BS ISO 18418-2:2014



BSI Standards Publication

Gasoline engines — Medium pressure liquid fuel supply connections

Part 2: Pipe assemblies



BS ISO 18418-2:2014

National foreword

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Gasoline engines — Medium pressure liquid fuel supply connections —

Part 2: **Pipe assemblies**

Moteurs à essence — Connections pour des lignes de combustible liquide à moyenne pression —

Partie 2: Lignes assemblées



BS ISO 18418-2:2014 **ISO 18418-2:2014(E)**



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Injection equipment and filters for use on road vehicles*.

ISO 18418 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Gasoline engines* — *Medium pressure liquid fuel supply connections*:

- Part 1: 60° female cone connectors
- Part 2: Pipe assemblies

Introduction

Some spark ignition (SI) engines use direct injection (DI) fuel systems which supply gasoline under pressure to a rail and to the injectors via pipe assemblies with a 60° female cone connector. Such components are similar to ISO 2974 and ISO 13296 for the diesel injection systems except for the relationship between the outside and inside diameters of the pipes due to the lower pressure range.

Gasoline engines — Medium pressure liquid fuel supply connections —

Part 2:

Pipe assemblies

1 Scope

This part of ISO 18418 specifies dimensions and requirements for medium-pressure fuel pipe assemblies and assembled pipe sets made of seamless stainless steel tubing to be used with 60° female cone connectors on gasoline (spark-ignition) engines.

NOTE 1 Dimensions of 60° female cone connectors are specified in ISO 18418-1.

NOTE 2 Material properties of stainless steel tubing are specified in ISO 9329-4. The chemical composition of stainless steels can be found in ISO 15510.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9329-4:1997, Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes — Technical delivery conditions — Part 4: Austenitic stainless steels

ISO 12345, Diesel engines — Cleanliness assessment of fuel injection equipment

ISO 15510:2014, Stainless steels — Chemical composition

ISO 18418-1:2014, Gasoline engines — Medium pressure liquid fuel supply connections —Part 1: 60° female cone connectors

3 Dimensions and tolerances

The requirement and configuration drawing for a pipe assembly shall include at least the following:

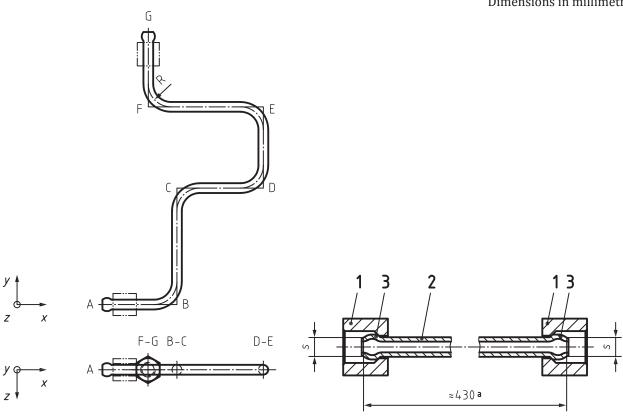
- a) indication of compliance with this part of ISO 18418;
- b) the thread and the hexagon size of the connector nuts according to <u>Tables 1</u> and <u>2</u>;
- c) the type of the connection ends as specified in 6.2;
- d) a graphic representation of the centreline of the pipe with the connection ends and each bend intersection labelled as a point, with each point listed in a table with Cartesian coordinates *x*, *y*, and *z* with the orthogonal distance from the axis and the bend radius (the beginning and end points are given as the "S" dimension for the defined configuration);

NOTE The coordinates are used to specify the theoretical exact centreline of the pipe. See the example given in Figure 1.

- e) the developed length of the pipe as an approximated value;
- f) the material and surface finish requirements of the pipe and connector nuts.

The dimensional tolerance of a pipe assembly shall be stated in terms of the actual outside contour of the tube in relation to the specified maximum outside contour and the variance of the actual pipe connection end from specified position, as agreed between supplier and customer.

Dimensions in millimetres



Point	X	у	Z	Radius
A	0	0	0	0
В	65	0	0	20
С	65	100	0	20
D	140	100	0	20
Е	140	170	0	20
F	40	170	0	20
G	40	235	0	0

Key

- 1 connector nut: thread M14; hexagon across flats 17
- pipe: tube outside diameter 8 mm 2
- 3 pipe connection ends
- Developed length.

NOTE For dimension *S* see, <u>Table 1</u>.

Figure 1 — Example of a requirement and configuration drawing

4 Cleanliness

The bore of a pipe assembly shall be clean, and this shall be assessed in accordance with ISO 12345. Unless otherwise agreed between supplier and customer, cleanliness of pipe assemblies shall be designated using the Fuel Injection Equipment Cleanliness Code (FIECC), as defined in ISO 12345.

5 Minimum bend radii

The radius of any bend made in fabricating pipe assemblies shall be not less than two and one-eighth times (2,125×) the outside diameter of the pipe as measured from the pipe centreline. Bends shall be a sufficient distance from the end-connections so as to allow easy fitting of the pipe assembly for its intended use. Bends shall be a sufficient distance from one another so as not to impair fabrication. Bend radii shall be of uniform size in each pipe assembly whenever possible.

6 Pipe end connections

6.1 General

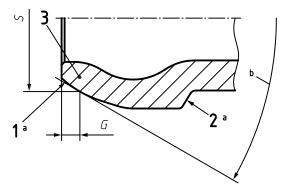
The relationships of connection ends to the connector nut and with the dimensions G and S are shown in Table 1 for the 60° female cone.

The design of the shoulders of the connection end and of the related connector nut shall be agreed between supplier and customer.

NOTE The dimensional characteristics of 60° female cones are described in ISO 18418-1.

6.2 Type of connection ends

In Figure 2, the design of connection ends with a spherical sealing face for pipe assemblies is shown.



Key

- 1 connection end sealing face (spherical)
- 2 shoulder of connection end
- 3 connection end of pipe
- ^a Spherical shape of the connection end sealing face and of the shoulder in order to allow an inclined position of the pipe connection end to the matching female cone.
- b Spherical connection end to fit into the 60° female cone specified in ISO 18418-1.

NOTE For dimensions *G* and *S*, see <u>Table 1</u>.

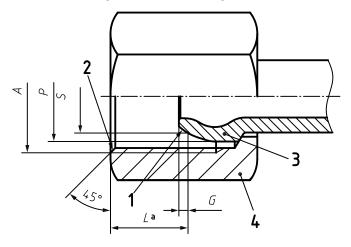
Figure 2 — Connection end

6.3 Pipe end assembly for 60° female cones

<u>Figure 3</u> shows the basic requirements and relationships of a connection end assembled to the related connector nut.

For dimensions, see <u>Table 1</u>.

NOTE The dimensions of <u>Table 1</u> correspond to the values specified in ISO 18418-1:2014, Table 1.



Key

- 1 connection end sealing face (spherical)
- 2 chamfer to root of thread
- 3 connection end of pipe (according to Figure 2)
- 4 connector nut (according to <u>Table 2</u>)
- When defining dimension *L*, there shall be clearance between the base of the connector nut and the surface of the mating component (defined in ISO 18418-1) to ensure correct sealing force, taking into account material deformation after tightening while maintaining a minimum thread engagement of 3x pitch.

Figure 3 — Pipe end assembly for 60° female cones (schematically)

Table 1 — Dimensions of pipe end connections for 60° female cones

Dimensions in millimetres

Tube out- side diam- eter	Thread ^a A	Reference diameter Sb	P ±0,5	<i>G</i> ^b ±0,4	L max.	Tube inside diameter
		7,5	10,5 to 12	0,8	10	5,0
8	M14 × 1,5	8,2 or 8,5	10,5 to 12	0,8	10	5,6
		9,4	10,5 to 12	1,4	10	6,0
		8,5	12 to 13,5	0,8	10	
10	M16 × 1,5	9,4	12 to 13,5	1,4	10	7,0

a Tolerance classes of threads: 6H for connector nuts.

The preferred hexagon size for the connector nuts are listed in <u>Table 2</u>.

b The intersection of S and G represents a typical contact line with the female cone.

Table 2 — Connector nut wrench size for 60° female cones

Dimensions in millimetres

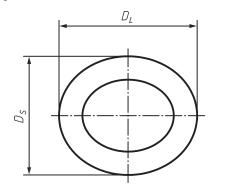
Tube outside diameter		Wrench size
8	M14 × 1,5	17 ^a or 19
10	M16 × 1,5	24
^a Preferred.		

7 Operating pressure

The permissible operating pressure shall be specified with an adequate safety margin below the fatigue strength under pulsating internal pressure, and shall be agreed upon between supplier and customer.

8 Ovality of bending portion

The ovality of any bending portion made in fabricating pipe assemblies shall be not more than $15\,\%$. The ovality of bending portion is affected by material physical properties, inside/outside diameter ratio, bend radius, and type of fabrication.



$$\eta = \frac{2(D_L - D_S)}{D_L + D_S} \times 100$$

Key

 η percent ovality

 D_L major axis

 D_S minor axis

Figure 4 — Definition of ovality

9 Tightening torque and sealing performance

The tightening torque to connect the connection ends of the pipe assemblies with a pump and a rail shall be determined carefully so that no fuel leakage from the sealing faces, rotational movement of the mating components, or unfavourable deformation of the sealing faces, threads, or pipe connection ends will occur.

The adequate tightening torque for the connection ends will vary according to the combination of size and material of the tube, size and material of connector nut, design of the shoulder of the connection end and the connector nut, etc. The design should reflect the thread engagement requirements specified in ISO 18418-1:2014, Figure 1. The required tightening torque shall be determined empirically between the supplier and the customer.

The sealing performance shall be tested by fitting the pipe assembly to 60° female cone connectors and by applying the lower limit of the determined tightening torque. For the test, the same type of fuel as for actual operation and the maximum fuel pressure encountered in actual operation shall be used.

10 Designation

The stainless steel tube used for assemblies described herein shall be designated as follows, in the order given:

- the denomination "Tube";
- a reference to this part of ISO 18418, i.e. ISO 18418-2;
- dimensions (outside diameter × wall thickness), in millimetres (mm) (see <u>Table 1</u>);
- a reference to ISO 9329-4;
- steel designation (according to ISO 9329-4:1997, Table 1 or ISO 15510:2014, Table 1);
- symbol for the type of condition (according to ISO 9329-4:1997, Table 7);

EXAMPLE A tube with an outside diameter of 8 mm, a wall thickness of 1,5 mm, made of steel designation X5 CrNi 18 10, and in type condition CFS4:

Tube ISO 18418-2 - 8 × 1,5 - ISO 9329-4 - X5 CrNi 18 10 - CFS4

11 Packaging and identification

Pipe assemblies and assembled pipe sets shall be identified as agreed upon between supplier and customer. The products shall be packaged in such a manner as to prevent the ingress of debris during transit or storage and to protect the mating surfaces from damage.

Bibliography

- [1] ISO 2974, Diesel engines 60 degree female cones for high-pressure fuel injection components
- [2] ISO 13296, Diesel engines High-pressure fuel injection pipe assemblies General requirements and dimensions





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