

BS ISO 3781:2011



BSI Standards Publication

Paper and board — Determination of tensile strength after immersion in water

bsi.

...making excellence a habit.™

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 3781:2011. It supersedes BS 2922-2:1984 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee PAI/11, Methods of test for paper, board and pulps.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© BSI 2011

ISBN 978 0 580 70771 1

ICS 85.060

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 September 2011.

Amendments issued since publication

Date	Text affected
------	---------------

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

BS ISO 3781:2011

ISO
3781

Third edition
2011-09-01

Paper and board — Determination of tensile strength after immersion in water

*Papier et carton — Détermination de la résistance à la traction après
immersion dans l'eau*



Reference number
ISO 3781:2011(E)

© ISO 2011



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2011

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Case postale 56 • CH-1211 Geneva 20
Tel. + 41 22 749 01 11
Fax + 41 22 749 09 47
E-mail copyright@iso.org
Web www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 3781 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 6, *Paper, board and pulps*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Test methods and quality specifications for paper and board*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 3781:1983), of which it constitutes a minor revision. It is no longer applicable to tissue paper or tissue products, which are covered by ISO 12625-5. In addition, precision data have been added.

Paper and board — Determination of tensile strength after immersion in water

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a test method for the determination of the wet tensile strength of paper or board after its immersion in water for a specified period.

In principle, the method is applicable to both paper and board, provided an appropriate soaking time is agreed between the interested parties.

This International Standard is not applicable to tissue paper and tissue products or other lightweight, highly absorbent paper which is difficult to handle or of low strength when wet (see ISO 12625-5^[1]).

NOTE The tensile strength testing is performed using an apparatus operating at a constant rate of elongation of 20 mm/min, as per ISO 1924-2, or 100 mm/min, as per ISO 1924-3. Therefore, depending on which method is chosen, only one or the other of those International Standards is needed for performing the test.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 186, *Paper and board — Sampling to determine average quality*

ISO 187, *Paper, board and pulps — Standard atmosphere for conditioning and testing and procedure for monitoring the atmosphere and conditioning of samples*

ISO 1924-2, *Paper and board — Determination of tensile properties — Part 2: Constant rate of elongation method (20 mm/min)*

ISO 1924-3, *Paper and board — Determination of tensile properties — Part 3: Constant rate of elongation method (100 mm/min)*

ISO 14487, *Pulps — Standard water for physical testing*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

wet tensile strength

maximum tensile force per unit width that a test piece soaked with water will withstand before breaking in a tensile test

[ISO 12625-5:2005, definition 3.1]

NOTE It is expressed in kilonewtons per metre.

3.2 wet tensile strength retention
ratio of the tensile strength of a wet test piece to that of another test piece from the same sample in the dry, conditioned state

NOTE 1 It is expressed as a percentage.

NOTE 2 Adapted from ISO 12625-5:2005, definition 3.2.

4 Principle

Immersion in water, for an appropriate period of time, of a test piece of the paper or board being tested, and determination of its wet tensile strength.

From the wet tensile strength and the tensile strength in the dry, conditioned state, the wet tensile strength retention is calculated.

5 Apparatus

5.1 Tensile strength testing apparatus, complying with ISO 1924-2 or ISO 1924-3 for dry tensile strength testing.

5.2 Water for soaking: distilled or deionized water as specified in ISO 14487, having the temperature specified for conditioning in ISO 187.

6 Sampling

If the tests are made to evaluate a lot, select the sample in accordance with ISO 186. If the tests are made on another type of sample, ensure that the test pieces taken are representative of the sample received.

7 Conditioning

For testing of dry tensile strength and for tests which involve soaking for less than 1 h, the specimen and the test pieces shall be conditioned in accordance with ISO 187. Conditioning is not necessary for tests involving soaking for 1 h or longer.

If the material has been specially treated (for example, with urea-formaldehyde), care shall be taken to ensure that sufficient time has elapsed after treatment to allow the wet strength to be fully developed before soaking the test pieces.

8 Preparation of test pieces

Depending on the method chosen, using an apparatus operating at a constant rate of elongation of 20 mm/min or 100 mm/min, prepare test pieces in accordance with ISO 1924-2 or ISO 1924-3 respectively.

Prepare a sufficient number of test pieces to enable ten valid wet tensile strength readings in the machine direction (MD) and ten valid readings in the cross direction (CD).

If the wet tensile strength retention is also to be calculated, then ten additional test pieces for determination of the dry tensile strength in the MD and another ten for the CD are required.

9 Procedure

In the absence of any agreement to the contrary, soak the test pieces until saturated; normally, this means a soaking time of 1 h. Use water (5.2) and a suitable shallow dish.

Boards and other hard-sized papers may require a soaking time of 24 h or longer to attain a satisfactory degree of saturation. The appropriate soaking time may be selected to simulate particular conditions of use, by agreement between the interested parties.

For very absorbent papers, it is recommended that only the centre portion of the test piece be wetted, while the portion held by the clamps remains dry (see ISO 12625-5^[1]).

After soaking, remove the test pieces from the dish. Lightly blot the first test piece in order to remove surplus water and immediately test it by the method specified in ISO 1924-2 or ISO 1924-3. Repeat for the remaining test pieces.

Carry out ten tests in the MD and ten in the CD of the immersed test pieces.

If the wet tensile strength retention is also to be calculated, carry out ten additional tests in the MD and another ten in the CD of the dry, conditioned test pieces.

10 Calculation and expression of results

10.1 General

Calculate and report the wet tensile strength and, if required, the wet tensile strength retention separately for the MD and CD, as follows.

10.2 Wet tensile strength

Calculate the wet tensile strength, σ_{wet} , using Equation (1):

$$\sigma_{\text{wet}} = \frac{\bar{F}_{\text{wet}}}{b} \quad (1)$$

where

\bar{F}_{wet} is the mean maximum tensile force, in kilonewtons;

b is the width of the dry test piece (15 mm), in metres.

Report the wet tensile strength, in kilonewtons per metre, to three significant figures.

10.3 Wet tensile strength retention

If required, calculate the wet tensile strength retention, σ_{R} , as a percentage of the corresponding value in the dry state using Equation (2):

$$\sigma_{\text{R}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{wet}} \times 100}{\sigma_{\text{dry}}} \quad (2)$$

where

σ_{wet} is the wet tensile strength, in kilonewtons per metre;

σ_{dry} is the tensile strength in the dry, conditioned state, in kilonewtons per metre.

NOTE The calculations for dry tensile strength are given in ISO 1924-2 or ISO 1924-3.

11 Test report

The test report shall include the following information:

- a) reference to this International Standard, i.e. ISO 3781;
- b) the date and place of testing;
- c) the complete identification of the sample;
- d) the soaking time and, if the sample has been conditioned, the conditioning atmosphere used;
- e) the International Standard used for tensile strength testing, i.e. ISO 1924-2 or ISO 1924-3;
- f) the wet tensile strength calculated in accordance with 10.2;
- g) if required, the wet tensile strength retention in accordance with 10.3;
- h) any deviation from this International Standard or any other circumstance that might have influenced the results.

Annex A (informative)

Precision data

The estimates of repeatability and reproducibility are based on data from the CEPI-CTS (Confederation of European Paper Industries Comparative Testing Service) round 2 in 2010.

The calculations have been made according to ISO/TR 24498 [2] and TAPPI Test method T 1200 sp-07 [3].

The repeatability limit, r , can be calculated from $r = 1,96 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot s_{\text{within lab}}$.

The reproducibility limit, R , can be calculated as $R = 1,96 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{s_{\text{within lab}}^2 + s_{\text{between lab}}^2}$.

The repeatability standard deviation reported in Table A.1 is the “pooled” repeatability standard deviation, i.e. the standard deviation is calculated as the root-mean-square of the standard deviations of the participating laboratories. This differs from the conventional definition of repeatability in ISO 5725-1[4]. The repeatability and reproducibility (see Table A.2) limits reported are estimates of the maximum difference which should be expected in 19 of 20 instances, when comparing two test results for material similar to those described under similar test conditions. These estimates may not be valid for different materials or different test conditions.

Repeatability and reproducibility limits are calculated by multiplying the repeatability and reproducibility standard deviations by 2,77.

NOTE $2,77 = 1,96\sqrt{2}$, provided that the test results have a normal distribution and that the standard deviation, s , is based on a large number of tests.

Table A.1 — Estimation of repeatability of the test method from CEPI-CTS

Material	Number of laboratories	Mean value N/m	Standard deviation, s_r N/m	Coefficient of variation, CoV_r %	Repeatability limit, r N/m
Sample level 1	10	531	26,6	5,0	73,7
Sample level 2	10	1 777	67,0	3,8	185,7

Table A.2 — Estimation of reproducibility of the test method from CEPI-CTS

Material	Number of laboratories	Mean value, N/m	Standard deviation, s_R N/m	Coefficient of variation, CoV_R %	Reproducibility limit, R N/m
Sample level 1	10	531	37,3	7,0	103,5
Sample level 2	10	1 777	81,3	4,6	225,3

Bibliography

- [1] ISO 12625-5, *Tissue paper and tissue products — Part 5: Determination of wet tensile strength*
- [2] ISO/TR 24498:2006, *Paper, board and pulps — Estimation of uncertainty for test methods*
- [3] TAPPI Test method T 1200 sp-07, *Interlaboratory evaluation of test methods to determine TAPPI repeatability and reproducibility*
- [4] ISO 5725-1:1994, *Accuracy (trueness and precision) of measurement methods and results — Part 1: General principles and definitions*

British Standards Institution (BSI)

BSI is the national body responsible for preparing British Standards and other standards-related publications, information and services.

BSI is incorporated by Royal Charter. British Standards and other standardization products are published by BSI Standards Limited.

About us

We bring together business, industry, government, consumers, innovators and others to shape their combined experience and expertise into standards-based solutions.

The knowledge embodied in our standards has been carefully assembled in a dependable format and refined through our open consultation process. Organizations of all sizes and across all sectors choose standards to help them achieve their goals.

Information on standards

We can provide you with the knowledge that your organization needs to succeed. Find out more about British Standards by visiting our website at bsigroup.com/standards or contacting our Customer Services team or Knowledge Centre.

Buying standards

You can buy and download PDF versions of BSI publications, including British and adopted European and international standards, through our website at bsigroup.com/shop, where hard copies can also be purchased.

If you need international and foreign standards from other Standards Development Organizations, hard copies can be ordered from our Customer Services team.

Subscriptions

Our range of subscription services are designed to make using standards easier for you. For further information on our subscription products go to bsigroup.com/subscriptions.

With **British Standards Online (BSOL)** you'll have instant access to over 55,000 British and adopted European and international standards from your desktop. It's available 24/7 and is refreshed daily so you'll always be up to date.

You can keep in touch with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards, both in single copy and subscription format, by becoming a **BSI Subscribing Member**.

PLUS is an updating service exclusive to BSI Subscribing Members. You will automatically receive the latest hard copy of your standards when they're revised or replaced.

To find out more about becoming a BSI Subscribing Member and the benefits of membership, please visit bsigroup.com/shop.

With a **Multi-User Network Licence (MUNL)** you are able to host standards publications on your intranet. Licences can cover as few or as many users as you wish. With updates supplied as soon as they're available, you can be sure your documentation is current. For further information, email bsmusales@bsigroup.com.

BSI Group Headquarters

389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL UK

Revisions

Our British Standards and other publications are updated by amendment or revision.

We continually improve the quality of our products and services to benefit your business. If you find an inaccuracy or ambiguity within a British Standard or other BSI publication please inform the Knowledge Centre.

Copyright

All the data, software and documentation set out in all British Standards and other BSI publications are the property of and copyrighted by BSI, or some person or entity that owns copyright in the information used (such as the international standardization bodies) and has formally licensed such information to BSI for commercial publication and use. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI. Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Department.

Useful Contacts:

Customer Services

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email (orders): orders@bsigroup.com

Email (enquiries): cservices@bsigroup.com

Subscriptions

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email: subscriptions@bsigroup.com

Knowledge Centre

Tel: +44 20 8996 7004

Email: knowledgecentre@bsigroup.com

Copyright & Licensing

Tel: +44 20 8996 7070

Email: copyright@bsigroup.com



...making excellence a habit.™