

BSI Standards Publication

Diesel engines — 60° female cones for highpressure fuel injection components



BS ISO 2974:2016 BRITISH STANDARD

National foreword

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Diesel engines — 60° female cones for high-pressure fuel injection components

Moteurs diesels — Raccords finaux à cône femelle de 60° pour lignes d'injection de combustible haute pression



BS ISO 2974:2016 **ISO 2974:2016(E)**



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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 34, *Propulsion, powertrain and powertrain fluids*.

This eighth edition cancels and replaces the seventh edition (ISO 2974:2013), which has been technically revised.

Diesel engines — 60° female cones for high-pressure fuel injection components

1 Scope

This document specifies the dimensional requirements of end-connections for high-pressure fuel injection equipment components used on diesel (compression-ignition) engines.

It is applicable to externally threaded 60° female cones (see <u>Figures 1</u>, <u>2</u>, <u>5</u>, and <u>6</u>) and intended for use with high-pressure fuel injection pipe assemblies with tube outside diameters of

- up to and including 12 mm for integral female cones (see <u>Table 1</u>), and
- up to and including 9 mm for fabricated female cones (see <u>Table 2</u>).

Details of the pipe connection ends referenced in this document are shown in ISO 13296.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 261, ISO general purpose metric screw threads — General plan

ISO 1302, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Indication of surface texture in technical product documentation

ISO 3508, Thread run-outs for fasteners with thread in accordance with ISO 261 and ISO 262

ISO 13296, Diesel engines — High-pressure fuel injection pipe assemblies — General requirements and dimensions

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1

integral female cone

female cone where the sealing cone and the thread are connected in the same part

Note 1 to entry: See Figures 1 and 2.

3.2

fabricated female cone

female cone where the sealing cone and the thread are separate parts prior to joining

EXAMPLE Joined by welding.

Note 1 to entry: See Figures 5 and 6.

3.3

reference diameter

S

baseline for dimensioning of the female cone and the pipe end form

Note 1 to entry: *S* may or may not be coincident with the intended nominal sealing interface between the female cone and the pipe end form.

4 Requirements

4.1 Dimensions and tolerances

The following figures indicate the requirements for the 60° female cones at fuel injectors, CR-injectors, fuel injection pumps, high-pressure supply pumps, and rails to allow interchangeability for high-pressure fuel injection pipe assemblies according to ISO 13296:

- <u>Figures 1, 2, 3</u>, and <u>4</u> for integral female cones;
- Figures 5, 6, and 7 for fabricated female cones.

The 60° female cone and its relationship to the external thread shall meet the requirements of <u>Figure 1</u> (integral female cones) or <u>Figure 5</u> (fabricated female cones). However, for integral female cones, variations at the smaller end of the female cone as shown in <u>Figure 3</u> are acceptable.

Dimensions and tolerances are given in <u>Table 1</u> (integral female cones) and <u>Table 2</u> (fabricated female cones). Unspecified details are left to the manufacturer's choice.

With reference dimension *T* in Figures 1, 2, 5, and 6, the external thread may be either with or without undercut. However, it shall be possible to screw the GO-gauge for the thread up to the plane specified by dimension *T*.

<u>Figure 4</u> and <u>Figure 7</u> show the assemblies with pipe end connections for the integral and fabricated female cone types, respectively.

4.2 Materials

The specification of material and heat treatment shall be made according to the intended use. To ensure tightness of the joint between the connection end of the high-pressure pipe and the female cone of the mating part of the pump, injector, or rail for the initial assembly, as well as for repeated assemblies, the necessary plastic deformation shall take place at the sealing face of the high-pressure pipe.

For this purpose, the minimum hardness of the female cone should be a minimum of 50 HV harder than the maximum hardness of the pipe connection end. However, it shall be proven that the pipe sealing cone with its plastic deformation caused by the assembly, in combination with the minimum preload, ensures the tightness of the joint for the initial and repeated assembly processes over the product's useful life.

5 Designation

A 60° female cone conforming to this document shall be designated by the following elements, in the order given:

- a) the term of the 60° female cone, in accordance with 3.1 or 3.2;
- b) a reference to this document, i.e. ISO 2974;
- c) the shape, in accordance with <u>Figure 3</u> (for integral female cones only);
- d) the tube outside diameter, in millimetres;

e) the thread designation, in accordance with ISO 261.

EXAMPLE 1 A 60° female cone in accordance with 3.1 (integral female cone) of shape A, of pipe outside diameter 10 mm, and with an external thread M22 × 1,5 is designated as follows:

Integral female cone ISO 2974 A 10 - M22 × 1,5

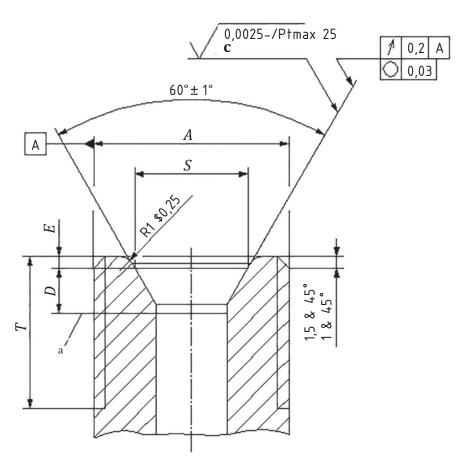
EXAMPLE 2 A 60° female cone in accordance with 3.2 (fabricated female cone), of pipe outside diameter 6,35 mm, and with an external thread M14 × 1,5 is designated as follows:

Fabricated female cone ISO 2974 6,35 - M14 × 1,5

6 Figures and tables

6.1 Integral 60° female cone

 $\label{eq:Dimensions} Dimensions in millimetres, \\ Surface roughness in micrometres, as defined in ISO 1302$



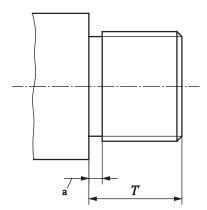
Key

^a Highest point of any inserted device. Care shall be taken to ensure that the pipe end does not touch any inserted device after the final assembly.

NOTE See <u>Table 1</u> for dimensions *A, E, D, S,* and *T.*

Figure 1 — Integral 60° female cone without undercut

ISO 2974:2016(E)



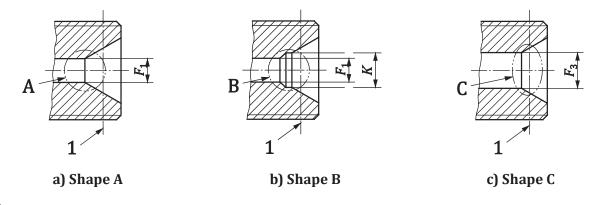
Key

a Undercut in accordance with ISO 3508.

NOTE 1 All dimensions and specifications other than the undercut ^a are the same as for the female cone of Figure 1.

NOTE 2 See <u>Table 1</u> for dimension *T*.

Figure 2 — Integral 60° female cone with undercut

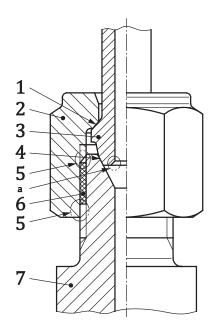


Key

- 1 reference diameter plane (see dimension *S* in <u>Table 1</u>)
- *K* counterbore, size to be agreed between supplier and customer

NOTE See <u>Table 1</u> for dimensions F_1 and F_3 . Shape C is used for any inserted device (i.e. throttle or edge filter).

Figure 3 — Shapes on integral 60° female cones according to Figures 1 and 2



Key

- 1 contact area of connector nut (2) and pipe connection end (3)
- 2 connector nut
- 3 connection end of pipe (end form); see NOTE
- 4 contact area (sealing area) of pipe connection end (3) and female cone connector (7)
- 5 chamfer to root of thread [connector nut (2) and connector (7)]
- 6 engaged thread (recommended design should allow 3x pitch minimum)
- 7 female cone (connector)
- Pipe connection end [pipe connection end bore entrance configuration shall be chosen such that after the final assembly, the pipe inside diameter is not reduced (see ISO 13296)].

NOTE For details of pipe connection ends, see ISO 13296.

Figure 4 — Pipe end assembly for integral 60° female cone (basic relationships)

Table 1 — Integral 60° female cones

Dimensions in millimetres (see Figure 1, 2, or 3)

Tube outside diameter	Thread ^{a,c}	Reference diameter	F ₁ b ± 0,1	F ₃ b max.	E +0,3 -0,1	T min.	<i>D</i> d min.
4,5	M10 × 1,25 M12 × 1,5	5	1,12 to 2,24	_	0,8	10	1,8
6	M12 × 1,5 M14 × 1,5	6,5	1,5 to 3	5,4	0,9	11	1,8

Tolerance classes of threads: 6g for external threaded end-connection; 6H for connector nuts.

b Dimension F_1 shall be adapted to the inside diameter of the pipe for the sake of optimum flow conditions. If required, for instance for edge filters, application of dimension F_3 is allowed.

^c There is no relation between thread size and reference diameter (see ISO 13296 for further detail on thread size recommendations).

d Minimum dimension between the gauge diameter plane and the top surface of any inserted device (i.e. throttle or edge filter). This is a recommended value. It is preferable that the dimension *D* is determined by also taking into account the maximum angular misalignment of the installed pipe.

Table 1 (continued)

Tube outside diameter	Thread ^{a,c}	Reference diameter	F ₁ b ± 0,1	F ₃ b max.	E +0,3 -0,1	T min.	<i>D</i> d min.
	M12 × 1,5						
6,35	M14 × 1,5	6,5	1,5 to 3	5,4	0,9	11	1,8
	M16 × 1,5						
7	M14 × 1,5	M14 × 1,5 M16 × 1,5	1,5 to 3	5,4	0,9	11	1,8
/	M16 × 1,5						
	M14 × 1,5	7,5	2 to 4	6,4	0,9	11	1,9
	M16 × 1,5	8,5	2 to 4	7,4	0,95	11	1,9
8	M16 × 1,5						
	M18 × 1,5	8,5	2 to 4	7,3	2,6	16,5	2,2
	M22 × 1,5						
9	M16 × 1,5	8,5	2 to 4	7,4	0,95	11	2,2
	M16 × 1,5	8,5	2 to 4	7,4	0,95	11	2,2
10	M20 × 1,5						
10	M22 × 1,5	10,5	2,5 to 5	9,3	2,6	18	2,2
	M24 × 1,5						
12	M22 × 1,5	12 5	2+0 5	10.2	2.6	21	2.1
12	M26 ×1,5	12,5	3 to 5	10,3	2,6	41	3,1

a Tolerance classes of threads: 6g for external threaded end-connection; 6H for connector nuts.

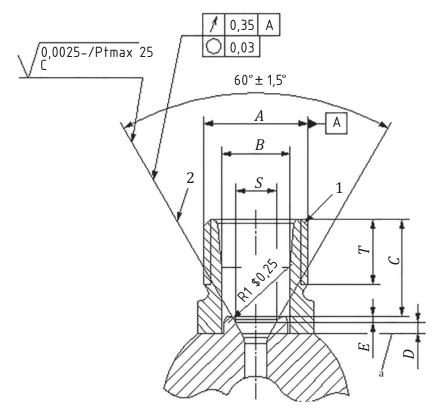
Dimension F_1 shall be adapted to the inside diameter of the pipe for the sake of optimum flow conditions. If required, for instance for edge filters, application of dimension F_3 is allowed.

^c There is no relation between thread size and reference diameter (see ISO 13296 for further detail on thread size recommendations).

 $^{^{}m d}$ Minimum dimension between the gauge diameter plane and the top surface of any inserted device (i.e. throttle or edge filter). This is a recommended value. It is preferable that the dimension D is determined by also taking into account the maximum angular misalignment of the installed pipe.

6.2 Fabricated 60° female cone

Dimensions in millimetres, Surface roughness in micrometres, as defined in ISO 1302

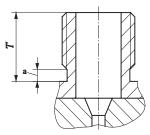


Key

- 1 chamfer to root of thread
- 2 female sealing face
- ^a Highest point of any inserted device. Care shall be taken to ensure that the pipe end does not touch any inserted device after final the assembly.

NOTE See <u>Table 2</u> for dimensions *A, B, C, D, E, S,* and *T.*

Figure 5 — Fabricated 60° female cone without undercut

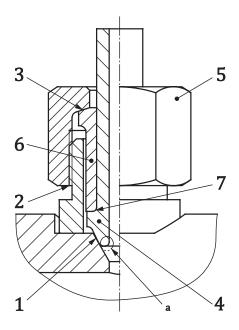


Key

a Undercut in accordance with ISO 3508.

NOTE All dimensions and specifications other than the undercut (see ^a) are the same as for the female cone of Figure 5.

Figure 6 — Fabricated 60° female cone with undercut



Key

- 1 contact area (sealing area) of pipe connection end (4) and female cone
- 2 chamfers to root of thread
- 3 interface between loading sleeve (6) and connector nut (5)
- 4 pipe connection end (end form); see a
- 5 connector nut
- 6 loading sleeve
- 7 interface between pipe connection end (4) and loading sleeve (6)
- Pipe connection end bore entrance configuration shall be so chosen such that after the final assembly, the pipe inside diameter is not reduced (see ISO 13296, Figure 5).

Figure 7 — Pipe end assembly for fabricated 60° female cone (basic relationships)

Table 2 — Fabricated 60° female cones

Dimensions in millimetres (see Figure 5 or 6)

Tube outside diameter	Thread ^a	Reference diameter	E +0,15 0	<i>B</i> ± 0,15	T min.	<i>C</i> ± 0,5	D ^b min.
	M14 × 1	6,15	1,2	10	6,7	12,7	1,8
6	M15 × 1	6,5	0,9	10,5	7,2	10,6	1,8
	M16 × 1,5 ^c	6,5	0,9	10,5	10	14,3	1,8
	M14 × 1	6,15	1,2	10	6,7	12,7	1,8
6,35	M15 × 1	6,5	0,9	10,5	7,2	10,6	1,8
	M16 × 1,5 ^c	6,5	0,9	10,5	10	14,3	1,8
8	M18 × 1,5	7,5	0,9	12,7	10	15,4	1,9
9	M19 × 1,5	8,23	0,96	13,7	10	15,4	1,9

Tolerance classes of threads: 6g for external threaded end-connection.

b Minimum dimension between the gauge diameter plane and the top surface of any inserted device (i.e. throttle or edge filter). This is a recommended value. It is preferable that the dimension *D* is determined by also taking into account the maximum angular misalignment of the installed pipe.

Preferred.

Bibliography

[1] ISO 7876-4, Fuel injection equipment — Vocabulary — Part 4: High-pressure pipes and end-connections

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