BS ISO 6106:2013



BSI Standards Publication

Abrasive products — Checking the grain size of superabrasives



BS ISO 6106:2013 BRITISH STANDARD

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 6106:2013. It supersedes BS ISO 6106:2005 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee MTE/13, Grinding wheels, abrasive tools, paper and cloths, and powders.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2013. Published by BSI Standards Limited 2013

ISBN 978 0 580 70618 9

ICS 25.100.70

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 April 2013.

Amendments issued since publication

Date Text affected

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 6106:2013 ISO 6106

Third edition 2013-04-15

Abrasive products — Checking the grain size of superabrasives

Produits abrasifs — Vérification de la dimension des grains de superabrasifs



BS ISO 6106:2013 **ISO 6106:2013(E)**



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2013

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20 Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11 Fax + 41 22 749 09 47 E-mail copyright@iso.org Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Co	ontents	Page
Fore	reword	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Apparatus 4.1 Sieving machine 4.2 Sieves 4.3 Sampling the batch 4.4 Balance 4.5 Timer	
5	Test conditions	3
6	Test sieving 6.1 Sampling 6.2 Preparation for sieving 6.3 Sieving procedure	3
7	Evaluation 7.1 Weighing sieved fractions 7.2 Calculation of results	3
8	Designation and grading limits 8.1 General 8.2 Grain sizes 8.3 Designation	4 4
9	Example showing the use of Table 2	4
Ann	nex A (normative) Adaptors for 75 mm sieves	7
	nlingranhy	9

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 6106 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 29, *Small tools*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Grinding wheels and abrasives*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6106:2005), which has been technically revised.

Significant changes against the previous edition are the following:

- a) the English title has been editorially improved;
- b) the requirements for the sampling techniques in 4.3 have been specified in more detail;
- c) there has been a minor technical change in the requirements for the sieving procedure in 6.3;
- d) an editorial error in Table 2 and Table 3 was corrected;
- e) in Table 2, smaller grain designations, i.e. 39 and 33, have been included;
- f) in Table 3, larger grain designations, i.e. 302, 357 and 712, have been included;
- g) in Table 2, undersize limiting sieves have been changed for grain designations 46 and 54.

Abrasive products — Checking the grain size of superabrasives

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for determining or checking the grain size of superabrasives (diamond or cubic boron nitride) as used for the manufacture of industrial products, such as grinding wheels and saws. It is applicable to grain size designations as defined in <u>Tables 2</u> and <u>3</u>.

This International Standard describes the grain size designations, the size limits, the sieves for use in determining them and the procedure to be adopted for checking the grain size exclusive of any coating.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 554, Standard atmospheres for conditioning and/or testing — Specifications

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

grain

product whose size is defined by sieving

3.2

grain size

designated on-size fraction located between the upper and a lower control sieve as specified

Note 1 to entry: The grain may include oversize and undersize factors as specified.

4 Apparatus

4.1 Sieving machine

The test shall only be carried out with test-sieving machines giving reproducible and comparable results, e.g. test-sieving machines in accordance with ISO 9284.

4.2 Sieves

Electroformed sieves with standard 200 mm or 75 mm diameter stainless frame nested sieves, half-height (nominal 25 mm) shall be used. A cover and pan are required. The precision electroformed sieves with square apertures, which shall be used in the size checking procedure described in this International Standard, shall have a supporting grid of 2,2 lines per centimetre bonded to the top surface of the sieve. Unless this is done, the superabrasive slides over the smooth top surface of the sieve and sieving efficiency is drastically reduced. It is the user's responsibility to ensure continuous compliance of the test sieve to the aperture sizes which shall be in accordance with Table 1.

Table 1 — Aperture sizes and ruling lines of electroformed sieves

Aperture size	Ruling line	Aperture size	Ruling line
μm	cm	μm	cm
1 830	4,97	227	30,3
1 530	5,8	213	30,3
1 280	6,5	197	35,8
1 080	7,9	181	35,8
915	8,5	165	39,4
850	9,2	151	43,7
770	10,9	139	46,3
710	11,8	127	49,2
645	12,2	116	49,2
600	13,4	107	59,1
541	15,0	97	65,6
505	15,7	90	65,6
455	16,4	85	71,6
425	17,9	75	78,7
384	18,7	65	78,7
360	20,3	57	87,5
322	21,9	49	98,4
302	24,6	41	98,4
271	26,2	32	98,4
255	26,2	28	98,4

4.3 Sampling the batch

Appropriate sampling techniques shall be used to ensure that the sample taken is representative of the batch tested.

CAUTION — Care should be taken not to pour or scoop sample the material without first ensuring that the material is thoroughly blended. Sample splitters like riffling may be used for small samples, but this might not always be viable for very large batches as the entire would need to be riffled (numerous times) before the required sample size is obtained.

4.4 Balance

A laboratory balance shall be used which has a precision of at least 0,01 g if using 200 mm sieves or at least 0,001 g if using 75 mm sieves.

4.5 Timer

A timer with an accuracy of \pm 1 % in 15 min shall be used.

5 Test conditions

The test shall be performed under the following conditions:

```
Temperature: 23 °C \pm 2 °C Relative humidity: 50\% \pm 5\% in accordance with ISO 554.
```

6 Test sieving

6.1 Sampling

The material under test should be blended and divided utilizing a sample splitter (4.3) so as to obtain a representative sample.

The resulting sample shall be spread out on a pan and allowed to acclimatize at a relative humidity and temperature as specified in <u>Clause 5</u>.

The mass of the sample, measured with the precision specified in 4.4, shall fall within the required range indicated in $\frac{\text{Tables 2}}{\text{Tables 2}}$ and $\frac{3}{\text{Tables 2}}$.

6.2 Preparation for sieving

Assemble the desired stack of sieves (4.2) in the order of aperture sizes, with the coarsest sieve on top and with a receiver pan on the bottom. Pour the test sample on to the top sieve and place a lid over it. Place the entire unit into the sieving machine (4.1). The sieve stack shall be free to rotate during the sieving cycle; otherwise, incomplete sieving and erratic results can occur. To facilitate rotation, maintain a clearance of 3 mm between the sieve stack lid and head yoke of the machine, and ensure that the receiver spring clip does not bind on the bottom pan.

Adaptors for 75 mm sieves are specified in Annex A.

6.3 Sieving procedure

Set the timer (4.5) controlling the sieve shaker to 15 min and turn on the shaker. At the completion of the cycle, remove the stack of sieves from the shaker. Beginning with the top (coarsest) sieve, empty the portion of the superabrasive retained on to a clean piece of glossy paper or another appropriate container and tap the frame lightly to aid particle removal. This procedure should be repeated with each subsequent sieve, care being taken not to damage the sieves. Electroformed sieves should not require brushing, but should be cleaned periodically by ultrasonic methods.

7 Evaluation

7.1 Weighing sieved fractions

Oversize, on-size and undersize shall be weighed to the precision specified in 4.4.

If the sum of the masses of all fractions is less than 99 % of the original mass, this procedure shall be repeated on a new sample.

7.2 Calculation of results

Calculate the percentage retained on each sieve and the pan, relative to the cumulative final mass of the sample.

8 Designation and grading limits

8.1 General

The standard grain size designation and allowable limits for each size of superabrasive labelled, designated or otherwise represented as complying with this International Standard are given in $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ in accordance with $\frac{1}{2}$ Clauses $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$.

8.2 Grain sizes

<u>Tables 2</u> and <u>3</u> present the ISO designations of the superabrasive grain sizes together with the allowable limits for the particle size distribution of each grain size. The numerical designation in <u>Tables 2</u> and <u>3</u> are based upon the requirements specified in <u>Table 1</u>.

8.3 Designation

Superabrasives conforming to this International Standard shall be designated by

- a) "Superabrasives",
- b) reference to this International Standard, i.e. ISO 6106,
- c) the type of superabrasive, D (diamond) or B (cubic boron nitride), and
- d) the ISO grain designation according to <u>Table 2</u> or <u>3</u>.

EXAMPLE Superabrasive with D and grain size 151 is designated as follows:

Superabrasive ISO 6106 - D 151

9 Example showing the use of <u>Table 2</u>

The following is an example of the use of this International Standard. Consider ISO size D 151. At least 99,9 % of superabrasive shall pass through the oversize limiting sieve, in this case, 227 μm . All superabrasive may pass through the upper control sieve (in this case, the 165 μm sieve), but not more than 7 % is permitted to be retained on it. It is permissible to have 100 % pass through the upper control sieve and remain on the lower control sieve (127 μm), the requirement being that the grain passing through the upper control sieve, and retained on the lower control sieve shall be at least 90 %. No more than 7 % shall pass through the lower control sieve, and not more than 0,5 % is permitted to pass through the undersize limiting sieve (90 μm). As further clarification, if 100 % of a superabrasive claimed to be D 151 passes both the oversize limiting and upper control sieves, and 90 % is retained on the lower control sieve, the superabrasive shall be rejected because 10 % of the superabrasive passing through the lower nominal sieve exceeds the maximum 7 % allowed for this grain size.

Table 2 — Narrow range grain sizes

1				_								1		ĺ	1		ĺ	_						ĺ	_	г
	0,5 % max. through	undersize iimiting sieve	шп	710	009	505	425	360	302	255	213	181	151	127	107	06	75	9	57	49	41	32	28	25	20	
	Max.	sieve	%	ι	'n	ι	n	ıs	ι	n	ι	n	ι	n		7			c	o		ç	71	15	15	
	Min. on	sieve	%	C	93	ć	93	93	ć	93	C	93	ć	93		06			o	00		ć	83	80	80	
	Lower con-	trol sieve	шп	1 010	850	710	009	505	425	360	302	255	213	181	151	127	107	06	75	65	57	49	41	32	28	
	Max. on	sieve	%	ı	v	ı	v	ıs	ı	v	ı	v	ı	n		7			C	o		ç	71	15	15	
	Upper con-	trol sieve	ш'n	1 280	1 080	915	770	645	541	455	384	322	271	227	197	165	139	116	62	85	75	65	57	49	41	
	Sieve through which	99,9 % nas to pass (over- size limiting sieve)	шń	1830	1530	1 280	1 080	915	770	645	541	455	384	322	271	227	197	165	139	116	26	85	75	65	57	
	nass g to <u>6.1</u>	for 75 mm sieves	50	L C	9,6 to 14,5	L	9,6 to 14,5	9,6 to 14,5	L	9,6 to 14,5	1	9,6 to 14,5	L	9,6 to 14,5		4,8 to 7,2		0 4	4,0 10 7,2		0	2,4 10 3,6		2,4 to 3,6	2,4 to 3,6	
	Test mass according to <u>6.1</u>	for 200 mm sieves	ъ	7	80 to 120	7 7 00	80 to 170	80 to 120	7 7 00	80 to 170	200	80 to 170	7 7 00	80 to 120		40 to 60		07-104	40 to 60			ZU tO 3U		20 to 30	20 to 30	
		Equivalent mesh sizes ^b		16/18	18/20	20/25	25/30	30/35	35/40	40/45	45/50	50/60	02/09	70/80	80/100	100/120	120/140	140/170	170/200	200/230	230/270	270/325	325/400	400/500	200/600	
		ISOa grain designation		1 181	1001	851	711	601	501	426	356	301	251	213	181	151	126	107	91	92	64	54	46	39	33	

^a To add D or B depending on the abrasive type (D for diamond) or (B for cubic boron nitride); see 8.3.

^b These mesh size designations are not part of this International Standard. They are shown for easy reference only.

The manufacturers of superabrasive grain shall ensure that the size distribution within any of their grain products is maintained at a reasonably consistent proportional degree.

Table 3 — Wide range grain sizes

		Test ; accordir	Test mass according to <u>6.1</u>	Sieve through which	Upper con-	Max. on	Lower con-	Min. on	Max.	0,5 % max. through
ISOa grain designation	Equivalent mesh sizes ^a	for 200 mm sieves	for 75 mm sieves	size limiting sieve)	trol sieve	sieve	trol sieve	sieve	sieve	under size minung sieve
		50	ъ.	ωπ	шп	%	шп	%	%	шп
1 182	16/20			1 830	1 280		850			009
852	20/30			1 280	915		009			425
712	25/35			1 080	770		505			098
602	30/40			915	645		425			302
502	35/45	80 to 120	9,6 to 14,5	770	541	Ŋ	360	93	2	255
427	40/50			645	455		302			213
357	45/60			541	384		255			181
302	50/70			455	322		213			151
252	60/80			384	271		181			127
Soo Table 2	7									

Annex A (normative)

Adaptors for 75 mm sieves

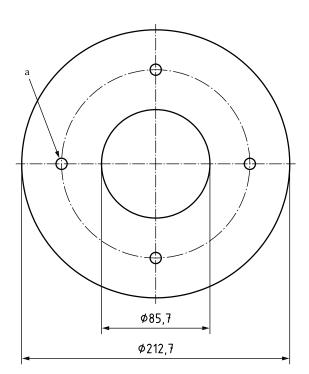
A.1 General

Where 75 mm sieves are used instead of those of 200 mm, adaptors in accordance with A.2 and A.3 shall be used.

A.2 Cover plate adaptor

This consists, essentially, of a spacer ring made of 6 mm-thick wood, plastic or reinforced plastics material, fitted beneath the standard cover plate of the sieving machine, such that the centre of the ring accommodates the 75 mm cover, while still allowing the stack of sieves some freedom to move, as required by 6.2. See Figure A.1.

Dimensions in millimetres



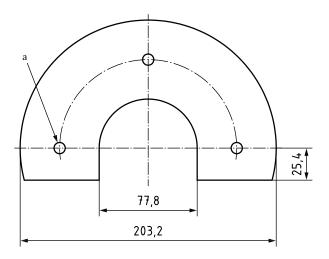
a Holes to suit.

Figure A.1 — Cover plate adaptor

A.3 Bottom plate adaptor

This consists, essentially, of a light, U-shaped spacing piece made of 6 mm-thick wood, plastic or reinforced plastics material designed to hold the stack of 75 mm sieves in an axial position on the sieving machine, while at the same time permitting the stack of sieves to slide into position. See <u>Figure A.2</u>.

Dimensions in millimetres



a Holes to suit.

 $Figure \ A.2 - Bottom \ plate \ adaptor$

Bibliography

[1] ISO 9284, Abrasive grains — Test-sieving machines





British Standards Institution (BSI)

BSI is the national body responsible for preparing British Standards and other standards-related publications, information and services.

BSI is incorporated by Royal Charter. British Standards and other standardization products are published by BSI Standards Limited.

About us

We bring together business, industry, government, consumers, innovators and others to shape their combined experience and expertise into standards -based solutions.

The knowledge embodied in our standards has been carefully assembled in a dependable format and refined through our open consultation process. Organizations of all sizes and across all sectors choose standards to help them achieve their goals.

Information on standards

We can provide you with the knowledge that your organization needs to succeed. Find out more about British Standards by visiting our website at bsigroup.com/standards or contacting our Customer Services team or Knowledge Centre.

Buying standards

You can buy and download PDF versions of BSI publications, including British and adopted European and international standards, through our website at bsigroup.com/shop, where hard copies can also be purchased.

If you need international and foreign standards from other Standards Development Organizations, hard copies can be ordered from our Customer Services team.

Subscriptions

Our range of subscription services are designed to make using standards easier for you. For further information on our subscription products go to bsigroup.com/subscriptions.

With **British Standards Online (BSOL)** you'll have instant access to over 55,000 British and adopted European and international standards from your desktop. It's available 24/7 and is refreshed daily so you'll always be up to date.

You can keep in touch with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards, both in single copy and subscription format, by becoming a **BSI Subscribing Member**.

PLUS is an updating service exclusive to BSI Subscribing Members. You will automatically receive the latest hard copy of your standards when they're revised or replaced.

To find out more about becoming a BSI Subscribing Member and the benefits of membership, please visit bsigroup.com/shop.

With a **Multi-User Network Licence (MUNL)** you are able to host standards publications on your intranet. Licences can cover as few or as many users as you wish. With updates supplied as soon as they're available, you can be sure your documentation is current. For further information, email bsmusales@bsigroup.com.

BSI Group Headquarters

389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL UK

Revisions

Our British Standards and other publications are updated by amendment or revision.

We continually improve the quality of our products and services to benefit your business. If you find an inaccuracy or ambiguity within a British Standard or other BSI publication please inform the Knowledge Centre.

Copyright

All the data, software and documentation set out in all British Standards and other BSI publications are the property of and copyrighted by BSI, or some person or entity that owns copyright in the information used (such as the international standardization bodies) and has formally licensed such information to BSI for commercial publication and use. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI. Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Department.

Useful Contacts:

Customer Services

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email (orders): orders@bsigroup.com
Email (enquiries): cservices@bsigroup.com

Subscriptions

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email: subscriptions@bsigroup.com

Knowledge Centre

Tel: +44 20 8996 7004

Email: knowledgecentre@bsigroup.com

Copyright & Licensing

Tel: +44 20 8996 7070 Email: copyright@bsigroup.com

