## BS EN 62541-7:2015



# **BSI Standards Publication**

# **OPC** unified architecture

Part 7: Profiles



BS EN 62541-7:2015 BRITISH STANDARD

## **National foreword**

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 62541-7:2015. It is identical to IEC 62541-7:2015. It supersedes BS EN 62541-7:2012 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee AMT/7, Industrial communications: process measurement and control, including fieldbus.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2015. Published by BSI Standards Limited 2015

ISBN 978 0 580 83006 8 ICS 25.040.40; 25.100.01

## Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 May 2015.

## Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date Text affected

## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 62541-7

May 2015

ICS 25.040.40; 35.100

Supersedes EN 62541-7:2012

## **English Version**

# OPC unified architecture - Part 7: Profiles (IEC 62541-7:2015)

Architecture unifiée OPC - Partie 7: Profils (IEC 62541-7:2015)

OPC Unified Architecture - Teil 7: Profile (IEC 62541-7:2015)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2015-04-29. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

## **Foreword**

The text of document 65E/378/CDV, future edition 2 of IEC 62541-7, prepared by SC 65E "Devices and integration in enterprise systems", of IEC/TC 65 "Industrial-process measurement, control and automation" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 62541-7:2015.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at (dop) 2016-01-29 national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with (dow) 2018-04-29 the document have to be withdrawn

This document supersedes EN 62541-7:2012.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

## **Endorsement notice**

The text of the International Standard IEC 62541-7:2015 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

## Annex ZA

(normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: <a href="https://www.cenelec.eu">www.cenelec.eu</a>.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC/TR 62541-1	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 1: Overview and concepts	CLC/TR 62541-1	-
IEC/TR 62541-2	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 2: Security model	CLC/TR 62541-2	-
IEC 62541-3	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 3: Address Space Model	EN 62541-3	-
IEC 62541-4	-	OPC Unified Architecture - Part 4: Services	EN 62541-4	-
IEC 62541-5	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 5: Information Model	EN 62541-5	-
IEC 62541-6	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 6: Mappings	EN 62541-6	-
IEC 62541-8	-	OPC Unified Architecture - Part 8: Data Access	EN 62541-8	-
IEC 62541-9	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 9: Alarms and conditions	EN 62541-9	-
IEC 62541-11	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 11: Historical Access	EN 62541-11	-
IEC 62541-13	-	OPC unified architecture - Part 13: Aggregates	EN 62541-13	-

## CONTENTS

FC	REWO	)RD	10
1	Scop	oe	12
2	Norm	native references	12
3	Term	ns, definitions, and conventions	13
	3.1	Terms and definitions	13
	3.2	Abbreviations	14
4	Over	view	14
	4.1	General	14
	4.2	ConformanceUnit	
	4.3	Profiles	
	4.4	Profile Categories	16
5	Confo	ormanceUnits	16
	5.1	Overview	16
	5.2	Services	
	5.3	Transport and communication related features	28
	5.4	Information Model and AddressSpace related features	36
	5.5	Miscellaneous	55
6	Profil	les	56
	6.1	Overview	56
	6.2	Profile list	56
	6.3	Conventions for Profile definitions	62
	6.4	Applications	62
	6.5	Profile tables	64
	6.5.1	Introduction	64
	6.5.2	Core Server Facet	64
	6.5.3	Base Server Behaviour Facet	65
	6.5.4	Attribute WriteMask Server Facet	65
	6.5.5	File Access Server Facet	66
	6.5.6	Documentation Server Facet	66
	6.5.7	Zembedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	66
	6.5.8	9 1	
	6.5.9	ě i	
	6.5.1		
	6.5.1	1 21	
	6.5.1	•	
	6.5.1	'	
	6.5.1		
	6.5.1	·	
	6.5.1		
	6.5.1		
	6.5.1	3	
	6.5.1	9	
	6.5.2	3	
	6.5.2		
	6.5.2	3	
	6.5.2	23 A & E Wrapper Facet	

6.5.24	Method Server Facet	/3
6.5.25	Auditing Server Facet	73
6.5.26	Node Management Server Facet	73
6.5.27	Client Redundancy Server Facet	
6.5.28	Redundancy Transparent Server Facet	74
6.5.29	Redundancy Visible Server Facet	74
6.5.30	Historical Raw Data Server Facet	
6.5.31	Historical Aggregate Server Facet	75
6.5.32	Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet	76
6.5.33	Historical Data AtTime Server Facet	77
6.5.34	Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet	77
6.5.35	Historical Annotation Server Facet	77
6.5.36	Historical Data Update Server Facet	77
6.5.37	Historical Data Replace Server Facet	78
6.5.38	Historical Data Insert Server Facet	78
6.5.39	Historical Data Delete Server Facet	78
6.5.40	Base Historical Event Server Facet	78
6.5.41	Historical Event Update Server Facet	79
6.5.42	Historical Event Replace Server Facet	79
6.5.43	Historical Event Insert Server Facet	79
6.5.44	Historical Event Delete Server Facet	79
6.5.45	Aggregate Subscription Server Facet	79
6.5.46	Nano Embedded Device Server Profile	80
6.5.47	Micro Embedded Device Server Profile	81
6.5.48	Embedded UA Server Profile	81
6.5.49	Standard UA Server Profile	81
6.5.50	Core Client Facet	82
6.5.51	Base Client Behaviour Facet	82
6.5.52	Discovery Client Facet	83
6.5.53	AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet	83
6.5.54	Entry-Level Support Client Facet	83
6.5.55	Multi-Server Client Connection Facet	84
6.5.56	File Access Client Facet	84
6.5.57	Documentation – Client	84
6.5.58	Attribute Read Client Facet	84
6.5.59	Attribute Write Client Facet	85
6.5.60	DataChange Subscriber Client Facet	85
6.5.61	DataAccess Client Facet	85
6.5.62	Event Subscriber Client Facet	85
6.5.63	Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet	
6.5.64	A & C Base ConditionClient Facet	86
6.5.65	A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet	86
6.5.66	A & C Enable Client Facet	
6.5.67	A & C Alarm Client Facet	87
6.5.68	A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	87
6.5.69	A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	
6.5.70	A & C Previous Instances Client Facet	
6.5.71	A & C Dialog Client Facet	
6.5.72	A & E Proxy Facet	

6.5.73	Method Client Facet	
6.5.74	Auditing Client Facet	90
6.5.75	Node Management Client Facet	90
6.5.76	Advanced Type Programming Client Facet	90
6.5.77	Diagnostic Client Facet	90
6.5.78	Redundant Client Facet	91
6.5.79	Redundancy Switch Client Facet	91
6.5.80	Historical Access Client Facet	91
6.5.81	Historical Annotation Client Facet	91
6.5.82	Historical Data AtTime Client Facet	91
6.5.83	Historical Aggregate Client Facet	92
6.5.84	Historical Data Update Client Facet	93
6.5.85	Historical Data Replace Client Facet	93
6.5.86	Historical Data Insert Client Facet	93
6.5.87	Historical Data Delete Client Facet	93
6.5.88	Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet	93
6.5.89	Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet	94
6.5.90	Structured Data AtTime Client Facet	94
6.5.91	Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet	94
6.5.92	Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet	94
6.5.93	Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet	94
6.5.94	Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet	95
6.5.95	Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet	95
6.5.96	Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet	95
6.5.97	Historical Events Client Facet	95
6.5.98	Historical Event Update Client Facet	95
6.5.99	Historical Event Replace Client Facet	96
6.5.100	Historical Event Delete Client Facet	96
6.5.101	Historical Event Insert Client Facet	96
6.5.102	Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet	96
6.5.103	User Token – Anonymous Facet	
6.5.104	User Token – User Name Password Server Facet	98
6.5.105	User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	98
6.5.106	User Token – Issued Token Server Facet	98
6.5.107	User Token – Issued Token Windows Server Facet	98
6.5.108	User Token – User Name Password Client Facet	
6.5.109	User Token – X509 Certificate Client Facet	
6.5.110	User Token – Issued Token Client Facet	
6.5.111	User Token – Issued Token Windows Client Facet	
6.5.112	UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary	
6.5.113	SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML	
6.5.114	SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA Binary	100
6.5.115	SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML-UA Binary	100
6.5.116	HTTPS UA Binary	
6.5.117	HTTPS UA XML	
6.5.118	Security User Access Control Full	
6.5.119	Security User Access Control Base	
6.5.120	Security Time Synchronization	
6.5.121	Best Practice – Audit Events	102

6.5.122	Best Practice – Alarm Handling	102
6.5.123	Best Practice – Random Numbers	102
6.5.124	Best Practice – Timeouts	102
6.5.125	Best Practice – Administrative Access	102
6.5.126	Best Practice – Strict Message Handling	103
6.5.127	Best Practice – Audit Events Client	103
6.5.128	SecurityPolicy - None	103
6.5.129	SecurityPolicy - Basic128Rsa15	103
6.5.130	SecurityPolicy – Basic256	
6.5.131	SecurityPolicy – Basic256Sha256	
6.5.132	TransportSecurity – TLS 1.0	
6.5.133	TransportSecurity – TLS 1.1	
6.5.134	TransportSecurity – TLS 1.2	
Bibliography.		107
_	rofile – ConformanceUnit – TestCases	
Figure 2 – H	MI Client sample	63
_	mbedded Server sample	
Figure 4 – St	tandard UA Server sample	64
Table 1 – Pro	ofileCategories	16
Table 2 – Co	onformanceGroups	17
Table 3 – Dis	scovery Services	18
Table 4 – Se	ssion Services	19
Table 5 – No	ode Management Services	20
Table 6 – Vie	ew Services	21
	ribute Services	
	ethod Services	
	onitored Item Services	
	subscription Services	
	•	
	ecurity	
	rotocol and Encoding	
	ase information	
	ddress Space model	
Table 15 – D	ata Access	42
Table 16 – A	larms and Conditions	43
Table 17 – H	listorical Access	45
Table 18 – A	ggregates	49
	uditing	
	ledundancy	
	liscellaneous	
	rofile list	
	ore Server Facet	
	ase Server Behaviour Facet	
1 ADIE 74 – K	ase server benaviour Facel	hh

Table 25 – Attribute WriteMask Server Facet	.66
Table 26 –File Access Server Facet	.66
Table 27 – Documentation Server Facet	.66
Table 28 – Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	.67
Table 29 – Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	.67
Table 30 – Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet	.67
Table 31 – Data Access Server Facet	.68
Table 32 – ComplexType Server Facet	.68
Table 33 – Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	.69
Table 34 – Address Space Notifier Server Facet	.69
Table 35 – A & C Base Condition Server Facet	.69
Table 36 – A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet	.70
Table 37 – A & C Enable Server Facet	.70
Table 38 – A & C Alarm Server Facet	.70
Table 39 – A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet	.71
Table 40 – A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	.71
Table 41 – A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet	.71
Table 42 – A & C Previous Instances Server Facet	.72
Table 43 – A & C Dialog Server Facet	.72
Table 44 – A & E Wrapper Facet	.73
Table 45 – Method Server Facet	.73
Table 46 – Auditing Server Facet	73
Table 47 – Node Management Server Facet	74
Table 48 – Client Redundancy Server Facet	.74
Table 49 – Redundancy Transparent Server Facet	.74
Table 50 – Redundancy Visible Server Facet	.75
Table 51 – Historical Raw Data Server Facet	.75
Table 52 – Historical Aggregate Server Facet	.76
Table 53 – Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet	77
Table 54 – Historical Data AtTime Server Facet	77
Table 55 – Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet	77
Table 56 – Historical Annotation Server Facet	77
Table 57 – Historical Data Update Server Facet	.78
Table 58 – Historical Data Replace Server Facet	78
Table 59 – Historical Data Insert Server Facet	.78
Table 60 – Historical Data Delete Server Facet	.78
Table 61 – Base Historical Event Server Facet	79
Table 62 – Historical Event Update Server Facet	.79
Table 63 – Historical Event Replace Server Facet	.79
Table 64 – Historical Event Insert Server Facet	.79
Table 65 – Historical Event Delete Server Facet	79
Table 66 – Aggregate Subscription Server Facet	.80
Table 67 – Nano Embedded Device Server Profile	81

Table 68 – Micro Embedded Device Server Profile	81
Table 69 – Embedded UA Server Profile	81
Table 70 – Standard UA Server Profile	82
Table 71 – Core Client Facet	82
Table 72 – Base Client Behaviour Facet	83
Table 73 – Discovery Client Facet	83
Table 74 – AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet	83
Table 75 – Entry-Level SupportClient Facet	84
Table 76 – Multi-Server Client Connection Facet	84
Table 77 –File Access Client Facet	84
Table 78 – Documentation – Client	84
Table 79 – Attribute Read Client Facet	84
Table 80 – Attribute Write Client Facet	85
Table 81 – DataChange Subscriber Client Facet	85
Table 82 – DataAccess Client Facet	85
Table 83 – Event Subscriber Client Facet	86
Table 84 – Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet	86
Table 85 – A & C Base Condition Client Facet	86
Table 86 – A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet	86
Table 87 – A & C Enable Client Facet	87
Table 88 – A & C Alarm Client Facet	87
Table 89 – A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	87
Table 90 – A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet	88
Table 91 – A & C Previous Instances Client Facet	88
Table 92 – A & C Dialog Client Facet	88
Table 93 – A & E Proxy Facet	89
Table 94 – Method Client Facet	89
Table 95 – Auditing Client Facet	90
Table 96 – Node Management Client Facet	90
Table 97 – Advanced Type Programming Client Facet	90
Table 98 – Diagnostic Client Facet	90
Table 99 – Redundant Client Facet	91
Table 100 – Redundancy Switch Client Facet	91
Table 101 – Historical Access Client Facet	91
Table 102 – Historical Annotation Client Facet	91
Table 103 – Historical Data AtTime Client Facet	92
Table 104 – Historical Aggregate Client Facet	92
Table 105 – Historical Data Update Client Facet	93
Table 106 – Historical Data Replace Client Facet	93
Table 107 – Historical Data Insert Client Facet	93
Table 108 – Historical Data Delete Client Facet	93
Table 109 – Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet	93
Table 110 – Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet	94

Table	111 - Historical Structured Data AtTime Client Facet	94
Table	112 - Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet	94
Table	113 - Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet	94
Table	114 - Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet	95
Table	115 – Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet	95
Table	116 - Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet	95
Table	117 - Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet	95
Table	118 - Historical Events Client Facet	95
Table	119 - Historical Event Update Client Facet	96
Table	120 - Historical Event Replace Client Facet	96
	121 – Historical Event Delete Client Facet	
	122 - Historical Event Insert Client Facet	
	123 – Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet	
	124 - User Token - Anonymous Facet	
	125 - User Token - User Name Password Server Facet	
	126 - User Token - X509 Certificate Server Facet	
	127 - User Token - Issued Token Server Facet	
	128 - User Token - Issued Token Windows Server Facet	
	129 - User Token - User Name Password Client Facet	
	130 - User Token - X509 Certificate Client Facet	
	131 – User Token – Issued Token Client Facet	
	132 - User Token - Issued Token Windows Client Facet	
	133 – UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary1	
	134 – SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML	
	135 – SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA Binary	
	136 – SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML-UA Binary1	
	137 – HTTPS UA Binary1	
	138 – HTTPS UA XML	
	139 – Security User Access Control Full	
	140 – Security User Access Control Base	
Table	141 – Security Time Synchronization1	02
	142 – Best Practice – Audit Events	
	143 – Best Practice – Alarm Handling	
	144 – Best Practice – Random Numbers	
	145 – Best Practice – Timeouts	
Table	146 – Best Practice – Administrative Access	03
Table	147 – Best Practice – Strict Message Handling1	03
	148 – Best Practice – Audit Events Client	
	149 – SecurityPolicy – None	
	150 - SecurityPolicy - Basic128Rsa151	
	151 – SecurityPolicy – Basic2561	
Table	152 - SecurityPolicy - Basic256Sha2561	05
Table	153 – TransportSecurity – TLS 1.0	05

## BS EN 62541-7:2015

IEC 62541-7:2015 © IEC 2015 - 9 -

Table	54 – TransportSecurity – TLS 1.11	105
Table	55 – TransportSecurity – TLS 1.21	106

## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

## **OPC UNIFIED ARCHITECTURE -**

Part 7: Profiles

## **FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international
  consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all
  interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62541-7 has been prepared by subcommittee 65E: Devices and integration in enterprise systems, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2012. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Added a large number of new Facets to cover additional functional areas of OPC UA. Most significantly:
  - Facets for Historical Access;
  - Facets for Aggregates;
  - Facets for HTTPs

IEC 62541-7:2015 © IEC 2015

- New Security Facets
- New User Token Facet that supports anonymous access
- Best Practice Facets.
- b) New Security Policy for asymmetric key length > 2048

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

CDV	Report on voting
65E/378/CDV	65E/406/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62541 series, published under the general title *OPC Unified Architecture*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed.
- · withdrawn,
- · replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

## OPC UNIFIED ARCHITECTURE -

Part 7: Profiles

## 1 Scope

This part of IEC 62541 describes the OPC Unified Architecture (OPC UA) *Profiles*. The *Profiles* in this document are used to segregate features with regard to testing of OPC UA products and the nature of the testing (tool based or lab based). This includes the testing performed by the OPC Foundation provided OPC UA CTT (a self-test tool) and by the OPC Foundation provided Independent certification test labs. This could equally as well refer to test tools provided by another organization or a test lab provided by another organization. What is important is the concept of automated tool based testing versus lab based testing. The scope of this standard includes defining functionality that can only be tested in an a lab and defining the grouping of functionality that is to be used when testing OPC UA products either in a lab or using automated tools. The definition of actual *TestCases* is not within the scope of this document, but the general categories of TestCases are within the scope of this document.

Most OPC UA applications will conform to several, but not all of, the Profiles.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC TR 62541-1, OPC unified architecture - Part 1: Overview and concepts

IEC TR 62541-2, OPC unified architecture - Part 2: Security model

IEC 62541-3, OPC unified architecture – Part 3: Address space model

IEC 62541-4, OPC unified architecture – Part 4: Services

IEC 62541-5, OPC unified architecture - Part 5: Information model

IEC 62541-6, OPC unified architecture - Part 6: Mappings

IEC 62541-8, OPC unified architecture – Part 8: Data access

IEC 62541-9, OPC unified architecture – Part 9: Alarms and conditions

IEC 62541-11<sup>1</sup>, OPC unified architecture – Part 11: Historical access

IEC 62541-131, OPC unified architecture – Part 13: Aggregates

<sup>1</sup> To be published.

## 3 Terms, definitions, and conventions

### 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC TR 62541-1, IEC TR 62541-2, IEC 62541-3, IEC 62541-4, IEC 62541-6, and IEC 62541-8 as well as the following apply. An overview of the terms defined in this standard and their interaction can be viewed in Figure 1.

### 3.1.1

## application

software program that executes or implements some aspect of OPC UA

Note 1 to entry: The application could run on any machine and perform any function. The application could be software or it could be a hardware application, the only requirement is that it implements OPC UA.

### 3.1.2

## ConformanceUnit

specific set of OPC UA features that can be tested as a single entity

Note 1 to entry: A *ConformanceUnit* can cover a group of services, portions of services or information models. For additional detail see Clause 5.

## 3.1.3

## ConformanceGroup

group of ConformanceUnits that is given a name

Note 1 to entry: This grouping is only to assist in organizing *ConformanceUnits*. Typical *ConformanceGroups* include groups for each of the service sets in OPC UA and each of the Information Model standards.

### 3.1.4

### Facet

Profile dedicated to a specific feature that a Server or Client may require

Note 1 to entry: Facets are typically combined to form higher-level Profiles. The use of the term Facet in the title of a Profile indicates that the given Profile is not a standalone Profile.

## 3.1.5

## **FullFeatured Profile**

Profile that defines all features necessary to build a functional OPC UA Application

Note 1 to entry: A FullFeatured Profile in particular adds definitions of the transport and security requirements.

## 3.1.6

## **ProfileCategory**

arranges Profiles into application classes, such as Server or Client

Note 1 to entry: These categories help determine the type of *Application* that a given *Profile* would be used for. For additional details see 4.4.

## 3.1.7

### **TestCase**

technical description of a set of steps required to test a particular function or information model

Note 1 to entry: TestCases provide sufficient details to allow a developer to implement them in code. TestCases also provide a detailed summary of the expected result(s) from the execution of the implemented code and any precondition(s) that must be established before the TestCase can be executed.

## 3.1.8

## **TestLab**

facility that is designated to provide testing services

Note 1 to entry: These services include but are not limited to personal that directly perform testing, automated testing and a formal repeatable process. The OPC Foundation has provided detailed standard describing OPC UA TestLabs and the testing they are to provided (see Compliance Part 8 UA Server, Compliance Part 9 UA Client).

### 3.2 Abbreviations

DA Data Access

HA Historical Access

HMI Human Machine Interface

NIST National Institute of Standard and Technology

PKI Public Key Infrastructure
RSA Rivest-Shamir-Adleman
UA Unified Architecture

## 4 Overview

## 4.1 General

The OPC Unified architecture multipart standard describes a number of Services and a variety of information models. These Services and information models can be referred to as features of a Server or Client. Servers and Clients need to be able to describe which features they support and wish to have certified. This document provides a grouping of these features. The individual features are grouped into ConformanceUnits which are further grouped into Profiles. Figure 1 provides an overview of the interactions between Profiles, ConformanceUnits and TestCases. The large arrows indicate the components that are used to construct the parent. For example a Profile is constructed from Profiles and ConformanceUnits. The figure also illustrates a feature of the OPC UA Compliance Test Tool (CTT), in that it will test if a requested Profile passes all ConformanceUnits. It will also test all other ConformanceUnits and report any other Profiles that pass conformance testing. The individual TestCases are defined in separate documents see Compliance Part 8 UA Server and Compliance Part 9 UA Client. The TestCases are related back to the appropriate ConformanceUnits defined in this standard. This relationship is also displayed by the OPC UA Compliance Test Tool.

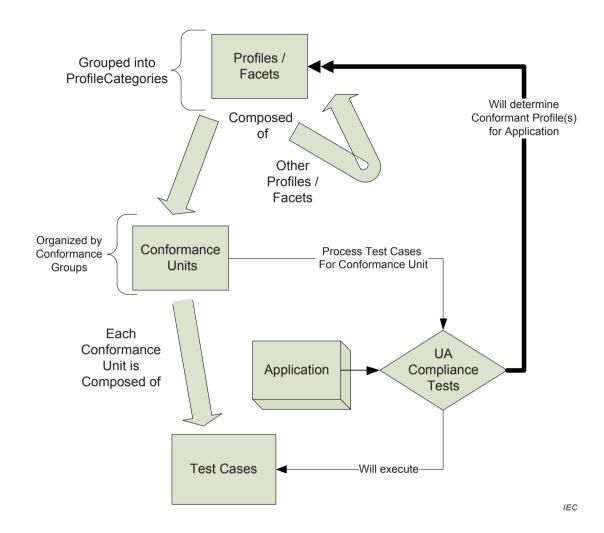


Figure 1 - Profile - ConformanceUnit - TestCases

## 4.2 ConformanceUnit

Each ConformanceUnit represents a specific set of features (e.g. a group of services, portions of services or information models) that can be tested as a single entity. ConformanceUnits are the building blocks of a Profile. Each ConformanceUnit can also be used as a test category. For each ConformanceUnit, there would be a number of TestCases that test the functionality described by the ConformanceUnit. The description of a ConformanceUnit is intended to provide enough information to illustrate the required functionality, but in many cases to obtain a complete understanding of the ConformanceUnit the reader may be required to also examine the appropriate part of IEC 62541. Additional Information regarding testing of a ConformanceUnit are provided in the Compliance Part 8 UA Server or Compliance Part 9 UA Client test standards.

The same features do not appear in more than one ConformanceUnit.

## 4.3 Profiles

A *Profile* is a named aggregation of *ConformanceUnits* and other *Profiles*. To support a *Profile*, an application has to support the *ConformanceUnits* and all aggregated *Profiles*. The definition of *Profiles* is an ongoing activity, in that it is expected that new *Profiles* will be added in the future.

An OPC UA Application will typically support multiple *Profiles*.

Multiple Profiles may include the same ConformanceUnit.

Testing of a *Profile* consists of testing the individual *ConformanceUnits* that comprise the *Profile*.

Profiles are named based on naming conventions (see 6.3 for details).

## 4.4 Profile Categories

*Profiles* are grouped into categories to help vendors and end users understand the applicability of a *Profile*. A *Profile* can be assigned to more than one category.

Table 1 contains the list of currently defined ProfileCategories.

Table 1 - ProfileCategories

Category	Description
Client	Profiles of this category specify functions of an OPC UA Client. The URI of such Profiles can be part of a Software Certificate passed in the ActivateSession request.
Security	Profiles of this category specify security related functions. Security policies are part of this category. The URI of security policies has to be part of an Endpoint Description returned from the GetEndpoints service. Profiles of this category apply to Servers and Clients.
Server	Profiles of this category specify functions of an OPC UA Server. The URI of such Profiles can be part of a Software Certificate returned with the CreateSession service response and exposed in the server capabilities.
Transport	Profiles of this category specify specific protocol mappings. The URI of such Profiles has to be part of an Endpoint Description. These Profiles apply to Servers and Clients.

## 5 ConformanceUnits

## 5.1 Overview

A ConformanceUnit represents an individually testable entity. For improved clarity, the large list of ConformanceUnits is arranged into named ConformanceGroups. These groups reflect the Service Sets in IEC 62541-4 and the OPC UA information models. Table 2 lists the ConformanceGroups. These groups and the ConformanceUnits that they describe are detailed in the Subclauses of Clause 5 starting with 5.2 ConformanceGroups have no impact on testing; they are used only for organizational reasons, i.e. to simplify the readability of this document.

**Table 2 - ConformanceGroups** 

Group	Description
Address Space Model	Defines ConformanceUnits for various features of the OPC UA
	AddressSpace.
Aggregates	All ConformanceUnits that are related to Aggregates, including
	individual ConformanceUnits for each supported Aggregate as
Alarma and Canditions	described in IEC 62541-13.
Alarms and Conditions	All ConformanceUnits that are associated with the OPC UA information model for Conditions, acknowledgeable
	Conditions, confirmations and Alarms as specified in
	IEC 62541-9.
Attribute Services	Includes ConformanceUnits to read or write current or
	historical Attribute values.
Auditing	User level security includes support for security audit trails,
	with traceability between Client and Server audit logs.
Base Information	All information elements as defined in IEC 62541-5.
Data Access	ConformanceUnits specific to Clients and Servers that deal
	with the representation and use of automation data as
Discovery Services	specified in IEC 62541-8.  ConformanceUnits which focus on Server Endpoint Discovery.
Historical Access	Access to archived data of node <i>Attribute</i> values or Events.
Method Services	Methods represent the function calls of Objects. Methods are
Woulder Colvidor	invoked and return only after completion (successful or
	unsuccessful).
Miscellaneous	This group contains ConformanceUnits that cover
	miscellaneous subjects, such as recommended behaviours,
	documentation etc. These ConformanceUnits typically do not
Monitored Item Services	fit into any of the other groups.  Clients define MonitoredItems to subscribe to data and
Monitored item Services	Events. Each <i>MonitoredItem</i> identifies the item to be
	monitored and the Subscription to use to send Notifications.
Node Management	Bundles ConformanceUnits for all Services to add and delete
Services	OPC UA AddressSpace Nodes and References.
Protocol and Encoding	Covers all transport and encoding combinations that are
	specified in IEC 62541-6.
Query Services	A Query may be used to provide advanced filtering and return
	a subset of data.
Redundancy	The design of OPC UA ensures that vendors can create
	redundant <i>Clients</i> and redundant <i>Servers</i> in a consistent
	manner. Redundancy may be used for high availability, fault tolerance and load balancing.
Security	Security related <i>ConformanceUnits</i> that can be profiled this
	includes all aspects of security.
Session Services	An (OPC UA) Session is an application layer connection.
Subscription Services	Subscriptions are used to report Notifications to the Client.
View Services	Clients use the View Service Set to navigate through the OPC
	UA AddressSpace or through a View (a subset) of the OPC
	UA AddressSpace.

## 5.2 Services

Tables 3 to 10 describe *ConformanceUnits* for the *Services* specified in IEC 62541-4. The tables correlate with the *Service Sets*.

A single *ConformanceUnit* can reference several *Services* (e.g. CreateSession, ActivateSession and CloseSession) but can also refer to individual aspects of *Services* (e.g. the use of ActivateSession to impersonate a new user).

Each table includes a listing of the *Profile Category* to which a *ConformanceUnit* belongs, the title and description of the *ConformanceUnit* and a column that indicates if the *ConformanceUnit* is derived from another *ConformanceUnit*. A *ConformanceUnit* that is derived from another *ConformanceUnit* includes all of the same tests as its parent plus one or more additional TestCases. These TestCases can only further restrict the existing TestCases. An example would be one in which the number of connections is tested, where the TestCase of the parent required at least one connection and the derived *ConformanceUnit* would require a *TestCase* for at least five connections.

The *Discovery Service* Set is composed of multiple *ConformanceUnits* (see Table 3). All *Servers* provide some aspects of this functionality; see *Profiles* categorized as *Server Profiles* for details. *Clients* may support some aspects of this functionality; see *Profiles* categorized as *Client Profiles* for details.

Table 3 - Discovery Services

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Discovery Get Endpoints	Support the GetEndpoints Service to obtain all Endpoints of the Server. This includes filtering based on Profiles.	
Server	Discovery Find Servers Self	Support the FindServers Service only for itself.	
Server	Discovery Register	Call the RegisterServer Service to register itself (OPC UA Server) with an external Discovery Service via a secure channel with a SecurityMode other than "None".	
Server	Discovery Configuration	Allow configuration of the <i>Discovery Server</i> URL where the <i>Server</i> will register itself. Allow complete disabling of registration with a <i>Discovery Server</i> .	
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers Basic	Uses the FindServers Service to obtain all Servers installed on a given platform.	
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers with URI	Use FindServers Service to obtain URLs for specific Server URIs.	
Client	Discovery Client Find Servers Dynamic	Detect new Servers after an initial FindServers Service call.	
Client	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Basic	Uses the GetEndpoints Service to obtain all Endpoints for a given Server URI.	
Client	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Dynamic	initial GetEndpoints Service call.	
Client	Discovery Client Configure Endpoint	Allow specification of an Endpoint without going through the <i>Discovery Service</i> Set.	

The Session Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 4). The CreateSession, ActivateSession, and CloseSession services are supported as a single unit. All Servers and Clients provide this functionality.

Table 4 - Session Services

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Session General	Implement basic Service behaviour. This	
	Service Behaviour	includes in particular:	
		<ul> <li>checking the authentication token</li> </ul>	
		- returning the requestHandle in responses	
		- returning available diagnostic information as	
		requested with the 'returnDiagnostics' parameter	
		<ul><li>respecting a timeoutHint</li></ul>	
Server	Session Base	Support the Session Service Set	
		(CreateSession, ActivateSession, CloseSession)	
		except the use of ActivateSession to change the	
		Session user. This includes correct handling of	
		all parameters that are provided.	
		Note that for the CreateSession and	
		ActivateSession services, if the SecurityMode = None then:	
		1) The Application <i>Certificate</i> and Nonce are	
		optional.	
		The signatures are null/empty.	
		The details of this are described in	
		IEC 62541-4.	
Server	_	''	
Convor	User Session Cancel	the Session user.  Support the Cancel Service to cancel	
Server	Session Cancel	Support the Cancel Service to cancel outstanding requests.	
Server	Session Minimum 1	Support minimum 1 Session (total).	
Server		Support minimum 2 parallel Sessions (total for	
_	Parallel	all Clients).	
Server	50 Parallel	Support minimum 50 parallel Sessions (total for all <i>Clients</i> ).	
Client		Implement basic Service behaviour. This	
	General Service Behaviour	includes in particular:  - including the proper authentication token of	
	Dellavioui	the Session	
		creating a requestHandle if needed	
		- requesting diagnostic information with the	
		'returnDiagnostics' parameter	
		<ul> <li>evaluate the serviceResult and operational</li> </ul>	
Oliant	Coopies Olie (	results	
Client	Session Client Base	Use the Session Service Set (CreateSession, ActivateSession, and ClaseSession) except the	
	Dase	ActivateSession, and CloseSession) except the use of ActivateSession to change the Session	
		user. This includes correct handling of all	
		parameters that are provided.	
		Note that for the CreateSession and	
		ActivateSession services, if the SecurityMode =	
		None then:	
		1) The Application Certificate and Nonce are	
		optional. 2) The signatures are null/empty.	
Client	Session Client	Support unlimited connections (client side) with	
3	Multiple	multiple Servers. Any limit on numbers of	
	Connections	connections is from server side. May have a	
		memory based limit, but not a software	
		constraint limit.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Session Client Renew Nodelds	allow persisting Nodelds.  Verify that the Namespace Table has not changed for Nodelds that the <i>Client</i> has persisted and is going to re-use beyond a <i>Session</i> lifetime. If changes occurred the <i>Client</i> has to recalculate the Namespace Indices of the respective Nodelds.	
Client	Impersonate	Uses ActivateSession to change the Session user (impersonation).	
Client	KeepAlive	Make periodic requests to keep the Session alive.	
Client	Detect Shutdown	Read or monitor the ServerStatus/State <i>Variable</i> to recognize a potential shutdown of the <i>Server</i> and clean up resources.	
Client	Cancel	Use the Cancel Service to cancel outstanding requests.	
Client	Session Client Auto Reconnect	<ul> <li>Automatic Client reconnect including:         <ul> <li>ActivateSession with new SecureChannel if SecureChannel is no longer valid but Session is still valid</li> <li>Creation of a new Session only if Session is no longer valid</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Client	Client Entry-Level Support	The <i>Client</i> is able to interoperate with <i>Servers</i> with lowest level functionality. This includes the ability to operate with a single <i>Session</i> , a preknowledge of the OPC UA Types (the <i>Server</i> may not expose them in the <i>AddressSpace</i> ), and the ability to use Read vs. <i>Subscriptions</i> for monitoring. There may be further restrictions provided by the <i>Server</i> via the <i>Server</i> capabilities.	

The Node Management Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 5). Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 5 - Node Management Services

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Node Management Add Node	Support the AddNodes Service to add one or more Nodes into the OPC UA AddressSpace.	
Server	Node Management Delete Node	Support the DeleteNodes Service to delete one or more Nodes from the OPC UA AddressSpace.	
Server	Node Management Add Ref	Support the AddReferences Service to add one or more References to one or more Nodes in the OPC UA AddressSpace.	
Server	Node Management Delete Ref	Support the DeleteReferences Service to delete one or more References of a Node in the OPC UA AddressSpace.	
Client	Node Management Client	Uses Node Management Services to add or delete Nodes and to add or delete References in Server's OPC UA AddressSpace.	

The View Service Set is composed of a multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 6). All Servers support some aspects of this conformance group. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 6 - View Services

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	View Basic	Support the View Service Set (Browse, BrowseNext).	
Server	View TranslateBrowsePath	Support TranslateBrowsePathsToNodelds Service.	
Server	View RegisterNodes	Support the RegisterNodes and UnregisterNodes Services as a way to optimize access to repeatedly used Nodes in the Server's OPC UA AddressSpace.	
Server	View Minimum Continuation Point 01	Support minimum 1 continuation point per Session.	
Server	View Minimum Continuation Point 05	Support minimum 5 continuation points per Session.  This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions.	
Client	View Client Basic Browse	Uses Browse and BrowseNext Services to navigate through the Server's OPC UA AddressSpace. Make use of the referenceTypeId and the nodeClassMask to specify the needed References.	
Client	View Client Basic ResultSet Filtering	Makes use of the resultMask parameter to optimize the result set to be returned by the Server.	
Client	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	Uses the TranslateBrowsePathsToNodelds <i>Service</i> to identify the Nodelds for <i>Nodes</i> where a starting <i>Node</i> and a BrowsePath is known. Makes use of bulk operations rather than multiple calls whenever possible.	
Client	View Client RegisterNodes	Uses the RegisterNodes Service to optimize access for Nodes that are used repeatedly. Use UnregisterNodes when Nodes are not used anymore.	

The Attribute Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 7). The majority of the Attribute service set is a core functionality of OPC UA and as such is supported by most Servers. Most Clients will also support some aspects of the Attribute Service Set

Table 7 – Attribute Services

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Attribute Read	Supports the Read Service to read one or more Attributes of one or more Nodes. This includes support of the IndexRange parameter to read a single element or a range of elements when the Attribute value is an array.	
Server	Attribute Read Complex	Supports reading and encoding Values with Structured DataTypes.	
Server	Attribute Write Values	Supports writing to values to one or more <i>Attributes</i> of one or more <i>Nodes</i> .	
Server	Attribute Write Complex	Supports writing and decoding Values with Structured DataTypes.	
Server	Attribute Write StatusCode & Timestamp	Supports writing of StatusCode and Timestamps along with the Value.	
Server	Attribute Write Index	Supports the IndexRange to write a single element or a range of elements when the <i>Attribute</i> value is an array.	
Server	Attribute Alternate Encoding	Supports alternate Data Encoding when reading value <i>Attributes</i> . By default, every <i>Server</i> has to support the Data Encoding of the currently used Stack <i>Profile</i> (i.e. binary with UA Binary Encoding and XML with XML Encoding). This <i>ConformanceUnit</i> — when supported — specifies that the other Data Encoding is supported in addition.	
Server	Attribute Historical Read	Supports the HistoryRead Service. The details of what aspects of this service are used are listed in additional ConformanceUnits, but at least one of ReadRaw, ReadProcessed, ReadModified, ReadAtTime or ReadEvents must be supported.	
Server	Attribute Historical Update	Supports the HistoryUpdate service. The details of the supported features of this service are described by additional ConformanceUnits, but at least one of the following must be supported: InsertData, InsertEvents, ReplaceData, ReplaceEvents, UpdateData, UpdateEvents, DeleteData, DeleteEvents or DeleteAtTime.	
Client	Attribute Client Read Base	Use the Read Service to read one or more Attributes of one or more Nodes. This includes use of an IndexRange to select a single element or a range of elements when the Attribute value is an array. Clients shall use bulk operations whenever possible to reduce the number of Service invocations.	
Client	Attribute Client Read with proper Encoding	This ConformanceUnit refers to the ability of a Server to support more than one Data Encoding for Attribute values. Clients can discover the available encodings and can explicitly choose one when calling the Read Service.	
Client	Attribute Client Read Complex	Read and decode Values with Structured DataTypes.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Attribute Client Write Base	Use the Write Service to write values to one or more Attributes of one or more Nodes. This includes use of an IndexRange to select a single element or a range of elements when the Attribute value is an array.  Clients shall use bulk operations whenever possible to reduce the number of Service invocations.	
Client	Attribute Client Write Complex	Write and Encode Values with Structured DataTypes.	
Client	Attribute Client Write Quality & TimeStamp	Use the Write Service to also write StatusCode and/or Timestamps along with a Value.	
Client	Attribute Client Historical Read	The Client makes use of the HistoryRead service. The details of which aspect of this service are used are provided by additional ConformanceUnits, but at least one or more of the following is used ReadRaw, ReadAtTime, ReadProcessed, ReadModified or ReadEvents.	
Client	Attribute Client Historical Updates	The Client makes use of the HistoryUpdate service. The details of this usage are provided by additional ConformanceUnits, but at least one or more of the following must be provided: InsertData, InsertEvent, ReplaceData, ReplaceEvent, UpdateData, UpdateEvents, DeleteData or DeleteEvents or DeleteAtTime.	

The Method Service Set is composed of ConformanceUnits (see Table 8). The primary ConformanceUnits provide support for the call functionality. Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 8 - Method Services

Category	Title		Description	Derived
Server	Method Ca	all	Support the Call Service to call (invoke) a	
			Method which includes support for Method	
			Parameters.	
Client	Method	Client	Use the Call Service to call one or several	
	Call		Methods.	

The MonitoredItem Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 9). Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 9 - Monitored Item Services

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Monitor Basic	Support the following MonitoredItem	
		Services: CreateMonitoredItems,	
		ModifyMonitoredItems,	
		DeleteMonitoredItems and	
0.000	Manitan Value Oberes	SetMonitoringMode.	
Server	Monitor Value Change	Support creation of <i>MonitoredItems</i> for	
		Attribute value changes. This includes support of the IndexRange to select a	
		single element or a range of elements	
		when the <i>Attribute</i> value is an array.	
Server	Monitored Items	Supports an absolute Deadband filter as	
001701	Deadband Filter	a DataChangeFilter for numeric data	
		types.	
Server	Monitor Aggregate	Support for Aggregate filters for	
	Filter	MonitoredItems. The result of this	
		ConformanceUnit includes a list of	
		Aggregates that are supported as part of	
		the Profile Certificate.	
Server	Monitor Alternate	Support alternate encoding when	
	Encoding	monitoring value Attributes.	
		By default, every Server has to support	
		the encoding of the currently used Stack	
		Profile (i.e. binary with UA Binary	
		Encoding and XML with XML Encoding).	
		This ConformanceUnit – when supported – specifies that the other encoding is	
		supported in addition.	
Server	Monitor Items 2	Support at least 2 MonitoredItems per	
CCIVCI	World Remo 2	Subscription.	
Server	Monitor Items 10	Support at least 10 MonitoredItems per	
		Subscription.	
Server	Monitor Items 100	Support at least 100 MonitoredItems per	
		Subscription.	
		This number has to be supported for at	
		least half of the required Subscriptions	
		for half of the required Sessions.	
Server	Monitor Items 500	Support at least 500 MonitoredItems per	
		Subscription.	
		This number has to be supported for at	
		least half of the required Subscriptions for half of the required Sessions.	
Server	Monitor QueueSize_1	This ConformanceUnit does not require	
JCI VEI	Wormton Quedeoize_1	queuing when multiple value changes	
		occur during a "publish period".	
		I.e. the latest change will be sent in the	
		Notification.	
Server	Monitor	Support at least 2 queue entries for	
	MinQueueSize_02	MonitoredItems.	
		Servers often will adapt the queue size	
		to the number of currently	
		MonitoredItems. However, it is expected	
		that Servers support this minimum queue	
		size for at least one third of the	
		supported MonitoredItems.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Monitor	Support at least 5 queue entries for	
	MinQueueSize_05	MonitoredItems.	
		Servers often will adapt the queue size	
		to the number of currently <i>MonitoredItems</i> . However, it is expected	
		that Servers support this minimum queue	
		size for at least one third of the	
		supported <i>MonitoredItems</i> .	
Server	Monitor	This ConformanceUnit is for events.	
	QueueSize_ServerMax	When the Client requests	
	_	queuesize=MAXUInt32 the Server is to	
		return the maximum queue size that it	
		can support for event notifications as the	
0	Manatana Trinonaniana	revisedQueueSize.	
Server	Monitor Triggering	Support the SetTriggering Service to	
		create and/or delete triggering links for a	
Server	Monitor Events	triggering item. Support creation of <i>MonitoredItems</i> for	
	ornitor Evolito	an "EventNotifier Attribute" for the	
		purpose of <i>Event Notification</i> . The	
		subscription includes supporting a filter	
		that includes SimpleAttribute Operands	
		and a select list of Operators. The list of	
		Operators includes: Equals, IsNull,	
		GreaterThan, LessThan,	
		GreaterThanorEqual, LessThatorEqual, Like, Not, Between, InList, And, Or,	
		Cast, BitwiseAnd, BitwiseOr.	
Server	Monitor Complex	Support for complex <i>Event</i> filters, where	
	Event Filter	complex is defined as supporting the	
		complex filter operator (TypeOf).	
Client	Monitor Client Value	Use the <i>MonitoredItem Service</i> Set to	
	Change	register items for changes in Attribute	
		value.	
		Use CreateMonitoredItems to register the <i>Node/Attribute</i> tuple. Set proper	
		sampling interval, Deadband filter and	
		queuing mode.	
		Use disabling / enabling instead of	
		deleting and re-creating a	
		MonitoredItem.	
		Use bulk operations rather than	
		individual service requests to reduce	
Client	Monitor Client	communication overhead.  Uses Absolute Deadband filters for	
Onent	Deadband Filter	subscriptions.	
Client	Monitor Client by	Use the IndexRange to select a single	
	Index	element or a range of elements when the	
		Attribute value is an array.	
Client	Monitor Client	Uses Aggregate filters for Subscriptions.	
	Aggregate Filter		
Client	Monitor Client Events	Use the MonitoredItem Service Set to	
		create MonitoredItems for Event	
Client	Monitor Client Event	notifications.  Use the <i>Event</i> filter when calling	
Ciletit	Filter	Use the <i>Event</i> filter when calling CreateMonitoredItems to filter the	
	1 11161	desired Events and to select the columns	
		to be provided for each <i>Event</i>	
		Notification.	
1			

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Monitor Client	Uses complex <i>Event</i> filters.	
	Complex Event Filter		
Client	Monitor Client Modify	Use ModifyMonitoredItems Service to change the configuration setting. Use SetMonitoringMode Service to disable / enable sampling and / or publishing.	
Client	Monitor Client Trigger	Use the Triggering Model if certain items are to be reported only if some other item triggers.  Use proper monitoring mode for these items.  Use SetTriggering Service to link these items to the trigger item.	

The Subscription Service Set is composed of multiple ConformanceUnits (see Table 10). Servers may provide some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Server Profiles for details. Clients may support some aspects of this functionality; see Profiles categorized as Client Profiles for details.

Table 10 - Subscription Services

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Subscription Basic	Support the following Subscription Services: CreateSubscription, ModifySubscription, DeleteSubscriptions, Publish, Republish and	
		SetPublishingMode.	
Server	Subscription Minimum 1	Support at least 1 Subscriptions per Session. This number has to be supported for all of the minimum required sessions.	
Server	Subscription Minimum 02	Support at least 2 Subscriptions per Session. This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions.	
Server	Subscription Minimum 05	Support at least 5 Subscriptions per Session. This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions.	
Server	Subscription Publish Min 02	Support at least 2 Publish Service requests per Session. This number has to be supported for all of the minimum required sessions. Support of republish is optional and no notification retransmission queue has to be provided however the republish service must be provided and will return the appropriate operation level results.	
Server	Subscription Publish Min 05	Support at least 5 Publish Service requests per Session. This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions. Support, as a minimum, the number of Publish requests per session as the size of the NotificationMessage retransmission queue for Republish.	
Server	Subscription Publish Min 10	Support at least 10 Publish Service requests per Session. This number has to be supported for at least half of the minimum required sessions. Support as a minimum, the number of Publish requests per session as the size of the NotificationMessage retransmission queue for Republish.	
Server	Subscription Publish Discard Policy	Respect the specified policy for discarding Publish Service requests. If the maximum number of Publish Service requests has been queued and a new Publish Service request arrives, the "oldest" Publish request has to be discarded by returning the proper error.	
Server	Subscription Transfer	Support TransferSubscriptions Service to transfer a Subscription from one Session to another.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Subscription Client Basic		
Client	Subscription Client Republish	Evaluate the sequence number in Notifications to detect lost Notifications.  Use Republish to request missing Notifications.	
Client	Subscription Client Modify	Allow modification of the <i>Subscription</i> configuration using the ModifySubscription <i>Service</i> .	
Client	Subscription Client TransferSubscriptions	The Client supports transferring Subscription from other Clients. This ConformanceUnit is used as part of redundant Clients.	
Client	Subscription Client Multiple	Use multiple Subscriptions to reduce the payload of individual <i>Notifications</i> .	
Client	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	Send multiple Publish Service requests to assure that the Server is always able to send Notifications.  The number of parallel Publish Service requests per Session shall be configurable.	

## 5.3 Transport and communication related features

Table 11 describes security related *ConformanceUnits*. All of these *ConformanceUnits* apply equally to both *Clients* and *Servers*, where a *Client* uses the related security unit and a *Server* supports the use of it. These items are defined in detail in IEC 62541-6. It is recommended that a *Server* and *Client* support as many of these options as possible in order to achieve increased levels of interoperability. It is the task of an administrator to determine which of these *ConformanceUnits* are exposed in a given deployed *Server* or *Client* application.

IEC 62541-7:2015 © IEC 2015 - 29 -

Table 11 - Security

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Security	Security Certificate Validation	A certificate will be validated as specified in IEC 62541-4. This includes among others structure and signature examination. Allowing for some validation errors to be suppressed by administration directive.	
Security	Security None	A suite of algorithms that does NOT provide any security settings: -> SymmetricSignatureAlgorithm - Not Used -> SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm - Not Used -> AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm - Not Used -> SymmetricKeyWrapAlgorithm - Not Used -> AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm - Not Used -> AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm - Not Used -> KeyDerivationAlgorithm - Not Used -> DerivedSignatureKeyLength - 0 The use of this suite of algorithms must be able to be enabled or disabled by an administrator.	
Security	Security No CreateSession ActivateSession	When SecurityPolicy=None, the CreateSession and ActivateSession service allow for a NULL/empty signature and do not require Application Certificates or a Nonce.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Security	Security Basic 128Rsa15	A suite of algorithms that uses RSA15 as Key-Wrap-algorithm and 128-Bit for encryption algorithms.  -> SymmetricSignatureAlgorithm — HmacSha1 — (http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#h mac-sha1).  -> SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm — Aes128 — (http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#ae s128-cbc).  -> AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm — RsaSha1 — (http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rs a-sha1).  -> AsymmetricKeyWrapAlgorithm — KwRsa15 — (http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-1_5).  -> AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm — Rsa15 — (http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-1_5).  -> KeyDerivationAlgorithm — PSha1 — (http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-secureconversation/200512/dk/p_sha1) .  -> DerivedSignatureKeyLength — 128.  -> MinAsymmetricKeyLength — 1024  -> MaxAsymmetricKeyLength — 2048  -> CertificateSignatureAlgorithm — Sha1	

Category Title Description	Derived
Security Security Basic 256  A suite of algorithms that are for Bit encryption, algorithms included the symmetric Signature Algorithed macSha1 (http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmld mac-sha1).  Symmetric Encryption Algorithed Aes256 (http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmles256-cbc).  Asymmetric Signature Algorithed RsaSha1 (http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmlda-sha1).  Asymmetric Key Wrap Algorithed Rwas and District Ryman Asymmetric Encryption Algorithed RsaOaep (http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmle-oaep-mgf1p).  Asymmetric Encryption Algorithed RsaOaep (http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmle-oaep).  Key Derivation Algorithm Psymmetric Encryption Algorithed RsaOaep (http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmle-oaep).  Derived Signature Key Length — Nin Asymmetric Key L	or 256- e: hm — dsig#h  chm — enc#ae  thm — dsig#rs  hm — enc#rsa  thm — enc#rsa  thm — enc#rsa  Sha1 — ex/wssha1) - 192.

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Security	Security Basic 256 Sha256	A suite of algorithms that are for 256-	
	_	Bit encryption, algorithms include.	
		-> SymmetricSignatureAlgorithm -	
		Hmac_Sha256 -	
		(http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#h	
		mac-sha256)> SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm –	
		-> SymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm - Aes256 CBC -	
		(http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#ae	
		s256-cbc).	
		-> AsymmetricSignatureAlgorithm -	
		Rsa_Sha256 –	
		(http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#rs a-sha256).	
		-> AsymmetricKeyWrapAlgorithm -	
		KwRsaOaep -	
		(http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa -oaep-mgf1p).	
		-> AsymmetricEncryptionAlgorithm -	
		Rsa_Oaep -	
		(http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa	
		-oaep). -> KeyDerivationAlgorithm - PSHA256	
		- (http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-	
		secureconversation/200512/dk/p_sha2	
		56).	
		-> DerivedSignatureKeyLength - 256	
		-> MinAsymmetricKeyLength – 2048	
		-> MaxAsymmetricKeyLength – 4096	
		-> CertificateSignatureAlgorithm - Sha256	
		Support for this security profile may	
		require support for a second	
		application instance certificate, with a	
		larger keysize. Applications shall	
		support multiple Application Instance	
		Certificates if required by supported	
		Security Polices and use the certificate that is required for a given security	
		endpoint.	
Security	Security TLS General	This ConformanceUnit indicates that at	
		least one of the transport security	
		Profiles for TLS is supported by this	
		application. It is used in TLS transport	
		Profiles, but the choice of transport	
		security profile is optional. The actual used security profile will default to the	
		most secure one.	
Security	Security TLS 1.1	The connection is established using	
		TLS 1.1. The application needs to be	
		configured to prevent TLS 1.0	
		connections, unless the TLS 1.0	
		connection is using	
		TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA as	
		described in ConformanceUnit	
		TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA"	
L	l		<u> </u>

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Security	Security TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_ SHA	The connection is established using TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA. The application needs to be configured to prevent the use of AES based protocol suites (TLS 1.0).	
Security	Security TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_ CBC_SHA256	The connection is established using TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA 256. That has a MinAsymmetricKeyLength - 2048, MaxAsymmetricKeyLength - 4096, AsymmetricSignatureAlgorthm - RSA_SHA256. (TLS 1.2)	
Security	Security Encryption Required	Encryption is required using the algorithms provide in the security algorithm suite.	
Security	Security Signing Required	Signing is required using the algorithms provide in the security algorithm suite.	
Security	Security Time Synch – Configuration	Application supports configuring acceptable clock skew.	
Security	Security Time Synch – NTP / OS Based support	Application supports time synchronization, either via an implementation of Network Time Protocol (NTP), or via features of a standard operating system.	
Security	Security Time Synch – UA based support	An application makes use of the responses header timestamp provided by a configured well know source, such as a <i>Discovery Server</i> to synchronize the time on the application and that this time synchronization occurs periodically. Use of this TimeSyncing can be configured.	
Security	Security Administration	Allow configuration of the following Security related items.  * select the allowed User identification policy or policies (User Name/Password or X509 or Kerberos or Anonymous).  * enable/disable the security policy "None" or other security policies.  * enable/disable endpoints with MessageSecurityMode SIGN or SIGNANDENCRYPT.  * set the permitted certification authorities.  * define how to react to unknown Certificates.	
Security	Security Administration – XML Schema	Support the OPC UA defined XML schema for importing and exporting security configuration information. This schema is defined in IEC 62541-6.	
Security	Security Certificate Administration	Allow a site administrator to be able to assign a site specific ApplicationInstanceCertificate and if desired to configure a site specific Certificate Authority (CA).	

Category		Description	Derived
Security	ApplicationInstanceCertificat e	that is valid. The default ApplicationInstanceCertificate shall either be created as part of the installation or installation instructions explicitly describe the process to create and apply a default ApplicationInstanceCertificate to the application.	
Security	Security – No Application Authentication	The Server supports being able to be configured for no application authentication, just User authentication and normal encryption/signing: - Configure server to accept all certificates - Certificates are just used for message security (signing and encryption) - Users level is used for authentication	
Security	Best Practice – Audit Events	Subscriptions for Audit Events are restricted to authorized personnel. A Server may also reject a Subscription for Audit Events that is not over a Secure Channel if one is available.	
Security	Best Practice – Alarm Handling	A Server should restrict critical alarm functionality to users that have the appropriate rights to perform these actions. This would include disabling or alarms, shelving of alarms and generation of dialog messages. It would also include other security related functionality such maintaining appropriate timeouts for shelving and dialogs and preventing an overload of dialog messages.	
Security	Best Practice – Random Numbers	All random numbers that are required for security use appropriate cryptographic library based random number generators.	
Security	Best Practice – Timeouts	The user is able to configure reasonable timeouts for Secure Channels, Sessions and Subscriptions to limit denial of service and resource consumption issues (see IEC TR 62541-2 for additional details).	
Security	Best Practice – Administrative Access	The Server and Client allow for appropriate restriction of access to administrative personnel. This includes multiple levels of administrative access on platforms that support multiple administrative roles (such as Windows or Linux).	
Security	Best Practice – Strict Message Handling	The application assures that messages that are illegally or incorrectly formed are rejected with appropriate error codes or appropriate actions as specified in IEC 62541-4 and IEC 62541-6.	

Category		Description	Derived
Security	Best Practice - Audit Events	Audit tracking system connects to a	
	Client	Server using a Secure Channel and	
		under the approprate administrative	
		rights to allow access to Audit Events.	
Security	Security User Name		
	Password	Name/Password combination(s).	
		Encryption of the password with the	
		algorithm provided in the UserNameIdentityToken is required if	
		no message encryption is used.	
Security	Security User X509	The Server supports a public/private	
occurry	Cooding Osci Asos	key pair for user identity. The use of	
		this feature must be able to be enabled	
		or disabled by an administrator.	
Security	Security User IssuedToken	The Server supports a Kerberos Server	
	Kerberos	token for User Identity. The use of this	
		feature must be able to be enabled or	
		disabled by an Administrator. Specific	
		encryption of the IssuedToken is	
		required if no message encryption is	
		used. The use of this token is defined	
Coourity	Courity Hear Joseph Tokon	in Kerberos Token Documentation.  The Server supports the Windows	
Security	Kerberos Windows	implementation of Kerberos Tokens.	
	Kerberos Willdows	This ConformanceUnit only applies if	
		the "Security User IssuedToken	
		Kerberos" is supported.	
Security	Security User Anonymous	The Server provides support for	
		Anonymous access. The use of this	
		feature must be able to be enabled or	
		disabled by an Administrator. By	
		default Anonymous access shall be	
0 11	Occupito Hann Income Talana	disabled.	
Security	1	A Client uses a Kerberos Server token.	
	Kerberos Client	Specific encryption of the issuedToken is required if no message encryption is	
		used. The use of this token is defined	
		by the Kerberos documentation.	
Security	Security User IssuedToken		
	Kerberos Windows Client	implementation of Kerberos tokens.	
		This ConformanceUnit only applies if	
		the "Security User IssuedToken	
		Kerberos Client" is supported.	
0 - ''	O a sourite and the state of th	A Olivert was a 11 N	
Security	,	A Client uses a User Name/Password	
	Password Client	combination. Encryption of the	
		password with the algorithm provided in the UserNameIdentityToken is required	
		if no message encryption is used.	
Security	Security User X509 Client	A <i>Client</i> uses a public/private key pair	
Journey	Coodinty Good According	for user identity. This includes all	
		validation and trust issues associated	
		with a certificate.	
1		ı	1

Table 12 describes protocol and encoding related features that can be profiled. These features are defined in detail in IEC 62541-6. It is recommended that Servers and Clients support as many of these options as possible for greatest interoperability.

Table 12 - Protocol and Encoding

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Protocol	Allow administration of the Endpoints and the	
	Configuration	port number used by the Endpoints.	
Transport	Protocol TCP	Support the UA TCP transport protocol with	
	Binary UA	UA Binary Encoding and with UA Secure	
	Security	Conversation.	
Transport		Support the HTTPS protocol with UA Binary	
	with UA Binary	Encoding.	
Transport	Protocol HTTPS	Support the HTTPS protocol with Soap-	
	with Soap	based Xml Encoding.	
Transport	Protocol Soap	Support "SOAP/HTTP" transport with XML	
	Xml WS Security	Encoding and with WS Secure Conversation.	
Transport	Protocol Soap	Support "SOAP/HTTP" transport with UA	
	Binary WS	Binary Encoding and with WS Secure	
	Security	Conversation.	

# 5.4 Information Model and AddressSpace related features

Table 13 describes Base features related items that can be profiled. For additional information about these items, please refer to IEC 62541-3, IEC 62541-5 and IEC 62541-6. Servers with a larger resource capacity would support most of this functionality, but smaller resource constraint Server may omit some of this functionality. Many Clients would utilize some of this functionality and more robust Clients would utilize most of this functionality.

Table 13 - Base information

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Base Info Core Structure	The Server supports the Server Object, ServerCapabilities and supports the OPC UA AddressSpace structure.	
Server	Base Info Server Capabilities	The Server supports publishing of the Server limitation in the ServerCapabilities, including MaxArrayLength, MaxStringLength, MaxNodePerRead, MaxNodesPerWrite, MaxNodesPerSubscription and MaxNodesPerBrowse.	
Server	Base Info Progress Events	The Server exposes if generation of Progress events for long running service calls such as HistoryRead or Query is supported. If it is listed as supported in ServerCapabilities, than the actual events are verified.	
Server	Base Info Diagnostics	The Server supports Diagnostic Objects and Variables.	
Server	Base Info System Status	The Server supports generating SystemStatusChangeEventType indicating shutdown of the Server (SourceNode=Server).	
Server	Base Info System Status underlying system	The Server supports generating SystemStatusChangeEventType indicating changes to an underlying system (SourceNode=Server). This event can also be used to indicate that the OPC UA Server has underlying systems.	
Server	Base Info GetMonitoredItems Method	The Server supports obtaining subscription information via GetMonitoredItems Method on the Server object.	
Server	Base Info Type System	The Server exposes a Type System with DataTypes, ReferenceTypes, ObjectTypes and VariableTypes including all of the OPC UA (namespace 0) types that are used by the Server, as defined in IEC 62541-5. Items that are defined in Namespace 0 but are defined in other specification parts are tested as part of the other information models.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Base Info Custom Type System	The Server supports defining user	
		defined ObjectTypes,	
		VariableTypes, ReferenceType	
		and DataTypes. Supporting this	
		conformance unit does not require	
		that a Server exposes the OPC	
		UA Object, Variable, Reference,	
		or Data Types, unless the Server	
		implements User types. If User	
		types are defined than the full	
		type-hierarchy has to be exposed	
		as well.	
Server	Base Info Model Change	The Server supports	
		ModelChange <i>Event</i> and	
		NodeVersion <i>Property</i> for all	
		Nodes that the server allows	
		Model changes for.	
Server	Base Info Placeholder	The Server supports defining	
	Modelling Rules	custom Object or Variables that	
		include the use of	
		OptionalPlaceholder or	
		MandatoryPlaceholder modelling	
		rules.	
Server	Base Info SemanticChange	The Server supports	
		SemanticChangeEvent for some	
		Properties. This includes setting	
		the SemanticChange Bit in the	
		status when a semantic change	
		occurs, such as a change in the	
		engineering unit associated with a	
		value.	
Server	Base Info	The Server supports the	
	EventQueueOverflowEventType	EventQueueOverflowEventType	
0	Dana Jafa Onting Ont	as defined in IEC 62541-4.	
Server	Base Info OptionSet	The Server supports the	
0	Dana Jafa Malasa As Tasat	VariableType OptionSet.	
Server	Base Info ValueAsText	The Server supports the Property	
		ValueAsText for enumerated	
Coming	Deed Info Continuous Chatte	DataTypes.	
Server	Base Info Engineering Units	The Server supports defining	
		Variables that include the	
		Engineering Units Property. This	
		property makes use of the	
		EUInformation data structure. This	
		structure by default represents the	
		UN/CEFACT "Codes for Units of	
		Measurement". If a different EU	
		representation is required then the	
		EUInformation.namespaceUri will	
Sorver	Raso Info FiloTypo Book	indicate the alternate namespace.	
Server	Base Info FileType Base	The Server supports the FileType	
		Object (see IEC 62541-5). File	
0.000	Deep Info Ella Tama Maria	writing may be restricted.	
Server	Base Info FileType Write	The Server supports the FileType	
		Object, including writing of files.	
		Also included is the support of	
		user access control on FileType	
		Object.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Base Info Client Basic	The Client uses the defined OPC UA AddressSpace. Access or provide access to Server information like the Server's state, BuildInfo, capabilities, Namespace Table and Type Model.	
Client	Base Info Client System Status	The Client makes use of SystemStatusChangeEventType to detect server shutdowns.	
Client	Base Info Client Progress Events	The Client makes use of ProgressEvents, including checking for their support.	
Client	Base Info Client Diagnostics	The <i>Client</i> provides interactive or programmatic access to the <i>Server</i> 's diagnostic information.	
Client	Base Info Client Type Programming	The Client programmatically process instances of Objects or Variables by using their type definitions. This includes custom DataTypes, ObjectTypes and VariableTypes.	
Client	Base Info Client Change Events	The Client processes ModelChangeEvents to detect changes in the Server's OPC UA AddressSpace and take appropriate action for a given change.	
Client	Base Info Client GetMonitoredItems Method	The <i>Client</i> makes use of GetMonitoredItems <i>Method</i> to recover for communication interruptions and/or to recover subscription information.	
Client	Base Info Client FileType Base	The <i>Client</i> can access a FileType <i>Object</i> to transfer a file from the <i>Server</i> to the <i>Client</i> . This includes large files.	
Client	Base Info Client FileType Write	The Client can access a FileType Object to transfer a file from the Client to the Server. This includes large files.	

Table 14 describes Address Space Model information related items that can be profiled. The details of these model items are defined in IEC 62541-3 and IEC 62541-5. This include Server Facets that describe what a Server exposes and Client Facets that describe what a Client consumes

Table 14 - Address Space model

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Address Space Base	Support the <i>NodeClasses</i> with their <i>Attributes</i> and behaviour as defined in IEC 62541-3. This includes for instance: <i>Object</i> , <i>ObjectType</i> , <i>Variable</i> , <i>VariableType</i> , <i>References</i> and DataType.	
Server	Address Space Events	Support OPC UA AddressSpace elements for generating Event notifications. This includes at least one Node with an EventNotifier Attribute set to True (Server Node).	
Server	Address Space Complex DataTypes	Support StructuredDataTypes with a Data Dictionary.	
Server	Address Space Method	Support Method Nodes.	
Server	Address Space Notifier Hierarchy	Supports using the HasNotifier reference to build a hierarchy of <i>Object Nodes</i> that are notifiers with other notifier <i>Object Nodes</i> .	
Server	Address Space Source Hierarchy	Supports hierarchies of event sources where each hierarchy roots in an <i>Object Node</i> that is a notifier. The HasEventSource <i>Reference</i> is used to relate the <i>Nodes</i> within a hierarchy. If <i>Conditions</i> are supported, the hierarchy shall include HasCondition <i>References</i> .	
Server	Address Space WriteMask	Supports WriteMask indicating the write access availability for all attributes, including not supported attributes.	
Server	Address Space UserWriteMask	Supports UserWriteMask indicating the write access availability for all attributes for the given user, including not supported attributes. Support includes at least two levels of users.	
Server	Address Space UserWriteMask Multilevel	Supports UserWriteMask indicating the write access availability for all attributes for the given user, including not supported attributes. This includes supporting multiple levels of access control for all nodes in the system.	
Server	Address Space User Access Level Full	Implements User Access Level security, this includes supporting multiple levels of access control for <i>Variable</i> nodes in the system. This includes an indication of read, write, Historical read and Historical write access to the Value <i>Attribute</i> .	
Server	Address Space User Access Level Base	Implements User Access Level Security for Variable nodes, this includes at least two users in the system. This includes an indication of read, write, historical read and Historical write access to the value attribute	
Client	Address Space Client Base	Uses and understands the NodeClasses with their Attributes and behaviour as defined in IEC 62541-3. This includes for instance: Object, ObjectType, Variable, VariableType, References and DataType. This includes treating BrowseNames and String Nodelds as case sensitive.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Address Space	Uses and understands arbitrary	
	Client Complex	StructuredDataTypes via Data Dictionary.	
	DataTypes		
Client	Address Space	Uses hierarchy of Object Nodes that are	
	Client Notifier	notifiers to detect specific areas where the	
	Hierarchy	Client can subscribe for Events.	
Client	Address Space	Detect and use the hierarchy of event	
	Client Source	sources exposed for specific Object Nodes	
	Hierarchy	that are event notifiers.	

Table 15 describes Data Access information model related items that can be profiled. The details of this model are defined in IEC 62541-8. *Server* could expose this information model and *Client* could utilize this information model.

Table 15 - Data Access

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Data Access	Provide Variables of DataItemType or one of	
	DataItems	its subtypes. Support the StatusCodes	
		specified in the IEC 62541-8. Support of	
		optional Properties (e.g. "InstrumentRange")	
		shall be verified during certification testing	
		and will be shown in the Certificate.	
Server	Data Access	Support AnalogItemType Variables with	
	AnalogItems	corresponding Properties. The support of	
		optional properties will be listed.	
Server	Data Access	Support PercentDeadband filter when	
	PercentDeadband	monitoring AnalogItemType Variables.	
Server	Data Access	Support semantic changes of	
	Semantic	AnalogItemType items (EURange Property	
	Changes	and/or EngineeringUnits Property). Support	
		semantic change StatusCode bits where	
0	Data Assass	appropriate.	
Server	Data Access	Support TwoStateDiscreteType Variables	
Comicon	TwoState	with corresponding Properties.  Support MultiStateDiscreteType Variables	
Server	Data Access	, ,,	
Convor	MultiState	with corresponding Properties.  Provide Variables of ArrayltemType or one	
Server	Data Access	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	ArrayItemType	of its subtypes (YArrayItemType, XYArrayItemType, ImageArrayType,	
		CubeArrayType and NDimensionArrayType).	
		The supported subtypes will be listed.	
		Support for this type includes supporting all	
		of the mandatory properties including	
		AxisInformation.	
Server	Data Access	Supports the Complex Number data type.	
00.70.	Complex Number	This data type is available for any variable	
		types that do not have other explicit	
		restrictions.	
Server	Data Access	Supports the DoubleComplex Number data	
	DoubleComplex	type. This data type is available for any	
	Number	variable types that do not have other explicit	
		restrictions.	
Client	Data Access	Understand the DataAccess Variable Types.	
	Client Basic	Make use of the standard Properties if	
		applicable.	
Client	Data Access	Use PercentDeadband to filter value	
	Client Deadband	changes of AnalogItemType Variables.	
Client	Data Access	Recognize the semantic change bit in the	
	Client	StatusCode while monitoring items and take	
	SemanticChange	proper action. Typically, the <i>Client</i> has to re-	
		read Properties that define type-specific	
		semantic like the EURange and	
		EngineeringUnits Properties.	

Table 16 describes Alarm and Conditions information model related items that can be profiled. The details of this model are defined in IEC 62541-9. Servers that deal with Alarm and Conditions would expose this information model and Clients that process Alarms and Conditions would utilize this information model.

Table 16 - Alarms and Conditions

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	A & C Basic	Supports Alarm & Condition model	
		ConditionType.	
Server	A & C Enable	Supports Enable and Disable Methods.	
Server	A & C Refresh	Supports ConditionRefresh Method and the	
		concept of a refresh.	
Server	A & C Instances	Support the exposing of A&C Conditions in	
		the AddressSpace.	
Server	A & C	Supports multiple Condition classes for	
C 0 111 1 0 11	ConditionClasses	grouping and filtering of <i>Alarms</i> .	
Server	A & C	Support Acknowledge, includes Acknowledge <i>Method</i> , Acknowledgeable	
	Acknowledge	type.	
Server	A & C Confirm	Support confirming Conditions, includes	
Server	A & C Commin	Confirm method.	
Server	A & C Comment	Support Comments, includes AddComment	
CCIVCI	71 a o comment	Method.	
Server	A & C Alarm	Support for Basic Alarm functionality,	
		including active, inactive states.	
Server	A & C Branch	Support for <i>Alarm</i> Branches which includes	
		previous <i>Condition</i> Instances, i.e. conditions	
		instance other than the current condition that	
		still requires some operator action, such as	
		acknowledgement or a dialog.	
Server	A & C Shelving	Support for the shelving mode, including the	
		TimedShelve, OneShotShelve and Unshelve	
		methods.	
Server	A & C Exclusive	Supports Exclusive Level Alarm type.	
	Level		
Server	A & C Exclusive	Supports Exclusive Limit Alarms. A Server	
	Limit	that supports this must support one of the	
Server	A & C Exclusive	sub-types Level, Deviation or RateofChange. Supports Exclusive Deviation <i>Alarm</i> type.	
Server	Deviation	Supports Exclusive Deviation Alarm type.	
Server	A & C Exclusive	Supports Exclusive RateofChange Alarm	
301 401	RateofChange	type.	
Server	A & C Non-	Supports Non-Exclusive Limit <i>Alarms</i> . A	
500.	Exclusive Limit	Server that supports this must support one	
		of the sub-types Level, Deviation or	
		RateofChange.	
Server	A & C Non-	Supports Non-Exclusive Level Alarm type.	
_	Exclusive Level		
Server	A & C Non-	Supports Non-Exclusive Deviation Alarm	
	Exclusive	type.	
0	Deviation	Owner of the New Fred Co.	
Server	A & C Non-	Supports Non-Exclusive RateofChange	
	Exclusive	Alarm type.	
Server	RateofChange A & C Discrete	Supports Discrete Alarm types	
Server	A & C Discrete  A & C Off Normal	Supports Discrete <i>Alarm</i> types. Supports Off Normal <i>Alarm</i> type.	
Server	A & C Trip	Supports On Normal Alarm type.  Supports Trip Alarm type.	
Server	A & C Dialog	Supports DialogConditionType including	
GELVEL	A & O Dialog	Respond <i>Method</i> .	
Server	A & E Wrapper	The Server uses the COM A&E mapping	
301 401	Mapping	specified in IEC 62541-9 to map COM	
		Events to A&C Events, this includes	
		Condition Class mapping.	
<u> </u>			

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	A & C Basic Client	Uses the Alarm & Condition model	
		ConditionType.	
Client	A & C Enable Client	Uses Enable and Disable Methods.	
Client	A & C Refresh Client	Uses ConditionRefresh <i>Method</i> and the concept of a refresh.	
Client	A & C Instances Client	Uses A&C Conditions that are exposed in the AddressSpace.	
Client	A & C ConditionClasses Client	Uses Condition classes to group Alarms.	
Client	A & C Acknowledge Client	Uses Acknowledge, including Acknowledge Method, Acknowledgeable type.	
Client	A & C Confirm Client	Uses confirming <i>Conditions</i> , including Confirm method.	
Client	A & C Comment Client	Uses Comments, including AddComment <i>Method</i> .	
Client	A & C Alarm Client	Uses Basic <i>Alarm</i> functionality, including active, inactive states.	
Client	A & C Branch Client	Uses Alarm Branches which included previous Condition Instances, i.e. conditions instance other than the current condition that still requires some action, such as acknowledgement or confirmation.	
Client	A & C Shelving Client	Uses the shelving model, including the TimedShelve, OneShotShelve and Unshelve methods.	
Client	A & C Exclusive Level Client	Uses Exclusive Level Alarms as defined.	
Client	A & C Exclusive Limit Client	Uses Exclusive Limit <i>Alarms</i> . Requires that at least one of the sub-types be used.	
Client	A & C Exclusive Deviation Client	Uses Exclusive Deviation Alarms.	
Client	A & C Exclusive RateofChange Client	Uses Exclusive RateofChange Alarms.	
Client	A & C Non- Exclusive Level Client	Uses Non-Exclusive Level Alarms.	
Client	A & C Non- Exclusive Limit Client	Uses Non-Exclusive Limit <i>Alarms</i> . Requires that at least one of the sub-types be used.	
Client	A & C Non- Exclusive Deviation Client	Uses Non-Exclusive Deviation Alarms.	
Client	A & C Non- Exclusive RateofChange Client	Uses Non-Exclusive RateofChange Alarms.	
Client	A & C Discrete Client	Uses Discrete Alarm types.	
Client	A & C Off Normal Client	Uses the Off Normal Alarm types.	
Client	A & C Trip Client	Uses the Trip Alarm type.	
Client	A & C Dialog Client	Uses the DialogConditionType including Respond <i>Method</i> .	

Table 17 describes Historical Data Access information model related items that can be profiled. The details of this model are defined in IEC 62541-11. Servers that support some level of historical data would expose this information model and Clients that utilize historical data would utilize this information model.

Table 17 - Historical Access

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Historical Access Read Raw	General support for basic historical access, reading raw data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails structure. Where the time range is specified using a start time, stop time and number of values (a minimum of two of the three parameters must be provided) and the ReadModified flag is set to False.	
Server	Historical Access Data Max Nodes Read Continuation Point	Supports enough continuation points to cover the number of supported points indicated in the MaxNodesPerHistoryReadData Server OperationLimits parameter for historical data access.	
Server	Historical Access Time Instance	Supports reading historical data at a specified instance in time using the ReadAtTimeDetails structure.	
Server	Historical Access Aggregates	Supports reading one or more Aggregates of historical values of <i>Variables</i> using the ReadProcessedDetails structure. At least one of the Aggregates described in IEC 62541-13 must be supported. The complete list will be shown in the <i>Software Certificate</i> .	
Server	Historical Access Insert Value	Supports inserting historical values of <i>Variables</i> .	
Server	Historical Access Delete Value	Supports deleting historical values of Variables.	
Server	Historical Access Update Value	Supports updating historical values of <i>Variables</i> .	
Server	Historical Access Replace Value	Supports replacing historical values of <i>Variables</i> .	
Server	Historical Access Modified Values	Supports maintaining old values for historical data that have been updated and the retrieval of these values using the ReadRawModifiedDetails structure (ReadModified flag set to true).	
Server	Historical Access Annotations	Supports the entry and retrieval of Annotations for historical data. The retrieval is accomplished using the standard historical read raw functionality (ReadRawModifiedDetails). The entry uses the standard historical update (UpdateStructureDataDetails) functionality.	
Server	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	Supports providing a ServerTimestamp (as well as the default SourceTimestamp).	
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Read Raw	Supports ReadRawModified historical access for structured data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Time Instance	Supports historical access for structured data. Supporting ReadAtTimeDetails for structured data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.	
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Insert	Supports historical access for structured data. Inserting Structured data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.	
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Delete	Supports historical access for structured data. Delete of existing data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.	
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Update	Supports historical access for structured data. Updates of existing data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.	
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Replace	Supports replacing structured historical data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.	
Server	Historical Access Structured Data Read Modified	Supports maintaining old values for historical structured data that have been updated and the retrieval of these values. Using the ReadRawModifiedDetails structure (ReadModified flag set to true) for structured data. Supporting the structure for an annotation is not considered supporting generic structured data.	
Server	Historical Access Events	Supports the retrieval of historical Events using the ReadEventDetails structure. This includes support for simple filtering of Events. The <i>Event</i> fields that are stored are server specific, but at least the mandatory fields of BaseEventType are required.	
Server	Historical Access Event Max Events Read Continuation Point	Supports enough continuation points to cover the number of supported <i>Event</i> reads indicated in the MaxNodesPerHistoryReadEvents <i>Server</i> OperationLimits parameter for Historical <i>Event</i> access.	
Server	Historical Access Insert Event	Supports inserting historical Events.	
Server	Historical Access Update Event	Supports updating historical Events.	
Server	Historical Access Replace Event	Supports replacing historical Events.	
Server	Historical Access Delete Event	Supports deleting of historical Events.	
Client	Historical Access Client Browse	Uses the View <i>Service</i> Set to discover <i>Nodes</i> with historical data.	
Client	Historical Access Client Read Raw	Uses the HistoryRead Service to read raw historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False).	

Client Historical Access Client Read Modified HistoryRead Service to read modified historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Read Aggregated historical data. This includes using at least one of the Aggregates defined in IEC 62541-13. The complete list of Aggregates used by the Client is included in the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw  Client Structure Data Read Modified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Read ReadRawModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Structure Data Insert Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert historical data values for structured data.	
Modified  ReadRawModifiedDetails  Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client  Historical Access Client Read Aggregates  Uses the HistoryRead Service to read Aggregates using at least one of the Aggregates defined in IEC 62541-13. The complete list of Aggregates used by the Client is included in the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client  Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw  Client  Historical Access Client Structure Data Read Modified  Client  Historical Access Client Structure Modified  Client  Historical Access	
Client Historical Access Client Read Aggregated historical data. This includes using at least one of the Aggregates defined in IEC 62541-13. The complete list of Aggregates used by the Client is included in the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw ReadRawModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).	
Client Historical Access Client Read Aggregates Uses the HistoryRead Service to read Aggregates using at least one of the Aggregates defined in IEC 62541-13. The complete list of Aggregates used by the Client is included in the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Read ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historyUpdate Service to insert historical data values for structured data.	
Client Read Aggregated historical data. This includes using at least one of the Aggregates defined in IEC 62541-13. The complete list of Aggregates used by the Client is included in the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw ReadRawModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
in IEC 62541-13. The complete list of Aggregates used by the Client is included in the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw Historical data using the ReadRawModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModified Flag set to False)  Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Aggregates used by the Client is included in the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw  Client Historical Access (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
the results of this ConformanceUnit.  Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw Historical Grad Service to read raw historical data using the ReadRawModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModified Flag set to False)  Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw Historical Client Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Structure Data Raw ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure modified structured historical data using the Data Read Modified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure modified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).	
Client Historical Access Client Structure Modified Modified Flag set to False) for structured data.  Client Historical Access Client Structure modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read Client Structure modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Structure modified structured historical data using the ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Data Read ReadRawModifiedDetails Structure (ReadModified Flag set to True).  Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to delete	
Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Data Delete	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to update Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Data Update	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to replace	
Client Structure historical data values for structured data.	
Data Replace   Client   Historical Access   Reads historical data at a specified instance	
Client Structure in time for structured data. Using the	
Data Time ReadAtTimeDetails structure.	
Instance	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryRead Service to read Client Read historical Event data using the	
Events Read Historical Event data dating the ReadEventDetails Structure.	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert	
Client Event historical Events.	
Inserts User the Historial Access the Historial Edge to undete	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to update Client Event historical Events.	
Updates Event Historical Events.	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to replace	
Client Event historical Events.	
Replaces Client Historical Access Uses the History Indate Service to delete	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to delete Client Event historical Events.	
Deletes Deletes	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to insert	
Client Data Insert historical data values.	
Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to delete Client Data Delete historical data values.	
Client Data Delete   historical data values.  Client Historical Access Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to update	
Client Data historical data values.	
Update	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Historical Access Client Data Replace	Uses the HistoryUpdate Service to replace historical data values.	
Client	Historical Access Client Annotations	Enters and retrieves Annotations of historical data. The retrieval is accomplished using the standard historical read raw functionality (ReadRawModifiedDetails). The entry uses the standard Historical Update (UpdateStructureDataDetails) functionality.	
Client	Historical Access Client Time Instance	Reads historical data at a specified instance in time using the ReadAtTimeDetails structure.	
Client	Historical Access Client Server Timestamp	Uses the ServerTimestamp (as well as the default SourceTimestamp), if it is provided by the Server.	

Table 18 describes Aggregate related items that can be profiled. Servers that support the Aggregates would expose this functionality and Clients that utilize Aggregates would implement some of this functionality.

Category Title Description Derived master Server Aggregate Supports at least one master configuration AggregateConfigurationType Object as part of the Server configuration. Server Aggregate optional Supports at least one optional configuration AggregateConfigurationType Object. Optional AggregateConfigurationType Objects occur at different levels from the master AggregateConfigurationType Object. Server Aggregate – Interpolative the Interpolative Supports Aggregate for Historical access. Server Aggregate - Average Supports the Average Aggregate for Historical access. TimeAverage Server Aggregate – TimeAverage Supports the Aggregate for Historical access. Server Aggregate - TimeAverage2 Supports the TimeAverage2 Aggregate for Historical access. Server Aggregate – Total Supports the Total Aggregate for Historical access. Supports the Total2 Aggregate for Server Aggregate - Total2 Historical access. Supports the Minimum Aggregate Server Aggregate – Minimum for Historical access. Supports the MinimumActualTime Server Aggregate MinimumActualTime Aggregate for Historical access. Aggregate – Minimum2 Supports the Minimum2 Aggregate Server for Historical access. Server Aggregate Supports the MinimumActualTime2 MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate for Historical access. Server Aggregate - Maximum Supports the Maximum Aggregate for Historical access. Server Supports the MaximumActualTime Aggregate Aggregate for Historical access. MaximumActualTime Supports the Maximum2 Aggregate Server Aggregate - Maximum2 for Historical access. Supports the MaximumActualTime2 Server Aggregate MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate for Historical access. Server Aggregate - Range Supports the Range Aggregate for Historical access. Supports the Range2 Aggregate for Server Aggregate - Range2 Historical access. Server Aggregate - Count Supports the Count Aggregate for Historical access. Supports the DurationInStateZero Server Aggregate DurationInStateZero Aggregate for Historical access. Server Aggregate Supports DurationInStateNonZero DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate for Historical access. Supports the NumberOfTransitions Server Aggregate NumberOfTransitions Aggregate for Historical access. Supports the Start Aggregate for Server Aggregate - Start Historical access. Server Aggregate – StartBound Supports the StartBound Aggregate for Historical access. Server Aggregate - End Supports the End Aggregate for Historical access.

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Aggregate – EndBound	Supports the EndBound Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – Delta	Supports the Delta Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – DeltaBounds	Supports the DeltaBounds Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – DurationGood	Supports the DurationGood Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – DurationBad	Supports the DurationBad Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – PercentGood	Supports the PercentGood Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – PercentBad	Supports the PercentBad Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – WorstQuality	Supports the WorstQuality Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – WorstQuality2	Supports the WorstQuality2 Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – AnnotationCount	Supports the AnnotationCount Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – StandardDeviationSample	Supports the StandardDeviationSample Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – VarianceSample	Supports the VarianceSample Aggregate for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – StandardDeviationPopulation	Supports the StandardDeviationPopulation for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – VariancePopulation	Supports the VariancePopulation for Historical access.	
Server	Aggregate – Custom	The Server supports custom Aggregates for Historical access that do not have standard tests defined. These Aggregates are list as untested by this ConformanceUnit.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Filter	Supports Aggregate subscription filters which requires at least one of the defined Aggregates is supported as defined in IEC 62541-13.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Interpolative	Supports subscription filter for the Interpolative Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Average	Supports subscription filter for the Average Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage	Supports subscription filter for the TimeAverage Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage2	Supports subscription filter for the TimeAverage2 Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Total	Supports subscription filter for the Total Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Total2	Supports subscription filter for the Total2 Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum	Supports subscription filter for the Minimum Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime	Supports subscription filter for the MinimumActualTime Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum2	Supports subscription filter for the Minimum2 Aggregate.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime2	Supports subscription filter for the MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
001101	Maximum	Maximum Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription -	Supports subscription filter for the	
Convor	MaximumActualTime	MaximumActualTime Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Maximum2	Supports subscription filter for the Maximum2 Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription -	Supports subscription filter for the	
	MaximumActualTime2	MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
Server	Range Aggregate Subscription –	Range Aggregate.  Supports subscription filter for the	
	Range2	Range2 Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
Server	Count Aggregate Subscription –	Count Aggregate.  Supports subscription filter for the	
Server	DurationInStateZero	DurationInStateZero Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription -	Supports subscription filter for the	
	DurationInStateNonZero	DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – NumberOfTransitions	Supports subscription filter for the NumberOfTransitions Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
	Start	Start Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
Server	StartBound Aggregate Subscription –	StartBound Aggregate. Supports subscription filter for the	
Server	End	End Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
0	EndBound	EndBound Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – Delta	Supports subscription filter for the Delta Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
	DeltaBounds	DeltaBounds Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – DurationGood	Supports subscription filter for the DurationGood Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
	DurationBad	DurationBad Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription -	Supports subscription filter for the	
Server	PercentGood Aggregate Subscription –	PercentGood Aggregate. Supports subscription filter for the	
061 161	PercentBad	PercentBad Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription -	Supports subscription filter for the	
0 - 4	WorstQuality	WorstQuality Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription – WorstQuality2	Supports subscription filter for the WorstQuality2 Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
	AnnotationCount	AnnotationCount Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
	StandardDeviationSample	StandardDeviationSample Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
	VarianceSample	VarianceSample Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
	StandardDeviationPopulation	StandardDeviationPopulation Aggregate.	
Server	Aggregate Subscription –	Supports subscription filter for the	
-	VariancePopulation	VariancePopulation Aggregate.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Aggregate Subscription -	The Server supports subscribing to	
	Custom	custom Aggregates that do not have	
		standard tests defined. These	
		Aggregates are listed as untested	
0		by this ConformanceUnit.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Usage	Uses Historical access to Aggregate	
		which requires at least one of the	
		defined Aggregates is supported as	
		defined in IEC 62541-13.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
	Interpolative	Interpolative Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Average	Uses Historical access to the	
		Average Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
	TimeAverage	TimeAverage Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
0	TimeAverage2	TimeAverage2 Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Total	Uses Historical access to the Total	
011 1		Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Total2	Uses Historical access to the Total2	
011 1		Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Minimum	Uses Historical access to the	
01: 1		Minimum Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
0	MinimumActualTime	MinimumActualTime Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
	Minimum2	Minimum2 Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
Olimat	MinimumActualTime2	MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Maximum	Uses Historical access to the	
Client	Aggregate	Maximum Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime	Uses Historical access to the	
Client		MaximumActualTime Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Maximum2	Uses Historical access to the Maximum2 Aggregate.	
Client			
Ciletit	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime2	Uses Historical access to the MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Range		
CHEIII	Aggregate – Chefft Range	Uses Historical access to the Range	
Client	Aggregate – Client Range2	Aggregate. Uses Historical access to the	
OHEIIL	Aggregate - Chefft Rangez	Range2 Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Count	Uses Historical access to the Count	
Olletti	Aggregate - Ollent Count	Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
Olietti	DurationInStateZero	DurationInStateZero Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
Official	DurationInStateNonZero	DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
3	NumberOfTransitions	NumberOfTransitions Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Start	Uses Historical access to the Start	
J	l agregate short start	Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
J	StartBound	StartBound Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client End	Uses Historical access to the End	
	, agregate onent Line	Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client	Uses Historical access to the	
3.13110	EndBound	EndBound Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Delta	Uses Historical access to the Delta	
SHOTE	Aggregate - Offerit Delta	Aggregate.	
	<u>l</u>	1.199109410.	<u> </u>

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Aggregate – Client DeltaBounds	Uses Historical access to the DeltaBounds Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client DurationGood	Uses Historical access to the DurationGood Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client DurationBad	Uses Historical access to the DurationBad Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client PercentGood	Uses Historical access to the PercentGood Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client PercentBad	Uses Historical access to the PercentBad Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client WorstQuality	Uses Historical access to the WorstQuality Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client WorstQuality2	Uses Historical access to the WorstQuality2 Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client AnnotationCount	Uses Historical access to the AnnotationCount Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client StandardDeviationSample	Uses Historical access to the StandardDeviationSample Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client VarianceSample	Uses Historical access to the VarianceSample Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client StandardDeviationPopulation	Uses Historical access to the StandardDeviationPopulation Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client VariancePopulation	Uses Historical access to the VariancePopulation Aggregate.	
Client	Aggregate – Client Custom Aggregates	The <i>Client</i> can make use of all custom Aggregates in the list of Aggregates, via Historical access, exposed by the <i>Server</i> . This includes displaying or utilizing the data in some manner.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Filter	Subscribes for data using Aggregate filters which requires at least one of the Aggregates defined in IEC 62541-13 is supported.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Interpolative	Subscribes for data using the Interpolative Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Average	Subscribes for data using the Average Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client TimeAverage	Subscribes for data using the TimeAverage Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client TimeAverage2	Subscribes for data using the TimeAverage2 Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Total	Subscribes for data using the Total Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Total2	Subscribes for data using the Total2 Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Minimum	Subscribes for data using the Minimum Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client MinimumActualTime	Subscribes for data using the MinimumActualTime Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Minimum2	Subscribes for data using the Minimum2 Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client MinimumActualTime2	Subscribes for data using the MinimumActualTime2 Aggregate filter.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Aggregate Subscription –	Subscribes for data using the	
	Client Maximum	Maximum Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client MaximumActualTime	Subscribes for data using the MaximumActualTime Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription -	Subscribes for data using the	
	Client MaximumActualTime2	MaximumActualTime2 Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Maximum2	Subscribes for data using the Maximum2 Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Range	Subscribes for data using the Range Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Range2	Subscribes for data using the Range2 Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Count	Subscribes for data using the Count Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationInStateZero	Subscribes for data using the DurationInStateZero Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationInStateNonZero	Subscribes for data using the DurationInStateNonZero Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client NumberOfTransition	Subscribes for data using the NumberOfTransitions Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Start	Subscribes for data using the Start Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client StartBound	Subscribes for data using the StartBound Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client End	Subscribes for data using the End Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client EndBound	Subscribes for data using the EndBound Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Delta	Subscribes for data using the Delta Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DeltaBounds	Subscribes for data using the DeltaBounds Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationGood	Subscribes for data using the DurationGood Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationBad	Subscribes for data using the DurationBad Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client PercentGood	Subscribes for data using the PercentGood Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client PercentBad	Subscribes for data using the PercentBad Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality	Subscribes for data using the WorstQuality Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality2	Subscribes for data using the WorstQuality2 Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client AnnotationCount	Subscribes for data using the AnnotationCount Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client StandardDevSample	Subscribes for data using the StandardDeviationSample Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client VarianceSample	Subscribes for data using the VarianceSample Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client StandardDevPopulation	Subscribes for data using the StandardDeviationPopulation Aggregate filter.	

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client	Aggregate Subscription -	Subscribes for data using the	
	Client VariancePopulation	VariancePopulation Aggregate filter.	
Client	Aggregate Subscription – Client Custom Aggregates	The <i>Client</i> supports subscribing to all custom Aggregates in the list of Aggregates exposed by the <i>Server</i> .	
		This includes displaying or utilizing the data in some manner.	

Table 19 describes auditing related items that can be profiled. Most full function *Servers* would support these features, although some resource constrained *Servers* may not provide this functionality. *Clients* that are security aware or are used to support security logging would support these features

Table 19 - Auditing

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Auditing Base	Support AuditEvents. The list of supported AuditEvents shall be verified during certification testing and will be shown in the <i>Software Certificate</i> . Base AuditEvents are defined in IEC 62541-3 and in IEC 62541-5.	
Client	Auditing Client Audit ID	Client supports generating AuditEvents ids and providing them to Servers.	
Client	Auditing Client Subscribes	The <i>Client</i> supports subscribing for AuditEvents and storing / processing them in a secure manner.	

Table 20 describes Redundancy related items that are profiled. *Servers* that support redundancy would support appropriate *ConformanceUnits* based on the type of redundancy they support. *Clients* that are capable of handling redundancy would support the appropriate *ConformanceUnits* based of the type of redundancy they support.

Table 20 - Redundancy

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Server	Redundancy Server	Supports Server based redundancy.	
Server	Redundancy Server Transparent	Supports transparent Server redundancy.	
Client	Redundancy Client	Client supports Client redundancy. Clients that support Client redundancy can failover to another Client (requires some out of band communication).	
Client	Redundancy Client Switch	Clients supporting this ConformanceUnit monitor the redundancy status for non-transparent redundancy Servers and switch to the backup Server when they recognize a change in server status.	

### 5.5 Miscellaneous

The following table describes miscellaneous ConformanceUnits.

Each table includes a listing of the *Profile Category* to which a *ConformanceUnit* belongs, the title and description of the *ConformanceUnit* and a column that indicates if the

ConformanceUnit is derived from another ConformanceUnit. A ConformanceUnit that is derived from another ConformanceUnit includes all of the same tests as its parent plus one or more additional TestCases. These TestCases can only further restrict the existing TestCases.

Table 21 - Miscellaneous

Category	Title	Description	Derived
Client, Server	Documentation – Supported Profiles	The documentation includes a description of the profiles supported by the product. This description includes the level of Certification testing the product has passed.	
Client, Server	Documentation – Multiple Languages	The documentation is available in multiple languages. The results of this conformance unit include the list of supported languages.	
Client, Server	Documentation – Users Guide	The application includes documentation that describes the available functionality provided by the application. For Servers it includes a summary of all functionality provided by the Server.	
Client, Server	Documentation – On-line	The documentation provided by the application is available in electronic format as part of the application. The electronic documentation could be a WEB page, installed document or CD/DVD, but in all case it can be accessed from the application or from a link installed with the application.	
Client, Server	Documentation – Installation	The application includes installation instructions that are sufficient to easily install the application. This includes descriptions of any and all possible configuration items. Instructions for loading or configuring security related items such as Application Instance Certificates.	
Client, Server	Documentation – Trouble Shooting Guide	The application includes documentation that describes typical problems a user may encounter and actions that the user could perform to resolve the problem. It could also describe tip, tricks or other actions that could help a user diagnose or fix a problem. It could also describe tools or other items that can be used in diagnosing or repairing problems. The actual Trouble Shooting Guide can be part of other documentation, but should be complete enough to provide useful information to a novice user.	

# 6 Profiles

#### 6.1 Overview

Clause 6 includes a listing of the categories that a *Profile* can be grouped into, a list of named *Profiles* and the detailed listing of each *Profile* including directly defined *ConformanceUnits* and any sub *Profiles* that are included in the *Profile*.

# 6.2 Profile list

Table 22 lists *Profiles*. The *Profile* table is ordered by *Profile* category and then alphabetically by the name of the *Profile*. The table includes a list of categories the *Profile* is associated with and a URI. The URI is used to uniquely identify a *Profile*. The URI shall be able to be used to

access the information provided in this document with regard to the given *Profile* in an on-line display. This URI is also included in the *SoftwareCertificate* associated with the *Profile*. The URI is case sensitive.

An application (Client or Server) shall implement all of the ConformanceUnits in a Profile in order to be compliant with the Profile. Some Profiles contain optional ConformanceUnits. An optional ConformanceUnit means that an application has the option to not support the ConformanceUnit. However, if supported, the application shall pass all tests associated with the ConformanceUnit. For example, some ConformanceUnits require specific information model items to be available. They are, therefore, listed as optional in order to allow for the information model items to be omitted. If a Server desires to be listed as supporting the optional ConformanceUnit then it shall include any required information model items in the configuration provided for certification testing. The support for optional ConformanceUnits is described in the certificate that is generated by the associated testing. Optional ConformanceUnits are clearly identified in this document and as part of the Software Certificate that describes the Profiles supported by a product. Software Certificate must show all optional Conformance Units and if they are support. Any online displays that list the Profiles a product supports must also include the optional ConformanceUnits. Some ConformanceUnits also include lists of supported DataTypes or optional Subtypes, the list are handled in the same manner as optional ConformanceUnits. All reporting requirements for optional ConformanceUnits also apply to these lists of supported DataTypes or Subtypes.

# Table 22 - Profile list

Profile	Related	URI	
Trome	Category	OKI	
Core Server Facet		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/CoreFacet	
	Server	-	
Base Server Behaviour Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Behaviour	
Attribute WriteMask Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet	_	Profile/Server/AttributeWriteMask	
File Access Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/FileAccess	
Documentation – Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
		Profile/Server/Documentation	
Embedded DataChange	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Subscription Server Facet		Profile/Server/EmbeddedDataChangeSubscription	
Standard DataChange	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Subscription Server Facet		Profile/Server/StandardDataChangeSubscription	
Enhanced DataChange	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Subscription Server Facet		Profile/Server/EnhancedDataChangeSubscription	
Data Access Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/DataAccess	
ComplexType Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
		Profile/Server/ComplexTypes	
Standard Event Subscription	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Server Facet		<u>Profile/Server/StandardEventSubscription</u>	
Address Space Notifier Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/AddressSpaceNotifier</u>	
A & C Base Condition Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/ACBaseCondition</u>	
A & C Address Space Instance	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Server Facet		<u>Profile/Server/ACAddressSpaceInstance</u>	
A & C Enable Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACEnable	
A & C Alarm Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACAlarm	
A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Server Facet		Profile/Server/ACAckAlarm	
A & C Exclusive Alarming	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Server Facet		Profile/Server/ACExclusiveAlarming	
A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACNon-	
Server Facet		ExclusiveAlarming	
A & C Previous Instances	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Server Facet		<u>Profile/Server/ACPreviousInstances</u>	
A & C Dialog Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/ACDialog	
A & E Wrapper Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/AEWrapper	
Method Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Methods	
Auditing Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Server/Auditing	
Node Management Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		Profile/Server/NodeManagement	
Client Redundancy Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		Profile/Server/ClientRedundancy	
Redundancy Transparent	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Server Facet		<u>Profile/Server/TransparentRedundancy</u>	
	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		Profile/Server/VisibleRedundancy	
Historical Raw Data Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		Profile/Server/HistoricalRawData	
Historical Aggregate Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		Profile/Server/AggregateHistorical	
Historical Access Structured	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Data Server Facet		Profile/Server/HistoricalStructuredData	
Historical Data AtTime Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Facet		Profile/Server/HistoricalDataAtTime	
Historical Access Modified	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-	
Data Server Facet		Profile/Server/HistoricalModifiedData	
	•		

Profile	Related	URI
	Category	
Historical Annotation Server Facet	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Server/HistoricalAnnotation
Historical Data Update Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/HistoricalDataUpdate</u>
Historical Data Replace Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Server/HistoricalDataReplace
Historical Data Insert Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/HistoricalDataInsert</u>
Historical Data Delete Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/HistoricalDataDelete</u>
Base Historical Event Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Server/BaseHistoricalEvent
Historical Event Update Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/HistoricalEventUpdate</u>
Historical Event Replace	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Server Facet		<u>Profile/Server/HistoricalEventReplace</u>
Historical Event Insert Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/HistoricalEventInsert</u>
Historical Event Delete Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		<u>Profile/Server/HistoricalEventDelete</u>
Aggregate Subscription Server	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Server/AggregateSubscription
	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Server Profile		Profile/Server/NanoEmbeddedDevice
Micro Embedded Device	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Server Profile		Profile/Server/MicroEmbeddedDevice
Embedded UA Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Chandard IIA Camera Brafila	0.000	Profile/Server/EmbeddedUA
Standard UA Server Profile	Server	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Core Client Facet	Client	Profile/Server/StandardUA http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Core
Base Client Behaviour Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Behaviour
Discovery Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Discovery
AddressSpace Lookup Client		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	Chefft	Profile/Client/AddressSpaceLookup
Entry-Level SupportClient	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Entry-
Facet	Onent	LevelSupport
Multi-Server Client Connection	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/MultiServer
Facet	Onone	neepy, opens an action of growing management.
File Access Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/FileAccess
Documentation - Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/Client/Documentation
Attribute Read Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/Client/AttributeRead
Attribute Write Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/Client/AttributeWrite
DataChange Subscriber Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/DataChangeSubscriber
DataAccess Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/DataAccess
Event Subscriber Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Netting and Course III	Olionat	Profile/Client/EventSubscriber
Notifier and Source Hierarchy	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client Facet	Oli e i	Profile/Client/NotifierAndSourceHierarchy
A & C Base Condition Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	Olionat	Profile/Client/ACBaseCondition
A & C Address Space Instance	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client Facet	Client	Profile/Client/ACAddressSpaceInstance
A & C Enable Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACEnable

Profile	Related Category	URI
A & C Alarm Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACAlarm
A & C Exclusive Alarming		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client Facet		Profile/Client/ACExclusiveAlarming
A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACNon-
Client Facet		ExclusiveAlarming
A & C Previous Instances	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client Facet		Profile/Client/ACPreviousInstances
A & C Dialog Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/ACDialog
A & E Proxy Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/AEProxy
Method Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Method
Auditing Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Auditing
Node Management Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/NodeManagement
Advanced Type Programming	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client Facet		Profile/Client/TypeProgramming
Diagnostic Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Diagnostic
Redundant Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Client/Redundancy
Redundancy Switch Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/RedundancySwitch
Historical Access Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/Client/HistoricalAccess
	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/HistoricalAnnotation
Historical Data AtTime Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessAtTime
Historical Aggregate Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessAggregate
Historical Data Update Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/HistoricalUpdateData
Historical Data Replace Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/HistoricalReplaceData
Historical Data Insert Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/HistoricalInsertData
Historical Data Delete Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet		Profile/Client/HistoricalDeleteData
Historical Access Client Server	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Timestamp Facet	0	Profile/Client/HistoricalServerTimeStamp
Historical Access Modified	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Data Client Facet	Oli t	Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessModifiedData
Historical Structured Data	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
AtTime Client Facet	Olivert	Profile/Client/HistoricalAtTimeStructuredData
Historical Structured Data	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Access Client Facet	Olivert	Profile/Client/HistoricalAccessStructuredData
Historical Structured Data	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Modified Client Facet	Oli t	Profile/Client/HistoricalModifiedStructuredData
Historical Structured Data	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Delete Client Facet	Olivert	Profile/Client/HistoricalDeleteStructuredData
Historical Structured Data	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Update Client Facet	Olivert	Profile/Client/HistoricalUpdateStructuredData
Historical Structured Data	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Replace Client Facet	Client	Profile/Client/HistoricalReplaceStructuredData
Historical Structured Data	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Insert Client Facet	Cliont	Profile/Client/HistoricalInsertStructuredData
Historical Events Client Facet	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Historical Event Undeta Client	Cliont	Profile/Client/HistoricalEvents http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Historical Event Update Client	Client	Profile/Client/HistoricalUpdateEvents
Facet	l	1 Tome, chem, mistoricaropudtervents

Profile	Related	URI
Historical Francis Dealess Offices	Category	
Historical Event Replace Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	Ol: a -a t	Profile/Client/HistoricalReplaceEvents
Historical Event Delete Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	01: 1	Profile/Client/HistoricalDeleteEvents
Historical Event Insert Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	Ol: a -a t	Profile/Client/HistoricalInsertEvents
Aggregate Subscriber Client	Client	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	011	Profile/Client/AggregateSubscriber
User Token – Anonymous	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Facet	0.000	Profile/Security/UserToken/Anonymous
User Token – User Name		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/ Security/UserToken-Server/UserNamePassword
Password Server Facet	Security	
User Token – X509 Certificate	,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Server Facet	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken-Server/X509Certificate
User Token - Issued Token		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Server Facet	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken-Server/IssuedToken
User Token - Issued Token	,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Windows Server Facet	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken-
Haar Takan Haar Nama	OI: t	Server/IssuedTokenWindows
User Token – User Name	,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Password Client Facet	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken-Client/UserNamePassword
User Token – X509 Certificate	,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client Facet	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken-Client/X509Certificate
User Token – Issued Token	,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client Facet	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken-Client/IssuedToken
User Token - Issued Token	,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Windows Client Facet	Security	Profile/Security/UserToken-Client/IssuedTokenWindows
UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/uatcp-
		<u>uasc-uabinary</u>
SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
	T	Profile/Transport/soaphttp-wssc-uaxml
	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Transport/soaphttp-wssc-uabinary
Binary	T	
SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML-	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA- Profile/Transport/soaphttp-wssc-uaxml-uabinary
UA Binary	T	
HTTPS UA Binary	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/https-
HTTPS UA XML	Transmort	uabinary
HTTPS UA XIVIL	Transport	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Transport/https- uasoapxml
Security User Access Control	Socurity	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Full	Server	Profile/Security/UserAccessFull
Security User Access Control	Security,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Base	Security, Server	Profile/Security/UserAccessBase
	_	
Security Time Synchronization	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/Security/TimeSync
Best Practice – Audit Events	Security,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Dook Drocking Al	Server	Profile/Security/BestPracticeAuditEvents
Best Practice – Alarm	Security,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Handling	Server	Profile/Security/BestPracticeAlarmHandling
Best Practice – Program		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Access	Server	Profile/Security/BestPracticeProgramAccess
Best Practice – Random	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Numbers	0 11	Profile/Security/BestPracticeRandomNumbers
Best Practice – Timeouts	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Doct Droctice Administrative	Coourit	Profile/Security/BestPracticeTimeouts
Best Practice – Administrative	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Access	0 11	Profile/Security/BestPracticeAdministrativeAccess
Best Practice – Strict Message		http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Handling	Server	Profile/Security/BestPracticeStrictMessage

Profile	Related	URI
	Category	
Best Practice - Alarm	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Handling Client	Security	Profile/Security/BestPracticeAlarmHandlingClient
Best Practice - Audit Events	Client,	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
Client	Security	<u>Profile/Security/BestPracticeAuditEventsClient</u>
SecurityPolicy – None	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#None
SecurityPolicy -	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#Basic128Rs
Basic128Rsa15		<u>a15</u>
SecurityPolicy - Basic256	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#Basic256
SecurityPolicy -	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA/SecurityPolicy#Basic256Sh
Basic256Sha256		<u>a256</u>
TransportSecurity - TLS 1.0	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-Profile/
	-	<u>TransportSecurity/TLS-1-0</u>
TransportSecurity – TLS 1.1	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/TransportSecurity/TLS-1-1
TransportSecurity - TLS 1.2	Security	http://opcfoundation.org/UA-
		Profile/TransportSecurity/TLS-1-2

The contents of each of the listed *Profiles* will be described in a tabular form in a separate section. Each table may contain references to additional *Profiles* and or *ConformanceUnits*. If a *Profile* is referenced it means that it is completely included. The *ConformanceUnits* are referenced using their name and conformance group. For the details of the *ConformanceUnit* the reader should examine the *ConformanceUnit* details in the appropriate conformance group section.

#### 6.3 Conventions for Profile definitions

*Profiles* have the following naming conventions:

- Profiles intended for OPC UA Servers contain the term Server in their titles,
- Profiles intended for OPC UA Clients contain the term Client in their titles
- The term Facet in the title of a *Profile* indicates that this *Profile* is expected to be part of another larger *Profile* or concerns a specific aspect of OPC UA. *Profiles* with the term Facet in their title are expected to be combined with other *Profiles* to define the complete functionality of an OPC UA *Server* or *Client*.

## 6.4 Applications

A vendor that is developing a UA application, whether it is a *Server* application or a *Client* application, shall review the list of available *Profiles*. From this list the vendor shall select the *Profiles* that include the functionality required by the application. Typically this will be multiple *Profiles*. Conformance to a single *Profile* may not yield a complete application. In most cases multiple *Profiles* are needed to yield a useful application. All *Servers* and *Clients* shall support at least a core *Profile* (Core *Server Facet* or Core *Client Facet*) and at least one Transport *Profile* 

For example an HMI Client application may choose to support the "Core Client Facet", the "UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary" Profile, the "Data Access Client Facet", the "DataChange Subscriber Client Facet" and the "Attribute Write Client Facet". If the Client is to be TestLab tested then it would also support "Base Client Behaviour" Profile. This list of Profiles would allow the Client to communicate with an OPC UA Server using UA-TCP/UA Security/UA binary. It would be able to subscribe for data, write to data and would support the DA data model. It would also follow the best practice guideline for behaviour.

Figure 2 illustrates the *Profile* hierarchy that this application may contain: This figure is only an illustration and the represented *Profiles* may change.

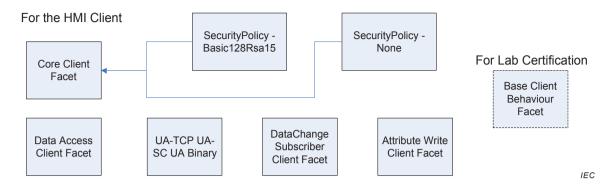


Figure 2 - HMI Client sample

Another example is an embedded device OPC UA Server application that may choose to support "Embedded UA Server" Profile and the "DataAccess Server Facet" Profile. This device would be a resource constrained device that would support UA-TCP, UA-Security, UA Binary encoding, data subscriptions and the DA data model. It may not support the optional attribute write. Figure 3 illustrates the hierarchy that this application may contain: This figure is just an illustration and the represented *Profiles* may change.

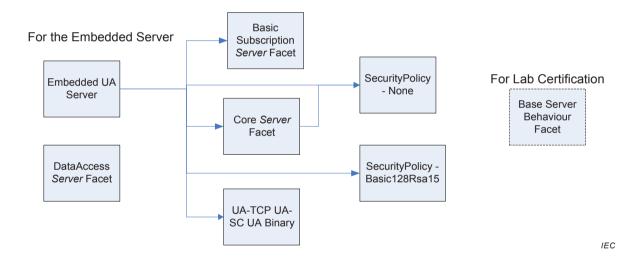


Figure 3 - Embedded Server sample

Another simple system *Server* application may choose to support: "Standard UA *Server*" *Profile* and the "DataAccess *Server* Facet" *Profile*. If the *Server* is to be lab tested then it would also support "Base *Server* Behaviour" *Profile*. This device would be a mid-level OPC UA *Server* that would support all that the embedded *Server* in the previous example supported and it would add support for an enhance level of the subscription service and support for writes. Figure 4 illustrates the hierarchy that this application may contain: This figure is just an illustration and the represented *Profile* may change.

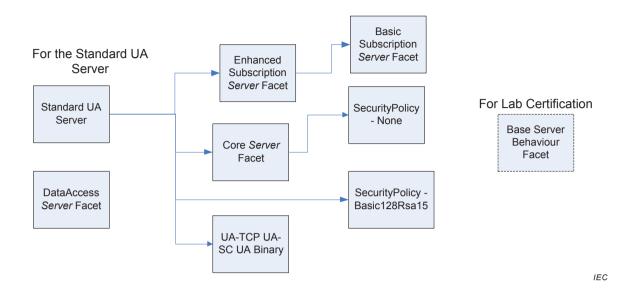


Figure 4 - Standard UA Server sample

If the example HMI *Client* were to connect to either of the example *Servers*, it may have to adjust its behaviour based on the *Profile* reported by the respective *Servers*. If the HMI *Client* were communicating with the embedded device it would not be able to perform any write operations. It may also have to limit the number of subscriptions or sessions based on the performance limits of the *Server*. If the HMI *Client* is connected to the Standard *Server* it would be able to open additional windows, have higher limits on performance related items and it would be able to allow writes.

# 6.5 Profile tables

#### 6.5.1 Introduction

All subclauses in 6.5 starting with 6.5.2 describe *Profiles* in a tabular format.

Each table contains three columns. The first column is a description of the conformance group that the *ConformanceUnit* is part of. This allows the reader to easily find the *ConformanceUnit*. This column may also state "*Profile*" in which case the listed item is not a *ConformanceUnit*, but an included *Profile*. The second column is a brief description of the *ConformanceUnit* or included *Profile*. The last column indicates if the *ConformanceUnit* is optional or required.

#### 6.5.2 Core Server Facet

Table 23 describes the details of the Core Server Facet. This Facet defines the core functionality required for any UA Server implementation. The core functionality includes the ability to discover endpoints, establish secure communication channels, create sessions, browse the AddressSpace and read and/or write to attributes of nodes. The key requirements are: Support for a single session, Support for the Server and Server Capabilities Object, All mandatory Attributes for Nodes in the AddressSpace, Authentication with UserName and Password. Support for a type system is not required nor does the Server need to support encryption and signing of user identity tokens (This assumes the Server also supports a transport that provides security.) This Facet has been extended with additional Base Information ConformanceUnits. They are optional to provide backward compatibility. In the future the ConformanceUnit "Base Info Server Capabilities" will become required, and so it is highly recommended that all Servers support it. For broad applicability, it is recommended that Servers support multiple transport and security Profiles.

Table 23 - Core Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	SecurityPolicy – None	False
Profile	User Token – User Name Password Server Facet	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Read	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Index	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Values	True
Base Information	Base Info Core Structure	False
Base Information	Base Info OptionSet	True
Base Information	Base Info Placeholder Modelling Rules	True
Base Information	Base Info Server Capabilities	True
Base Information	Base Info ValueAsText	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Find Servers Self	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Get Endpoints	False
Security	Security – No Application Authentication	True
Security	Security Administration	True
Session Services	Session Base	False
Session Services	Session General Service Behaviour	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 1	False
View Services	View Basic	False
View Services	View Minimum Continuation Point 01	False
View Services	View RegisterNodes	False
View Services	View TranslateBrowsePath	False

#### 6.5.3 Base Server Behaviour Facet

Table 24 describes the details of the Base *Server* Behaviour Facet. This Facet defines best practices for the configuration and management of *Servers* when they are deployed in a production environment. It provides the ability to enable or disable certain protocols, to set the security level and to configure the *Discovery Server* and specify where this *Server* shall be registered.

Table 24 - Base Server Behaviour Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Configuration	False
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Configuration	False
Security	Security Administration	False
Security	Security Administration – XML Schema	False
Security	Security Certificate Administration	False

#### 6.5.4 Attribute WriteMask Server Facet

Table 25 describes the details of the Attribute WriteMask Server Facet. This Facet defines the capability to update characteristics of individual *Nodes* in the *AddressSpace* by allowing writing to *Node Attributes*. It requires support for authenticating user access as well as providing information related to access rights in the *AddressSpace* and actually restricting the access rights as described.

Table 25 - Attribute WriteMask Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Security User Access Control Base	False
Address Space Model	Address Space UserWriteMask	False
Address Space Model	Address Space UserWriteMask Multilevel	True
Address Space Model	Address Space WriteMask	False

#### 6.5.5 File Access Server Facet

Table 26 describes the details of the File Access Server Facet. This Facet specifies the support of exposing File information via the defined FileType. This includes reading of file as well as optionally writing of file data.

Table 26 -File Access Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info FileType Base	False
Base Information	Base Info FileType Write	True

#### 6.5.6 Documentation Server Facet

Table 27 describes the details of the Documentation *Server* Facet. This Facet defines a list of user documentation that a server application should provide.

Table 27 - Documentation Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Documentation – Installation	False
Miscellaneous	Documentation – Multiple Languages	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation – On-line	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation – Supported <i>Profiles</i>	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation – Trouble Shooting Guide	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation – Users Guide	False

# 6.5.7 Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Table 28 describes the details of the Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet. This Facet specifies the minimum level of support for data change notifications within subscriptions. It includes limits which minimize memory and processing overhead required to implement the Facet. This Facet includes functionality to create, modify and delete Subscriptions and to add, modify and remove Monitored Items. As a minimum for each Session, Servers shall support one Subscription with up to two items, but, republish buffering is not required. In addition, support for two parallel Publish requests is required. This Facet is geared for a platform such as the one provided by the Micro Embedded Device Server Profile in which memory is limited and needs to be managed.

Table 28 - Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Basic	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 2	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor QueueSize_1	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Value Change	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 1	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Discard Policy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 02	False

# 6.5.8 Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Table 29 describes the details of the Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet. This Facet specifies the standard support of subscribing to data changes. This Facet extends features and limits defined by the Embedded Data Change Subscription Facet. As a minimum, Servers shall support 2 Subscriptions with at least 100 items for at least half of the required Sessions. The 100 items shall be supported for at least half of the required Subscriptions. Queuing with up to two queued entries is required. Support of five parallel Publish requests per Session is required. This Facet also requires the support of the triggering service. This Facet has been updated to include optional ConformanceUnits to allow for backward compatibility. These optional ConformanceUnits are highly recommended, in that in a future release they will be made mandatory.

Table 29 - Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded DataChange Subscription Server	False
	Facet	
Base Information	Base Info GetMonitoredItems Method	True
Method Services	Method Call	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 10	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 100	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor MinQueueSize_02	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Triggering	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitored Items Deadband Filter	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 02	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 05	False

#### 6.5.9 Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Table 30 describes the details of the Enhanced DataChange *Subscription Server* Facet. This Facet specifies an enhanced support of subscribing to data changes. It is part of the Standard UA *Server Profile*. This Facet increases the limits defined by the Standard Data Change *Subscription* Facet.

Table 30 - Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 500	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor MinQueueSize_05	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 05	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 10	False

#### 6.5.10 Data Access Server Facet

Table 31 describes the details of the Data Access *Server* Facet. This Facet specifies the support for an *Information Model* used to provide industrial automation data. This model defines standard structures for analog and discrete data items and their quality of service. This Facet extends the Core *Server* Facet which includes support of the basic *AddressSpace* behaviour.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Data Access	Data Access AnalogItems	True
Data Access	Data Access ArrayItemType	True
Data Access	Data Access Complex Number	True
Data Access	Data Access DataItems	False
Data Access	Data Access DoubleComplex Number	True
Data Access	Data Access MultiState	True
Data Access	Data Access PercentDeadband	True
Data Access	Data Access Semantic Changes	True
Data Access	Data Access TwoState	True

Table 31 - Data Access Server Facet

#### 6.5.11 ComplexType Server Facet

Table 32 describes the details of the ComplexType Server Facet. This Facet extends the Core Server Facet to include Variables with Complex Data, i.e. data that are composed of multiple elements such as a structure and where the individual elements are exposed as component variables. Support of this Facet requires the implementation of StructuredDataTypes and Variables that make use of these DataTypes. The Read, Write and Subscriptions service set shall support the encoding and decoding of these StructuredDataTypes. As an option the Server can also support alternate encodings, such as an XML encoding when the binary protocol is currently used and vice-versa.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Complex DataTypes	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Alternate Encoding	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Read Complex	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write Complex	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Alternate Encoding	True

Table 32 – ComplexType Server Facet

# 6.5.12 Standard Event Subscription Server Facet

Table 33 describes the details of the Standard *Event Subscription Server* Facet. This Facet specifies the standard support for subscribing to events and is intended to supplement any of the *FullFeatured Profiles*. Support of this Facet requires the implementation of *Event* Types representing the Events that the *Server* can report and their specific fields. It also requires at least the *Server Object* to have the *EventNotifier Attribute* set. It includes the *Services* to Create, Modify and Delete *Subscriptions* and to Add, Modify and Remove Monitored Items for *Object Nodes* with an "*EventNotifier Attribute*". Creating a monitoring item may include a filter that includes SimpleAttribute FilterOperands and a select list of Operators. The operators include: Equals, IsNull, GreaterThan, LessThan, GreaterThanOrEqual, Like, Not, Between, InList, And, Or, Cast, BitwiseAnd, BitwiseOr and TypeOf. Support of more complex filters is optional.

This Facet has been updated to include several optional Base Information *ConformanceUnits*. These *ConformanceUnits* are optional to allow for backward compatibility, in the future these

optional *ConformanceUnits* will become required, and so it is highly recommended that all servers support them.

Table 33 - Standard Event Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Events	False
Base Information	Base Info EventQueueOverflowEventType	True
Base Information	Base Info Progress Events	True
Base Information	Base Info SemanticChange	True
Base Information	Base Info System Status	True
Base Information	Base Info System Status underlying system	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Basic	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Complex Event Filter	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Events	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 10	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor QueueSize_ServerMax	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 02	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Discard Policy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 05	False

#### 6.5.13 Address Space Notifier Server Facet

Table 34 describes the details of the Address Space Notifier Server Facet. This Facet requires the support of a hierarchy of Object Nodes that are notifiers and Nodes that are event sources. The hierarchy is commonly used as a way to organize a plant into areas that can be managed by different operators.

Table 34 - Address Space Notifier Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Notifier Hierarchy	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Source Hierarchy	False

## 6.5.14 A & C Base Condition Server Facet

Table 35 describes the details of the A & C Base Condition Server Facet. This Facet requires basic support for *Conditions*. Information about *Conditions* is provided through *Event* notifications and thus this Facet builds upon the Standard *Event Subscription Server* Facet. *Conditions* that are in an "interesting" state (as defined by the *Server*) can be refreshed using the Refresh *Method*, which requires support for the *Method Server* Facet. Optionally the server may also provide support for *Condition* classes

Table 35 - A & C Base Condition Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Method Server Facet	False
Profile	Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh	False

#### 6.5.15 A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet

Table 36 describes the details of the A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet. This Facet specifies the support required for a Server to expose Alarms and Conditions in its AddressSpace. This includes the A & C AddressSpace information model.

Table 36 - A & C Address Space Instance Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances	False

#### 6.5.16 A & C Enable Server Facet

Table 37 describes the details of the A & C Enable Server Facet. This Facet requires the enabling and disabling of Conditions. This facet builds upon the A&C Base Condition Server Facet. Enabling and disabling also requires that instances of these ConditionTypes exist in the AddressSpace since the enable Method can only be invoked on an instance of the Condition

Table 37 - A & C Enable Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Enable	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances	False

#### 6.5.17 A & C Alarm Server Facet

Table 38 describes the details of the A & C *Alarm Server* Facet. This Facet requires support for *Alarms*. *Alarms* extend the ConditionType by adding an Active state which indicates when something in the system requires attention by an Operator. This Facet builds upon the A&C Base Condition Server Facet. This facet requires that discrete AlarmTypes be supported, it also allows for optional support of shelving, alarm comments and other discrete AlarmTypes such as Trip or Off-Normal.

Table 38 - A & C Alarm Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Comment	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrete	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Off Normal	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Shelving	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Trip	True

#### 6.5.18 A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet

Table 39 describes the details of the A & C Acknowledgeable *Alarm Server* Facet. This Facet requires support for Acknowledgement of active *Alarms*. This Facet builds upon the A & C *Alarm Server* Facet. Acknowledgement requires support of the Acknowledge *Method* and the Acknowledged state. Support of the Confirmed state and the Confirm *Method* is optional.

Table 39 - A & C Acknowledgeable Alarm Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Confirm	True

#### 6.5.19 A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

Table 40 describes the details of the A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet. This Facet requires support for Alarms with multiple sub-states that identify different limit Conditions. This facet builds upon the A&C Alarm Server Facet. The term exclusive means only one substate can be active at a time. For example, a temperature exceeds the HighHigh limit the associated exclusive LevelAlarm will be in the HighHigh sub-state and not in the High substate. This Facet requires that a Server support at least one of the optional Alarm models: Limit, RateOfChange or Deviation.

Table 40 - A & C Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Deviation	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Level	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Limit	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive RateOfChange	True

## 6.5.20 A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

Table 41 describes the details of the A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet. This Facet requires support for Alarms with multiple sub-states that identify different limit Conditions. This Facet builds upon the A&C Alarm Server Facet. The term non-exclusive means more than one sub-state can be active at a time. For example, if a temperature exceeds the HighHigh limit the associated non-exclusive LevelAlarm will be in both the High and the HighHigh sub-state. This Facet requires that a server support at least one of the optional alarm models: Limit, RateOfChange or Deviation.

Table 41 – A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Deviation	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Level	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Limit	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive RateOfChange	True

#### 6.5.21 A & C Previous Instances Server Facet

Table 42 describes the details of the A & C Previous Instances *Server* Facet. This Facet requires support for *Conditions* with previous states that still require action on the part of the operator. This facet builds upon the A&C Base Condition Server Facet. A common use case for this Facet is a safety critical system that requires that all *Alarms* be acknowledged even if it the original problem goes away and the *Alarm* returns to the inactive state. In these cases, the previous state with active *Alarm* is still reported by the *Server* until the Operator acknowledges it. When a *Condition* has previous states it will produce events with different Branch identifiers. When previous state no longer needs attention the branch will disappear.

Table 42 – A & C Previous Instances Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Branch	False

## 6.5.22 A & C Dialog Server Facet

Table 43 describes the details of the A & C Dialog Server Facet. This Facet requires support of Dialog Conditions. This Facet builds upon the A & C Base Condition Server Facet Dialogs are ConditionTypes used to request user input. They are typically used when a Server has entered some state that requires intervention by a Client. For example, a Server monitoring a paper machine indicates that a roll of paper has been wound and is ready for inspection. The Server would activate a Dialog Condition indicating to the user that an inspection is required. Once the inspection has taken place the user responds by informing the Server of an accepted or unaccepted inspection allowing the process to continue.

Table 43 - A & C Dialog Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Server Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Dialog	False

#### 6.5.23 A & E Wrapper Facet

Table 44 describes the details of the A & E Wrapper Facet. This Facet specifies the requirements for a UA Server that wraps an OPC Alarm & Event (AE) Server (COM). This Profile identifies the sub-set of the UA Alarm & Condition model which is provided by the COM OPC AE specification. It is intended to provide guidance to developers who are creating servers that front-end existing applications. It is important to note that some OPC A&E COM Servers may not support all of the functionality provided by an OPC UA A&C server, in these cases similar functionality maybe available via some non-OPC interface. For example if an A&E COM server does not support sending Alarm Acknowledgement messages to the system that it is obtaining alarm information from, this functionality may be available via some out of scope features in the underlying Alarm system. Another possibility is that the underlying system does not require acknowledgements or automatically acknowledges the alarm.

IEC 62541-7:2015 © IEC 2015

Table 44 – A & E Wrapper Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Events	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Notifier Hierarchy	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Source Hierarchy	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & E Wrapper Mapping	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Basic	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Complex Event Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Events	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Items 2	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor QueueSize_ServerMax	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Minimum 1	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Discard Policy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Publish Min 02	False

#### 6.5.24 Method Server Facet

Table 45 describes the details of the *Method Server* Facet. This Facet specifies the support of *Method* invocation via the Call service. Methods are "lightweight" functions which are similar to the methods of a class found in any object-oriented programming language. A *Method* can have its scope bounded by an owning *Object* or an owning *ObjectType*. Methods with an *ObjectType* as their scope are similar to static methods in a class.

Table 45 - Method Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Method	False
Method Services	Method Call	False

# 6.5.25 Auditing Server Facet

Table 46 describes the details of the Auditing Server Facet. This Facet requires the support of Auditing which includes the Standard Event Subscription Server Facet. Support of this Facet requires that Audit Events be produced when a client performs some action to change the state of the server, such as changing the AddressSpace, inserting or updating a value etc. The auditEntryld passed by the Client is a field contained in every Audit Event and allows actions to be traced across multiple systems. The Audit Event Types and their fields must be exposed in the Server's AddressSpace

**Table 46 – Auditing Server Facet** 

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Standard Event Subscription Server Facet	False
Auditing	Auditing Base	False

#### 6.5.26 Node Management Server Facet

Table 47 describes the details of the *Node* Management *Server* Facet. This Facet requires the support of the *Services* that allow the *Client* to add, modify and delete *Nodes* in the *AddressSpace*. These *Services* provide an interface which can be used to configure *Servers*.

This means all changes to the *AddressSpace* are expected to persist even after the *Client* has disconnected from the *Server* 

Table 47 - Node Management Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Model Change	False
Base Information	Base Info Type System	False
Node Management Services	Node Management Add Node	False
Node Management Services	Node Management Add Ref	False
Node Management Services	Node Management Delete Node	False
Node Management Services	Node Management Delete Ref	False

#### 6.5.27 Client Redundancy Server Facet

Table 48 describes the details of the *Client* Redundancy Server Facet. This Facet defines the *Server* actions that are required for support of redundant *Clients*. Support of this Facet requires the implementation of the TransferSubscriptions *Service* which allows the transfer of Subscriptions from one *Client's Session* to another *Client's Session*.

Table 48 - Client Redundancy Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Subscription Services	Subscription Transfer	False

## 6.5.28 Redundancy Transparent Server Facet

Table 49 describes the details of the Redundancy Transparent Server Facet. This Facet requires support for transparent redundancy. If Servers implement transparent redundancy then the failover from one Server to another is transparent to the Client such that the Client is unaware that a failover has occurred; the Client does not need to do anything at all to keep data flowing. This type of redundancy is usually a hardware solution.

Table 49 – Redundancy Transparent Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Server Transparent	False

## 6.5.29 Redundancy Visible Server Facet

Table 50 describes the details of the Redundancy Visible Server Facet. This Facet specifies the support for non-transparent redundancy. Failover for this type of redundancy requires the Client to monitor Server status and to switch to a backup Server if it detects a failure. The Server shall expose the methods of failover it supports (cold, warm or hot). The failover method tells the Client what it must do when connecting to a Server and when a failure occurs. Cold redundancy requires a Client to reconnect to a backup Server after the initial Server has failed. Warm redundancy allows a Client to connect to multiple Servers, but only one Server will be providing values. In hot redundancy multiple Servers are able to provide data and a Client can connect to multiple Servers for the data.

Table 50 - Redundancy Visible Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Server	False

## 6.5.30 Historical Raw Data Server Facet

Table 51 describes the details of the Historical Raw Data *Server* Facet. This Facet defines the basic functionality when supporting historical data access for raw data.

Table 51 – Historical Raw Data Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Data Max Nodes Read Continuation Point	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Read Raw	False
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True

# 6.5.31 Historical Aggregate Server Facet

Table 52 describes the details of the Historical Aggregate *Server* Facet. This Facet indicates that the server supports aggregate processing to produce derived values from raw historical data.

Table 52 - Historical Aggregate Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate – AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Average	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Count	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Custom	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationInStateNonZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – DurationInStateZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MaximumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MaximumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MinimumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – MinimumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – NumberOfTransitions	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – StandardDeviationPopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – StandardDeviationSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – StartBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Total	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Total2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – VariancePopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – WorstQuality2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate master configuration	False
Aggregates	Aggregate optional configuration	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Aggregates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Data Max Nodes Read Continuation Point	False

# 6.5.32 Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet

Table 53 describes the details of the Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet. This Facet indicates that the Server supports storage and retrieval of structured values for all supported access types. If a listed access type is supported then the corresponding optional ConformanceUnit shall be supported.

Table 53 - Historical Access Structured Data Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Delete	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Insert	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Read Modified	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Read Raw	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Time Instance	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Update	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Structured Data Replace	True

#### 6.5.33 Historical Data AtTime Server Facet

Table 54 describes the details of the Historical Data AtTime Server Facet. This Facet indicates that the historical Server supports reading data by specifying specific timestamps.

Table 54 - Historical Data AtTime Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Data Max Nodes Read Continuation Point	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Time Instance	False

#### 6.5.34 Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet

Table 55 describes the details of the Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet. This Facet defines support of reading modified historical values (values that where modified or inserted).

Table 55 - Historical Access Modified Data Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Modified Values	False

## 6.5.35 Historical Annotation Server Facet

Table 56 describes the details of the Historical Annotation Server Facet. This Facet defines support for the storage and retrieval of annotations for historical data.

Table 56 - Historical Annotation Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Annotations	False

## 6.5.36 Historical Data Update Server Facet

Table 57 describes the details of the Historical Data Update Server Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Update functionality.

Table 57 - Historical Data Update Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Update Value	False

#### 6.5.37 Historical Data Replace Server Facet

Table 57 Table 58 describes the details of the Historical Data Replace Server Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Replace functionality.

Table 58 - Historical Data Replace Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Replace Value	False

#### 6.5.38 Historical Data Insert Server Facet

Table 59 describes the details of the Historical Data Insert *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Insert functionality.

Table 59 - Historical Data Insert Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Insert Value	False
Historical Access	Historical Access ServerTimestamp	True

# 6.5.39 Historical Data Delete Server Facet

Table 60 describes the details of the Historical Data Delete Server Facet. This Facet includes Historical Data Delete functionality.

Table 60 - Historical Data Delete Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Delete Value	False

## 6.5.40 Base Historical Event Server Facet

Table 61 describes the details of the Base Historical *Event Server* Facet. This Facet defines the server requirements to support basic Historical *Event* functionality, including simple filtering and general access.

IEC 62541-7:2015 © IEC 2015

Table 61 - Base Historical Event Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Event Max Events Read Continuation Point	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Events	False

#### 6.5.41 Historical Event Update Server Facet

Table 62 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Update *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* update access functionality.

Table 62 - Historical Event Update Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Update Event	False

## 6.5.42 Historical Event Replace Server Facet

Table 62 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Replace *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* replace access functionality.

Table 63 - Historical Event Replace Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Replace Event	False

## 6.5.43 Historical Event Insert Server Facet

Table 64 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Insert *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* insert access functionality.

Table 64 - Historical Event Insert Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Insert Event	False

#### 6.5.44 Historical Event Delete Server Facet

Table 65 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Delete *Server* Facet. This Facet includes Historical *Event* delete access functionality

Table 65 - Historical Event Delete Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Historical Update	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Delete Event	False

## 6.5.45 Aggregate Subscription Server Facet

Table 66 describes the details of the Aggregate *Subscription Server* Facet. This Facet defines the handling of the aggregate filter when subscribing for *Attribute* values.

Table 66 - Aggregate Subscription Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription Server	False
_	Facet	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Average	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Count	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Custom	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription –	True
	DurationInStateNonZero	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – DurationInStateZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Filter	False
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MaximumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MaximumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – MinimumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – NumberOfTransitions	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Rangez	True
Aggregates	StandardDeviationPopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription –	True
Aggregates	StandardDeviationSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Start  Aggregate Subscription – StartBound	True
	Aggregate Subscription – StartBound Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage  Aggregate Subscription – TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – TimeAveragez  Aggregate Subscription – Total	
Aggregates		True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Total2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – VariancePopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – WorstQuality2	True
Monitored Item Service	es   Monitor Aggregate Filter	False

# 6.5.46 Nano Embedded Device Server Profile

Table 67 describes the details of the Nano Embedded Device Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile intended for chip level devices with limited resources. This Profile is functionally equivalent to the Core Server Facet and defines the OPC UA TCP binary protocol as the required transport profile.

Table 67 - Nano Embedded Device Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Core Server Facet	False
Profile	UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary	False

## 6.5.47 Micro Embedded Device Server Profile

Table 68 describes the details of the Micro Embedded Device Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile intended for small devices with limited resources. This Profile builds upon the Nano Embedded Device Server Profile. The most important additions are: support for subscriptions via the Embedded Data Change Subscription Server Facet and support for at least two sessions. A complete Type System is not required; however, if the Server implements any non-UA types then these types and their super-types must be exposed.

Table 68 - Micro Embedded Device Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Profile	Nano Embedded Device Server Profile	False
Base Information	Base Info Custom Type System	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 2 Parallel	False

#### 6.5.48 Embedded UA Server Profile

Table 69 describes the details of the Embedded UA Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile that is intended for devices with more than 50 MBs of memory and a more powerful processor. This Profile builds upon the Micro Embedded Device Server Profile. The most important additions are: support for security via the Security Policy – Basic128Rsa15 Facet, and support for the Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet. This Profile also requires that servers expose all OPC-UA types that are used by the Server including their components and their super-types.

Table 69 - Embedded UA Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Micro Embedded Device Server Profile	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15	False
Profile	Standard DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Profile	User Token – X509 Certificate Server Facet	False
Base Information	Base Info Engineering Units	True
Base Information	Base Info Placeholder Modelling Rules	True
Base Information	Base Info Type System	False
Security	Security Default ApplicationInstanceCertificate	False

## 6.5.49 Standard UA Server Profile

Table 70 describes the details of the Standard UA Server Profile. This Profile is a FullFeatured Profile that defines a minimum set of functionality required for PC based OPC UA servers. Such a server must provide the base AddressSpace structure with type nodes, instance nodes and diagnostic information. The Server must provide connection establishment through the OPC UA TCP binary protocol with security and the creation of at least 50 parallel sessions. It includes view services like browsing and the attribute services for reading and writing of current values. In addition, the monitoring of data changes is included

with a minimum of 5 subscriptions for half of the required sessions (total 225) and a minimum of 500 monitored items for half of the subscriptions (total 56250).

Table 70 - Standard UA Server Profile

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Embedded UA Server Profile	False
Profile	Enhanced DataChange Subscription Server Facet	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Write StatusCode & Timestamp	True
Base Information	Base Info Diagnostics	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Register	False
Session Services	Session Cancel	False
Session Services	Session Minimum 50 Parallel	False
View Services	View Minimum Continuation Point 05	False
Session Services	Session Change User	True

#### 6.5.50 Core Client Facet

Table 71 describes the details of the Core *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the core functionality required for any *Client*. This Facet includes the core functions for Security and *Session* handling.

Table 71 - Core Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15	False
Profile	SecurityPolicy – None	False
Profile	User Token – User Name Password Client	False
	Facet	
Profile	User Token – X509 Certificate Client Facet	False
Security	Security Administration	False
Session Services	Session Client Base	False
Session Services	Session Client Cancel	True
Session Services	Session Client Detect Shutdown	False
Session Services	Session Client General Service Behaviour	False
Session Services	Session Client Impersonate	True
Session Services	Session Client KeepAlive	False
Session Services	Session Client Renew Nodelds	True

## 6.5.51 Base Client Behaviour Facet

Table 72 describes the details of the Base *Client* Behaviour Facet. This Facet indicates that the *Client* supports behaviour that *Clients* shall follow for best use by operators and administrators. They include allowing configuration of an endpoint for a server without using the discovery service set; Support for manual security setting configuration and behaviour with regard to security issues; support for Automatic reconnection to a disconnected server. These behaviours can only be tested in a test lab. They are best practice guidelines.

Table 72 - Base Client Behaviour Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Configure Endpoint	False
Security	Security Administration	False
Security	Security Administration – XML Schema	False
Security	Security Certificate Administration	False
Session Services	Session Client Auto Reconnect	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	False

## 6.5.52 Discovery Client Facet

Table 73 describes the details of the *Discovery Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to discover *Servers* and their Endpoints.

**Table 73 - Discovery Client Facet** 

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Configure Endpoint	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Dynamic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers with URI	True
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Dynamic	False

# 6.5.53 AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet

Table 74 describes the details of the *AddressSpace* Lookup *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to navigate through the *AddressSpace* and includes basic AddressSpace concepts, view and browse functionality and simple attribute read functionality.

Table 74 – AddressSpace Lookup Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Change Events	True
Base Information	Base Info Client GetMonitoredItems Method	True
Base Information	Base Info Client Progress Events	True
Base Information	Base Info Client System Status	True
View Services	View Client Basic Browse	False
View Services	View Client Basic ResultSet Filtering	False
View Services	View Client RegisterNodes	True
View Services	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	True

## 6.5.54 Entry-Level Support Client Facet

Table 75 describes the details of the Entry-Level Support *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to interoperate with low-end *Servers*, e.g. *Servers* that support the Nano Embedded *Profile* (either by automatically adapting to the *Server* capabilities or through configuration). It implies respecting *Server* provided limits for *Session*, continuation points, *Subscription*, user authorization and locales.

Table 75 - Entry-Level SupportClient Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Session Services	Client Entry-Level Support	False

#### 6.5.55 Multi-Server Client Connection Facet

Table 76 describes the details of the Multi-Server Client Connection Facet. This Facet defines the ability for simultaneous access to multiple Servers.

Table 76 - Multi-Server Client Connection Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Session Services	Session Client Multiple Connections	False

#### 6.5.56 File Access Client Facet

Table 77 describes the details of the File Access *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use File transfer via the defined FileType. This includes reading and optionally writing.

Table 77 -File Access Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Base Information	Base Info Client FileType Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client FileType Write	True

#### 6.5.57 Documentation - Client

Table 78 describes the details of the Documentation – *Client*. This Facet provides a list of user documentation that a *Client* application should provide.

Table 78 - Documentation - Client

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Installation	False
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Multiple Languages	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – On-line	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Supported Profiles	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Trouble Shooting Guide	True
Miscellaneous	Documentation Client – Users Guide	False

#### 6.5.58 Attribute Read Client Facet

Table 79 describes the details of the *Attribute* Read *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read *Attribute* values of *Nodes*.

Table 79 - Attribute Read Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Complex	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read with proper Encoding	True

#### 6.5.59 Attribute Write Client Facet

Table 80 describes the details of the *Attribute Write Client Facet*. This Facet defines the ability to write *Attribute values of Nodes*.

Table 80 - Attribute Write Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Write Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Write Complex	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Write Quality & TimeStamp	True

## 6.5.60 DataChange Subscriber Client Facet

Table 81 describes the details of the DataChange Subscriber *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to monitor *Attribute* values for data change.

Table 81 - DataChange Subscriber Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client by Index	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Deadband Filter	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Modify	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Trigger	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Value Change	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Modify	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Republish	False

## 6.5.61 DataAccess Client Facet

Table 82 describes the details of the DataAccess *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to utilize the DataAccess Information Model, i.e., industrial automation data like analog and discrete data items and their quality of service.

Table 82 - DataAccess Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Complex DataTypes	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Complex	True
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read with proper Encoding	True
Data Access	Data Access Client Basic	False
Data Access	Data Access Client Deadband	True
Data Access	Data Access Client SemanticChange	True

#### 6.5.62 Event Subscriber Client Facet

Table 83 describes the details of the *Event* Subscriber *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to subscribe for *Event Notifications*. This includes basic AddressSpace concept and the browsing of it, adding events and event filters as monitored items and adding subscriptions.

Group Optional Conformance Unit / Profile Title Address Space Model Address Space Client Base False Monitored Item Services Monitor Client Complex Event Filter True Monitored Item Services Monitor Client Event Filter False Monitored Item Services Monitor Client Events False Monitor Client Modify Monitored Item Services True Monitored Item Services Monitor Client Trigger True Subscription Services Subscription Client Basic False Subscription Services Subscription Client Modify True Subscription Services Subscription Client Multiple True Subscription Client Republish Subscription Services False View Services View Client Basic Browse True View Services View Client TranslateBrowsePath True

Table 83 - Event Subscriber Client Facet

## 6.5.63 Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet

Table 84 describes the details of the Notifier and Source Hierarchy *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to find and use a hierarchy of *Objects* that are event notifier and *Nodes* that are event sources in the *Server AddressSpace*.

Table 84 - Notifier and Source Hierarchy Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Event Subscriber Client Facet	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Notifier Hierarchy	False
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Source Hierarchy	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	False

## 6.5.64 A & C Base ConditionClient Facet

Table 85 describes the details of the A & C Base Condition Client Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the *Alarm* and *Condition* basic model. This includes the ability to subscribe for Events and to initiate a Refresh method.

Table 85 - A & C Base Condition Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Event Subscriber Client Facet	False
Profile	Method Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh Client	False

## 6.5.65 A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet

Table 86 describes the details of the A & C Address Space Instance *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use *Condition* instances in the *AddressSpace*.

Table 86 - A & C Address Space Instance Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances Client	False

IEC 62541-7:2015 © IEC 2015

#### 6.5.66 A & C Enable Client Facet

Table 87 describes the details of the A & C Enable *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to enable and disable *Alarms*.

Table 87 - A & C Enable Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Enable Client	False

#### 6.5.67 A & C Alarm Client Facet

Table 88 describes the details of the A & C *Alarm Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the alarming model (the AlarmType or any of the sub-types).

Table 88 - A & C Alarm Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Comment Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Confirm Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrete Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Off Normal Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Shelving Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Trip Client	True

## 6.5.68 A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Table 89 describes the details of the A & C Exclusive Alarming *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the exclusive *Alarm* model. This includes understanding the various subtypes such as ExclusiveRateOfChangeAlarm, ExclusiveLevelAlarm and ExclusiveDeviationAlarm.

Table 89 - A & C Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Deviation Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Level Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Limit Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive RateOfChange Client	True

# 6.5.69 A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Table 90 describes the details of the A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the non-exclusive *Alarm* model. This includes understanding the various subtypes such as NonExclusiveRateOfChangeAlarm, NonExclusiveLevelAlarm and NonExclusiveDeviationAlarm.

Table 90 - A & C Non-Exclusive Alarming Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Alarm Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Deviation Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Level Client	True
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Limit Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive RateOfChange Client	True

#### 6.5.70 A & C Previous Instances Client Facet

Table 91 describes the details of the A & C Previous Instances *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use previous instances of *Alarms*. This implies the ability to understand branchIds.

Table 91 - A & C Previous Instances Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Branch Client	False

## 6.5.71 A & C Dialog Client Facet

Table 92 describes the details of the A & C Dialog *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the dialog model. This implies the support of *Method* invocation to respond to dialog messages.

Table 92 - A & C Dialog Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	A & C Base Condition Client Facet	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Dialog Client	False

## 6.5.72 A & E Proxy Facet

Table 93 describes the details of the A & E Proxy Facet. This Facet describes the functionality used by a default A & E *Client* proxy. A *Client* exposes this Facet so that a *Server* may be able to better understand the commands that are being issued by the *Client*, since this Facet indicates that the *Client* is an A&E Com *Client*.

Table 93 – A & E Proxy Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Acknowledge Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Alarm Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Basic Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C ConditionClasses Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Discrete Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Deviation Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Level Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive Limit Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Exclusive RateOfChange Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Instances Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Deviation Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Level Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive Limit Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Non-Exclusive RateOfChange Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Off Normal Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Refresh Client	False
Alarms and Conditions	A & C Trip Client	False
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Read Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Change Events	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Configure Endpoint	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers Dynamic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Find Servers with URI	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Basic	False
Discovery Services	Discovery Client Get Endpoints Dynamic	False
Method Services	Method Client Call	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Complex Event Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Event Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Events	False
Security	Security Administration	False
Security	Security Administration – XML Schema	False
Security	Security Certificate Administration	False
Session Services	Session Client Auto Reconnect	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Publish Configurable	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Republish	False
View Services	View Client Basic Browse	False
View Services	View Client Basic ResultSet Filtering	False
View Services	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	False

# 6.5.73 Method Client Facet

Table 94 describes the details of the Method Client Facet. This Facet defines the ability to call arbitrary Methods.

Table 94 - Method Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Method Services	Method Client Call	False

## 6.5.74 Auditing Client Facet

Table 95 describes the details of the Auditing *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to monitor *AuditEvents*.

Table 95 - Auditing Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Event Subscriber Client Facet	False
Auditing	Auditing Client Audit ID	False
Auditing	Auditing Client Subscribes	False

## 6.5.75 Node Management Client Facet

Table 96 describes the details of the *Node* Management *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to configure the *AddressSpace* of an OPC UA *Server* through OPC UA *Node* Management *Service* Set.

Table 96 - Node Management Client Facet

Group		Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Sp	ace Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Node	Management	Node Management Client	False
Services			

## 6.5.76 Advanced Type Programming Client Facet

Table 97 describes the details of the Advanced Type Programming *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the type model and process the instance *AddressSpace* based on the type model. For example a client may contain generic displays that are based on a type, in that they contain a relative path from some main type. On call up this main type is matched to an instance and all of display items are resolved based on the provided type model.

Table 97 - Advanced Type Programming Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Type Programming	False
View Services	View Client TranslateBrowsePath	False

## 6.5.77 Diagnostic Client Facet

Table 98 describes the details of the Diagnostic *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read and process diagnostic information that is part of the OPC UA information model.

Table 98 - Diagnostic Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space Client Base	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Basic	False
Base Information	Base Info Client Diagnostics	False

#### 6.5.78 Redundant Client Facet

Table 99 describes the details of the Redundant *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the redundancy feature available for redundant *Clients*.

Table 99 - Redundant Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Client	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client TransferSubscriptions	True

## 6.5.79 Redundancy Switch Client Facet

Table 100 describes the details of the Redundancy Switch *Client* Facet. A *Client* that supports this Facet supports monitoring the redundancy status for non-transparent redundant *Servers* and switching to the backup *Server* when they recognize a change.

Table 100 - Redundancy Switch Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Redundancy	Redundancy Client Switch	False

#### 6.5.80 Historical Access Client Facet

Table 101 describes the details of the Historical Access *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read, process, and update historical data.

**Table 101 - Historical Access Client Facet** 

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Browse	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Raw	False

#### 6.5.81 Historical Annotation Client Facet

Table 102 describes the details of the Historical Annotation *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to retrieve and write annotations for historical data.

Table 102 - Historical Annotation Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Profile	Historical Data Update Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Annotations	False

#### 6.5.82 Historical Data AtTime Client Facet

Table 103 describes the details of the Historical Data AtTime *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to access data at specific instances in time.

Table 103 - Historical Data AtTime Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Time Instance	False

# 6.5.83 Historical Aggregate Client Facet

Table 104 describes the details of the Historical Aggregate *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read historical data by specifying the needed aggregate. This implies consideration of the list of aggregates supported by the *Server*.

Table 104 - Historical Aggregate Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Average	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Count	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Custom Aggregates	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DurationInStateNonZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client DurationInStateZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client MaximumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client MinimumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client MinimumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client NumberOfTransitions	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client StandardDeviationPopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client StandardDeviationSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate - Client StartBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Total	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Total2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client Usage	False
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client VariancePopulation	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate – Client WorstQuality2	True
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Aggregates	False

IEC 62541-7:2015 © IEC 2015

## 6.5.84 Historical Data Update Client Facet

Table 105 describes the details of the Historical Data Update *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to update historical data.

Table 105 - Historical Data Update Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Update	False

## 6.5.85 Historical Data Replace Client Facet

Table 105 describes the details of the Historical Data Replace *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to replace historical data.

Table 106 - Historical Data Replace Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Replace	False

#### 6.5.86 Historical Data Insert Client Facet

Table 107 describes the details of the Historical Data Insert *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to insert historical data.

Table 107 - Historical Data Insert Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Insert	False

## 6.5.87 Historical Data Delete Client Facet

Table 108 describes the details of the Historical Data Delete *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to delete historical data.

Table 108 - Historical Data Delete Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Data Delete	False

## 6.5.88 Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet

Table 109 describes the details of the Historical Access *Client Server* Timestamp Facet. This Facet defines the ability to request and process *Server* timestamps, in addition to source timestamps.

Table 109 - Historical Access Client Server Timestamp Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Server Timestamp	False

#### 6.5.89 Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet

Table 110 describes the details of the Historical Access Modified Data *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to access prior historical data (values that were modified or inserted).

Table 110 - Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Modified	False

#### 6.5.90 Structured Data AtTime Client Facet

Table 111 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data AtTime *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read structured values for historical nodes at specific instances in time.

Table 111 - Historical Structured Data AtTime Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data AtTime Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Time Instance	False

#### 6.5.91 Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet

Table 112 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Access *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read structured values for historical nodes.

Table 112 - Historical Structured Data Access Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Raw	False

#### 6.5.92 Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet

Table 113 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Modified *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read structured values for prior historical data (values that were modified or inserted).

Table 113 - Historical Structured Data Modified Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Access Modified Data Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Read Modified	False

#### 6.5.93 Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet

Table 114 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Delete *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to remove structured historical data.

Table 114 - Historical Structured Data Delete Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Delete Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Delete	False

#### 6.5.94 Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet

Table 115 describes the details of the Historical Structure Data Update *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to update structured historical data.

Table 115 - Historical Structured Data Update Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Update Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Update	False

## 6.5.95 Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet

Table 115 describes the details of the Historical Structure Data Replace *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to replace structured historical data.

Table 116 - Historical Structured Data Replace Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Update Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Replace	False

## 6.5.96 Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet

Table 117 describes the details of the Historical Structured Data Insert *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to insert structured historical data.

Table 117 - Historical Structured Data Insert Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Historical Data Insert Client Facet	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Structure Data Insert	False

## 6.5.97 Historical Events Client Facet

Table 118 describes the details of the Historical Events *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to read Historical Events, including simple filtering.

Table 118 - Historical Events Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Read	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Read Events	False

#### 6.5.98 Historical Event Update Client Facet

Table 119 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Update *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to update historical events.

## Table 119 - Historical Event Update Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Updates	False

## 6.5.99 Historical Event Replace Client Facet

Table 119 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Replace *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to replace historical events.

Table 120 - Historical Event Replace Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Replaces	False

## 6.5.100 Historical Event Delete Client Facet

Table 121 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Delete *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to delete of Historical events.

Table 121 - Historical Event Delete Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Deletes	False

## 6.5.101 Historical Event Insert Client Facet

Table 122 describes the details of the Historical *Event* Insert *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to insert historical events.

Table 122 - Historical Event Insert Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Attribute Services	Attribute Client Historical Updates	False
Historical Access	Historical Access Client Event Inserts	False

## 6.5.102 Aggregate Subscriber Client Facet

Table 123 describes the details of the Aggregate Subscriber *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the aggregate filter when subscribing for *Attribute* values.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client DeltaBounds	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client AnnotationCount	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Average	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Count	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Custom	True
Aggregates	Aggregates Aggregate Subscription – Client Delta	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationInStateNonZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client DurationInStateZero	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client End	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client EndBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Filter	False
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Interpolative	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Maximum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Maximum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client MaximumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client MaximumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Minimum	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Minimum2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client MinimumActualTime	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client MinimumActualTime2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client NumberOfTransition	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client PercentBad	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client PercentGood	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Range	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Range2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client StandardDevPopulation	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client StandardDevSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Start	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client StartBound	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client TimeAverage	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client TimeAverage2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Total	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client Total2	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client	True
	VariancePopulation	
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client VarianceSample	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality	True
Aggregates	Aggregate Subscription – Client WorstQuality2	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Aggregate Filter	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client by Index	False
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Modify	True
Monitored Item Services	Monitor Client Value Change	False

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Basic	False
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Modify	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Multiple	True
Subscription Services	Subscription Client Republish	True

## 6.5.103 User Token - Anonymous Facet

Table 124 describes the details of the User Token – Anonymous Facet. This Facet indicates that anonymous User Tokens are supported.

Table 124 - User Token - Anonymous Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User Anonymous	False

#### 6.5.104 User Token - User Name Password Server Facet

Table 125 describes the details of the User Token – User Name Password Server Facet. This Facet indicates that a user token that is comprised of a username and password is supported. This User Token can affect the behaviour of the Activate Session Service.

Table 125 - User Token - User Name Password Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User Name Password	False

## 6.5.105 User Token - X509 Certificate Server Facet

Table 126 describes the details of the User Token – X509 *Certificate* Server Facet. This Facet indicates that the use of an X509 certificates to identify users is supported.

Table 126 - User Token - X509 Certificate Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User X509	False

## 6.5.106 User Token - Issued Token Server Facet

Table 127 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token Server Facet. This Facet indicates that a User Token that is comprised of an issued token is supported.

Table 127 - User Token - Issued Token Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos	False

## 6.5.107 User Token - Issued Token Windows Server Facet

Table 128 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token Windows Server Facet. This Facet further refines the User Token – Issued Token to indicate a windows implementation of Kerberos

Table 128 - User Token - Issued Token Windows Server Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	User Token – Issued Token Facet	False
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows	False

#### 6.5.108 User Token - User Name Password Client Facet

Table 129 describes the details of the User Token – User Name Password *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use a user token that is comprised of a username and password.

Table 129 - User Token - User Name Password Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User Name Password Client	False

#### 6.5.109 User Token - X509 Certificate Client Facet

Table 130 describes the details of the User Token – X509 *Certificate Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use an X509 certificates to identify users.

Table 130 - User Token - X509 Certificate Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User X509 Client	False

#### 6.5.110 User Token - Issued Token Client Facet

Table 131 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the User Token – Issued Token (Kerberos) to connect to a server

Table 131 - User Token - Issued Token Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Client	False

## 6.5.111 User Token - Issued Token Windows Client Facet

Table 132 describes the details of the User Token – Issued Token Windows *Client* Facet. This Facet defines the ability to use the User Token – Issued Token (Windows implementation of Kerberos) to connect to a server

Table 132 - User Token - Issued Token Windows Client Facet

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows Client	False

# 6.5.112 UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary

Table 133 describes the details of the UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that is optimized for low resource consumption and high performance. It combines the simple TCP based network protocol UA TCP 1.0 with the binary security protocol UA SecureConversation 1.0 and the binary message encoding UA Binary 1.0.

## Table 133 - UA-TCP UA-SC UA Binary

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol TCP Binary UA Security	False

#### 6.5.113 SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML

Table 134 describes the details of the SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that provides maximum compatibility with enterprise class web service applications through the use of XML encoded SOAP messages. The performance of this transport profile will not be as good as the profiles with binary encoded messages. It requires support for SOAP 1.2, WS-Secure Conversation and the UA XML Encoding 1.0

#### Table 134 - SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Soap Xml WS Security	False

## 6.5.114 SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA Binary

Table 135 describes the details of the SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA Binary. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that balances compatibility with enterprise class web service applications and performance through the use of SOAP message bodies that contain UA binary encoded messages. It requires support for SOAP 1.2, WS-Secure Conversation and the UA Binary Encoding 1.0.

Table 135 - SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA Binary

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Soap Binary WS Security	False

## 6.5.115 SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML-UA Binary

Table 136 describes the details of the SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML-UA Binary. This transport Facet combines the SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA Binary and SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML Facets. It is used by *Servers* that allow the *Client* to choose whether messages are encoded with XML or Binary. It requires support for SOAP 1.2, WS-Secure Conversation and the UA Binary Encoding 1.0 and the UA XML Encoding 1.0.

Table 136 - SOAP-HTTP WS-SC UA XML-UA Binary

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Soap Binary WS Security	False
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol Soap Xml WS Security	False

## 6.5.116 HTTPS UA Binary

Table 137 describes the details of the HTTPS UA Binary. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that balances compatibility with widely used HTTPS transport and a compact UA binary encoded message for added performance. It is expected that this transport will be used to support installations where firewalls only permit HTTPS or where a WEB browser is used as *Client*. This transport requires that one of the TransportSecurity Profiles for TLS be provided.

## Table 137 - HTTPS UA Binary

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol HTTPS with UA Binary	False
Security	Security TLS General	False

## 6.5.117 HTTPS UA XML

Table 138 describes the details of the HTTPS UA XML. This transport Facet defines a combination of network protocol, security protocol and message encoding that uses HTTPS transport and a SOAP XML encoded message for use with standard SOAP toolkits. This transport requires that one of the TransportSecurity Profiles for TLS be provided.

Table 138 - HTTPS UA XML

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Protocol and Encoding	Protocol HTTPS with Soap	False
Security	Security TLS General	False

## 6.5.118 Security User Access Control Full

Table 139 describes the details of the Security User Access Control Full. A server that supports this profile supports restricting multiple levels of access to all *Nodes* in the *AddressSpace* based on the validated user.

Table 139 - Security User Access Control Full

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Profile	Security User Access Control Base	False
Address Space Model	Address Space User Access Level Full	False

## 6.5.119 Security User Access Control Base

Table 140 describes the details of the Security User Access Control Base. A server that supports this profile supports restricting some level of access to some *Nodes* in the *AddressSpace* based on the validated user.

Table 140 - Security User Access Control Base

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Address Space Model	Address Space User Access Level Base	False
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos	True
Security	Security User IssuedToken Kerberos Windows	True
Security	Security User Name Password	False
Security	Security User X509	True

## 6.5.120 Security Time Synchronization

Table 141 describes the details of the Security Time Synchronization. This Facet indicates that the application supports the minimum required level of time synchronization to ensure secure communication. One of the optional time synchronization conformance units must be supported.

## Table 141 – Security Time Synchronization

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Time Synch – Configuration	False
Security	Security Time Synch – NTP / OS Based support	True
Security	Security Time Synch – UA based support	True

#### 6.5.121 Best Practice - Audit Events

Table 142 describes the details of the Best Practice – Audit Events. Subscriptions for Audit Events shall be restricted to authorized personnel.

Table 142 - Best Practice - Audit Events

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Audit Events	False

## 6.5.122 Best Practice - Alarm Handling

Table 143 describes the details of the Best Practice – *Alarm* Handling. A server should restrict critical alarm handling functionality to users that have the appropriate rights to perform these actions

Table 143 - Best Practice - Alarm Handling

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Alarm Handling	False

#### 6.5.123 Best Practice - Random Numbers

Table 144 describes the details of the Best Practice – Random Numbers. All random numbers that are required for security should use appropriate cryptographic library based random number generators.

Table 144 - Best Practice - Random Numbers

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Random Numbers	False

## 6.5.124 Best Practice - Timeouts

Table 145 describes the details of the Best Practice – Timeouts. The administrator should be able to configure reasonable timeouts for Secure Channels, *Sessions* and *Subscriptions*. Setting these timeouts allows limiting Denial of Service attacks and overload issues.

Table 145 - Best Practice - Timeouts

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Timeouts	False

#### 6.5.125 Best Practice - Administrative Access

Table 146 describes the details of the Best Practice – Administrative Access. The Server and Client allow restricting the use of certain Services and access to parts of the AddressSpace to

administrative personnel. This includes multiple level of administrative access on platforms that support multiple administrative roles (such as Windows or Linux).

Table 146 - Best Practice - Administrative Access

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Administrative Access	False

#### 6.5.126 Best Practice - Strict Message Handling

Table 147 describes the details of the Best Practice – Strict *Message* Handling. *Server* and *Client* reject messages that are incorrectly formed as specified in IEC 62541-4 and IEC 62541-6.

Table 147 - Best Practice - Strict Message Handling

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Strict Message Handling	False

#### 6.5.127 Best Practice - Audit Events Client

Table 148 describes the details of the Best Practice – Audit Events *Client*. Audit Tracking system connect to a server using a secure channel and under the appropriate authorization to allow access to Audit events.

Table 148 - Best Practice - Audit Events Client

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Miscellaneous	Best Practice – Audit Events Client	False

## 6.5.128 SecurityPolicy - None

Table 149 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy – None. This security Facet defines a SecurityPolicy used for configurations with the lowest security needs. This SecurityPolicy can affect the behaviour of the CreateSession and Activate Session services. It also results in a SecureChannel which has no Channel Security. By default this SecurityPolicy should be disabled if any other SecurityPolicies are available.

Table 149 - SecurityPolicy - None

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security None	False
Security	Security None CreateSession ActivateSession	False

## 6.5.129 SecurityPolicy - Basic128Rsa15

Table 150 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy – Basic128Rsa15. This security Facet defines a Security Policy for configurations with medium security. It requires a PKI infrastructure.

As computing power increases, SecurityPolicies are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provided recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. NIST recommends users of this SecurityPolicy should consider upgrading it for key lengths less than 2048 in 2010. NIST also recommends that this SecurityPolicy should be deprecated in 2012 for key lengths less than

False

2048. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Client* support all security profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed SecurityPolicies.

GroupConformance Unit / Profile TitleOptionalSecuritySecurity Basic 128Rsa15FalseSecuritySecurity Certificate ValidationFalseSecuritySecurity Encryption RequiredFalseSecuritySecurity Level 1False

Security Signing Required

Table 150 - SecurityPolicy - Basic128Rsa15

## 6.5.130 SecurityPolicy - Basic256

Security

Table 151 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy – Basic256. This security Facet defines a Security Policy for configurations with medium to high security needs. It requires a PKI infrastructure.

As computing power increases, SecurityPolicies are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provided recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. NIST recommends users of this SecurityPolicy should consider upgrading it for key sizes less than 2048 in 2010. NIST also recommends that this SecurityPolicy should be deprecated in 2012 for key sizes less than 2048. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Client* support all security profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed SecurityPolicies.

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Basic 256	False
Security	Security Certificate Validation	False
Security	Security Encryption Required	False
Security	Security Level 2	False
Security	Security Signing Required	False

Table 151 - SecurityPolicy - Basic256

## 6.5.131 SecurityPolicy - Basic256Sha256

Table 152 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy – Basic256Sha256. This security Facet defines a Security Policy for configurations with high security needs. It requires a PKI infrastructure.

As computing power increases, SecurityPolicies are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provided recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. This security Policy has no published end dates as of this time. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Client* support all security profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed SecurityPolicies.

Table 152 - SecurityPolicy - Basic256Sha256

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Basic 256 Sha256	False
Security	Security Level 3	False

#### 6.5.132 TransportSecurity - TLS 1.0

Table 153 describes the details of the TransportSecurity- TLS 1.0 Profile. This Facet defines a transport security for configurations with medium high security needs. It makes uses of TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_RC4\_128\_SHA. This security profile is less secure than TLS 1.2.

As computing power increases, security algorithms are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provide recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. NIST already recommends users of this TransportSecurity should upgrade to TLS 1.2. This Policy is listed for systems that do not support TLS 1.1 or 1.2. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Client* support all security profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed TransportSecurity Profiles.

Table 153 - TransportSecurity - TLS 1.0

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Level 1	False
Security	Security TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	False

## 6.5.133 TransportSecurity - TLS 1.1

Table 154 describes the details of the TransportSecurity- TLS 1.1. This Facet defines a transport security for configurations with medium high security needs. This security profile is less secure than TLS 1.2.

As computing power increases, security algorithms are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provided recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. NIST recommends users of this TransportSecurity should consider upgrading to TLS 1.2. This transport security is provided for systems that do not support TLS 1.2. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Client* support all security profiles and developers provide provided the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed TransportSecurity Profiles.

Table 154 - TransportSecurity - TLS 1.1

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Level 2	False
Security	Security TLS 1.1	False

## 6.5.134 TransportSecurity - TLS 1.2

Table 155 describes the details of the SecurityPolicy – TLS 1.2. This Facet defines a transport security for configurations with high security needs. It makes use of TLS 1.2 and uses TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256.

As computing power increases, security algorithms are expected to expire. NIST provides guidelines for expected expiration dates for individual algorithms. These guidelines provide recommended dates at which the algorithm should be replaced or upgraded to a more secure

algorithm. They do not indicate a failure of the algorithm. NIST has no recommendations for this TransportSecurity. It is recommended that *Servers* and *Client* support all security profiles and developers provide the recommended profile as a default. It is up to an administrator to configure the actual exposed TransportSecurity Profiles.

Table 155 - TransportSecurity - TLS 1.2

Group	Conformance Unit / Profile Title	Optional
Security	Security Level 3	False
Security	Security The Box William AFO OF O	False
	TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	

# Bibliography

Test Specifications:

Compliance Part 8 UA Server: OPC Test Lab Specification – Part 8 – UA Server

Compliance Part 9 UA Client: OPC Test Lab Specification – Part 9 – UA Client





# British Standards Institution (BSI)

BSI is the national body responsible for preparing British Standards and other standards-related publications, information and services.

BSI is incorporated by Royal Charter. British Standards and other standardization products are published by BSI Standards Limited.

#### About us

We bring together business, industry, government, consumers, innovators and others to shape their combined experience and expertise into standards -based solutions.

The knowledge embodied in our standards has been carefully assembled in a dependable format and refined through our open consultation process. Organizations of all sizes and across all sectors choose standards to help them achieve their goals.

#### Information on standards

We can provide you with the knowledge that your organization needs to succeed. Find out more about British Standards by visiting our website at bsigroup.com/standards or contacting our Customer Services team or Knowledge Centre.

## **Buying standards**

You can buy and download PDF versions of BSI publications, including British and adopted European and international standards, through our website at bsigroup.com/shop, where hard copies can also be purchased.

If you need international and foreign standards from other Standards Development Organizations, hard copies can be ordered from our Customer Services team.

## **Subscriptions**

Our range of subscription services are designed to make using standards easier for you. For further information on our subscription products go to bsigroup.com/subscriptions.

With **British Standards Online (BSOL)** you'll have instant access to over 55,000 British and adopted European and international standards from your desktop. It's available 24/7 and is refreshed daily so you'll always be up to date.

You can keep in touch with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards, both in single copy and subscription format, by becoming a **BSI Subscribing Member**.

**PLUS** is an updating service exclusive to BSI Subscribing Members. You will automatically receive the latest hard copy of your standards when they're revised or replaced.

To find out more about becoming a BSI Subscribing Member and the benefits of membership, please visit bsigroup.com/shop.

With a **Multi-User Network Licence (MUNL)** you are able to host standards publications on your intranet. Licences can cover as few or as many users as you wish. With updates supplied as soon as they're available, you can be sure your documentation is current. For further information, email bsmusales@bsigroup.com.

## **BSI Group Headquarters**

389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL UK

#### **Revisions**

Our British Standards and other publications are updated by amendment or revision.

We continually improve the quality of our products and services to benefit your business. If you find an inaccuracy or ambiguity within a British Standard or other BSI publication please inform the Knowledge Centre.

## Copyright

All the data, software and documentation set out in all British Standards and other BSI publications are the property of and copyrighted by BSI, or some person or entity that owns copyright in the information used (such as the international standardization bodies) and has formally licensed such information to BSI for commercial publication and use. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI. Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Department.

#### **Useful Contacts:**

#### **Customer Services**

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email (orders): orders@bsigroup.com
Email (enquiries): cservices@bsigroup.com

## Subscriptions

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email: subscriptions@bsigroup.com

#### **Knowledge Centre**

Tel: +44 20 8996 7004

Email: knowledgecentre@bsigroup.com

#### **Copyright & Licensing**

Tel: +44 20 8996 7070 Email: copyright@bsigroup.com

