



BSI Standards Publication

Roughness comparison specimens

Part 2: Specification for spark-eroded, shot-blasted, grit-blasted and polished specimens

Publishing and copyright information

The BSI copyright notice displayed in this document indicates when the document was last issued.

© BSI 2010

ISBN 978 0 580 69916 0

ICS 17.040.20

The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard:

Committee reference TDW/4

Draft for comment 10/30213638 DC

Publication history

First published November 1978

Second edition, February 1987

Third (present) edition, September 2010

Amendments issued since publication

Date	Text affected
------	---------------

Contents

Foreword *ii*

1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Methods of manufacture	1
5	Surface characteristics	1
6	Surface roughness values	2
7	Sampling lengths	2
8	Calibration of a roughness comparison specimen	3
9	Minimum roughness comparison specimen size	4
10	Lay	5
11	Marking	5

Annexes

Annex A (informative) Lay characteristics 6

Bibliography 7

List of tables

Table 1 – Surface roughness values of roughness comparison specimens 2

Table 2 – Sampling lengths 3

Table 3 – Tolerances on roughness values for roughness comparison specimens 4

Table A.1 – Lay characteristics of roughness comparison specimens 6

Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, pages i to ii, pages 1 to 8, an inside back cover and a back cover.

Foreword

Publishing information

This part of BS 2634 is published by BSI and came into effect on 30 September 2010. It was prepared by Subcommittee TDW/4/9, *Technical product verification*, under the authority of Technical Committee TDW/4, *Technical product realization*. A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

Supersession

This part of BS 2634 supersedes BS 2634-2:1987, which is withdrawn.

Relationship with other publications

BS 2634 is published in two parts:

- Part 1: *Specification for turned, ground, bored, milled, shaped and planed specimens;*
- Part 2: *Specification for spark-eroded, shot-blasted, grit-blasted and polished specimens.*

Information about this document

BS 2634-2:1987 was dual numbered with ISO 2632-2:1985, which was withdrawn in 1997.

This is a full revision of BS 2634-2:1987, and introduces the recalibration of roughness comparison specimens after a period of use.

Presentational conventions

The provisions of this standard are presented in roman (i.e. upright) type. Its requirements are expressed in sentences in which the principal auxiliary verb is "shall".

Commentary, explanation and general informative material is presented in smaller italic type, and does not constitute a normative element.

Contractual and legal considerations

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

1 Scope

This part of BS 2634 specifies the characteristics of roughness comparison specimens of spark-eroded, shot-blasted, grit-blasted and polished surfaces. These are intended for tactile and visual comparison with workpiece surfaces of similar lay that have been produced by similar manufacturing methods.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

BS 2634-1, *Roughness comparison specimens – Part 1: Specification for turned, ground, bored, milled, shaped and planed specimens*

BS EN ISO 4287:1998+A1:2009, *Geometrical product specification (GPS) – Surface texture – Profile method – Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of BS 2634, the terms and definitions given in BS 2634-1 and BS EN ISO 4287:1998+A1 apply.

4 Methods of manufacture

The roughness comparison specimens shall be manufactured:

- a) by creating positive replicas of master surfaces which replicate the feel and appearance of the master surface, for instance by electro-forming; or
- b) by individually machining the roughness comparison specimens.

NOTE Individually machining a roughness comparison specimen involves directly applying the production process, which the roughness comparison specimen is intended to represent, to its surface.

5 Surface characteristics

Master surfaces intended for reproduction, their replicas and individually manufactured roughness comparison specimens (see Clause 4) shall exhibit only the characteristics resulting from the machining process that they are intended to represent. They shall not contain uncharacteristic surface irregularities visible by normal or corrected sight.

6 Surface roughness values

Surface roughness values of roughness comparison specimens shall conform to Table 1.

Table 1 Surface roughness values of roughness comparison specimens

Machining methods					
Spark-eroded		Shot- and grit-blasted		Polished	
Arithmetical mean deviation					
<i>Ra</i>					
μm	μin	μm	μin	μm	μin
—	—	—	—	0.006 ^{A)}	0.25 ^{A)}
—	—	—	—	0.0125 ^{A)}	0.5 ^{A)}
—	—	—	—	0.025 ^{A)}	1 ^{A)}
—	—	—	—	0.05	2
—	—	—	—	0.1	4
—	—	0.2	8	0.2	8
0.4	16	0.4	16	—	—
0.8	32	0.8	32	—	—
1.6	63	1.6	63	—	—
3.2	125	3.2	125	—	—
6.3	250	5.3	250	—	—
12.5	500	12.5	600	—	—
—	—	25	1 000	—	—

NOTE 1 Where it is necessary to provide roughness comparison specimens in intermediate values, these should be chosen from the R 10 series of preferred numbers (see ISO 3).

NOTE 2 Low values are included in Table 1 primarily to give design office personnel some idea of the differences that can be detected (between, for example, 0.006 μm , 0.0125 μm , 0.05 μm and 0.1 μm) by visual means.

^{A)} In actual measurements, the required accuracy might not be attainable to determine these values.

7 Sampling lengths

The sampling length to be used when measuring *Ra* on a roughness comparison specimen should be selected from Table 2, according to the machining method and roughness grade of the specimen.

For repetitive profiles, the length of the sampling length shall be rounded-up to include the nearest whole number of profile cycles.

Table 2 Sampling lengths

Arithmetical mean deviation <i>R_a</i>		Machining methods					
		Spark-eroded		Shot- and grit-blasted		Polished	
		Sampling lengths					
μm	μin	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in
0.006	0.25	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.003
0.0125	0.5	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.003
0.025	1	—	—	—	—	0.08	0.003
0.05	2	—	—	—	—	0.25	0.01
0.1	4	—	—	—	—	0.25	0.01
0.2	8	—	—	0.8	0.03	0.8	0.03
0.4	16	0.8	0.03	0.8	0.03	—	—
0.8	32	0.8	0.03	0.8	0.03	—	—
1.6	63	0.8	0.03	0.8	0.03	—	—
3.2	125	2.5	0.1	2.5	0.1	—	—
6.3	250	2.5	0.1	2.5	0.1	—	—
12.5	500	2.5	0.1	2.5	0.1	—	—
25	1 000	—	—	2.5	0.1	—	—

8 Calibration of a roughness comparison specimen

8.1 Initial calibration

8.1.1 Readings shall be taken perpendicular to the direction of lay of the surface of the roughness comparison specimen for directional specimens.

8.1.2 Readings shall be taken at a sufficient number of locations evenly distributed over the measuring area of the roughness comparison specimen to meet the target uncertainty, as specified by the user.

8.1.3 Readings shall only be taken from areas that are representative of the machining method.

NOTE Areas in the surface that are not representative of the machining method are sometimes found in rougher grades of spark-eroded or blast-cleaned surfaces.

8.1.4 The mean value of the readings shall be in accordance with the tolerances given in Table 3.

8.1.5 The standard deviation from the mean value shall be not greater than the percentage of the effective value given in Table 3.

8.1.6 Where numbers of sampling lengths other than those given in Table 3 are included in the evaluation length, the value for the acceptable maximum of the standard deviation derived from the readings shall be calculated from the formula:

$$\sigma_n = \sigma_s \sqrt{\frac{5}{n}}$$

where:

- σ_s is the standard deviation from Table 3 for five sampling lengths;
- n is the number of sampling lengths in the evaluation length under consideration.

Table 3 Tolerances on roughness values for roughness comparison specimens

Specimen type	Tolerance on mean value (percentage of nominal value)		Standard deviation (percentage of effective value) for evaluation length comprising			
	%	%	3 sampling lengths	4 sampling lengths	5 sampling lengths	6 sampling lengths
			%	%	%	%
Spark-eroded	+12	-17	15	13	12	11
Shot- and grit-blasted	+12	-17	15	13	12	11
Polished	+12	-17	15	13	12	11

NOTE The standard deviation for five sampling lengths in the evaluation length has been used for calculating the standard deviation for three, four and six sampling lengths in the evaluation length.

8.2 Re-calibration after a period of use

Re-calibration readings shall not be taken from surface areas of a roughness comparison specimen that have become visibly scratched, dented or otherwise marked.

Where the surface area of a roughness comparison specimen is not of a sufficient size to be assessed or to be representative of the machining process due to visible scratches, dents and marks on its surface, then the roughness comparison specimen shall be replaced and not re-calibrated.

9 Minimum roughness comparison specimen size

Each side shall be:

- a) a minimum of 20 mm in length for the R_a values of 0.006 and 6.3 μm ; or
- b) a minimum of 30 mm in length for the R_a value of 12.5 μm ; or
- c) a minimum of 50 mm in length for the R_a value of 25 μm .

NOTE It is important that roughness comparison specimens are of a size that permits initial and periodic verification.

10 Lay

The roughness comparison specimen shall be designed such that the measurement direction runs parallel to the longest side.

NOTE For the lay characteristics for roughness comparison specimens, see Annex A.

11 Marking

11.1 The measuring area of the roughness comparison specimen shall not be marked.

11.2 Roughness comparison specimens, or their mounting, shall be marked as a minimum with the following:

- a) the number and date of this British Standard, i.e. BS 2634-2:2010;¹⁾
- b) the nominal R_a value, expressed in micrometers (μm), and, where required, in microinches (μin); and
- c) the name of the machining process which the roughness comparison specimen represents, e.g. spark-eroded, shot-blasted or polished.

¹⁾ Marking BS 2634-2:2010 on or in relation to a product represents a manufacturer's declaration of conformity, i.e. a claim by or on behalf of the manufacturer that the product meets the requirements of the standard. The accuracy of the claim is solely the claimant's responsibility. Such a declaration is not to be confused with third-party certification of conformity.

Annex A (informative) Lay characteristics

The lay characteristics of roughness comparison specimen surfaces are given in Table A.1.

Table A.1 Lay characteristics of roughness comparison specimens

Lay description	Production process represented	Form of specimen
Non-directional (no lay)	Spark-erosion	Flat
Non-directional (no lay)	Shot	Flat
Straight parallel or criss-cross	Grit-blasting	Flat
	Polishing	Flat
		Convex-cylindrical

NOTE Specimens produced by spark-erosion, shot-blasting or grit-blasting are non-directional and normally exhibit no lay.

Bibliography

Standards publications

For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3, *Preferred numbers – Series of preferred numbers*.

Licensed copy: Lee Shau Kee Library, HKUST, Version correct as of 03/01/2015. (c) The British Standards Institution 2010

British Standards Institution (BSI)

BSI is the national body responsible for preparing British Standards and other standards-related publications, information and services.

BSI is incorporated by Royal Charter. British Standards and other standardization products are published by BSI Standards Limited.

About us

We bring together business, industry, government, consumers, innovators and others to shape their combined experience and expertise into standards-based solutions.

The knowledge embodied in our standards has been carefully assembled in a dependable format and refined through our open consultation process. Organizations of all sizes and across all sectors choose standards to help them achieve their goals.

Information on standards

We can provide you with the knowledge that your organization needs to succeed. Find out more about British Standards by visiting our website at bsigroup.com/standards or contacting our Customer Services team or Knowledge Centre.

Buying standards

You can buy and download PDF versions of BSI publications, including British and adopted European and international standards, through our website at bsigroup.com/shop, where hard copies can also be purchased.

If you need international and foreign standards from other Standards Development Organizations, hard copies can be ordered from our Customer Services team.

Subscriptions

Our range of subscription services are designed to make using standards easier for you. For further information on our subscription products go to bsigroup.com/subscriptions.

With **British Standards Online (BSOL)** you'll have instant access to over 55,000 British and adopted European and international standards from your desktop. It's available 24/7 and is refreshed daily so you'll always be up to date.

You can keep in touch with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards, both in single copy and subscription format, by becoming a **BSI Subscribing Member**.

PLUS is an updating service exclusive to BSI Subscribing Members. You will automatically receive the latest hard copy of your standards when they're revised or replaced.

To find out more about becoming a BSI Subscribing Member and the benefits of membership, please visit bsigroup.com/shop.

With a **Multi-User Network Licence (MUNL)** you are able to host standards publications on your intranet. Licences can cover as few or as many users as you wish. With updates supplied as soon as they're available, you can be sure your documentation is current. For further information, email bsmusales@bsigroup.com.

BSI Group Headquarters

389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL UK



Revisions

Our British Standards and other publications are updated by amendment or revision.

We continually improve the quality of our products and services to benefit your business. If you find an inaccuracy or ambiguity within a British Standard or other BSI publication please inform the Knowledge Centre.

Copyright

All the data, software and documentation set out in all British Standards and other BSI publications are the property of and copyrighted by BSI, or some person or entity that owns copyright in the information used (such as the international standardization bodies) and has formally licensed such information to BSI for commercial publication and use. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI. Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Department.

Useful Contacts:

Customer Services

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email (orders): orders@bsigroup.com

Email (enquiries): cservices@bsigroup.com

Subscriptions

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email: subscriptions@bsigroup.com

Knowledge Centre

Tel: +44 20 8996 7004

Email: knowledgecentre@bsigroup.com

Copyright & Licensing

Tel: +44 20 8996 7070

Email: copyright@bsigroup.com

...making excellence a habit.™