

BS ISO 8820-1:2014



BSI Standards Publication

Road vehicles — Fuse-links

Part 1: Definitions and general test requirements

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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 8820-1:2014. It supersedes BS ISO 8820-1:2008 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee AUE/16, Data Communication (Road Vehicles).

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Road vehicles — Fuse-links —

**Part 1:
Definitions and general test
requirements**

Véhicules routiers — Liaisons fusibles —

Partie 1: Définitions et exigences générales d'essai



Reference number
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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Electric and electronic requirements*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 8820-1:2008), which has been technically revised.

ISO 8820 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Road vehicles — Fuse-links*:

- *Part 1: Definitions and general test requirements*
- *Part 2: User guidelines*
- *Part 3: Fuse-links with tabs (blade type) Type C (medium), Type E (high current) and Type F (miniature)*
- *Part 4: Fuse-links with female contacts (type A) and bolt-in contacts (type B) and their test fixtures*
- *Part 5: Fuse-links with axial terminals (strip fuse-links) Types SF30 and SF51 and test fixtures*
- *Part 6: Single-bolt fuse-links*
- *Part 7: Fuse-links with tabs (Type G) with rated voltage of 450 V*
- *Part 8: Fuse-links with bolt-in contacts (Type H and J) with rated voltage of 450 V*
- *Part 9: Fuse-links with shortened tabs (Type K)*
- *Part 10: Fuse-links with tabs Type L (high current miniature)*

Road vehicles — Fuse-links —

Part 1: Definitions and general test requirements

1 Scope

This part of ISO 8820 defines terms and specifies general test requirements for fuse-links for electrical DC systems of road vehicles.

This part of ISO 8820 is intended to be used in conjunction with other parts of ISO 8820, to which its requirements are applicable except where modified by the particular requirements of another part.

This part of ISO 8820 is not applicable to fuse holders used in the vehicles.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6722, *Road vehicles — 60 V and 600 V single core cables — Dimensions, test methods and requirements*

ISO 8820 (all parts), *Road vehicles — Fuse-links*

ISO 16750-3, *Road vehicles — Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment — Part 3: Mechanical loads*

ISO 16750-5, *Road vehicles — Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment — Part 5: Chemical loads*

IEC 60068-2-70, *Environmental testing — Part 2: Tests — Test Xb: Abrasion of markings and letterings caused by rubbing of fingers and hands*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8820-1 and the following apply.

3.1

breaking capacity

I_B

value of prospective breaking current a fuse-link is capable of breaking at rated voltage under prescribed conditions of use and behaviour

3.2

fuse

protective device that interrupts the circuit irreversibly when the current flow reaches a specified value for a specific time

Note 1 to entry: The fuse is an assembly of all parts forming the protective device. This includes the fuse holder and the fuse-link.

3.3

fuse-element

active part of the fuse-link which interrupts the current and opens the circuit permanently in case of an overcurrent

3.4

fuse holder

device connecting the fuse-link to the vehicle wiring harness

3.5

fuse-link

interchangeable part of the fuse, consisting of an insulator and electrical conducting parts such as the terminals and the fuse element

3.6

insulator

electrical non-conductive mechanical support for the electrical conductive parts of the fuse-link

3.7

operating time

time between the application of an over current and the moment when the current drops below a value as specified in the appropriate part of ISO 8820

3.8

operating time rating

operating time, as a function of the current under defined test conditions

3.9

rated current

I_R

current used for identifying the fuse-link, according to specified tests

3.10

rated voltage

U_R

maximum supply voltage for which the fuse-link is designed

3.11

selectivity

primary interruption of the fuse-element closest to the failure cause without damaging of the upstream fuse-links

3.12

terminal

part of the fuse-link, that makes the mechanical and electrical connection of the fuse-link to the fuse holder

Note 1 to entry: The terminal includes contacts and tabs.

3.13

time constant

time required for a physical quantity to rise from 0 to $1 - 1/e$ (that is 63,2 %) of its final steady value when it varies with time, t , as $1 - 1^{-kt}$

Note 1 to entry: The continuous current is lower than the rated current.

3.14

voltage drop

U_D

voltage measured between specified measuring points at a specified current

4 Marking, labelling, and colour coding

The rated current and rated voltage shall be permanently marked to be externally visible on the fuse-link. In addition, the current rating shall be shown by colour coding as specified in the applicable part of ISO 8820.

The manufacturer's name, trademark, and/or symbol shall be marked on the fuse-link insulator.

5 Tests and requirements

5.1 General

5.1.1 General test conditions

If not otherwise specified, all tests shall be done at room temperature (RT) (23 ± 5) °C at a relative humidity (RH) of 45 % to 75 % (standard condition).

At the beginning of the electrical tests, a direct current shall be fixed at the rated value. Measure this current with an appropriate method. If not otherwise specified, no further adjustments during the tests are allowed.

All electrical measurement equipment shall have a tolerance of less than ± 2 %.

If not otherwise specified, the supply voltage shall not exceed the rated voltage of the fuse-link.

Mount the fuse-links in a test fixture as specified in the applicable part of ISO 8820 or any alternate fixture with equivalent electrical, mechanical, and thermal properties.

Measurements shall be performed at no forced air flow.

For appropriate cable sizes, see the applicable part of ISO 8820.

Connections shall be made to the fuse-links with copper cables according to ISO 6722. The cable length between the test fixture and the rest of the test set-up shall be (500 ± 50) mm if not otherwise specified.

Measure the connection resistance using a dummy with dimensions as specified in the appropriate part of ISO 8820. Use a current as specified in the appropriate part of ISO 8820 for this measurement.

5.1.2 General performance requirements

The general performance requirements are as follows:

- the marking and/or labelling shall remain legible;
- the colour coding shall remain recognizable;
- after testing, fuse-link shall be removable in one piece from the test fixture by its intended method.

5.2 Voltage drop

5.2.1 Purpose

This test defines and measures the energy consumption of the fuse-link which creates a temperature rise.

5.2.2 Test

If not otherwise specified, this test shall be performed at rated current. Record the voltage drop measured at the points shown in the applicable part of ISO 8820, after the values are stabilized, i.e., the values do not change more than 2 % within a 10 min period.

5.2.3 Requirement

The maximum voltage drop shall not exceed the values given in the applicable part of ISO 8820.

5.3 Transient current cycling

5.3.1 Purpose

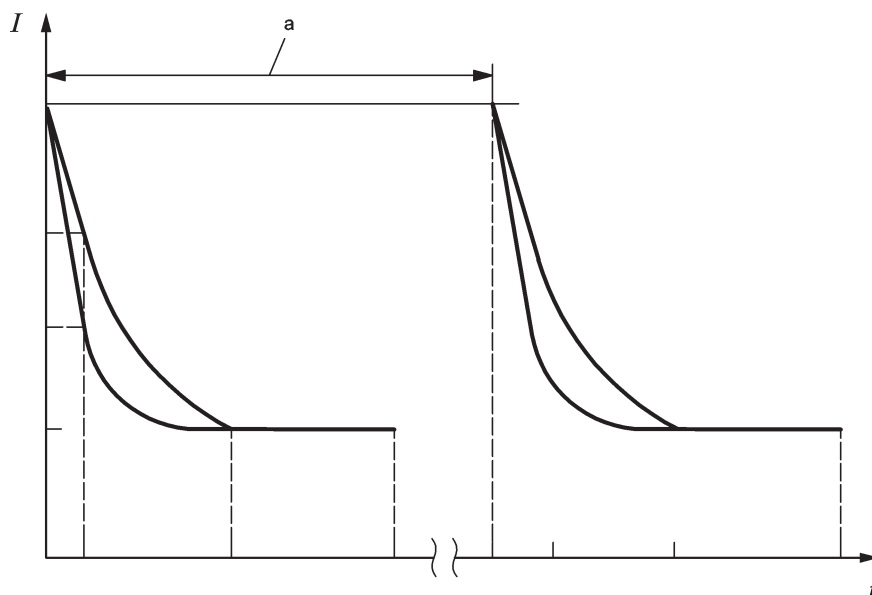
This test evaluates the ability of the fuse-link to withstand the energy volume of transient pulses.

5.3.2 Test

Apply a pulse as given in the appropriate part of ISO 8820 (see [Figure 1](#)).

5.3.3 Requirement

After transient current cycling for a minimum of 50 000 cycles, the fuse-links shall meet the requirements of the operating time rating test given in the applicable part of ISO 8820.



Key

- I current
- t time, in s
- a one cycle

NOTE Specific values are given in the appropriate part of ISO 8820.

Figure 1 — Example of transient current cycling

5.4 Environmental conditions

5.4.1 Purpose

These tests evaluate the ability of the fuse-links to function under environmental stresses.

5.4.2 Mechanical load

5.4.2.1 Test

If a mechanical load test is required, an appropriate test shall be chosen from ISO 16750-3 and agreed between fuse-link and vehicle manufacturer.

5.4.2.2 Requirement

After the mechanical load test, the fuse-links shall meet the requirements of the operating time rating test given in the applicable parts of ISO 8820.

5.4.3 Climatic loads

5.4.3.1 Temperature/humidity cycling

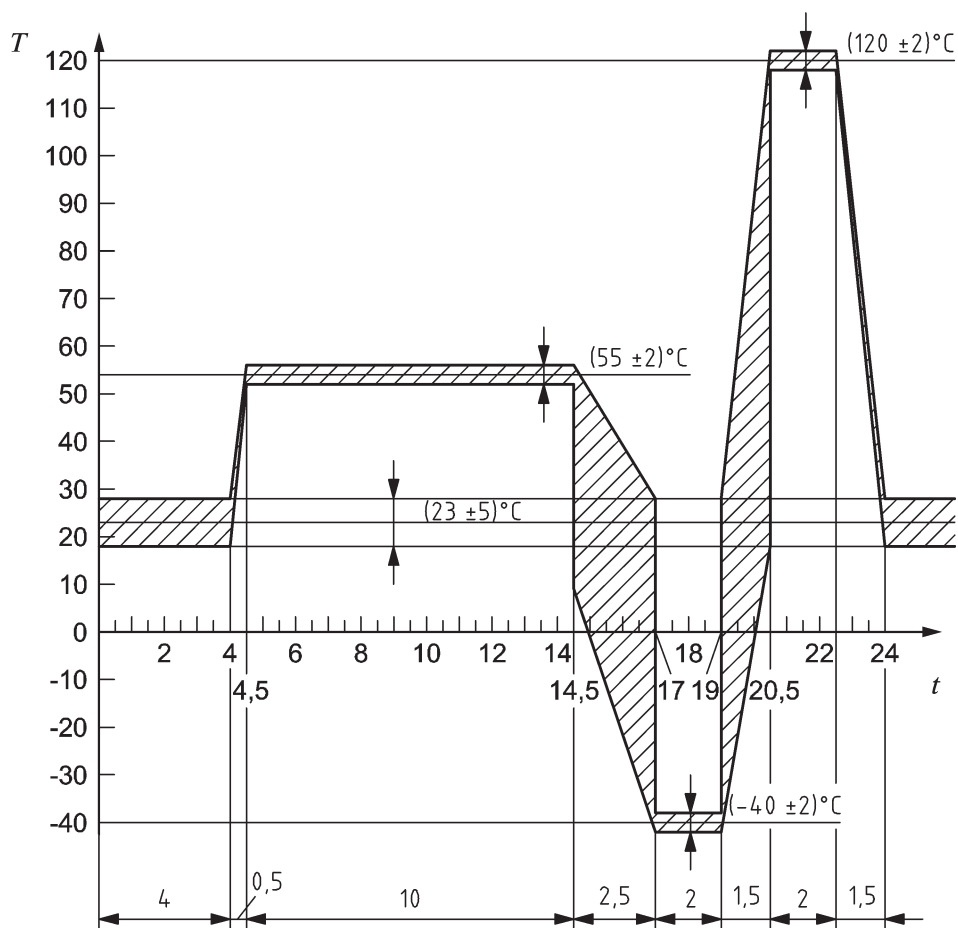
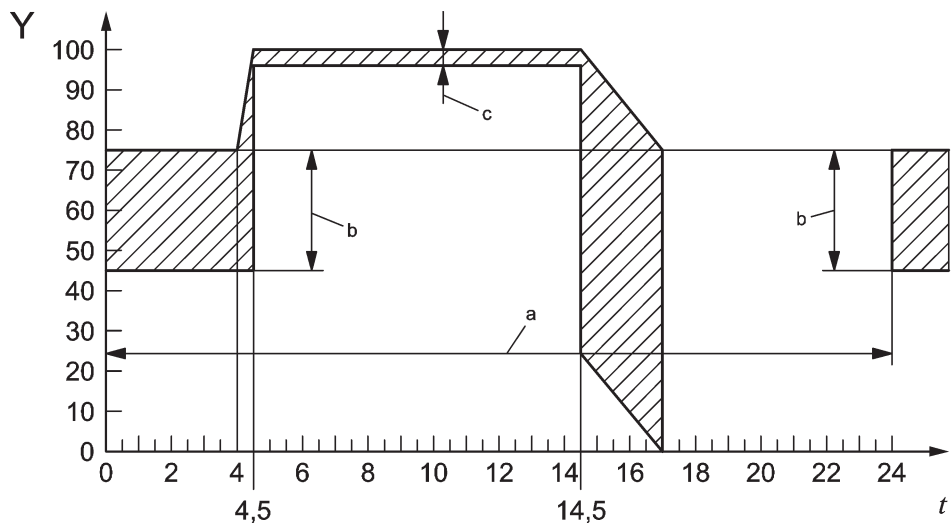
5.4.3.1.1 Test

Subject the fuse-links to a temperature/humidity cycling test as specified in [Figure 2](#). The test sequence is as described below:

- a) maintain the samples at standard conditions for 4 h;
- b) increase T to (55 ± 2) °C at 95 % to 99 % RH within 0,5 h;
- c) maintain T at (55 ± 2) °C at 95 % to 99 % RH for 10 h;
- d) decrease T to (-40 ± 2) °C within 2,5 h; the humidity is uncontrolled;
- e) maintain T at (-40 ± 2) °C for 2 h; the humidity is uncontrolled;
- f) increase T to (120 ± 2) °C within 1,5 h from (-40 ± 2) °C; the humidity is uncontrolled;
- g) maintain T at (120 ± 2) °C for 2 h; the humidity is uncontrolled;
- h) allow to return to RT within 1,5 h; the humidity is uncontrolled.

At the end of a cycle, the test might be interrupted. During the interruption, the test samples shall remain at the standard conditions. Note the interruption in the test report.

NOTE One cycle consists of 24 h.



Key

- a 1 cycle = 24 h
- b (45 ... 75)% RH
- c (95 ... 100)% RH

- Y* RH
- T* temperature in °C
- t* time, in h

Figure 2 — Temperature/humidity cycling

5.4.3.1.2 Requirement

After a minimum of 10 cycles, the fuse-links shall meet the requirements of the operating time rating test given in the applicable part of ISO 8820 and shall remain physically intact.

5.4.3.2 Resistance against temperature shock

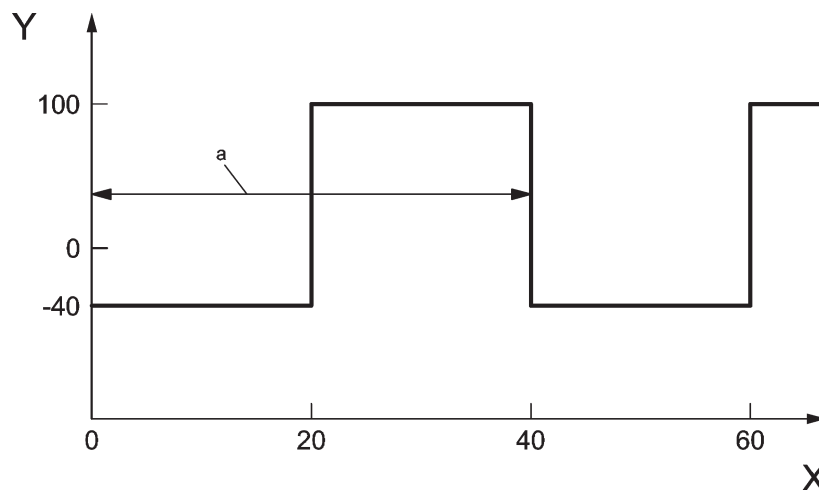
5.4.3.2.1 Test

The fuse-links shall be subjected to 48 temperature shock cycles, as follows (see [Figure 3](#)).

- a) 20 min at a temperature of $(-40 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$;
- b) 15 s maximum transition time;
- c) 20 min at the temperature of $(100 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$;
- d) 15 s maximum transition time.

After completion of the test, the operating time-rating test shall be conducted according with [5.5](#).

The cycle described in a) to d) above shall be completed in 40 min.



Key

- X time, in min
 Y temperature, in $^\circ\text{C}$
 a one cycle

Figure 3 — Resistance against temperature shock

5.4.3.2.2 Requirement

After the test, the fuse-links shall remain physically intact.

5.4.4 Chemical loads

5.4.4.1 Purpose

This test evaluates the resistance to diesel fuel, “bio” diesel fuel, unleaded petrol (gasoline), brake fluid (DOT4), engine coolant water-glycol mixture 1:1, engine oil (multi-grade) and AUS32 (Urea) (see ISO 16750-5).

5.4.4.2 Test

Use a cotton cloth with a moistened area of each fluid type in succession. Wipe five times with a force of 5 N over the external portions of the fuse-links (see also IEC 60068-2-70).

5.4.4.3 Requirement

After the test, the marking of the fuse-links shall remain legible and colour coding shall remain recognizable.

5.5 Operating time rating

5.5.1 Purpose

This test evaluates the ability of the fuse-links to function when subjected to electrical overloads.

5.5.2 Test

Stabilize the test fixture and fuse-link at RT prior to testing. Adjust the power supply to the test current specified in the applicable parts of ISO 8820, then apply this current to the fuse-link. Repeat this procedure for each sample.

5.5.3 Requirement

The operating time of the fuse-link shall be within the limits given in the applicable parts ISO 8820. After the test, the current through the fuse-link shall not exceed the value specified in the appropriate part of ISO 8820 at the rated voltage.

5.6 Current steps

5.6.1 Purpose

This test evaluates the ability of the fuse-links' components to withstand the prolonged heating due to low level overloads.

5.6.2 Test

First, apply a current equivalent in value to the rating of the fuse-link on test until it is temperature-stabilized. Sequentially increase the current in steps of 2,5 % of the fuse-link current rating in intervals until it is temperature-stabilized. The test ends when the fuse-element melts and the current is interrupted.

5.6.3 Requirement

After the current step test, the current through the fuse-link shall not exceed the value as specified in the appropriate part of ISO 8820 at the rated voltage. The fuse-link shall be removable from the test fixture by its intended method after returning to RT.

5.7 Breaking capacity

5.7.1 Purpose

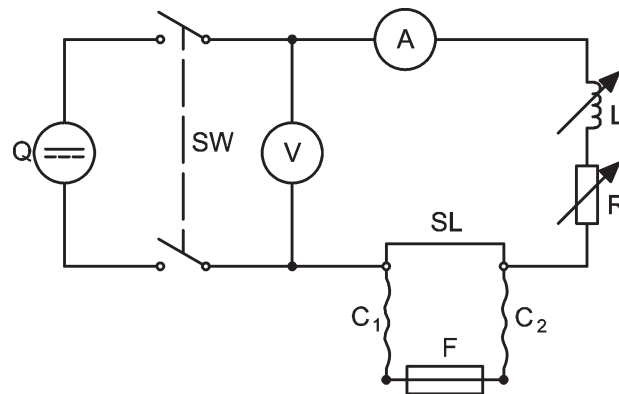
This test evaluates the ability of the fuse-link to withstand the related breaking current.

5.7.2 Test

The test circuit shall be in accordance with [Figure 4](#). Connect a short circuit line or a dummy at point SL, close switch SW and adjust the current and the time constant of the circuit with the adjustable resistor R

and/or the inductor L to I_B with a tolerance of $\left(\begin{smallmatrix} +5 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}\right)\%$ and the time constant to $(2,0 \pm 0,5)$ ms. The voltage at the source Q shall be $U_R \left(\begin{smallmatrix} +2 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}\right)$ V. Open switch SW and remove the short circuit line or the dummy.

Insert the fuse-link to be tested at point F and close the switch SW. Wait until the fuse-element melts and the current is interrupted. After interruption, hold the supply voltage at U_R for 30 s and measure the remaining current. Open the switch SW and remove the fuse-link.



Key

A	ampere meter
C1, C2	test cables
F	fuse-link in test fixture
L	adjustable inductor
Q	power supply
R	adjustable resistor
SL	short circuit line/dummy
SW	switch
V	voltmeter

Figure 4 — Breaking capacity test circuit

5.7.3 Requirement

After the test, the current through the fuse-link shall not exceed the value as specified in the appropriate part of ISO 8820 at the rated voltage. In addition, particular attention shall be paid to the following:

- there shall be no permanent arcing;
- ruptures to the external surfaces shall not be visible to the naked eye;
- there shall be no welding together of the contacts or terminals;
- the fuse-link shall be removable in one piece from the test fixture by its intended method.

5.8 Strength of terminals

5.8.1 Purpose

This test evaluates the ability of the fuse-links to withstand mechanical stress during insertion and removal.

5.8.2 Test and requirements

See applicable part of ISO 8820.

6 Dimensions

See applicable part of ISO 8820.

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