BS ISO 6772:2012



BSI Standards Publication

Aerospace — Fluid systems — Impulse testing of hydraulic hose, tubing and fitting assemblies



BS ISO 6772:2012 BRITISH STANDARD

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 6772:2012. It supersedes BS 2M52:1989 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee ACE/69, Aerospace hydraulic systems, fluids and components.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2012. Published by BSI Standards Limited 2012

ISBN 978 0 580 67897 4

ICS 49.080; 83.140.40

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 November 2012.

Amendments issued since publication

Date Text affected

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

BS ISO 6772:2012 ISO 6772

Third edition 2012-10-01

Aerospace — Fluid systems — Impulse testing of hydraulic hose, tubing and fitting assemblies

Aéronautique et espace — Systèmes de fluides — Essai d'impulsion des tuyauteries flexibles, tubes et raccords



BS ISO 6772:2012 **ISO 6772:2012(E)**



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2012

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Co	ntents	Page		
Fore	word	iv		
Intr	oduction	v		
1	Scope	1		
2	Normative references			
3	Terms and definitions			
4	Requirements 4.1 Shape of impulse trace 4.2 Calculation of pressure rise 4.3 Preparation of specimens 4.4 Test fluid			
5	Principle of test			
6	Test method			
7	Intended use 7.1 Standard 7.2 Reference	4		
Bibl	ography	6		

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 6772 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 20, *Aircraft and space vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Aerospace fluid systems and components*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6772:1988), which has been technically revised. The main changes are as follows:

- 3.2: definition has been modified;
- Clause 5: new paragraph has been added;
- Tables 1, 2 and 3 have been modified to cover additional classes I and K.

Introduction

In hydraulic systems, power is transmitted through the hydraulic fluid under pressure with a network of tubing and hoses, and their attendant fitting assemblies. In order to demonstrate that these transmission elements are fit for purpose in terms of the prevention of premature failures due to fatigue, it is necessary to conduct appropriate impulse pressure testing.

This document provides the overall requirements for pressure impulse testing of hydraulic system distribution elements.

Aerospace — Fluid systems — Impulse testing of hydraulic hose, tubing and fitting assemblies

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the requirements and the procedures for impulse testing of hose, tubing, and fitting assemblies for use in aerospace hydraulic systems. Requirements may apply, when appropriate, to components used in other aerospace fluid systems.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6771, Aerospace — Fluid systems and components — Pressure and temperature classifications

ISO 8575, Aerospace — Fluid systems — Hydraulic system tubing

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

rate of pressure rise

slope of the pressure/time curve in the straight portion of the pressure increase portion

NOTE For the purpose of this definition, the rate of rise is determined between 10 % of the total rise above back-pressure and 10 % of the total rise below peak pressure.

3.2

peak pressure

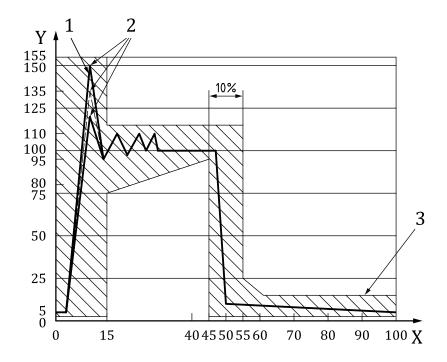
maximum value for an operating pressure of short duration

[ISO 8625-1:1993, 1.25]

4 Requirements

4.1 Shape of impulse trace

When observed on an oscilloscope, the impulse traces show as approximate pressure/time cycles. It is mandatory that these pressure/time curves be confined to the shaded area indicated in Figure 1. The dynamic impulse trace produced by the test machine shall be in conformity with the trace illustrated in Figure 1.



Key

- X Percent of one cycle
- Y Percentage of nominal pressure ± 5 %
- 1 The slope of this portion of curve, between 10 % and 90 % of peak pressure, gives the rate of rise (see 4.2)
- Peak pressure (see Table 1 or 2). Only one pressure peak is allowed above 110 % of operating pressure and it must be within the first 15 % of cycle
- Back pressure in pressure classes B, D, E: (345 ± 170) kPa / (50 ± 25) psi Back pressure in pressure classes J, K: (700 ± 350) kPa / (100 ± 50) psi

Figure 1 — Impulse trace

4.2 Calculation of pressure rise

The rate of pressure rise shall be calculated using the following formula:

Rate of pressure rise =
$$\frac{0.9 p - 0.1 p}{t \text{ at } 0.9 p - t \text{ at } 0.1 p}$$

where

p is the peak pressure, in kilopascals;

t at 0,9 p is the time, in seconds, at 0,9 p;

t at 0,1 p is the time, in seconds, at 0,1 p.

4.3 Preparation of specimens

The preparation of test specimens shall be defined in the detail design specification of the component. Specimens shall be subjected to the relevant treatments and production test requirements of the component specification.

4.4 Test fluid

The test fluid shall be the specified aircraft system fluid or another hydraulic fluid which is compatible with the item being tested.

5 Principle of test

This method of testing is intended to determine the ability of flexible hose assemblies, tubing and fitting assemblies to withstand hydraulic impulse for qualification testing under simulated conditions.

6 Test method

For testing of hose, tubing and fitting assemblies, including boss or port fittings, the cycle rate shall be (70 ± 5) cycles/min. Unless otherwise specified, the peak pressure and the rate of pressure rise shall be as specified in Tables 1 and 2. Unless otherwise specified, the assembly shall be tested in the sequence shown in Table 3.

The sweep rate on the oscilloscope or recorder shall be adjusted so that the slope of the pressure rise shall take advantage of the full size of the screen. The trace and photographs of the impulse cycle shall be an accurate record of the impulse cycle and show a grid or other means to permit accurate checking. The end-to-end accuracy and sampling rate of the data acquisition system and sensors should ensure that the impulse measurement uncertainty is within the pressure waveform specifications of this document. The accuracy of the measurements shall be traceable to international standards.

Unless otherwise specified in the detail or procurement specification, the total number of cycles shall be 200 000.

After the temperature has stabilized at the maximum or minimum, as specified in Table 3, a minimum soak time of 1 h is required before that portion of the test sequence is begun. If temperature control is required by the procurement specification, the fluid temperature shall be measured at the test manifold and the ambient temperature shall be measured approximately 150 mm from the test specimens. The peak pressure shall be measured at the test manifold.

Table 1 — Peak pressure and rate of pressure rise

SI-metric units of measure

Hoses, tubing and fitting assemblies		Peak pressure	Minimum rate of	Maximum rate of
Pressure class a	Nominal outside diameter ^b		pressure rise	pressure rise
kPa		%	kPa/s	kPa/s
	DN14 and smaller	125		700 000
В	DN16 to DN25 (incl.)		126,000	520 000
10 500	DN32		125 126 000	340 000
	DN40 and over			280 000
D 21 000	All diameters		315 000	
E 28 000 J 35 000 K 55 000		150	420 000	2 100 000
	An diameters		525 000	
	135	525 000	4 590 000	

a Pressure classes in accordance with ISO 6771.

b Nominal outside diameters in accordance with ISO 8575. DN = nominal outside diameter in mm, example: DN16 = nominal outside diameter of 16 mm.

Table 2 — Peak pressure and rate of pressure rise

Imperial units of measure

Hoses, tubing and	l fitting assemblies	Peak pressure	Minimum rate of	Maximum rate of
Pressure class a	Nominal outside diameter ^b		pressure rise	pressure rise
psi		%	psi/s	psi/s
	-08 and smaller			100 000
В	-10 through -12	125	10.000	75 000
1 500	-20	125	125 18 000	50 000
	-24 and over			40 000
D 3 000	_		45 000	
_		150	60 000	300 000
J 5 000			75 000	
		135	75 000	650 000

a Pressure classes in accordance with ISO 6771.

Table 3 — Sequence and duration of impulse testing at temperature a

Sequence No.	Number of cycles as a percentage of the total number of cycles	Temperature (ambient and fluid)		
1	50	Maximum		
2	24	From 15 °C to 35 °C/60 °F to 95 °F		
3	1	Minimum		
4	5	Maximum		
5	20	Ambient and fluid: any of the above. These cycles may be added to any one sequence or divided among them.		
^a Unless otherwise specified in the detail or procurement specification.				

7 Intended use

7.1 Standard

This test is intended to promote standardization of impulse test requirements, procedures and equipment for the standard qualification and evaluation impulse testing of hydraulic hose assemblies, tubing and fittings.

7.2 Reference

If reference is made to this International Standard in a specification as part of the requirements, the following additional requirements shall be specified:

a) nominal pressure;

b Nominal outside diameters in accordance with ISO 8575. – Dash size is the equivalent of the diameter in 1/16 inch, example: - 06 = 6/16 inch diameter.

- b) operating temperature limits;
- c) design of specimens.

Bibliography

- [1] ISO 8625-1:1993, Aerospace Fluid systems Vocabulary Part 1: General terms and definitions related to pressure
- [2] SAE AIR 1228, Standard Impulse Machine Equipment and Operation





British Standards Institution (BSI)

BSI is the national body responsible for preparing British Standards and other standards-related publications, information and services.

BSI is incorporated by Royal Charter. British Standards and other standardization products are published by BSI Standards Limited.

About us

We bring together business, industry, government, consumers, innovators and others to shape their combined experience and expertise into standards -based solutions.

The knowledge embodied in our standards has been carefully assembled in a dependable format and refined through our open consultation process. Organizations of all sizes and across all sectors choose standards to help them achieve their goals.

Information on standards

We can provide you with the knowledge that your organization needs to succeed. Find out more about British Standards by visiting our website at bsigroup.com/standards or contacting our Customer Services team or Knowledge Centre.

Buying standards

You can buy and download PDF versions of BSI publications, including British and adopted European and international standards, through our website at bsigroup.com/shop, where hard copies can also be purchased.

If you need international and foreign standards from other Standards Development Organizations, hard copies can be ordered from our Customer Services team.

Subscriptions

Our range of subscription services are designed to make using standards easier for you. For further information on our subscription products go to bsigroup.com/subscriptions.

With **British Standards Online (BSOL)** you'll have instant access to over 55,000 British and adopted European and international standards from your desktop. It's available 24/7 and is refreshed daily so you'll always be up to date.

You can keep in touch with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards, both in single copy and subscription format, by becoming a **BSI Subscribing Member**.

PLUS is an updating service exclusive to BSI Subscribing Members. You will automatically receive the latest hard copy of your standards when they're revised or replaced.

To find out more about becoming a BSI Subscribing Member and the benefits of membership, please visit bsigroup.com/shop.

With a **Multi-User Network Licence (MUNL)** you are able to host standards publications on your intranet. Licences can cover as few or as many users as you wish. With updates supplied as soon as they're available, you can be sure your documentation is current. For further information, email bsmusales@bsigroup.com.

BSI Group Headquarters

389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL UK

Revisions

Our British Standards and other publications are updated by amendment or revision.

We continually improve the quality of our products and services to benefit your business. If you find an inaccuracy or ambiguity within a British Standard or other BSI publication please inform the Knowledge Centre.

Copyright

All the data, software and documentation set out in all British Standards and other BSI publications are the property of and copyrighted by BSI, or some person or entity that owns copyright in the information used (such as the international standardization bodies) and has formally licensed such information to BSI for commercial publication and use. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI. Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Department.

Useful Contacts:

Customer Services

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email (orders): orders@bsigroup.com
Email (enquiries): cservices@bsigroup.com

Subscriptions

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email: subscriptions@bsigroup.com

Knowledge Centre

Tel: +44 20 8996 7004

Email: knowledgecentre@bsigroup.com

Copyright & Licensing

Tel: +44 20 8996 7070 Email: copyright@bsigroup.com

