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Space systems — Guidelines to define the management framework for a space project



BS ISO 23462:2014 BRITISH STANDARD

National foreword

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Space systems — Guidelines to define the management framework for a space project

Systèmes spatiaux — Lignes directrices pour définir le cadre de management pour un projet spatial



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Foreword

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 20, *Aircraft and space vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 14, *Space systems and operations*.

This first edition of ISO 23462 cancels and replaces the first edition of ISO/TR 23462:2007, which has been technically revised.

Introduction

Many documents exist which address programme/project management, and elements of these are also addressed in ISO 14300-1 and ISO 14300-2. This International Standard complements the aforementioned documents by providing an overall concise, single-source approach for establishing the basis for managing a specific programme/project.

The aim of this International Standard is to:

- help the programme/project manager to prepare the programme/project specific management framework, as an input to be used for developing detailed programme/project management plans;
- promote consistency and best practice in an organization;
- minimize planning omissions, thus reducing risks;
- be used as a top-level document, in conjunction with the application of standards in space programme/project management;
- facilitate a harmonized approach to decision-making in the field of space programme/project management.

This International Standard supports the application of ISO 14300-1 and ISO 14300-2.

Space systems — Guidelines to define the management framework for a space project

1 Scope

This International Standard provides a framework within which an organization can establish the basis for the development of programme/project management specifications and plans when undertaking the execution of a specific programme/project. It enables the programme/project manager to establish the criteria for programme/project success and to secure the organization's commitment to the programme/project manager's management approach for the overall programme/project and its constituent elements. It includes requirements leading to the establishment of a programme/project management framework, and identification of practices to be applied. Following these requirements also results in traceability of the considerations and decisions on why and how the programme/project is conducted according to its specific characteristics.

This International Standard provides a holistic approach for programme/project managers to apply their organization's programme/project management practices when defining the management framework for programme/project planning. It is based on a systematic method of

- defining the programme/project objectives and success criteria,
- identifying and elaborating the specific characteristics of their programme/project,
- specifying the management elements needed,
- establishing and agreeing the management approaches to be implemented, and
- compiling these into a programme/project management framework document.

This International Standard is applicable to any organization undertaking the execution of space programmes/projects.

2 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

2.1

management approach

consideration developed for management elements

Note 1 to entry: Management approaches are used in establishing the programme/project management framework.

2.2

programme management framework project management framework

collection of management approaches defined for programme/project management elements

Note 1 to entry: The programme/project management framework is used as a reference basis upon which to establish programme/project management plans.

2.3

programme characteristic project characteristic

description of an attribute, specific to a programme/project

Note 1 to entry: Programme/project characteristics are considered when determining management approaches to the programme/project management elements.

2.4

programme management element project management element

part of programme/project management, relevant to the setting-up, planning and associated processes, for which the management approaches are elaborated

3 Process to establish the programme/project management framework

The process and the steps involved in the preparation of the programme/project management framework are illustrated in the flowchart in Figure 1.

This flowchart guides the programme/project manager, the project team and other actors through the inter-disciplinary and iterative activities of defining objectives, characterization and planning for the performance of the functions relevant to each identified programme/project management element. The approaches incorporated into the programme/project management framework document, which are subject to agreement by the organization hierarchy, support actors and customers where applicable.

4 Process implementation requirements

4.1 General

The requirements in this clause are numbered. Each numbered requirement is composed of the wording of the requirements proper, and accompanied by an explanatory text attached to the general requirement (aim) and to the expected output.

4.2 Establishing the programme/project management framework document

4.2.1 General

The programme/project management framework document preparation shall be performed in accordance with the seven-step process illustrated in Figure 1.

- Aim: to perform systematically the tasks required for the establishment of the programme/project management framework.
- Expected output: programme/project management framework document.

4.2.2 Step 1: Defining programme/project objectives and success criteria

The programme/project manager shall define the mission objectives: overall technical, cost and schedule performance, and the related mission success criteria. This shall include the assessment and comparative analysis of options, taking into account parameters for safety, reliability and quality, aiming at defining as many verifiable requirements at this stage of the project as possible.

- Aim: to ensure that all actors clearly understand the goals of the programme/project.
- Expected output: documented description of the overall programme/project objectives, tied to the mission success criteria.

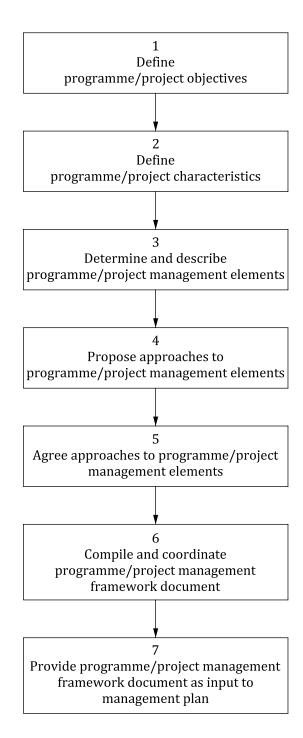


Figure 1 — Process to establish the programme/project management framework

4.2.3 Step 2: Defining programme/project characteristics

The programme/project managershall identify and describe the characteristics of the programme/project to be taken into account when developing the programme/project management framework document by completing the checklist provided in Table 1. This step shall include the development of complex (theoretical and experimental) substantiation of the basic characteristics of the project, development in coordination with subcontractors the initial data for improvement of the project characteristics, generation of a block diagram of the project and identification of acceptable principles for the management of the project as a whole and its basic components.

 Aim: to facilitate analysis of the programme/project, enabling the selection of the most suitable management approaches to be applied. Expected output: list and descriptions of programme/project characteristics.

Table 1 — Example of a programme/project characteristics checklist

Programme/project characteristic	Summary description
Nature of the programme/project	
Mission type	
Product type	
Scope	
Technical risks	
Maturity of project	
Customer requirements and risk to the organization	
Payload types	
Launch site	
Launch vehicle	
Programmatic parameters	
Cost requirements/constraints	
Programme/project duration	
Schedule constraints/criticality	
Resource requirements/constraints	
Contracting approach and contract types	
Programmatic risks	
Programme/project phase	
Operational life	
Management software tools	
Programme/project organization	
External project framework	
Internal project framework	
Industrial complexity	
Other participants	
Political constraints	

Where additional characteristics are considered influential, these should be added to the checklist.

Examples of influential characteristics to be considered could include the following:

- a) nature of the project:
 - experimental or operational mission functions;
 - number of spacecraft in-orbit at one time or for sequential launch;
 - top-level technical elements of spacecraft, e.g. platform, instruments;
 - top-level elements of ground segment; command and control facilities, ground stations, facilities for data processing and distribution;
 - re-use of platform design or of certain subsystems;
 - redundancy philosophy;

- re-use of existing ground segment facilities/infrastructure;
- use of specific launchers;
- requirements for operational or data compatibility with other spacecraft;
- objective to demonstrate new technology;
- immature technology to be proven during the development process;

b) programmatic parameters:

- schedule constraints, e.g. trajectory opportunities to astronomical objects, need to be first to market;
- phasing plan;
- funding constraints:
 - specific financing schemes and budgetary commitments;
 - policy to be taken on contingency funding;
- nominal mission lifetime, constraints on actual lifetime, potential for mission extension;
- principles of compliance to standards addressing issues such as parts quality, criteria for software re-use, verification and test approach, fracture mechanics;
- procurement approach:
 - direct negotiations;
 - competitive procurement;
 - intended price-type for the procurements;
 - specific contractual requirements;
- availability and reliability requirements, e.g. for operational missions;
- utilization of major facilities, including laboratories, test facilities, control rooms and ground station network, site infrastructure, data reception/processing facilities;
- new facilities investments required;

c) programme/project organization:

- internal programme/project framework; describe the internal organizational framework within which the project will be executed:
 - statement of where the lead role on the project lies at each phase;
 - statement of who is responsible for satisfying the customer interface during that phase;
 - internal responsibilities for the project and responsibilities in the company organization;
 - distinguishing between support and delegated tasks;
- external programme/project framework; description of the external organizational framework within which the programme/project will be executed:
 - legal programmatic basis for the project;
 - external approvals needed;

- constraints on procurement policy;
- major external deliverables;
- industrial complexity:
 - describe the major procurements foreseen;
 - technical and programmatic interfaces between each of the major procurements;
 - major deliverables from one contract to another;
 - potential impacts of schedule slippages;
- other participants:
 - partnerships;
 - external cooperation;
 - constraining aspects of multilateral cooperation;
 - externally delegated tasks;
- d) political constraints:
 - security aspects affecting the project;
 - relevant laws and regulations covering technology exchange;
 - any controlling agreements.

4.2.4 Step 3: Determining and describing programme/project management elements

The programme/project manager shall describe the management elements of the programme/project relevant to the performance of programme/project management, by completing the checklist provided in Table 2.

- Aim: to identify the required set of management elements relevant to the programme/project.
- Expected output: list of management elements, with brief summaries.

Table 2 — Example of a programme/project management elements checklist

Programme/project management element	Summary description
Programme/project definition	
Phasing strategy	
Organization and decision processes	
Model philosophy	
Contracting	
Strategy for a choice of subcontractors and contracting	
Programme/project structures	
Schedule management	
Resources/cost management	
Document management	
Configuration management	
Change management	

Table 2 (continued)

Programme/project management element	Summary description	
Logistics and inventory management		
Performance management		
Risk management		
Lessons learned		
Quality management		
Human resources management		
NOTE Where additional management elements are considered influential on the basis of the programme/		

project characteristics, these are added to the checklist and described.

Step 4: Proposing approaches to programme/project management elements

The programme/project manager shall describe the proposed approach, and alternatives to be considered, to setting up, planning, executing, monitoring, reporting, and to any other aspects of the specific functions of each management element, by completing the template provided in Table 3.

- Aim: to provide a record of analysis and decisions for the identification of programme/project management approaches.
- Expected output: proposed management approaches and alternatives to be considered for each programme/project management element.

Table 3 — Example of a template for programme/project management approaches

Programme/project management element				
(Name of management element)				
Assumptions/requirements				
(Consider all requirements related to the programme/project management element.)				
Driving characteristics:				
(Programme/project characteristics that drive the management element.)				
Driving risks				
(Identification of risks relevant to the management element)				
(Recorded in accordance with ISO 17666)	(Recorded in accordance with ISO 17666)			
Proposed management approach				
(Description of the approach to the programme/project management element and decisions, etc.)				
Justification				
(Justification of the proposed approach, taking into account the identified risks)				
Alternative approaches				
[Description of alternative approach(es)]				
Preferred/agreed approach				
(The desired solution)				
Programme/project manager	Date			
Support providers	Date			
Hierarchy	Date			

The management approaches are determined by considering each characteristic and management element to select the methods, processes and procedures needed to ensure that adequate and efficient management and control will be exercised. At the same time, it is ensured that risks are reduced to an acceptable level, while avoiding non-value added work. In this way, traceability back to the driving characteristics is provided. When the characteristics change, appropriate changes may be made to the management approaches in full knowledge of previous considerations and decisions.

The programme/project characteristics and management elements are considered in an integrated way, and not in isolation. Only an integrated approach can result in meaningful and consistent conclusions. A low-priced and short-duration programme/project might suggest a minimal approach, with less and lighter requirements, and a high-priced programme/project, more comprehensive requirements. However, when considering that, for example, a low-priced and short-duration programme/project carries significant risks due to technology immaturity, this may lead to a more comprehensive approach, which is similar to the approach applied to a high-priced and longer duration programme/project.

The impact of the characteristics also varies in its influence on the different management elements, e.g. the contract type has a great influence on the cost-management approach, but less impact on the schedule management approach.

4.2.6 Step 5: Agreeing approaches to programme/project management elements

The programme/project manager, his/her hierarchy and any organizational unit providing any required support, shall review the proposed approaches, consider the alternatives, and agree on the preferred approach.

- Aim: to secure agreement by the relevant actors for the proposed programme/project management approaches for each management element.
- Expected output: signed management approaches for each programme/project management element.

4.2.7 Step 6: Compiling and coordinating programme/project management framework document

The programme/project manager shall compile and coordinate the content of the programme/project management framework document from the agreed approaches for each management element. An example of the table of contents of a programme/project management framework document is provided in Annex A.

- Aim: to provide a reference document for the elaboration of the programme/project management plans.
- Expected output: programme/project management framework document.

4.2.8 Step 7: Providing the programme/project management framework document as input to programme/project management plan

The programme/project manager shall furnish the agreed programme/project management framework document to his/her project team.

- Aim: to enable the preparation of detailed programme/project plans.
- Expected output: detailed programme/project planning initiated.

4.3 Maintaining the programme/project management framework document

The programme/project manager shall update the management framework document and submit it for agreement by the actors agreeing the original approaches throughout the life of the programme/project, whenever a significant change requiring the agreement of the hierarchy or other actors arises.

Aim: to keep the programme/project management framework document up to date.

— Expected output: current programme/project management framework document.

Annex A

(informative)

Example of table of contents of a programme/project management framework document

1. Programme/project characteristics

1.1. Nature of the programme/project

- 1.1.1. Mission type
- 1.1.2. Product type
- 1.1.3. Scope
- 1.1.4. Technical risks
- 1.1.5. Maturity of project
- 1.1.6. Customer requirements and risk to the organization
- 1.1.7. Payload types
- 1.1.8. Launch site
- 1.1.9. Launch vehicle

1.2. Programme parameters

- 1.2.2. Cost requirements/constraints
- 1.2.2. Programme/project duration
- 1.2.3. Schedule constraints/criticality
- 1.2.4. Resource requirements/constraints
- 1.2.5. Contracting approach and contract types
- 1.2.6. Programmatic risks
- 1.2.7. Programme/project phase
- 1.2.8. Operational life
- 1.2.9. Management software tools

1.3. Programme/project organization

- 1.3.1. External project framework
- 1.3.2. Internal project framework
- 1.3.3. Industrial complexity
- 1.3.4. Other participants

1.4. Political constraints

2. Programme/project management elements

- 2.1. Programme/project definition
- 2.2. Phasing strategy
- 2.3. Organization and decision processes
- 2.4. Model philosophy
- 2.5. Contracting
- 2.6. Strategy for a choice of subcontractors and contracting
- 2.7. Programme/project structures
- 2.8. Schedule management
- 2.9. Resources/cost management
- 2.10. Document management
- 2.11. Configuration management
- 2.12. Change management
- 2.13. Logistics and inventory management
- 2.14. Performance management
- 2.15. Risk management
- 2.16. Lessons learned
- 2.17. Quality management
- 2.18. Human resources management

3. Programme/project management approach

- 3.1. Programme/project management element (e.g. schedule management)
- 3.2. Assumptions/requirements
- 3.3. Driving characteristics:
- 3.4. Driving risks
- 3.5. Proposed management approach
- 3.6. Justification
- 3.7. Alternative approaches
- 3.8. Preferred/agreed approach

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- [1] ISO 14300-1, Space systems Programme management Part 1: Structuring of a project
- [2] ISO 14300-2, Space systems Programme management Part 2: Product assurance
- [3] ISO 17666, Space systems Risk management



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