

BS ISO 16385:2014



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## Essential oil of molle (*Schinus areira* L.), Argentinean type

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Published by BSI Standards Limited 2014

ISBN 978 0 580 82020 5  
ICS 71.100.60

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This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 September 2014.

## Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO 16385

First edition  
2014-09-01

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## Essential oil of molle (*Schinus areira* L.), Argentinean type

*Huile essentielle de baie rose (Schinus areira L.), type Argentine*



Reference number  
ISO 16385:2014(E)



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Published in Switzerland

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## Foreword

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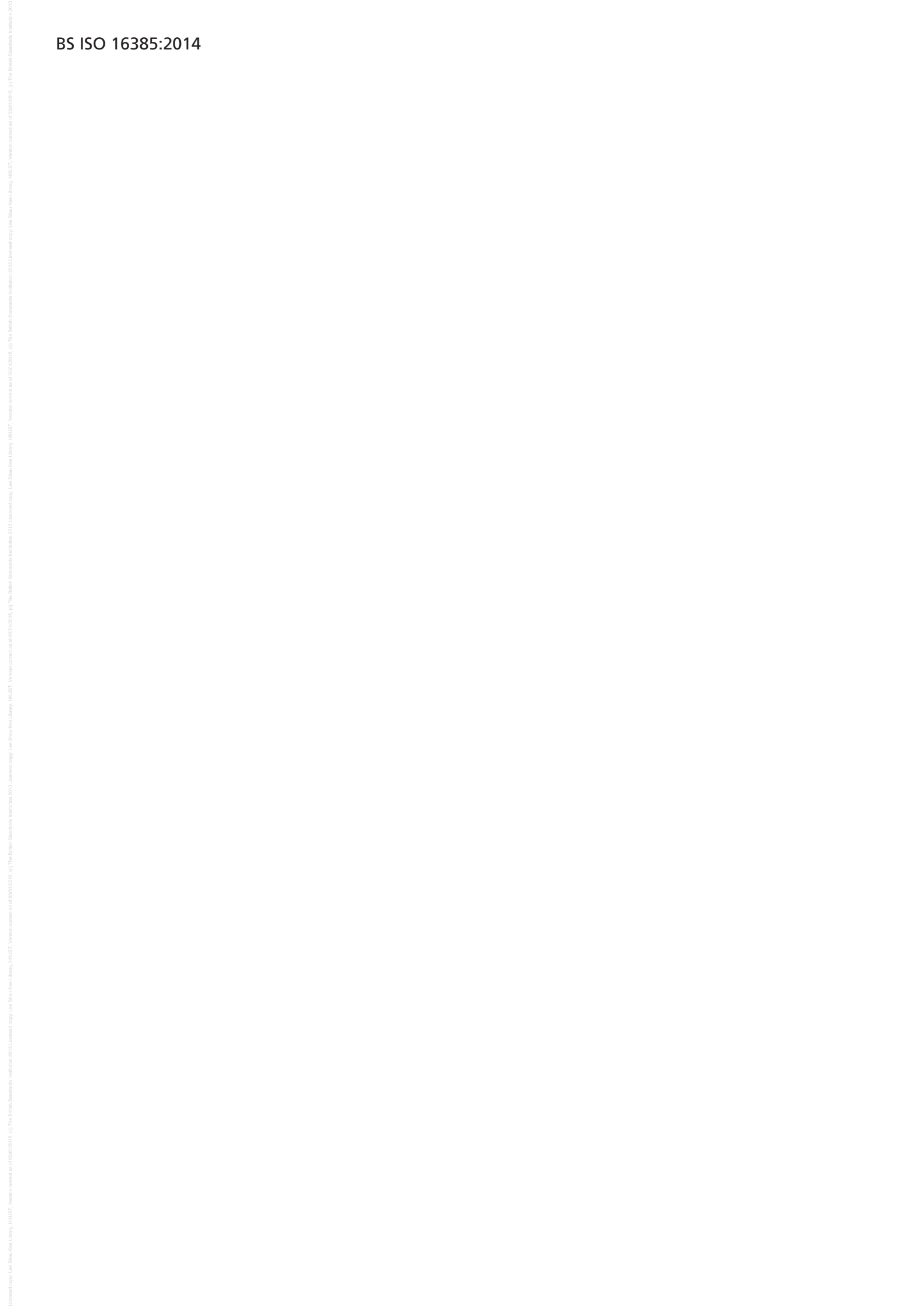
For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 54, *Essential oils*.

## Introduction

This International Standard considers the requirements that the essential oil obtained by water vapor distillation of the fruits of molle (*Schinus areira* L.) Argentinean type shall meet.

It is a natural product with an intraspecific variability characterized by the preponderance of phellandrenes and limonene as major components. The table of essential oil composition reflects this feature.





# Essential oil of molle (*Schinus areira* L.), Argentinean type

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the essential oil of molle (*Schinus areira* L.), Argentinean type, intended for facilitating the assessment of its quality.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 212, *Essential oils — Sampling*

ISO 279, *Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method*

ISO 280, *Essential oils — Determination of refractive index*

ISO 592, *Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation*

ISO 875, *Essential oils — Evaluation of miscibility in ethanol*

ISO 11024 (all parts), *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles*

ISO/TR 210, *Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage*

ISO/TR 211, *Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers*

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

### 3.1

#### **essential oil of molle (*Schinus areira* L.)**

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the fruits of *Schinus areira* L., of the Anacardiaceae family

Note 1 to entry: For information on CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092[2].

## 4 Requirements

### 4.1 Appearance

Clear mobile liquid.

### 4.2 Colour

Light yellow.

### 4.3 Odour

Fresh and characteristic of phellandrene.

#### 4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, $d_{20}^{20}$

Minimum: 0,850

Maximum: 0,885

#### 4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,475 0

Maximum: 1,488 0

#### 4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between +30° and +75°.

#### 4.7 Miscibility in ethanol 90 % (volume fraction) at 20 °C

It shall not be necessary to use less than 4,5 volumes or more than 6,5 volumes of ethanol 90 % (volume fraction) to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of essential oil.

#### 4.8 Chromatographic profile

Carry out the analysis of the essential oil by gas chromatography. Identify, in the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristic components shown in [Table 1](#). The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in [Table 1](#). This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

**Table 1 — Chromatographic profile**

Component	Minimum %	Maximum %
Myrcene	1,0	14,0
Phellandrene ( $\alpha+\beta$ )	35,0	60,0
Limonene	10,0	25,0
Sabinene	n.d. <sup>a</sup>	8,0
Terpinen-4-ol	n.d. <sup>a</sup>	1,5
$\alpha$ -Cadinol	0,5	3,0
Germacrene D	0,2	0,5
$\alpha$ -Humulene	0,0	0,5
Elemol	0,0	0,5

NOTE The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to the typical chromatogram given for information in [Annex A](#).

<sup>a</sup> Not detectable.

#### 4.9 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in [Annex B](#).

### 5 Sampling

Sampling shall be performed in accordance with ISO 212.

Minimum volume of test sample: 25 ml.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

## 6 Test methods

### 6.1 Relative density at 20 °C, $d_{20}^{20}$

Determine the relative density in accordance with ISO 279.

### 6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

Determine the refractive index in accordance with ISO 280.

### 6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Determine the optical rotation in accordance with ISO 592.

### 6.4 Miscibility in ethanol 90 % (volume fraction) at 20 °C

Determine the miscibility in ethanol in accordance with ISO 875.

### 6.5 Chromatographic profile

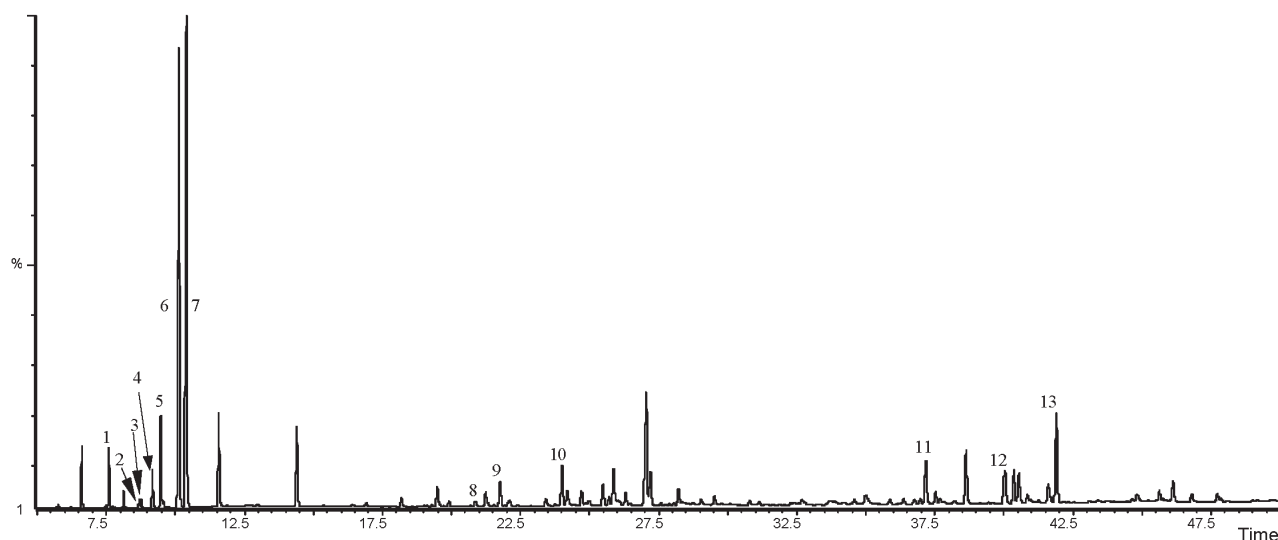
Determine the chromatographic profile in accordance with ISO 11024.

## 7 Packaging, labelling, marking, and storage

These items shall be in accordance with ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

## Annex A (informative)

### Typical chromatogram of the analysis by gas chromatography of the essential oil of molle (*Schinus areira* L.) Argentinean type



#### Peak identification

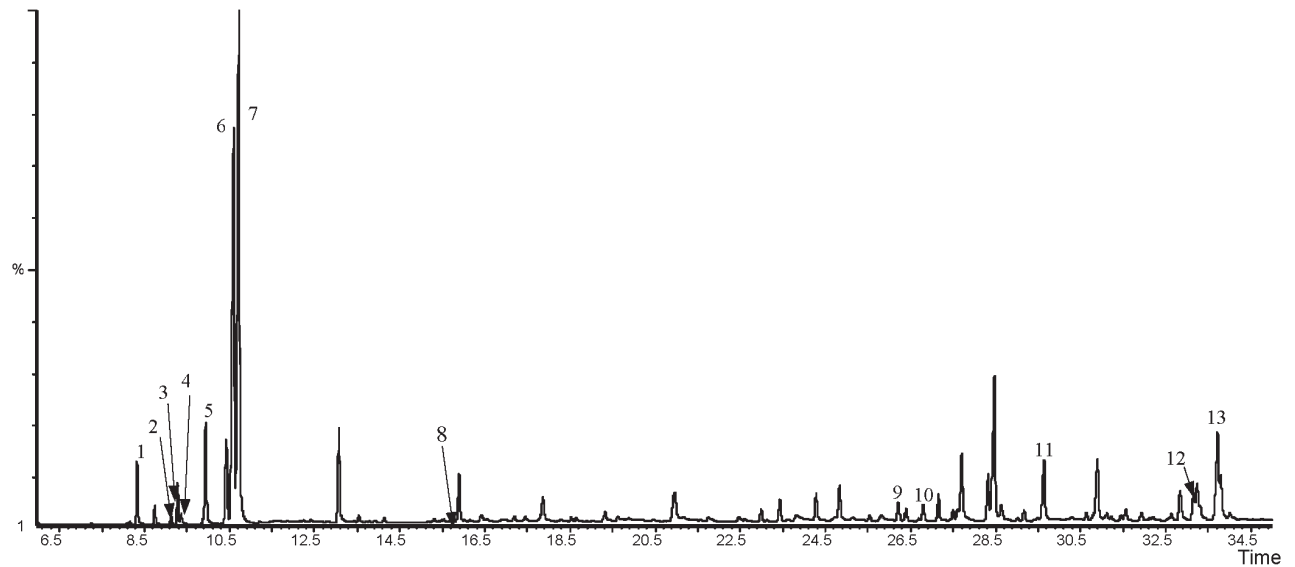
- 1  $\alpha$ -Pinene
- 2  $\beta$ -Pinene
- 3 Sabinene
- 4 Myrcene
- 5  $\alpha$ -Phellandrene
- 6 Limonene
- 7  $\beta$ -Phellandrene
- 8 Terpinen-4-ol
- 9  $\alpha$ -Humulene
- 10 Germacrene D
- 11 Elemol
- 12 Epi- $\alpha$ -Cadinol
- 13  $\alpha$ -Cadinol

#### Operating conditions

Column: capillary, fused silica, length 60 m, internal diameter 0,25 mm  
Stationary phase: polyethylene glycol [SP-20 000<sup>a</sup>]  
Film thickness: 0,25  $\mu$ m  
Oven temperature: temperature programming from 90 °C to 225 °C at a rate of 3 °C/  
min  
Injector temperature: 255 °C  
Detector temperature: 275 °C  
Detector: flame ionization type  
Carrier gas: Helium  
Volume injected: 0,2  $\mu$ l of a 10 % dilution in ethanol  
Carrier gas flow rate: 1,87 ml/min  
Split ratio: 1/100

<sup>a</sup> SP-20 000 is an example of a suitable product available commercially. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO of this product.

Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on a polar column



**Peak identification**

- 1  $\alpha$ -Pinene
- 2 Sabinene
- 3 Myrcene
- 4  $\beta$ -Pinene
- 5  $\alpha$ -Phellandrene
- 6 Limonene
- 7  $\beta$ -Phellandrene
- 8 Terpinen-4-ol
- 9  $\alpha$ -Humulene
- 10 Germacrene D
- 11 Elemol
- 12 Epi- $\alpha$ -Cadinol
- 13  $\alpha$ -Cadinol

**Operating conditions**

Column: capillary, fused silica, length 60 m, internal diameter 0,25 mm  
 Stationary phase: 5 % phenyl –95 % methyl silicone  
 Film thickness: 0,25  $\mu$ m  
 Oven temperature: temperature programming from 90  $^{\circ}$ C to 225  $^{\circ}$ C at a rate of 3  $^{\circ}$ C/  
 min  
 Injector temperature: 255  $^{\circ}$ C  
 Detector temperature: 275  $^{\circ}$ C  
 Detector: flame ionization type  
 Carrier gas: Helium  
 Volume injected: 0,2  $\mu$ l of a 10 % dilution in ethanol  
 Carrier gas flow rate: 1,87 ml/min  
 Split ratio: 1/100

**Figure A.2 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column**

## Annex B (informative)

### Flashpoint

#### B.1 General information

For safety reasons, transport companies, insurance companies, and people in charge of safety services require information on the flash points of essential oils, which in most cases are flammable products.

A comparative study on the relevant methods of analysis (see ISO/TR 11018<sup>[1]</sup>) concluded that it was difficult to recommend a single apparatus for standardization purposes, given that:

- There is a wide variation in the chemical composition of essential oils;
- The volume of the sample needed in certain requirements would be too costly for high priced essential oils;
- As there are several different types of equipment which can be used for the determination, users cannot be expected to use one specified type only.

Consequently, it was decided to give a mean value for the flashpoint annexed to each International Standard, for information, in order to meet the requirements of the interested parties.

The equipment with which this value was obtained has to be specified. For further information see ISO/TR 11018.<sup>[1]</sup>

#### B.2 Flashpoint of the essential oil of molle

The mean value is +48 °C.

NOTE Obtained with Setaflash<sup>1)</sup> equipment.

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1) Equipment available commercially. This information is given for the convenience of users of this International Standard and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO of this product.

## Bibliography

- [1] ISO/TR 11018:1997, *Essential oils — General guidance on the determination of flashpoint*
- [2] ISO/TR 21092, *Essential oils — Characterization*
- [3] IRAM 18608-2:2006, *Flavoring products — Essential oils — Essential oil of molle. Part 2: Schinus areira L*

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**ICS 71.100.60**

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