BS ISO 17101-1:2012



BSI Standards Publication

Agricultural machinery — Thrown-object test and acceptance criteria

Part 1: Rotary mowers



BS ISO 17101-1:2012 BRITISH STANDARD

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 17101-1:2012. Together with BS ISO 17101-2:2012, it supersedes BS ISO 17101:2004, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee AGE/32, Agricultural implements and trailers.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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Agricultural machinery — Thrown-object test and acceptance criteria —

Part 1:

Rotary mowers

Matériel agricole — Essai de projection d'objets et critères d'acceptation —

Partie 1: Faucheuses rotatives



BS ISO 17101-1:2012 **ISO 17101-1:2012(E)**



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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ISO 17101-1 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machiner for agriculture and forestry*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Equipment for harvesting and conservation*.

This first edition of ISO 17101-1, together with ISO 17101-2, cancels and replaces ISO 17101:2004, which has been technically revised.

ISO 17101 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Agricultural machinery* — *Thrown-object test* and acceptance criteria:

- Part 1: Rotary mowers
- Part 2: Flail mowers

Agricultural machinery — Thrown-object test and acceptance criteria —

Part 1:

Rotary mowers

1 Scope

This part of ISO 17101 gives specifications and acceptance criteria for thrown-object testing of rotary mowers used in agriculture. Examples of machines are shown in Annex A.

It is not applicable to the following:

- flail mowers;
- mowers with an articulated arm;
- mowers with one or more vertical axis designed for mulching;
- pedestrian-controlled motor mowers;
- lawn mowers or machines designed as lawn mowers;
- inter-row mowing units;
- machines designed for highway and road maintenance only.

NOTE 1 If a machine is also designed for use outside agriculture, in addition to the thrown-object test given in this part of ISO 17101, other thrown-object tests might apply.

NOTE 2 Thrown-object tests and acceptance criteria for flail mowers are dealt with in ISO 17101-2.

NOTE 3 Thrown-object tests and acceptance criteria for rotary mowers which have a tip circle greater than 1 000 mm are dealt with in ISO 4254-13.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 536:—1), Paper and board — Determination of grammage

ISO 789-1:1990, Agricultural tractors — Test procedures — Part 1: Power tests for power take-off

ISO 1974:2012, Paper — Determination of tearing resistance — Elmendorf method

ISO 2758:—2), Paper — Determination of bursting strength

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

1

¹⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 536:1995)

²⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 2758:2001)

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3.1

rotary mower

mower in which one or more functional components cut or shear forage crop by impact without mulching and rotate about a vertical axis

[SOURCE: ISO 4254-12:2012, definition 3.1]

3.2

flail mower

mower with a multiplicity of free-swinging cutting elements that rotate about a horizontal axis, which cuts the crop by impact and mulches it with the same working elements

[SOURCE: ISO 4254-12:2012, definition 3.2]

3.3

conditioning device

mechanical device allowing the acceleration of the crop-drying process

NOTE Examples of acceleration of the crop-drying process include crushing, impact, abrasion and lamination.

3.4

swath board

adjustable device for controlling the swath width

3.5

Kraft paper

paper produced from pure unbleached sulfate Kraft pulp with machine-finished surface

NOTE 1 Kraft paper is mainly used for the manufacture of paper sacks and for lining and laminating.

NOTE 2 See 4.2.1.1 for details of specifications.

3.6

test

operation consisting of two runs

3.7

run

single pass through the thrown-object material

3.8

impact

hole in the Kraft paper caused by a stone through which a cylindrical stick with a 6 mm diameter semi-spherical end passes without noticeable effort on the hand of the operator

4 Thrown-object test

4.1 Testing conditions

4.1.1 Mower used for test

Tests shall be performed using the same rotary mower, or the same rotary mower with a conditioning device, and the same protective devices. If the rotary mower can be fitted with a removable conditioning device, the test shall be performed both with and without the conditioning device. If the rotary mower can be operated in different working positions [right side, centre or left side of the tractor (see 4.2.7)], the test shall be performed with the rotary mower in the rightmost and leftmost working positions behind the tractor as specified by the manufacturer in the operator's manual.

4.1.1.1 Thrown-object guard adjustment

Adjustable devices (e.g. swathe board), which could influence the efficiency of the protective device to prevent projections, shall be located in the least favourable position.

4.1.1.2 Cutting height

The cutting height shall be adjusted at 50 mm. If this is not possible due to the design of the rotary mower, the cutting height shall be adjusted as near as possible to 50 mm.

4.1.2 Test surface area

Tests shall be performed on firm and horizontal, hard ground.

EXAMPLES Concrete, asphalt.

4.2 Target

A target is used to record the impact of stones projected from the protected zone of the rotary mower.

4.2.1 Target construction

4.2.1.1 Target material

The panels shall be constructed of a rigid frame. The dimensions of panels 1 to 4 are shown in Figure 1; the dimensions of panels 5 and 7 are shown in Figure 3; the dimensions of panel 6 are shown in Figure 2 a).

The Kraft paper grammage shall be $120 \text{ g/m}^2 \pm 10 \text{ g/m}^2$, determined in accordance with ISO 536. The bursting strength shall be 500 kPa minimum, determined by using the method specified in ISO 2758. The tearing resistance shall be 1 200 mN minimum, in the machine direction, determined in accordance with the test method specified in ISO 1974.

4.2.1.2 Target material attachment

There shall be no reinforcing slat within 20 mm of the Kraft paper. There shall be no overlapping of Kraft paper, and, in order to have no overlaps, the Kraft paper should be stretched from the roll in the horizontal direction on the frames.

4.2.1.3 Target panels frame

Panels 1 to 4 shall be made of a rigid frame, 2 000 mm in height (see Figure 1).

4.2.1.4 Panel reference lines

Two reference lines, traced along the target at 600 mm and 1 200 mm from ground level, shall show three zones:

- a lower zone (between 0 mm and 600 mm);
- a middle zone (between 600 mm and 1200 mm); and
- an upper zone (between 1 200 mm and 2 000 mm) (see Figure 1).

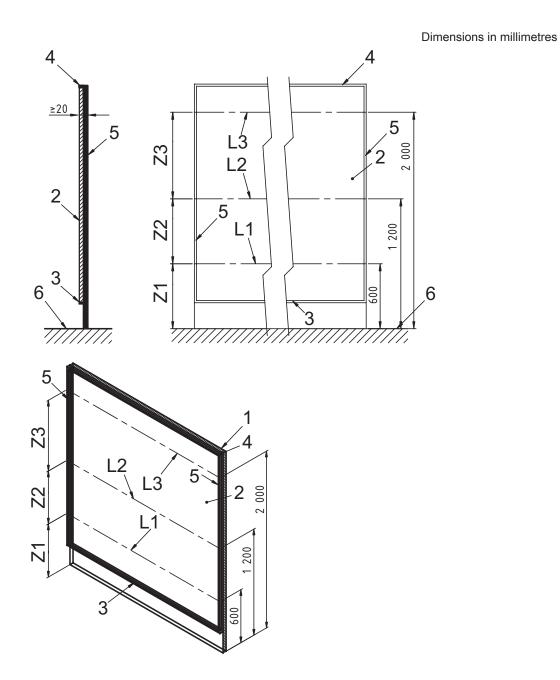
If the rotary mower dimensions require an extension of Panels 1, 2, 3 and 4, reference lines shall be moved proportionally upwards [see Figure 2 a)].

The Panel 6 reference lines (see 4.2.5) shall be located 500 mm and 1 000 mm from ground level and show three zones:

- a lower zone (between 0 mm and 500 mm);
- a middle zone (between 500 mm and 1 000 mm); and
- an upper zone (between 1 000 mm and 1 200 mm) [see Figure 2 b)].

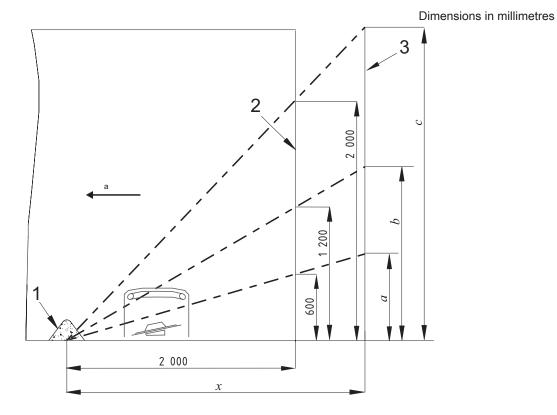
If Panel 6 needs to be moved towards the rear due to rotary mower dimensions, the reference lines shall be moved proportionally upwards [see Figure 2 c)].

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Key			
L1	600 mm reference line	1	panel
L2	1 200 mm reference line	2	Kraft paper
L3	2 000 mm reference line	3	lower reinforcing slat
Z1	lower zone	4	upper reinforcing slat
Z2	middle zone	5	side reinforcing slat
Z3	upper zone	6	ground

Figure 1 — Target panel

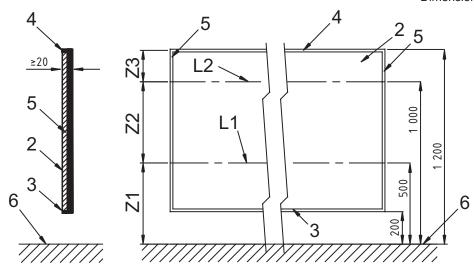


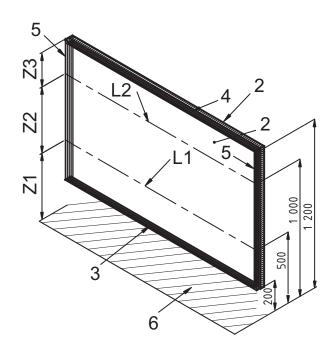
Key

- 1 test material
- 2 panel as specified
- 3 panel for adjusted reference lines
- $a = (600x)/(2\ 000)$
- $b = (1\ 200x)/(2\ 000)$
- c = x
- x distance of panel adjustment
- a Forward direction.

a) Example of proportional reference line adjustment

Figure 2 (continued on the next page)

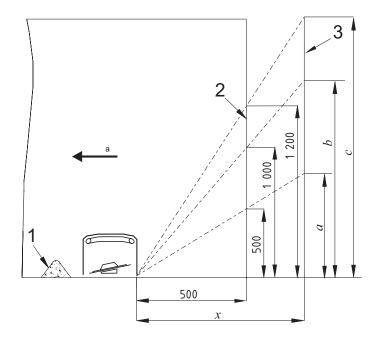




Key			
L1	500 mm reference line	1	panel
L2	1 000 mm reference line	2	Kraft paper
L3	1 200 mm reference line	3	lower reinforcing slat
Z1	lower zone	4	upper reinforcing slat
Z2	middle zone	5	side reinforcing slat
Z3	upper zone	6	ground

b) Reference lines for Panel 6 front-mounted rotary mowers

Figure 2 (continued on the next page)



Key

- 1 test material
- 2 panel as specified
- 3 panel for adjusted reference lines
- a = x
- $b = (1 \ 000x)/(500)$
- $c = (1 \ 200x)/(500)$
- x distance of panel adjustment
- a Forward direction.

c) Proportional reference line adjustment for Panel 6

Figure 2 — Panel reference lines

4.2.2 Panels in the operator's zone for rotary mowers attached at the rear three-point tractor linkage

Panels 5, 7a and 7b act as a target in the operator's zone (see Figure 3); they shall be made of a rigid frame and shall comply with the specifications given in Table 1 and Table 2.

At the rear angle of Panels 7a and 7b, there may be a slat, in contact with paper and with a maximum thickness of 3 mm.

Panel 5 connects Panels 7a and 7b and shall be perpendicular to them. Panels 7a and 7b shall be parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tractor.

For three-point tractor linkage mowers, Panel 5 shall be located in a horizontal distance of (800 \pm 50 mm) in front of the axis of the lower hitch points of the mower.

NOTE 1 To comply with the required dimensions, it might be necessary to use an intermediate frame on which Panel 5 can be mounted and which is mounted between the hitch points of the tractor and the hitch points of the mower.

Figure 5 shows an example of the location of Panel 5.

For trailed and semi-mounted machines, the following requirements apply.

a) For lower linkage coupled rotary mowers, Panel 5 shall be located in a horizontal distance of (800 \pm 50) mm in front of the axis of the hitch points of the rotary mower.

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- NOTE 2 To comply with the required dimensions, it might be necessary to use an intermediate frame on which Panel 5 can be mounted and which is mounted between the hitch points of the tractor and the hitch points of the rotary mower.
- b) For all other trailed rotary mowers, e.g. drawbar, hitch hook, piton fix, ball type, Panel 5 shall be located in a horizontal distance of (600 ± 50) mm in front of the coupling point of the rotary mower.
 - NOTE 3 To comply with the required dimensions, it might be necessary to use an intermediate frame on which Panel 5 can be mounted and which is mounted between the coupling point of the tractor and the coupling point of the rotary mower.

7b

1 300

7a

007

7a

007

Key

- 1 ground
- 5 Panel 5
- 7a Panel 7a
- 7b Panel 7b

a) Configuration for standard tractors

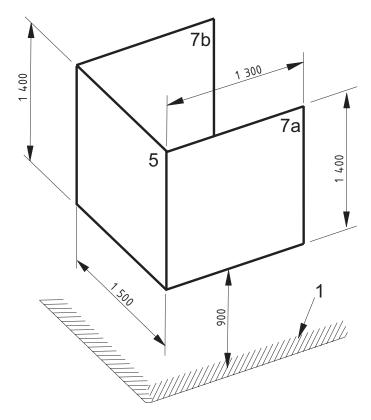
Table 1 — Dimensions for Panels 5, 7a and 7b in Figure 3 a)

Dimensions in millimetres

Dimensions in millimetres

	Height	Width	Height above the ground of the lower edge
Panel 5	1 400	2 600	900 ± 10
Panel 7a	1 400	1 300	900 ± 10
Panel 7b	1 400	1 300	900 ± 10

Figure 3 (continued on the next page)



Key

- 1 ground
- 5 Panel 5
- 7a Panel 7a
- 7b Panel 7b

b) Configuration for narrow tractors

Table 2 — Dimensions for narrow tractors for Panels 5, 7a and 7b in Figure 3b)

Dimensions in millimetres

	Height	Width	Height above the ground of the lower edge
Panel 5	1 400	1 500	900 ± 10
Panel 7a	1 400	1 300	900 ± 10
Panel 7b	1 400	1 300	900 ± 10

Figure 3 — Configuration of panels 5, 7a and 7b in the operator's zone

4.2.3 Target for offset rotary mowers attached at rear three-point tractor linkage (see Figure 4)

Dimensions in millimetres

Key

- A test material
- B tool path
- panels (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7a)

Figure 4 — Target panel configuration for offset rotary mowers

В

1 000

The target is made up of six panels (Panels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7a), which shall comply with the specifications given in 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.

Panels 2 and 4 shall be 4 000 mm long. If, due to the rotary-mower dimensions, it is not possible to achieve this length, it may be increased. In this case, Panel 3 shall be located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from the rear of the rotary mower in the test starting position.

Panel 2 shall be parallel to the longitudinal tractor axis and located at a distance of 1 000 mm from the nearest tool path.

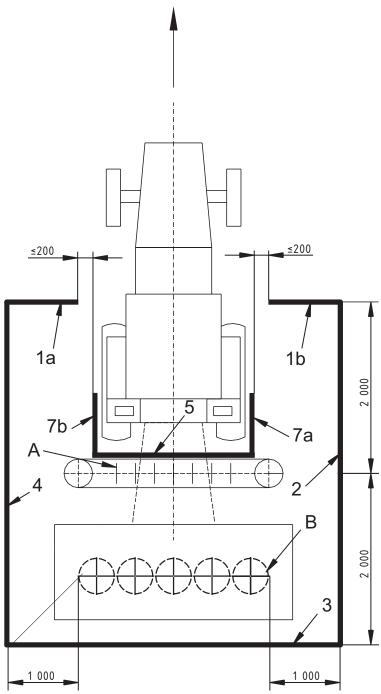
Panel 4 shall be parallel to Panel 2 and located at a distance of 2 000 mm from the nearest tool path. If, due to the dimensions of the tractor, this distance cannot be achieved, it may be increased. In this case, Panel 4 shall be located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from the rear wheel of the tractor.

Panel 3 connects Panels 2 and 4 and shall be perpendicular to them.

Panel 1 shall be perpendicular and immediately adjacent to Panel 2 with the unattached end located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from a horizontal line projected forward across the outside face of the rear wheel of the tractor nearest to Panel 2 in the starting position or from panel 7a, whichever is wider.

4.2.4 Target for in-line rotary mowers attached at rear three-point tractor linkage (see Figure 5)

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

- A test material
- B tool path
- panels (1a, 1b, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7a, 7b)

Figure 5 — Target panel configuration for in-line rotary mowers attached at rear three-point tractor linkage

The target is made up of six (or eight) panels (Panels 1a, 1b, 2, 3, 4, 5 and, in some cases, 7a and 7b), which shall comply with the specifications of 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.

Panels 7a and 7b shall be used when the cutting width of the rotary mower is more than the width of panel 5 or the rotary mower can be operated at different working positions (right side, centre or left side of the tractor).

Panels 2 and 4 shall be 4 000 mm long. If, due to the rotary-mower dimensions, it is not possible to achieve this length, it may be increased. In this case, Panel 3 shall be located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from the rear of the rotary mower in the test starting position.

Panel 1a shall be perpendicular, and immediately adjacent, to Panel 4, with the unattached end located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from a horizontal line projected forward across the outside face of the rear wheel of the tractor nearest to Panel 4 in the test starting position.

Panel 1b shall be perpendicular, and immediately adjacent, to Panel 2, with the unattached end located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from a horizontal line projected forward across the outside face of the rear wheel of the tractor nearest to Panel 2 in the test starting position.

Panels 2 and 4 shall be parallel to the longitudinal tractor axis and located at a distance of 1 000 mm from the nearest tool path.

Panel 3 connects Panels 2 and 4, and shall be perpendicular to them.

4.2.5 Target for front-mounted rotary mowers or self-propelled rotary mowers (see Figure 6)

The target is made up of six panels (Panels 1, 2, 3a, 3b, 4 and 6).

Panels 1 to 4 shall comply with the specifications of 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.

Panel 6 acts as a target at the rear side of the rotary mower.

For mounted rotary mowers, Panel 6 shall be located in front, on an intermediate frame located between the rotary mower and the tractor, at a distance of 500 mm behind the lower link hitch point of the rotary mower. The width of Panel 6 shall be equal to the working width of the rotary mower and its height shall be 1 000 mm. An adequate opening inside Panel 6 for the passage of the PTO drive shaft is acceptable. Panel 6 shall be placed vertically, with its lower edge at a height of 200 mm from the ground.

For a self-propelled rotary mower, Panel 3a and Panel 3b are not required.

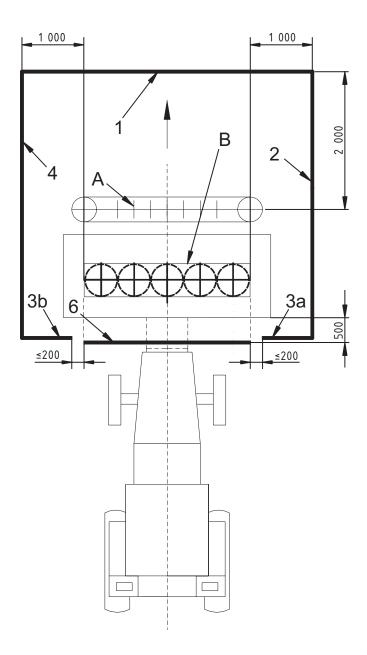
For a self-propelled rotary mower, Panel 6 acts as a target in the operator's zone. It shall consist of a rigid frame, on which the Kraft paper is stretched, covering the exposed faces of the cab. This panel shall be fixed on the cab.

Panels 2 and 4 shall be 4 000 mm long. If, owing to rotary mower dimensions, it is not possible to achieve this length, it may be increased. In this case, Panels 3a and 3b shall be located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from the rear of the rotary mower in the test starting position.

Panel 6 shall be parallel to, and at a maximum distance of 200 mm from, Panel 3a and Panel 3b.

Panels 2 and 4 shall be parallel to the longitudinal tractor or self-propelled rotary mower axis, and located at a distance of 1 000 mm from the nearest tool path.

Panel 1 connects Panels 2 and 4 and shall be perpendicular to them.



Key

- A test material
- B tool path
- panels (1, 2, 3a, 3b, 4, 6)

Figure 6 — Target panel configuration for front-mounted rotary mowers or self-propelled rotary mowers

4.2.6 Target for rotary mowers, trailed and semi-mounted (see Figure 7)

The target is made up of six panels (Panels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7a), which shall comply with the specifications of 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.

Panels 2 and 4 shall be 4 000 mm long. If, due to rotary mower dimensions, it is not possible to achieve this length, it may be increased. In this case, Panel 3 shall be located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from the rear of the rotary mower in the test starting position.

Panel 2 shall be parallel to the longitudinal tractor axis and located a distance of 1 000 mm from the nearest tool path.

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Panel 4 shall be parallel to Panel 2 and shall be located at a distance of 2 000 mm from the nearest tool path. If, due to tractor dimensions, this distance cannot be achieved, it may be increased. In this case, Panel 4 shall be located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from the rear wheel of the tractor.

Panel 3 connects Panels 2 and 4 and shall be perpendicular to them.

Panel 1 shall be perpendicular to and immediately adjacent to Panel 2, with the unattached end located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from a horizontal line projected forward across the outside face of the rear wheel of the tractor nearest to Panel 2 in the starting position.

\$\frac{1}{2} \\ \tag{1}{4} \\ \tag{3} \\ \tag{1}{1} \\ \tag{1}{1} \\ \tag{1}{1} \\ \tag{1}{1} \\ \tag{1} \\ \t

Key

- A test material
- B tool path
- X 600 mm or 800 mm (see 4.2.2)
- panels (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7a)

Figure 7 — Target panel configuration for rotary mowers, trailed and semi-mounted

4.2.7 Target for rotary mowers, trailed and functional either to the right side, centre or left side of tractor (see Figure 8)

The target is made up of seven panels (Panels 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7a and 7b), which shall comply with the specifications of 4.2.1 and 4.2.2. Figure 6 a) shows the target for the rotary mower operated at the rightmost position and Figure 6 b) shows the target for the rotary mower operated in the leftmost position.

Panel 2 shall be 6 000 mm long, located at a distance of 1 000 mm from the nearest tool path and parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tractor. If, due to rotary mower dimensions, it is not possible to achieve the 6 000 mm length, it may be increased. In this case, Panel 3 shall be located at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from the rear of the rotary mower in the test starting position.

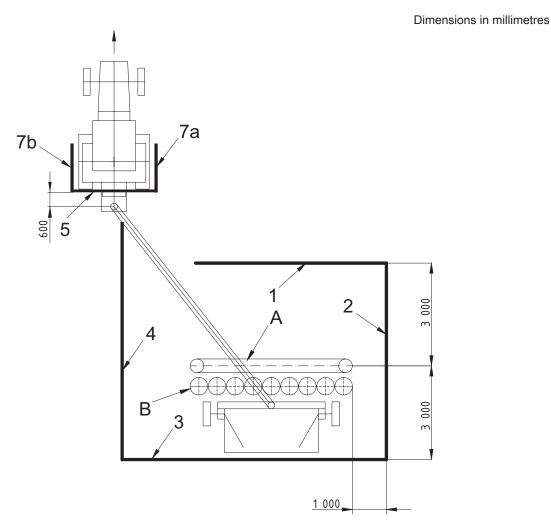
Dimensions in millimetres

Panel 4 shall be parallel to Panel 2 and shall be located at a distance of 2 000 mm from the nearest tool path. The length of Panel 4 shall be greater than or equal to the length of Panel 2. If the required length of Panel 4 cannot be achieved with the distance 2 000 mm, then that distance may be increased. In this case, Panel 4 shall be extended towards the tractor, parallel to the longitudinal axis of the tractor, and terminate at a maximum distance of 200 mm from the drawbar of the rotary mower or Panel 5 in the test starting position.

Panel 3 connects Panels 2 and 4 and shall be perpendicular to them.

Panel 1 shall be perpendicular to Panels 2 and 4 and connect at the end of Panel 2. The length of Panel 1 shall be adjusted so that the whole working width of the rotary mower is covered. If, owing to the dimensions of the rotary mower and the drawbar, it is not possible to achieve this, then Panel 1 shall be adjusted so that the drawbar stops within 200 mm (but not in contact with Panel 1) at the conclusion of the test run. If Panel 1 does not intersect the path of the drawbar, then it shall terminate at a maximum horizontal distance of 200 mm from Panel 7a.

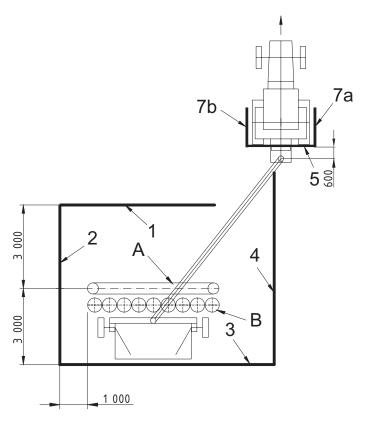
The opening between the ends of Panels 1 and 4 is acceptable for the passage of the drawbar.



a) Target panel configuration for rotary mowers, trailed and functional to the right side of tractor

Figure 8 (continued on the next page)

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Key

- A test material
- B tool path
- panels (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7a, 7b)

b) Target panel configuration for rotary mowers, trailed and functional to left side of tractor

Figure 8 — Target panel configuration for rotary mowers

4.3 Test material

4.3.1 Test material preparation

The mixture used as projectile material shall be made up by volume of

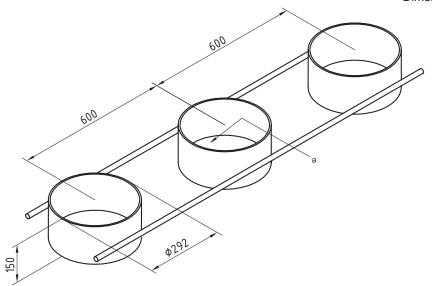
- 50 % sand,
- 25 % gravel of mixture of grain size 8 mm to 16 mm (excluded), and
- 25 % gravel of mixture of grain size 16 mm to 32 mm (excluded).

4.3.2 Moisture for test material

Sand shall be humidified to reach saturation point and be kept damp during the test. The mixture shall be homogeneous.

4.3.3 Test material configuration

The test material according to 4.3.1 shall be placed in front of the rotary mower, perpendicular to the forward direction, in the form of conical piles (150 \pm 5) mm high. Each pile shall consist of 10 I (or 0,01 m³) of the material. This may be achieved, for example, by using a device as shown in Figure 9.



a Volume of 10 l.

Figure 9 — Example of conical pile location device

4.4 Test run conditions

4.4.1 Test PTO rotation speed

During tests, the rotary mowers shall be driven at the speed recommended by the manufacturer, e.g. at power takeoff (PTO) speed of 540 min⁻¹ or 1 000 min⁻¹, by a tractor with minimum power at least equal to the minimum (PTO) needed for the rotary mower measured according to ISO 789-1.

4.4.2 Test forward speed

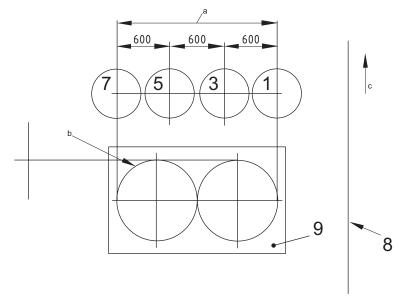
During tests, the rotary mower shall be moved so that the tools run through the test material with a forward speed of from 2 km/h to 4 km/h.

4.4.3 Mower positioning

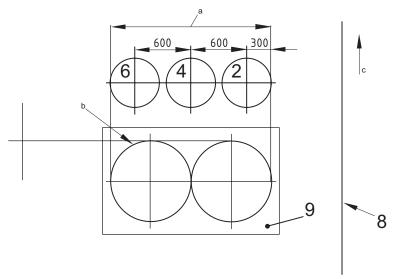
The rotary mower shall be placed as close as possible to the piles of test material.

4.5 Test procedure

- a) At the beginning of each test, the target shall not show any impact other than in the lower zone.
- b) The test shall be performed two times and each test will be comprised two runs.
 - 1) For the first run, Piles 1-3-5, etc. shall be put in place [see Figure 10 a)].
 - 2) For the second run, Piles 2-4-6, etc. shall be put in place [see Figure 10 b)].
- c) The number of piles depends on the rotary mower cutting width.
- d) The centre of Pile 1 shall be placed on the external limit of the tools path.
- e) The centre of Pile 2 shall be placed at a distance of 300 mm from the external limit of the tool path.
- f) The centre of the last pile shall be placed outside the tools path.
- g) When the rotary mower reaches the nominal rotational speed recommended by the manufacturer, a run shall be made through the test material.
- h) After each run, impacts on the panels shall be marked in order to differentiate them.
- i) After each run, all traces of the test material shall be removed from the ground.
- j) The test material shall be changed after each test.



a) Placing of test material, first run



b) Placing of test material, second run

Key

- 1-7 conical piles
- 8 panel
- 9 upper guard
- a Cutting width.
- b Tool path.
- c Forward direction.

Figure 10 — Target material pile locations

4.6 Test results and report

The impacts of each run shall be recorded and included in the report. (See Annex B for an example report.)

The test report shall specify the type of test material that has been used (natural, crushed, uncrushed).

4.7 Acceptance criteria

- **4.7.1** When the results of the first two tests are positive, the rotary mower is considered to have fulfilled the thrown object test requirement.
- **4.7.2** If the results of one of the first two tests are not positive, two additional tests shall be carried out. If the test results of these tests are positive, the rotary mower is considered to have fulfilled the thrown-object test requirement.
- **4.7.3** The results of one test are considered to be acceptable when the following three conditions are satisfied:
- in the upper zone, there shall be no impact;
- in the operator's zone, there shall be no impact;
- in the middle zone, on average, there shall be no more than two impacts per square metre.

NOTE It is not necessary to count impacts in the lower zone and these impacts do not have an effect on test acceptance.

Annex A

(informative)

Illustrations of mowers

A.1 Mowers dealt with in this part of ISO 17101

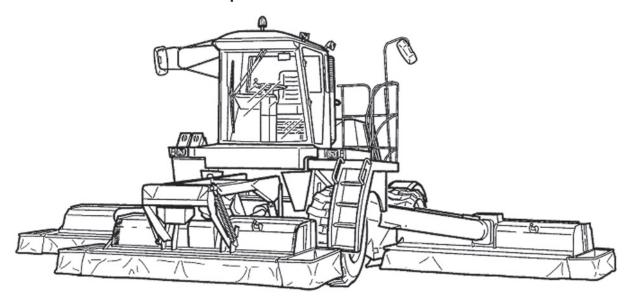
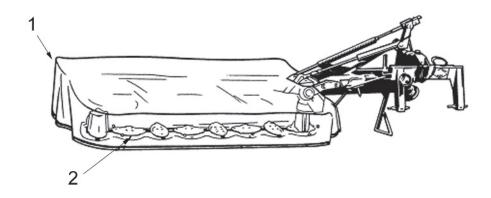


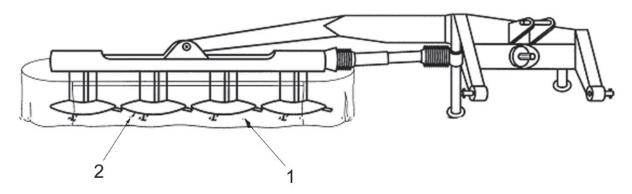
Figure A.1 — Self-propelled rotary mower



Key

- 1 protective skirt
- 2 cutting head

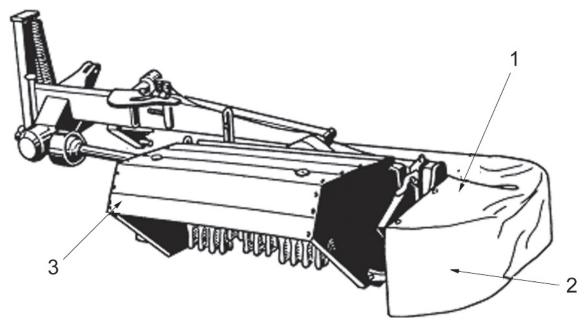
Figure A.2 — Basic rotary disc mower



Key

- 1 protective skirt
- 2 cutting head

Figure A.3 — Basic rotary drum mower

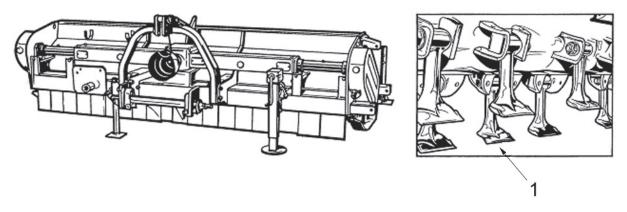


Key

- 1 mower
- 2 protective skirt
- 3 conditioning device

Figure A.4 — Rotary mower with conditioning device

A.2 Mowers not dealt with in this part of ISO 17101



Key 1 tool

Figure A.5 — Flail mower

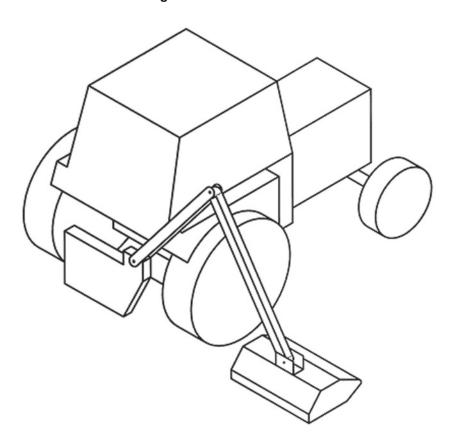


Figure A.6 — Mower with an articulated arm

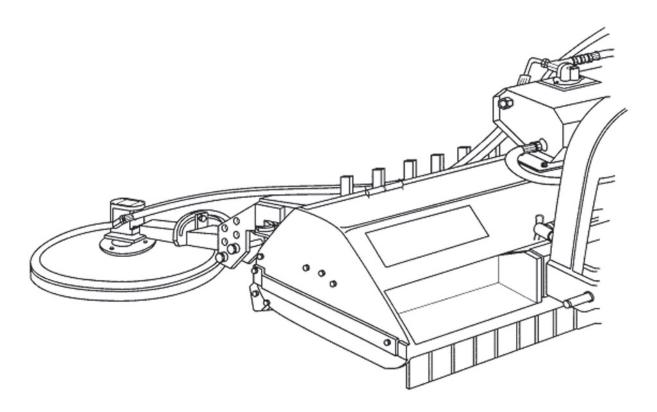


Figure A.7 — Inter-row

Annex B

(informative)

ISO 17101-1 Thrown-object test reports — Rotary mowers

B.1 Specifications

Rotary mower specifications					
Manufacturer:					
Designation:					
Туре:					
Serial number:					
Year of construction:					
Mounting configuration:					
Mowing width:					
Protective devices [rear, front]:					
PTO speed [min ⁻¹]:					
Max. rotor speed [min ⁻¹]:					
Hydraulic pressure [bar]:					
Type of cutting tools:					
Quantity of rotor assemblies [pieces]:					
Quantity of cutting tools [pieces]:					
Maximum permissible power consumption [kW]:					
Vehicle specifications:					
Manufacturer:					
Designation:					
Type:					
Max weight [kg]:					
Performance [kW]:					
Target panels, see Figure:	5 🗌	6 🗌	7 🗌	8a 🗌	8b 🗌

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B.2 Primary tests report

1. Test

Reference Line						
Middle zone Σ Max. 2 Impacts/m ²			Uppei 0 lmp			
1. Run	2. Run	Σ	1. Run	2. Run		

2. Test

		Reference Line					
Panel		Middle zone Σ Max. 2 Impacts/m ²			Upper zone 0 Impacts		
	1. Run	2. Run	Σ	1. Run	2. Run		

1			
2			
3			
4			
6			

1. Test

2	Test

	Operato	r's zone	
Panel	0 Impacts		
	1. Run	2. Run	

5	
7a	
7b	

Operator's zone								
0 Impacts								
1. Run	2. Run							

Not applicable	
Pass	
Fail	

Not applicable	
Pass	
Fail	

The thrown-object test shown ir	ISO 17101-1 has	been passed/failed
---------------------------------	-----------------	--------------------

Test location, Date

Approved by

B.3 Additional tests report

1. Additional Test

2. Additional Test

	Reference line					Reference line					
	ľ	Middle zone)	Upper zone			Middle zone			Upper zone	
Panel	Σ Max. 2 Impacts/m ²			0 Impacts			Σ Max. 2 Impacts/m ²			0 Impacts	
	1. Run	2. Run	Σ	1. Run	2. Run		1. Run	2. Run	Σ	1. Run	2. Run
1											
2											
3											
4											
6											
		1. A	dditional [·]	Test				2. A	dditional ⁻	Гest	
	Operator's zone						Operator's zone				
Panel			0 Impacts				0 Impacts				
	1	1. Run		2. Rui	2. Run		1. Run			2. Run	
						,					
5						┦┞					
7a 7b						┧┠					
76						J L					
	Not appli	cable					Not applic				
	Pass					Pass					
	Fail						Fail				
The thrown-object test followed by ISO 17101-1 has been passed/failed.											
					 .						
Test location, Date					Ар	proved by	/				

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Bibliography

- [1] ISO 4254-12:2012, Agricultural machinery Safety Part 12: Rotary disc and drum mowers and flail mowers
- [2] ISO 4254-13, Agricultural machinery Safety Part 13: Large rotary mowers



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