Oil of cedarwood, Virginian type (*Juniperus virginiana* L.)

ICS 71.100.60



National foreword

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The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee AW/54, Essential Oils, which has the responsibility to:

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Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, the ISO title page, pages ii and iii, a blank page, pages 1 to 6, an inside back cover and a back cover.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4724

Second edition 2004-06-01

Oil of cedarwood, Virginian (*Juniperus virginiana* L.)

Huile essentielle de bois de cèdre, type Virginie (Juniperus virginiana L.)



Foreword

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ISO 4724 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, Essential oils.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 4724:1984), which has been technically revised.

Oil of cedarwood, Virginian (Juniperus virginiana L.)

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the oil of cedarwood, Virginian (*Juniperus virginiana* L.), in order to facilitate assessment of its quality.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TR 210, Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage

ISO/TR 211, Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers

ISO 212, Essential oils — Sampling

ISO 279, Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method

ISO 280, Essential oils — Determination of refractive index

ISO 592, Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation

ISO 875, Essential oils — Evaluation of miscibility in ethanol

ISO 11024-1, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 1: Preparation of chromatographic profiles for presentation in standards

ISO 11024-2, Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 2: Utilization of chromatographic profiles of samples of essential oils

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

oil of cedarwood, Virginian

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the wood of *Juniperus virginiana* L., of the Cupressaceae family, growing in the United States of America from the South Eastern part of Virginia to Eastern Texas

NOTE For information on the CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092.

4 Requirements

4.1 Appearance

Slightly viscous liquid, sometimes containing crystals.

4.2 Colour

Almost colourless to pale yellow.

4.3 Odour

Characteristic, warm and woody.

4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Minimum: 0,941 0 Maximum: 0,965 0

4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,501 0 Maximum: 1,510 0

4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between -36° and -16°.

4.7 Miscibility in ethanol, 95% (volume fraction), at 20 $^{\circ}$ C

It shall not be necessary to use more than 5 volumes of ethanol, 95 % (volume fraction), to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of essential oil.

4.8 Chromatographic profile

Analysis of the essential oil shall be carried out by gas chromatography. In the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristic components shown in Table 1 shall be identified. The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in Table 1. This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

Table 1 — Chromatographic profile

Component	Minimum %	Maximum %
α -Cedrene + β -funebrene	20	35
β -Cedrene + β -caryophyllene	4	8
Thujopsene	10	25
Cuparene	1,5	7
Cedrol	16	25
Widdrol	2	5

NOTE 1 The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to typical chromatograms given for information in Annex A.

NOTE 2 Cedrol and widdrol only appear as individual peaks in the chromatogram taken on a polar column.

4.9 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in Annex B.

5 Sampling

See ISO 212.

Minimum volume of test sample: 25 ml.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

6 Test methods

6.1 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

See ISO 279.

6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

See ISO 280.

6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

See ISO 592.

6.4 Miscibility in ethanol, 95% (volume fraction), at 20 °C

See ISO 875.

6.5 Chromatographic profile

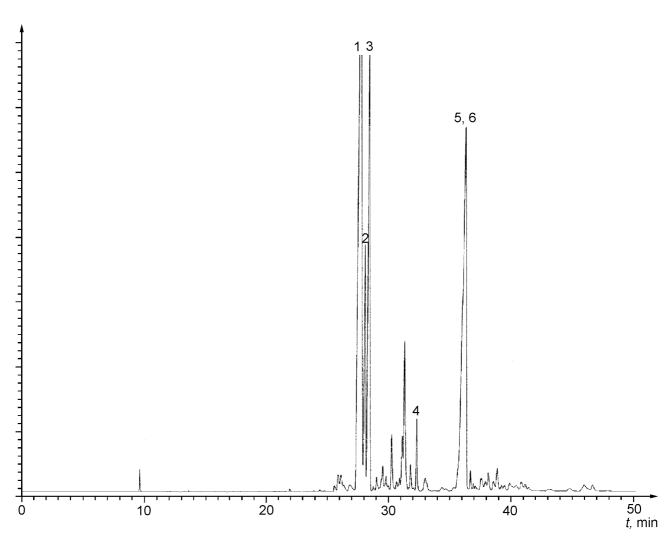
See ISO 11024-1 and ISO 11024-2.

7 Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

See ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

Annex A (informative)

Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of the essential oil of cedarwood, Virginian (*Juniperus virginiana* L.)



Peak identification

- 1 α -Cedrene + β -funebrene
- 2 β -Cedrene + β -caryophyllene
- 3 Thujopsene
- 4 Cuparene
- 5 Cedrol
- 6 Widdrol

Operating conditions

Column: capillary; length 60 m; internal diameter 0,20 mm

Stationary phase: poly(5 % diphenyl/95 % dimethyl siloxane) (SP-5®)

Film thickness: 0,20 µm

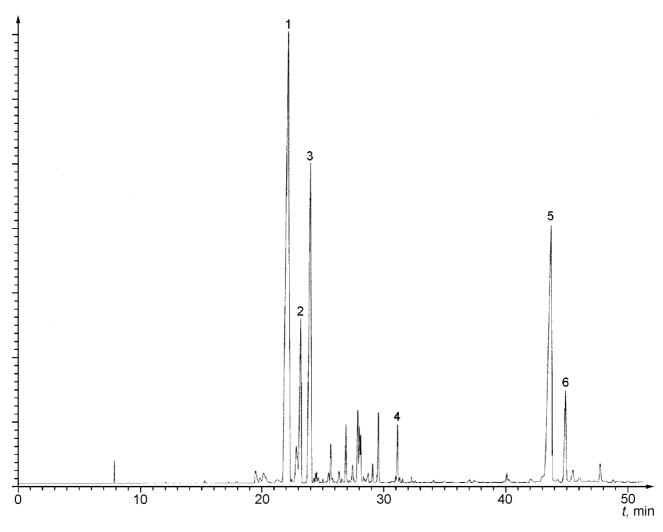
Oven temperature: temperature programming from 100 °C to 200 °C

at a rate of 3 °C/min Injector temperature: 250 °C Detector temperature: 250 °C Detector: flame ionization type

Carrier gas: helium Volume injected: 0,1 µl Carrier gas flow rate: 30 ml/min

Split ratio: 1/100

Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column



Peak identification

- 1 α -Cedrene + β -funebrene
- 2 β -Cedrene + β -caryophyllene
- 3 Thujopsene
- 4 Cuparene
- 5 Cedrol
- 6 Widdrol

Operating conditions

Column: capillary; length 60 m; internal diameter 0,20 mm Stationary phase: poly(ethylene glycol) (Carbowax®)

Film thickness: 0,20 μm

Oven temperature: temperature programming from 100 °C to 200 °C

at a rate of 3 °C/min Injector temperature: 250 °C Detector temperature: 250 °C Detector: flame ionization type

Carrier gas: helium Volume injected: 0,1 µl

Carrier gas flow rate: 30 ml/min

Split ratio: 1/100

Figure A.2 — Typical chromatogram taken on a polar column

Annex B (informative)

Flashpoint

B.1 General information

For safety reasons, transport companies, insurance companies, and people in charge of safety services require information on the flashpoints of essential oils, which in most cases are flammable products.

A comparative study on the relevant methods of analysis (see ISO/TR 11018) concluded that it was difficult to recommend a single apparatus for standardization purposes, given that:

- there is wide variation in the chemical composition of essential oils;
- the volume of the sample needed for certain requirements would be too costly for highpriced essential oils;
- as there are several different types of equipment which can be used for the determination, users cannot be expected to use one specified type only.

Consequently, it was decided to give a mean value for the flashpoint in an informative annex to each International Standard in order to meet the requirements of the interested parties.

The equipment with which this value was obtained should be specified.

For further information, see ISO/TR 11018.

B.2 Flashpoint of the essential oil of cedarwood, Virginian

The mean value is +93 °C.

NOTE Obtained with "Setaflash" equipment.

Bibliography

- [1] ISO/TR 11018:1997, Essential oils General guidance on the determination of flashpoint
- [2] ISO/TR 21092:2004, Essential oils Characterization

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