

Oil of sage, Spanish (*Salvia lavandulifolia* Vahl)

ICS 71.100.60

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Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, the ISO title page, pages ii and iii, a blank page, pages 1 to 6, an inside back cover and a back cover.

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INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO
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Third edition
2005-07-01

Oil of sage, Spanish
(*Salvia lavandulifolia* Vahl)

Huile essentielle de sauge d'Espagne (Salvia lavandulifolia Vahl)



Reference number
ISO 3526:2005(E)

Foreword

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Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 3526 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 54, *Essential oils*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 3526:1991), which has been technically revised.

Oil of sage, Spanish (*Salvia lavandulifolia* Vahl)

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies certain characteristics of the oil of sage, Spanish (*Salvia lavandulifolia* Vahl), in order to facilitate assessment of its quality.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/TR 210, *Essential oils — General rules for packaging, conditioning and storage*

ISO/TR 211, *Essential oils — General rules for labelling and marking of containers*

ISO 212, *Essential oils — Sampling*

ISO 279, *Essential oils — Determination of relative density at 20 °C — Reference method*

ISO 280, *Essential oils — Determination of refractive index*

ISO 592, *Essential oils — Determination of optical rotation*

ISO 875, *Essential oils — Evaluation of miscibility in ethanol*

ISO 1242, *Essential oils — Determination of acid value*

ISO 11024-1, *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 1: Preparation of chromatographic profiles for presentation in standards*

ISO 11024-2, *Essential oils — General guidance on chromatographic profiles — Part 2: Utilization of chromatographic profiles of samples of essential oils*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1 oil of sage, Spanish

essential oil obtained by steam distillation of the aerial part of the flowering plant of *Salvia lavandulifolia* Vahl, of the Lamiaceae family, growing wild or cultivated in Spain or in any part of the world

NOTE For information on the CAS number, see ISO/TR 21092.

4 Requirements

4.1 Appearance

Liquid.

4.2 Colour

From colourless to pale yellow.

4.3 Odour

Characteristic, camphoraceous, herbaceous.

4.4 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

Minimum: 0,907

Maximum: 0,932

4.5 Refractive index at 20 °C

Minimum: 1,465 0

Maximum: 1,473 0

4.6 Optical rotation at 20 °C

Between +7° and +17°.

4.7 Miscibility in ethanol, 80 % (volume fraction), at 20 °C

It shall not be necessary to use more than 2 volumes of ethanol, 80 % (volume fraction), to obtain a clear solution with 1 volume of essential oil.

4.8 Acid value

Maximum: 1,0

4.9 Chromatographic profile

Analysis of the essential oil shall be carried out by gas chromatography. In the chromatogram obtained, the representative and characteristic components shown in Table 1 shall be identified. The proportions of these components, indicated by the integrator, shall be as shown in Table 1. This constitutes the chromatographic profile of the essential oil.

Table 1 — Chromatographic profile

Component	Minimum %	Maximum %
α -Pinene	4	11
Sabinene	0,1	3,5
Limonene	2	6
1,8-Cineole	10	30
Linalol	0,3	4
Camphor	11	36
Borneol	1	7
Terpinen-4-ol	—	2
Linalyl acetate	0,1	5
α -Terpinyl acetate	0,5	9
Sabinyl acetate	0,5	9

NOTE The chromatographic profile is normative, contrary to typical chromatograms given for information in Annex A.

4.10 Flashpoint

Information on the flashpoint is given in Annex B.

5 Sampling

See ISO 212.

Minimum volume of test sample: 25 ml.

NOTE This volume allows each of the tests specified in this International Standard to be carried out at least once.

6 Test methods

6.1 Relative density at 20 °C, d_{20}^{20}

See ISO 279.

6.2 Refractive index at 20 °C

See ISO 280.

6.3 Optical rotation at 20 °C

See ISO 592.

6.4 Miscibility in ethanol, 80 % (volume fraction), at 20 °C

See ISO 875.

6.5 Acid value

See ISO 1242.

6.6 Chromatographic profile

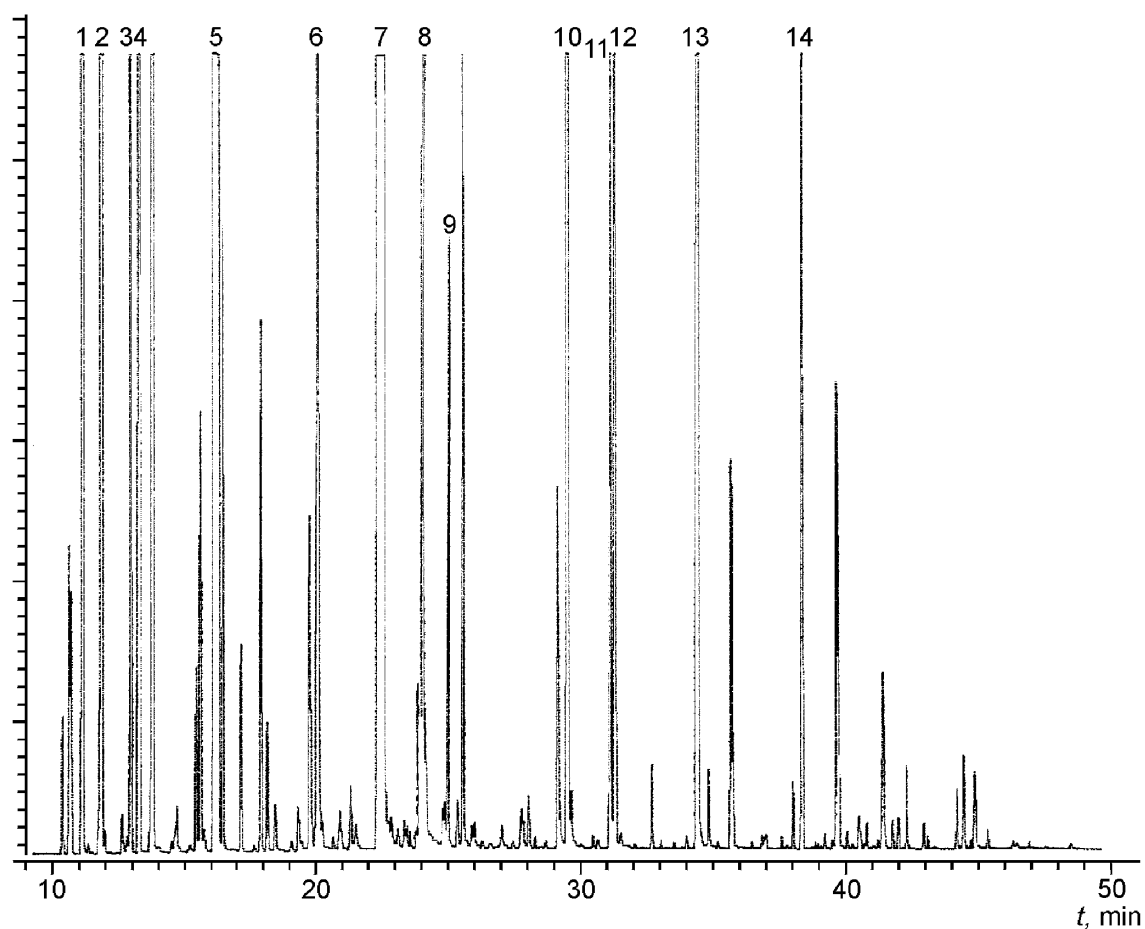
See ISO 11024-1 and ISO 11024-2.

7 Packaging, labelling, marking and storage

See ISO/TR 210 and ISO/TR 211.

Annex A (informative)

Typical chromatograms of the analysis by gas chromatography of the essential oil of sage, Spanish (*Salvia lavandulifolia* Vahl)



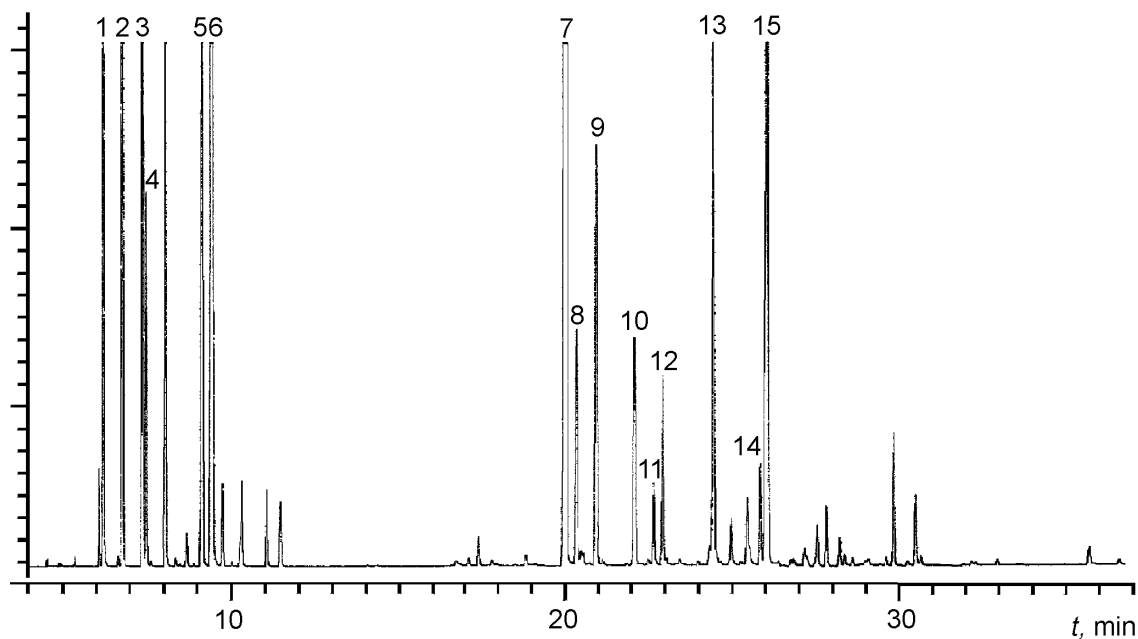
Peak identification

1	α -Pinene	8	Borneol
2	Camphene	9	Terpinen-4-ol
3	Sabinene	10	Linalyl acetate
4	β -Pinene	11	Bornyl acetate
5	Limonene + 1,8-cineole	12	Sabinyl acetate
6	Linalol	13	α -Terpinyl acetate
7	Camphor	14	β -Caryophyllene

Operating conditions

Column: capillary; length 60 m; internal diameter 0,25 mm
 Stationary phase: poly(dimethyl siloxane) (DB-1®)
 Film thickness: 0,25 μ m
 Oven temperature: temperature programming from 80 °C to 110 °C at a rate of 3 °C/min, then isothermal at 110 °C for 10 min, then temperature programming from 110 °C to 140 °C at a rate of 4 °C/min, from 140 °C to 250 °C at a rate of 6 °C/min and isothermal at 250 °C for 5 min
 Injector temperature: 260 °C
 Detector temperature: 270 °C
 Detector: flame ionization type
 Carrier gas: helium
 Volume injected: 0,2 μ l
 Carrier gas flow rate: 1 ml/min
 Split ratio: 1/60

Figure A.1 — Typical chromatogram taken on an apolar column

**Peak identification**

1	α -Pinene	9	Linalyl acetate
2	Camphene	10	Bornyl acetate
3	β -Pinene	11	Terpinen-4-ol
4	Sabinene	12	β -Caryophyllene
5	Limonene	13	Sabiny acetate
6	1,8-Cineole	14	α -Terpinyl acetate
7	Camphor	15	Borneol
8	Linalol		

Operating conditions

Column: capillary; length 60 m; internal diameter 0,25 mm
 Stationary phase: poly(ethylene glycol) – TPA modified (SP-1 000®)
 Film thickness: 0,25 μ m
 Oven temperature: temperature programming from 95 °C to 190 °C at a rate of 4 °C/min, then isothermal at 190 °C for 8 min
 Injector temperature: 250 °C
 Detector temperature: 250 °C
 Detector: flame ionization type
 Carrier gas: nitrogen
 Volume injected: 0,1 μ l
 Carrier gas flow rate: 1 ml/min
 Split ratio: 1/100

Figure A.2 — Typical chromatogram taken on a polar column

Annex B (informative)

Flashpoint

B.1 General information

For safety reasons, transport companies, insurance companies, and people in charge of safety services require information on the flashpoints of essential oils, which in most cases are flammable products.

A comparative study of the relevant methods of analysis (see ISO/TR 11018) concluded that it was difficult to recommend a single apparatus for standardization purposes, given that:

- there is wide variation in the chemical composition of essential oils;
- the volume of the sample needed for certain requirements would be too costly for high-priced essential oils;
- as there are several different types of equipment which can be used for the determination, users cannot be expected to use one specified type only.

Consequently, it was decided to give a mean value for the flashpoint in an informative annex to each International Standard in order to meet the requirements of the interested parties.

The equipment with which this value was obtained should be specified.

For further information, see ISO/TR 11018.

B.2 Flashpoint of the essential oil of sage, Spanish

The mean value is + 49 °C.

NOTE Obtained with “Setaflash” equipment.

Bibliography

- [1] ISO/TR 11018:1997, *Essential oils — General guidance on the determination of flashpoint*
- [2] ISO/TR 21092:2004, *Essential oils — Characterization*

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