **bolt** (01) for a **fishplate** (04 22082) NOTE Sometimes with a pear shaped shank under the head. 04 22085 fishplate hole round or pear shaped hole in a **fishplate** (04 22082) 04 22086 fishbolt hole hole in **web of rail** (04 22071) in **rail end** (05 22073) for a **fishbolt** (04 22084)

04 22087 bond hole hole in rail (04 22051) for attaching electrical bonding wires or **cables** (01) 04 22088 insulated joint rail joint (04 22081) in which one rail (04 22051) is electrically insulated from another 04 22089 insulated fishplate electrically insulated **fishplate** (04 22082) for an **insulated** joint (04 22088) 04 22090 glued insulated joint insulated joint (04 22088) in which the components (01) are resin bonded 04 22091 end post thin section of **insulating material** (01) that separates the ends of rails (04 22051) at an insulated joint (04 22088) 04 22092 junction joint rail joint (04 22081) with different rail profiles (04 22068) 04 22093 junction fishplate fitted fishplate **fishplate** (04 22082) for a **junction joint** (04 22092) 04 22094 expansion joint rail joint (04 22081) where the fishplate (04 22082) permits longitudinal movement of rail ends (04 22073) 04 22095 tight joint rail joint (04 22081) employing fishplates (04 22082) but not facilitating longitudinal movement of rail ends (04 22073) 04 22096 fully supported joint rail joint (04 22081) employing fishplate (04 22082) between running rails (04 22056) supported on sleepers (01) at ends of rails (04 22051) 04 22097 semi-supported joint rail joint (04 22081) employing fishplates (04 22082) between

running rails (04 22056) supported on sleepers (01) at or beyond the extremes of the **fishplates** (04 22082)

#### 04 22098 frozen joint

rail joint (04 22081) employing fishplates (04 22082) in which longitudinal movement of a running rail (04 22056) is restricted by over-tensioned **bolts** (01) or inadequate lubrication

#### 04 22099 staggered joint

rail joint (04 22081) in a running rail (04 22056) not opposite that in another running rail (04 22056)

#### 04 22100 direct fastening

rail (04 22051) fastening (01) where the rail (04 22051) is fastened directly to the support

NOTE Without, for example, a baseplate (04 22118) or bull head chair (04 22117).

| 04 | 22101 | indirect fastening<br>rail (04 22051) fastening (01) where the rail (04 22051) is supported<br>in a bull head chair (04 22117) or baseplate (04 22118) |
|----|-------|--|
| 04 | 22102 | rail clip<br>metal fastening (01) for fastening a flat bottom rail (04 22052) to a<br>baseplate (04 22118) or sleeper (01)                             |
| 04 | 22103 | toe load<br>force (01) applied to foot of rail (04 22070) by rail clip (04 22102)  |
| 04 | 22104 | elastic spike<br>spring steel fastening (01) to fasten a baseplate (04 22118) and<br>rail (04 22051) to timber (01) sleepers (01)                      |
| 04 | 22105 | key<br>wedge (06 32230) that secures a running rail (04 22056) in a bull<br>head chair (04 22117)  |
| 04 | 22106 | <b>key liner</b> thin <b>wood</b> (01) insert ensuring that a <b>key</b> (04 22105) fits   |
| 04 | 22107 | <b>chair liner</b> thin insert placed in a <b>jaw</b> (04 22224) for <b>gauge</b> (04 27003) adjustment  |
| 04 | 22108 | screw fastening<br>coach screw (01) securing a bull head chair (04 22117) or<br>baseplate (04 22118) to its support                                    |
| 04 | 22109 | coil metal liner used in worn holes to maintain tension (03 15002) of a screw fastening (04 22108)   |
| 04 | 22110 | spike lock<br>metal liner used in worn holes to maintain tension (03 15002) of<br>elastic spike (04 22108)   |
| 04 | 22111 | rail anchor<br>steel restraint to the longitudinal movement of a rail (04 22051)   |
| 04 | 22112 | connecting block<br>metal spacer between webs of rails (04 22071) with bolts (01) to<br>maintain the alignment of an assembly (01)                     |
| 04 | 22113 | clamp fishplate fishplate (04 22082) with G fastening (01) that provides temporary support at rail ends (04 22073)                                     |
| 04 | 22114 | adjustment switch device between continuously welded rail (04 22057) and jointed rail (04 22051) to permit longitudinal movement                       |
| 04 | 22115 | gauge tie bar adjustable metal bar (01) inserted between gauge rails (04 22060) to restore and maintain gauge (04 27003)                               |

| 04 | 22116 | gauge stop<br>metal plate (01) fixed to the upper surface of a sleeper (01) against a<br>bull head chair (04 22117) or baseplate (04 22118) to restrict gauge<br>spread (04 27028) |
|----|-------|--|
| 04 | 22117 | <b>bull head chair</b> cast metal support for <b>bull head rail</b> (04 22053)   |
| 04 | 22118 | <b>baseplate</b> metal <b>plate</b> (01) support for a <b>flat bottom rail</b> (04 22052)  |
| 04 | 22120 | joint sleeper<br>sleeper (01) immediately adjacent to a rail joint (04 22081)  |
| 04 | 22121 | longitudinal timber<br>timber (01) support parallel to and under a running rail (04 22056)   |
| 04 | 22122 | pot sleeper<br>block that gives vertical support to running rail (04 22056)  |
| 04 | 22123 | pad sleeper<br>two pot sleepers (04 22122) with a metal tie (01) to maintain<br>gauge (04 27003)   |
| 04 | 22124 | waybeam support beneath a sleeper (01) parallel to a running rail (04 22056)   |
| 04 | 22125 | <b>pad</b> resilient layer between a <b>running rail</b> (04 22056) and its support  |
| 04 | 22126 | end cap<br>metal plate (01) embedded in ballast (04 23001) at the end of the<br>support for a transverse rail (04 22051) to increase lateral stability of<br>track (01)            |
| 04 | 22127 | keel board<br>attachment to and between sleepers (01) embedded in<br>ballast (04 23001) to increase lateral stability of track (01)  |
| 04 | 22128 | ballast shoulder<br>heaped shoulder<br>ballast (04 23001) at the end of sleepers (01) to give lateral stability<br>to track (01)   |
| 04 | 22129 | ballast hump<br>ballast shoulder (04 22128) increased in height (01)   |
| 04 | 22130 | <b>ballast furrow</b> reduced <b>level</b> (01) of <b>ballast</b> (04 23001) between <b>tracks</b> (01)  |
| 04 | 22131 | ballast stool ballast (04 23001) that provides vertical support for sleepers (01)  |
| 04 | 22132 | ballast retaining wall wall (01) to retain ballast shoulder (04 22128) where it may be subject to erosion (05 25010)   |
| 04 | 22133 | <b>blanket</b> separation layer between <b>track formation</b> (04 24002) and <b>ballast</b> (04 23001)  |
|    |       | NOTE Usually sand (BS EN 12670).   |

38 • © BSI 2008

## 04 22134 straight planed switch

switch (04 22024) that contains a straight planed switch rail (04 22145)

# 04 22135 curved planed switch

switch (04 22024) that contains a curved planed switch rail (04 22146)

# 04 22136 improved curved planed switch

**curved planed switch** (04 22135) in which the **running faces** (04 22077) of the **switch rail** (04 22143) and the **stock rail** (05 22147) are tangential in the closed position

#### 04 22137 chamfered switch

switch (04 22024) in which the switch rail (04 22143) and stock rail (05 22147) are machine planed to a matching angled cut to provide a robust switch toe (04 22150) with a small switch toe entry angle (04 22153)

#### 04 22138 undercut switch

**switch** (04 22024) in which the **switch rail** (04 22143) is machine planed to recess under the **running face** (04 22077) of the **stock rail** (05 22147)

# 04 22139 straight cut switch

switch (04 22024) in which a joggled stock rail (04 22148) accommodates the machine planed head of rail (04 22069) switch rail (04 22143)

#### **04 22140** inset switch

**switch** (04 22024) in which the **head of rail** (04 22069) of the **stock rail** (05 22147) is machine planed to accommodate the vertical inside face of the **switch rail** (04 22143)

#### 04 22141 thick web switch

overriding switch

**switch** (04 22024) in which the **switch rail** (04 22143) has a thick **web of rail** (04 22071) that overlaps the unmachined **foot of rail** (04 22070) of the **stock rail** (05 22147)

#### **04 22142** slip switch

**switch** (04 22024) in a **compound crossing** (04 22047)

# 04 22143 switch rail

switch tongue

**rail** (04 22051) of a **switch** (04 22024), part of which moves relative to **stock rails** (05 22147)

#### 04 22144 planing length

length of **switch rail** (04 22143) of reduced cross-section

#### 04 22145 straight planed switch rail

switch rail (04 22143) in which the running face (04 22077) of the planning length (04 22144) is straight on plan (BS ISO 10209-1)

#### 04 22146 curved planed switch rail

switch rail (04 22143) in which the running face (04 22077) of the planning length (04 22144) is curved on plan (BS ISO 10209-1)

| 04 | 22147 | <b>stock rail</b> fixed <b>rail</b> (04 22051) of a <b>switch</b> (04 22024)   |
|----|-------|--|
| 04 | 22148 | joggled stock rail stock rail (05 $22147$ ) in which there is a reversed set to accommodate the switch toe (04 $22150$ )   |
| 04 | 22149 | switch front<br>stock front<br>portion of stock rail (05 22147) between switch toe (04 22150) and<br>rail end (04 22073) at start of turnout (04 22034)            |
| 04 | 22150 | switch toe<br>front end of switch rail (04 22143)  |
| 04 | 22151 | switch tip<br>top of switch toe (04 22150)   |
| 04 | 22152 | switch heel<br>rear portion of a switch (04 22024) within which all rails (04 22051)<br>are fixed  |
| 04 | 22153 | switch toe entry angle angle that the line of planing length (04 22144) makes with a running face (04 22077) of stock rail (05 22147) at the switch toe (04 22150) |
| 04 | 22154 | switch heel angle angle between switch rail $(04\ 22143)$ and stock rail $(05\ 22147)$ at the switch heel $(04\ 22152)$  |
| 04 | 22155 | twist rail rail (04 22051) that is twisted about its running face (04 22077) at a point to change the verticality of the rail (04 22051)                           |
| 04 | 22156 | stretcher bar<br>flexible bar (01) that provides lateral connection between switch<br>rails (04 22143)   |
| 04 | 22157 | soleplate metal plate (01) that spans beneath both running rails (04 22056)  NOTE Usually at switch toes (04 22150) for added gauge (04 27003) security.           |
| 04 | 22158 | <b>switch anchor</b> steel strap <b>assembly</b> (01) holding <b>switch rails</b> (04 22143) in position longitudinally at the <b>switch heel</b> (04 22152)       |
| 04 | 22159 | heel joint<br>rail joint (04 22081) at switch heel (04 22152)  |
| 04 | 22160 | heel block<br>metal block between switch rail (04 22143) and stock rail (05 22147)<br>at switch heel (04 22152) to maintain correct geometry                       |
| 04 | 22161 | switch protector<br>device fitted to stock rail (05 22147), close to switch toe (04 22150)<br>to reduce wear on a switch (04 22024)                                |

| 04 | 22162 | switch timber<br>piece of timber (01) that supports rails (04 22051) in a<br>switch (04 22024)   |
|----|-------|--|
| 04 | 22163 | concrete switch bearer<br>concrete (01) component (01) that supports rails (04 22051) in a<br>switch (04 22024)  |
| 04 | 22164 | switch slide<br>flat portion of baseplate (04 22118) or bull head chair (04 22117)<br>upon which switch rail (04 22143) slides   |
| 04 | 22165 | switch drive mechanism that moves switch rail (04 22143) relative to stock rail (05 22147)   |
| 04 | 22166 | switch motor<br>motor for powered switch (04 22028)  |
| 04 | 22167 | switch clamp lock<br>combined hydraulic driving and locking mechanism for a powered<br>switch (04 22028)   |
| 04 | 22168 | switch drive rod<br>metal bar (01) that connects switch rail (04 22143) to switch<br>drive (04 22165)  |
| 04 | 22169 | connecting bar metal bar (01) that connects switch rails (04 $22143$ ) with their means of operation   |
| 04 | 22170 | $ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{switch lever} \\ \textbf{hand lever} \\ \textbf{manually operated switch drive } (05\ 22165)\ \text{at switch toe } (04\ 22150) \end{array} $ |
| 04 | 22171 | switch clamp<br>device to render a switch (04 22024) inoperable  |
| 04 | 22172 | switch scotch timber $(01)$ wedge $(06\ 32230)$ placed between stock rail $(05\ 22147)$ and switch rail $(04\ 22143)$ to ensure switch $(04\ 22024)$ remains inoperable  |
| 04 | 22173 | all welded crossing crossing (04 22032) with its rail (04 22051) parts welded together   |
| 04 | 22174 | semi-welded crossing crossing (04 22032) in which the crossing vee (04 22181) is welded and wing rails (04 22182) are bolted   |
| 04 | 22175 | built-up crossing<br>composite crossing<br>crossing (04 22032) with its rail (04 22051) parts bolted together  |
| 04 | 22176 | cast crossing crossing (04 22032) in which rails (04 22051) are formed by monobloc casting   |

# 04 22177 common crossing

part of a **crossing** (04 22032) that comprises a **crossing vee** (04 22181) and two **wing rails** (04 22182)

#### 04 22178 obtuse crossing

elbow crossing

part of a **crossing** (04 22032) that comprises a **wing rail** (04 22182), a **check rail** (04 22062) and two **obtuse crossing point rails** (04 22185)

# 04 22179 swing nose crossing

**common crossing**  $(04\ 22177)$  in which the **crossing vee**  $(04\ 22181)$  is moved to close the **flangeway**  $(04\ 27026)$  to give continuous support to a wheel

# 04 22180 swing wing crossing

spring wing crossing

**common crossing**  $(04\ 22177)$  in which the **wing rail**  $(04\ 22182)$  is moved to close the **flangeway**  $(04\ 27026)$  to give continuous support to a wheel

## 04 22181 crossing vee

two rails (04 22051) joined at an acute angle

## 04 22182 wing rail

short length of angled **rail** (04 22051) fastened to a **switch ail** (04 22143) or **obtuse crossing point rail** (04 22185)

#### 04 22183 common crossing point rail

short length of **rail** (04 22051) with machined angled end to permit passage of a wheel flange within a **common crossing** (04 22177)

#### 04 22184 common crossing splice rail

short length of **rail** (04 22051) with machined end, fixed to **common crossing point rail** (04 22183)

#### 04 22185 obtuse crossing point rail

short length of **rail** (04 22051) with machined angled end to permit passage of a wheel flange within an **obtuse crossing** (04 22178)

# 04 22186 crossing nose

blunt nose

chamfer (01) end of crossing vee (04 22181), obtuse crossing point rail (04 22185) or common crossing point rail (04 22183)

# 04 22187 crossing chair

cast metal support for more than one **bull head rails** (04 22053) in a **crossing** (04 22032)

#### 04 22188 crossing baseplate

**baseplate**  $(04\ 22118)$  supporting more than one **flat bottom** rail  $(04\ 22052)$  in a **crossing**  $(04\ 22032)$ 

#### 04 22189 parallel wing

wing rail (04 22182) without a flangeway flare (04 22223) for connection to a check rail (04 22062)

| 04 | 22190 | crossing timber piece of timber (01), other than a switch timber (04 22162), that supports rails (04 22051) in a junction (04 22040)  |
|----|-------|---|
| 04 | 22191 | concrete crossing bearer concrete (01) component (01) that supports the rails (04 $22051$ ) in a crossing (04 $22032$ )   |
| 04 | 22192 | side platform railway platform $(01)$ with track $(01)$ on one side continuing beyond the ends of the railway platform $(01)$   |
| 04 | 22193 | island platform<br>centre platform<br>railway platform (01) with tracks (01) on both sides continuing<br>beyond the ends of the railway platform (01)                                     |
| 04 | 22194 | bay platform railway platform (01) that borders one or both sides of a track (01) with a buffer stop (04 22211)   |
| 04 | 22195 | loading dock<br>cattle dock<br>railway platform (01) for loading and unloading livestock and goods  |
| 04 | 22196 | platform coping<br>slab (01) at the edge of a railway platform (01)   |
| 04 | 22197 | platform nosing<br>edge of platform coping (04 22196) alongside track (01)  |
| 04 | 22198 | overhead line equipment equipment above $\mathbf{track}$ (01) for providing $\mathbf{electric}$ $\mathbf{current}$ (11 27105) for traction  |
| 04 | 22199 | lineside refuge recess in the wall (01) of a tunnel or at the side of a track (01) for safety of staff  |
| 04 | 22200 | level crossing layout at intersection of a railway (01) and a road (01) or footpath (01) at the same level  |
| 04 | 22201 | occupation crossing<br>level crossing (04 22200) where the road (01) or footpath (01) is<br>privately owned   |
| 04 | 22202 | accommodation crossing<br>level crossing (04 22200) provided to maintain access between<br>sections of land (01) severed by a railway (01)  |
| 04 | 22203 | open crossing<br>level crossing (04 22200) without gates (05 12001) or barriers (01)<br>and protected only by traffic signs (06 92006)  |
| 04 | 22204 | automatic open crossing level crossing (04 22200) without gates (05 12001) or barriers (01) and protected by traffic signals (04 12103) automatically operated on the approach of a train |

| 04 | 22205 | <b>barrow crossing</b> access between <b>railway platforms</b> (01) at <b>track</b> (01) <b>level</b> (01) for barrows and authorized pedestrians                                       |
|----|-------|---|
| 04 | 22206 | manually controlled barrier<br>movable barrier (01), in one or two parts and manually controlled,<br>extending across the full width of the road (01) at a level<br>crossing (04 22200) |
| 04 | 22207 | automatic barrier<br>movable half or full barrier (01), activated by railway (01) vehicles,<br>extending across the width of a road (01) at a level<br>crossing (04 22200)              |
| 04 | 22208 | <b>hump</b> high point on a <b>track</b> (01) to enable <b>railway</b> (01) vehicles to move by gravity   |
| 04 | 22209 | sand-drag<br>layer of sand (BS EN 12670) covering a running rail (04 22056) to<br>decelerate a runaway railway (01) vehicle   |
| 04 | 22210 | turntable track (01) assembly (01) mounted on a revolving structure (01) so railway (01) vehicles may be turned   |
| 04 | 22211 | buffer stop<br>stop block<br>assembly (01) at the end of a length of track (01) to stop railway (01)<br>vehicles  |
| 04 | 22212 | wagon tippler mechanism for tipping a railway (01) wagon to discharge its contents  NOTE Usually coal (BS 3323) or aggregate (01).  |
| 04 | 22213 | assembly depot<br>area for track (01) assembly  |
| 04 | 22214 | permanent way depot<br>area for storage of materials (01) intended for assembly and<br>maintenance (01) of track (01)   |
| 04 | 22216 | circular curve<br>curve of curved track (01) of constant radius throughout its length   |
| 04 | 22217 | toe of transition point at which track (01) assumes curved form   |
| 04 | 22218 | heel of transition point at which length of transition attains least radius   |
| 04 | 22219 | crossing intersection point point at which the lines of two running faces (04 22077) intersect at a crossing vee (04 22181)   |
| 04 | 22220 | cant marking visual indication of amount of cant (04 27010) required at that point  NOTE May be given on a nail (01) or plate (01).   |

| 04           | 22221          | track bed<br>layer of ballast (04 23001)   |
|--------------|----------------|--|
| 04           | 22222          | ballast profile<br>profile (01) of ballast (04 23001) relative to a sleeper (01)   |
| 04           | 22223          | flangeway flare<br>check rail entry<br>angled portion at the end of a <b>check rail</b> (04 22062) or<br><b>guard rail</b> (04 22063) to give a smooth entry for a wheel flange                      |
| 04           | 22224          | jaw integral upstand on a bull head chair (04 22117) or baseplate (04 22118) to restrain the rail (04 22051) laterally   |
| 04           | 22225          | low joint rail joint (04 22081) of running rail (04 22056) deformed vertically by railway (01) traffic load (01)   |
| 04           | 22226          | <b>high spot</b> location on <b>track</b> (01) where the top of the <b>rail</b> (04 22051) is above the general longitudinal <b>profile</b> (01)   |
| 04           | 22227          | wet spot<br>wash spot<br>location of pumping (04 25001) defect (01)  |
| 04           | 22228          | hanging sleeper<br>sleeper (01) affected by voiding (05 25004)   |
|              | 4.3            | Materials (04 23xxx)   |
| 04           | 23001          | <b>ballast</b> crushed <b>stone</b> (01), graded in <b>size</b> (01) and of angular <b>shape</b> (11 27004) supporting <b>sleepers</b> (01) vertically and laterally                                 |
| 04           | 23002          | ballast chippings<br>crushed stone (01), 20 mm to 10 mm in size (01) and of angular<br>shape (11 27004), restoring rail (04 22051) level (01) by filling the<br>voids (03 28003) below sleepers (01) |
|              |                |  |
|              | 4.4            | Activities (04 24xxx)  |
| 04           | 4.4<br>24001   | Activities (04 24xxx) widen gauge increase gauge (04 27003) with sharp curvature   |
|              |                | widen gauge  |
| 04           | 24001          | widen gauge<br>increase gauge (04 27003) with sharp curvature<br>track formation   |
| <b>04 04</b> | 24001<br>24002 | widen gauge increase gauge (04 27003) with sharp curvature  track formation prepared surface of ground (01) on which track (01) is laid relay  |

04 24006 clean ballast remove deleterious material from **ballast** (04 23001) 04 24007 ballast packing act of placing and compacting ballast (04 23001) under **sleepers** (01) to raise the **levels** (01) of **rail** (04 22051) or eliminate voiding (04 25004) 04 24008 box up box in place and distribute **ballast** (04 23001) to correct **ballast profile** (04 22222) around a **sleeper** (01) 04 24009 beater packing method of **ballast packing** (04 23007) using a blunt-headed **tool** (01) to manually compact ballast (04 23001) 04 24010 shovel packing method of ballast packing (04 23007) using bottom edge of shovel 04 24011 measured shovel packing method of **shovel packing** (04 24010) with measured amounts of ballast chippings (04 23002) 04 24012 joint packing restoration of **level** (01) at a **low joint** (04 22225) 04 24013 hammer packing method of **ballast packing** (04 23007) using a portable vibratory hammer 04 24014 spot packing **ballast packing** (04 23007) at a particular point in **track** (01) 04 24015 tamp ballast packing (04 23007) with a tamping tine (04 26029) 04 24016 stress destress adjust length (01) of continuous welded rail (04 22057) and fastening down so that rails (04 22051) are theoretically free of stress (01) at a specified rail (04 22051) temperature 04 24017 restress readjust length (01) of continuous welded rail (04 22057) and fastening down so that rails (04 22051) are theoretically free of stress (01) at a specified rail (04 22051) temperature 04 24018 rail dressing Removal of **lip** (04 25014) with a portable grinding machine 04 24019 joint squaring positioning rail joints (04 22081) opposite each other at right angles to the gauge rails (04 22060) 04 24020 line correct alignment of track (01)

| 04 | 24021 | rail adjustment pulling back adjustment of expansion gap (04 28003)   |
|----|-------|---|
| 04 | 24022 | realign<br>redesign the position of track (01)  |
| 04 | 24023 | regauge<br>reset gauge rails (04 22060)   |
| 04 | 24024 | slew move existing $\mathbf{track}$ (01) to a different $\mathbf{alignment}$ of $\mathbf{track}$ (04 27007)   |
| 04 | 24025 | patrol inspect railway (01) for maintenance (01) purposes   |
| 04 | 24026 | track work<br>work on a track (01)  |
| 04 | 24027 | work off-track<br>work on a railway (01) other than to the track (01) itself  |
| 04 | 24028 | track fettling minor maintenance (01) within a length of track (01)   |
|    |       | NOTE Especially tension (03 15002) fastenings (01).   |
| 04 | 24029 | track glanding method of providing additional strength in areas of track formation weakness by strapping sleepers (01) together to provide additional strength (11 27007) in areas of track formation (04 24002) weakness |
| 04 | 24030 | sleeper squaring positioning sleepers (01) at right angles to running rails (04 22056)  |
| 04 | 24031 | peg place a stake (BS EN 844) beside track (01) to indicate alignment or level (01)   |
| 04 | 24032 | line possession occupation of track (01) in order to carry out work   |
| 04 | 24033 | single line working<br>movement of trains in either direction over a single track (01), as a<br>temporary expedient   |
| 04 | 24034 | <pre>protect provide staff for safety purposes during track work (04 24026)</pre>   |
|    | 4.5   | Processes (04 25xxx)  |
| 04 | 25001 | <b>pumping</b> forcing up of fine particles of <b>ballast</b> (04 23001) caused by vertical movement of <b>track</b> (01) support in wet conditions   |
| 04 | 25002 | buckle track distortion misalignment of track (01) caused by thermal stress (01)  |

04 25003 rail creep longitudinal movement of rail (04 22051) induced by railway (01) traffic **load** (01) or temperature change 04 25004 voiding creation of **space** (01) under a **sleeper** (01) due to displacement of **ballast** (04 23001) by **railway** (01) traffic **load** (01) 04 25005 centre binding condition in **track** (01) when a **sleeper** (01) is supported only at or near its centre 04 25006 end binding condition in **track** (01) when a **sleeper** (01) is supported only at its ends 04 25007 cess heave deformation (01) of cess (04 28009) caused by changes in moisture content (12 27033) of clay (BS EN 12670) soil (01) and effects of action (BS ISO 15686) of railway (01) traffic load (01) NOTE Although the BS ISO 15686 series covers service life planning, "effects of action" is not specifically defined in the standard 04 25008 rail end batter significant localized wear of crown of rail (04 22072) at rail **end** (04 22073) 04 25009 star cracking fatigue (03 17001) cracking around a bolt (01) hole in a rail (04 22051) 04 25010 localized fragmentation and cracking of running surface (04 22076) 04 25011 wheel burn **defect** (01) in **crown of rail** (04 22072) caused by slipping wheels 04 25012 shelling flaking of running surface (04 22076) 04 25013 corrugation wavelike longitudinal profile of **crown of rail** (04 22072) that develops in use 04 25014 lip burr lateral deformation (01) of head of rail (04 22069) rail profile (04 22068) caused by railway (01) traffic load (01) 04 25015 sidewear wear of metal from **running face** (04 22077) 04 25016 headwear wear on **head of rail** (04 22069) 04 25017 rail cripple permanent **deformation** (01) of alignment of **rail** (04 22051)

# 04 25018 galling

wear on **foot of rail** (04 22070), **bull head chair** (04 22117) or **baseplate** (04 22118)

# 4.6 Plant, equipment and documents (04 26xxx)

# 04 26001 analogue trace

graphical record produced by a **track recording vehicle** (04 26002)

## 04 26002 track recording vehicle

on-track vehicle equipped to **measure** (01) and record **track** (01) geometry

#### 04 26003 automatic tamping machine

on-track machine with an automatic **levelling** (BS 6953) device that lifts **track** (01) and packs **ballast** (04 23001) under **sleepers** (01) to restore both longitudinal and **cross levels** (04 27001) of **rails** (04 22051)

## 04 26004 automatic tamping and lining machine

**automatic tamping machine** (04 26003) that also lifts and **slews** (04 24024) **track** (01) simultaneously to restore **levels** (01) and alignment

#### 04 26005 pneumatic ballast injection machine

stoneblower

on-track machine, with an automatic **levelling** (BS 6953) device, that lifts **track** (01) and injects a measured amount of small **stone** (01) under **sleepers** (01) to restore longitudinal and **cross levels** (04 27001) of **rails** (04 22051)

#### 04 26006 ballast regulator machine

on-track machine that distributes **ballast** (04 23001) to required **ballast profile** (04 22222)

#### 04 26007 ballast consolidating machine

on-track machine that mechanically consolidates **ballast** (04 23001)

#### 04 26008 ballast hopper

on-track vehicle that conveys **ballast** (04 23001) and discharges it to the **track** (01)

#### 04 26009 ballast wagon

on-track vehicle that conveys ballast (04 23001)

#### 04 26010 ballast plough

on-track vehicle fitted with an adjustable steel blade that distributes **ballast**  $(04\ 23001)$  across the width of the **track** (01)

# 04 26011 rail planer

on-track machine with planing equipment used to re-profile **rail** (04 22051)

# **04 26012 track** gauge

implement for setting, checking or **measuring** (01) **gauge** (04 27003) between **running rails** (04 22056)

| 04 | 26013 | platform gauge<br>implement for setting or checking clearance between railway<br>platforms (01) and track (01)                            |
|----|-------|---|
| 04 | 26014 | bridge gauge<br>implement for setting or checking clearance between<br>overbridge (04 11042) and track (01)                               |
| 04 | 26015 | rail flaw detector<br>ultrasonic apparatus to <b>test</b> (11 14010) rail (04 22051)<br>non-destructively                                 |
| 04 | 26016 | voidmeter<br>device for measurement (01) of difference between static<br>level (04 27020) and dynamic level (04 27021)                    |
| 04 | 26017 | expansion iron<br>spacer placed temporarily between rail ends (04 22073) when laying<br>track (01) to provide an expansion gap (04 28003) |
| 04 | 26018 | rail end straightener<br>equipment for straightening rail (04 22051) vertically   |
| 04 | 26019 | rail grinder powered grinding equipment for profiling rail (04 22051)   |
| 04 | 26020 | rail bender jim crow portable equipment for bending rail (04 22051)   |
| 04 | 26021 | rail nip rail tongs manually operated scissor type tool (01) for carrying rails (04 22051)  |
| 04 | 26022 | rail turning bar<br>steel bar (01) for turning over a rail (04 22051)   |
| 04 | 26023 | slewing bar<br>steel bar (01) used to line (04 24020) manually  |
| 04 | 26024 | rail puller<br>portable equipment to move rail (04 22051) along track (01)  |
| 04 | 26025 | rail tensor<br>hydraulically powered equipment to stress (04 24016) and<br>restress (04 24017) rails (04 22051)                           |
| 04 | 26026 | off-tracking equipment<br>equipment for transferring on-track plant (01) from track (01) to side<br>of railway (01)                       |
| 04 | 26027 | sleeper tongs<br>timber dogs<br>manually operated scissor type tool (01) for carrying sleepers (01)                                       |
| 04 | 26028 | rail lifting clamp<br>clamp attached to head of rail (04 22069) for lifting rail (04 22051)<br>by crane (01)                              |

| 04 | 26029 | tamping tine spade-shaped attachment (01) to a portable electric (07 17002) vibratory hammer or an on-track machine to pack ballast (04 24007) |
|----|-------|--|
| 04 | 26030 | rail lubricator<br>equipment for lubricating running face (04 22077) on curved<br>track (01) to reduce sidewear (04 25015)                     |
|    | 4.7   | Properties (04 27xxx)  |
| 04 | 27002 | depth of cut<br>vertical dimension (01) from underside of a sleeper (01) to<br>ballast (04 23001) excavation (01) level (01)                   |
| 04 | 27003 | gauge<br>distance between running faces (04 22077)   |
| 04 | 27004 | standard gauge<br>gauge (04 27003) within the range 1 432 mm to 1 435 mm inclusive   |
| 04 | 27005 | narrow gauge<br>gauge (04 27003) significantly less than standard gauge (04 27004)   |
| 04 | 27006 | broad gauge<br>gauge (04 27003) greater than standard gauge (04 27004)   |
| 04 | 27007 | alignment of track<br>position of each rail (04 22051) on plan (BS ISO 10209-1)  |
| 04 | 27008 | switch radius<br>switch curve<br>radius of switch rail (04 22143)  |
| 04 | 27009 | turnout radius radius of curved track (01) in a turnout (04 22034)  NOTE Usually between switch heel (04 22152) and crossing (04 22032).       |
| 04 | 27010 | cant height (01) by which a high rail (04 22059) exceeds a low rail (04 22058) to counteract centrifugal and other forces (01)                 |
| 04 | 27011 | cross level<br>difference in level (01) between gauge rails (04 22060) measured<br>across track (01)   |
| 04 | 27012 | equilibrium cant<br>cant (04 27010) that produces an equal load (01) on each<br>rail (04 22051) at a given railway (01) traffic speed          |
| 04 | 27013 | cant deficiency<br>cant (04 27010) permitted that is less than the equilibrium<br>cant (04 27012) required                                     |
| 04 | 27014 | cant deficiency gradient rate at which cant deficiency (04 27013) changes in a given length  |
| 04 | 27015 | cant gradient rate at which cant (04 27010) changes in a given length  |

04 27016 cant limiting value minimum or maximum cant (04 27010) for specified conditions 04 27017 cant run up length of track (01) over which cant (04 27010) is increased 04 27018 cant run down length of track (01) over which cant (04 27010) is decreased 04 27019 twist cross level (04 27011) over a stated distance NOTE For example, the stated distance could refer to the wheel base of a railway (01) vehicle. 04 27020 static level level (01) of running rails (04 22056) without railway (01) traffic **load** (01) 04 27021 dynamic level level (01) of running rails (04 22056) with railway (01) traffic **load** (01) 04 27022 installation temperature mean temperature of rail (04 22051) at time of fastening down 04 27023 working temperature temperature range within which work on continuous welded rail (04 22057) can take place 04 27024 creep resistance performance (01) of a sleeper (01) and fastening (01) in resisting rail creep (04 25003) 04 27025 crossing gap crossing throat distance between points of wheel contact in a crossing (04 22032) to permit passage of wheel flanges 04 27026 flangeway gap between running face (04 22077) of rail (04 22051) and check rail (04 22062) or guard rail (04 22063) for passage of a wheel flange 04 27027 flangeway clearance specified **dimension** (01) of a **flangeway** (04 27026) 04 27028 gauge spread wide gauge increase in **gauge** (04 27003) due to wear of **track** (01) components (01) 04 27029 lead length distance between switch toe (04 22150) and intersection point (04 12075)

|    | 4.8   | <b>Spaces (04 28xxx)</b>   |
|----|-------|--|
| 04 | 28001 | switch opening gap between switch rail (04 22143) and stock rail (04 22147) at switch toe (04 22150)   |
| 04 | 28002 | switch heel opening<br>minimum gap between switch rail (04 22143) and stock<br>rail (04 22147) at the beginning of the planing length (04 22144) |
| 04 | 28003 | expansion gap<br>joint gap (01) of an expansion joint (04 22094)   |
| 04 | 28004 | crib<br>space (01) between adjacent sleepers (01)  |
| 04 | 28005 | fourfoot<br>space (01) between running rails (04 22056) of a single standard<br>gauge (04 27004) track (01)                                      |
| 04 | 28006 | interval<br>space (01) between two adjacent tracks (01)  |
| 04 | 28007 | sixfoot<br>interval (04 28006) six feet wide   |
| 04 | 28008 | tenfoot<br>wideway<br>interval (04 28006) significantly more than six feet wide  |
| 04 | 28009 | cess<br>space (01) or footpath (01) at the side of or between tracks (01)  |
| 04 | 28010 | permanent way section<br>geographical area of railway (01) defined for administrative purposes   |
| 04 | 28011 | gang length area allocated to a supervised group of operatives (01) carrying out maintenance (01)  |
|    | 4.9   | Miscellaneous (04 29xxx)   |
| 04 | 29001 | loading gauge<br>profile (01) within which a stationary railway (01) vehicle and its<br>load (01) has to be confined                             |
| 04 | 29002 | structure gauge profile (01) outside which all structures (01) beside the track (01) have to be erected  |
| 04 | 29003 | out of gauge load<br>railway (01) vehicles or load (01) having dimensions (01) outside the<br>loading gauge (04 29001)                           |
| 04 | 29004 | kinematic envelope<br>profile (01) within which a railway (01) vehicle in motion is assumed<br>to be contained                                   |

NOTE It has to be within the structure gauge (04 29002).

**04 29005** end throw

horizontal displacement of a **railway** (01) vehicle at its ends when on curved **track** (01)

04 29006 centre throw

horizontal displacement of a **railway** (01) vehicle at its centre point when on curved **track** (01)

04 29007 equilibrium speed

speed of a **railway** (01) vehicle at which the **load** (01) applied to each **rail** (04 22051) of curved **track** (01) is equal

04 29008 fouling point

position between converging  $\mathbf{tracks}$  (01) where  $\mathbf{railway}$  (01) vehicles on each  $\mathbf{track}$  (01) would collide

04 29009 sighting distance

distance at which **traffic** (01) signals can be observed by advancing **traffic** (01)

04 29010 clearance point

position between diverging **tracks** (01) where **loading gauges** (04 29001) clear each other with a specified safety margin

# 5 Air transport (04 3xxxx)

# 5.1 Parts (04 32xxx)

04 32001 airside

part of an **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) that comprises the aircraft and any **customs controlled area** (04 38010)

04 32002 landside

part of an **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) outside the aircraft operational area and any **customs controlled area**  $(04\ 38010)$ 

04 32003 aircraft pavement

paved surface to facilitate surface movement of aircraft

04 32004 runway

defined rectangular area of an **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) for landing and take-off of aircraft

04 32005 strip

defined area, free of obstructions, that encloses a **runway** (04 32004) or **taxiway** (04 32007) and a **stopway** (04 38004) to provide for the safety of aircraft operations

04 32006 threshold

beginning of the portion of the runway (04 32004) used for landing

04 32007 taxiway

defined path on an **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) for surface movement of aircraft providing a link between one part of the **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) and another

#### 04 32008 channelized zone

part of an **aircraft pavement** (04 32003) that is continually trafficked on the same alignment

# 04 32009 apron

ramp area

part of an **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) for loading or unloading aircraft and for parking aircraft

#### 04 32010 aircraft stand

area of apron (04 32009) used regularly for parking aircraft

# 04 32011 pier-served stand

aircraft stand (04 32010) with passenger access via a pier (04 32012)

#### 04 32012 pier

corridor (01) between a passenger building (01) and aircraft stands (04 32010)

#### 04 32013 loading bridge

adjustable **bridge** (01) linking a **pier** (04 32012) or **air terminal** (01) to an aircraft

### 04 32014 fixed servicing installation

installation (01) to provide services (01) to aircraft on an apron  $(04\ 32009)$ 

NOTE Services include electricity, compressed air, **drinking water** (BS ISO 6107-1) and sanitation.

# 04 32015 operational readiness platform

ORP

paved area at each end of and immediately adjacent to one side of the main **runway** (04 32004)

#### 04 32016 aviation ground lighting

**lighting** (08 52001) that aids landing, take off and taxiing of aircraft

#### 04 32017 approach lighting

pattern of lights arranged to denote the approach line to a **threshold** (04 32006)

#### **04 32018** barrettes

short parallel rows of lights at right angles to the centre line of a **runway** (04 32004)

#### 04 32019 centre line lighting

series of flush-fitting lights built into the centre line of a **runway** (04 32004), **taxiway** (05 32007) or **aircraft stand** (05 32010) to delineate the centre line

#### 04 32020 edge lighting

aviation ground lighting (04 32016) delineating the edge of an aircraft pavement (04 2003)

### 04 32021 visual approach slope indicator

arrangement of signal lights symmetrically disposed about the centre line of a **runway** (04 32004) to provide guidance in maintaining the required approach slope of a landing aircraft

# 04 32022 precision approach path indicator

arrangement of signal lights on one side of a **runway** (04 32004) that provides guidance in maintaining the required approach slope of a landing aircraft

#### 04 32023 stop bar

row of flush-fitting red lights at right angles across a **taxiway** (05 32007) that are illuminated to tell the pilot of a taxiing aircraft to stop

## 04 32024 runway guardlights

wig-wags

alternate isophase orange lamps sited at **runway** (04 32004) and **taxiway** (05 32007) crossing points

# 04 32025 frangible mounting

mounting for equipment designed to limit damage caused by an impact  $\mathbf{load}$  (01)

#### 04 32026 blast screen

fixed ground  ${\bf structure}$  (01) that reflects the efflux of a jet engine

#### 04 32027 muffler

**structure** (01) or equipment that reduces the noise from a stationary jet engine being run for **test** (11 14010) purposes

# 04 32028 hydrant fuel system

**pipe** (01) **installation** (01) distributing aircraft **fuel** (01) from a central supply to fixed outlets on **aircraft stands** (04 32010)

# 04 32029 arrester barrier

net of vertical strips of webbing stretched between hinged **stanchions** (01) either side of the **stopway** (04 38004), near the end of a **runway** (04 32004), capable of being raised by remote control to arrest an aircraft over-running the **runway** (04 32004)

# **5.2 Properties (04 37xxx)**

#### 04 37001 pavement classification number

dimensionless parameter ascribed to an **aircraft pavement** (04 32003) indicating the maximum **aircraft classification number** (04 37002) for unrestricted trafficking

#### 04 37002 aircraft classification number

dimensionless parameter that expresses the relative effect of different aircraft on an **aircraft pavement** (04 32003) with a specified subgrade **strength** (11 27007)

# 04 37003 airport elevation

elevation of the highest point of the landing area (04 38002)

## 04 37004 emergency distance

sum of the length of **runway** (04 32004) and the length of the **stopway** (04 38004)

# 04 37005 wing tip clearance

distance between an aircraft wing tip and any obstruction

# 5.3 Spaces (04 38xxx)

# 04 38001 movement area

part of an **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) that comprises the manoeuvring area, **apron** (04 32009) and aircraft maintenance area

# 04 38002 landing area

 $\boldsymbol{movement}$  area (04 38001) associated with the landing and take-off of aircraft

#### 04 38003 runway strip

**strip** (04 32005), excluding **taxiway** (05 32007)

#### 04 38004 stopway

rectangular area at the end of a **runway** (04 32004) designated as a suitable area in which aircraft can be stopped in an abandoned take-off

## 04 38005 runway end safety area

area that extends beyond the end of a **runway** (04 32004) and a **strip** (04 32005) primarily intended to reduce the risk of damage to an aeroplane under-shooting or over-running the **runway strip** (04 38003)

# 04 38006 clearway

rectangular area at the end of a **runway** (04 32004) over which an aircraft may make a portion of its initial climb to a specified height

#### 04 38007 shoulder

surfaced area beside an aircraft pavement (04 32003)

## 04 38008 holding bay

area of **aircraft pavement** (04 32003) where aircraft can be held on the ground, or bypassed, to facilitate efficient surface movement of aircraft

# 04 38009 cleared zone

part of an **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) adjacent to a **shoulder** (04 38007) that has a reasonably even surface and is free of obstacles to permit safe operation of aircraft

#### 04 38010 customs controlled area

part of **airfield** (01) or **airport** (01) for loading and unloading goods and embarkation and disembarkation of passengers and crew, and within which all aircraft arriving or departing on international flights are brought for customs examination and clearance

# 04 38011 compass calibration base

area that is essentially free from magnetic anomalies so compasses can be calibrated

# **Bibliography**

For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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