

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components — Fibre optic connector interfaces —

Part 7: Type MPO connector family

ICS 33.180.20

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 61754-7:2008. It is identical to IEC 61754-7:2008. It supersedes BS EN 61754-7:2005 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted by Technical Committee GEL/86, Fibre optics, to Subcommittee GEL/86/2, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 October 2008

© BSI 2008

ISBN 978 0 580 57566 2

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Comments

English version

**Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components -
Fibre optic connector interfaces -
Part 7: Type MPO connector family
(IEC 61754-7:2008)**

Dispositifs d'interconnexion
et composants passifs à fibres optiques -
Interfaces de connecteurs
pour fibres optiques -
Partie 7: Famille de connecteurs
de type MPO
(CEI 61754-7:2008)

Lichtwellenleiter -
Verbindungselemente
und passive Bauteile -
Steckgesichter von
Lichtwellenleiter-Steckverbindern -
Teil 7: Steckverbinderfamilie
der Bauart MPO
(IEC 61754-7:2008)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2008-04-01. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of document 86B/2581/CDV, future edition 3 of IEC 61754-7, prepared by SC 86B, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC TC 86, Fibre optics, was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61754-7 on 2008-04-01.

This European Standard supersedes EN 61754-7:2005.

Specific technical changes involve the addition of an aligned key adaptor interface definition to address all existing MPO applications

The following dates were fixed:

- latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2009-01-01
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn (dow) 2011-04-01

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) and CENELEC draw attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this document may involve the use of a patent concerning MPO connectors.

The IEC and CENELEC take no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of this patent right.

The holder of this patent right has assured the IEC that he/she is willing to negotiate licences under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statement of the holder of this patent right is registered with the IEC. Information may be obtained from:

Intellectual Property Department,
Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation,
20-2 Nishi-shinjuku 3-Chome Shinjukuku,
Tokyo 163-14, Japan.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights other than those identified above. IEC and CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61754-7:2008 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

CONTENTS

1	Scope	4
2	Description	4
3	Interfaces	4
	Figure 1 – MPO connector configurations	5
	Figure 2 – MPO female plug connector angled interface	6
	Figure 3 – Optical datum target location diagrams	8
	Figure 4 – Gauge pin.....	10
	Figure 5 – Gauge for plug.....	11
	Figure 6 – MPO male plug connector angled interface	12
	Figure 7 – MPO adaptor interface.....	14
	Figure 8 – MPO female plug connector flat interface.....	16
	Figure 9 – MPO male plug connector flat interface.....	18
	Figure 10 – MPO backplane housing interface	20
	Figure 11 – MPO printed board housing interface	23
	Figure 12 – MPO aligned key adaptor interface.....	26
	Table 1 – Dimensions of the MPO female plug connector angled interface.....	7
	Table 2 – Dimensions of the gauge pin.....	10
	Table 3 – Dimensions of the gauge for plug.....	11
	Table 4 – Dimensions of the MPO male plug connector angled interface.....	13
	Table 5 – Dimensions of the MPO adaptor interface	15
	Table 6 – Dimensions of the MPO female plug connector flat interface	17
	Table 7 – Dimensions of the MPO male plug connector flat interface	19
	Table 8 – Dimensions of the MPO backplane housing.....	22
	Table 9 – Grade	23
	Table 10 – Dimensions of the MPO printed board housing interface.....	25
	Table 11 – Dimensions of the MPO aligned key adaptor interface	27

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – FIBRE OPTIC CONNECTOR INTERFACES –

Part 7: Type MPO connector family

1 Scope

This part of IEC 61754 defines the standard interface dimensions for type MPO family of connectors.

2 Description

The parent connector for type MPO connector family is a multiway plug connector characterized by a rectangular ferrule normally 6,4 mm × 2,5 mm which utilizes two pins of 0,7 mm diameter as its alignment. It is applicable to a joint of multiple fibres up to 12 fibres by arraying them between two pin-positioning holes in the ferrule. Furthermore, it is capable of joining up to 24 fibres by arraying them with a two layer arrangement. The connector includes a push-pull coupling mechanism and a ferrule spring loaded in the direction of the optical axis. The connector has a single male key which may be used to orient and limit the relative position between the connector and the component to which it is mated.

Connector interfaces are configured using a female plug without pins, a male plug with pins fixed and an adaptor as shown in Figure 1. The female plug is intermateable with the male plug.

Moreover, connector interfaces between the female plug and the male plug are configured by applying a backplane housing and a printed board housing instead of the adaptor.

3 Interfaces

This standard contains the following standard interfaces:

Interface 7-1: MPO female plug connector angled interface – Push/pull consisting of:

Interface 7-1-1 for 2 to 12 fibres

Interface 7-1-2 for 16 to 24 fibres

Interface 7-2: MPO male plug connector angled interface – Push/pull consisting of:

Interface 7-2-1 for 2 to 12 fibres

Interface 7-2-2 for 16 to 24 fibres

Interface 7-3: MPO adaptor interface – Push/pull

Interface 7-4: MPO female plug connector flat interface – Push/pull consisting of:

Interface 7-4-1 for 2 to 12 fibres

Interface 7-4-2 for 16 to 24 fibres

Interface 7-5: MPO male plug connector flat interface – Push/pull consisting of:

Interface 7-5-1 for 2 to 12 fibres

Interface 7-5-2 for 16 to 24 fibres

Interface 7-6: MPO backplane housing interface – Self-retaining

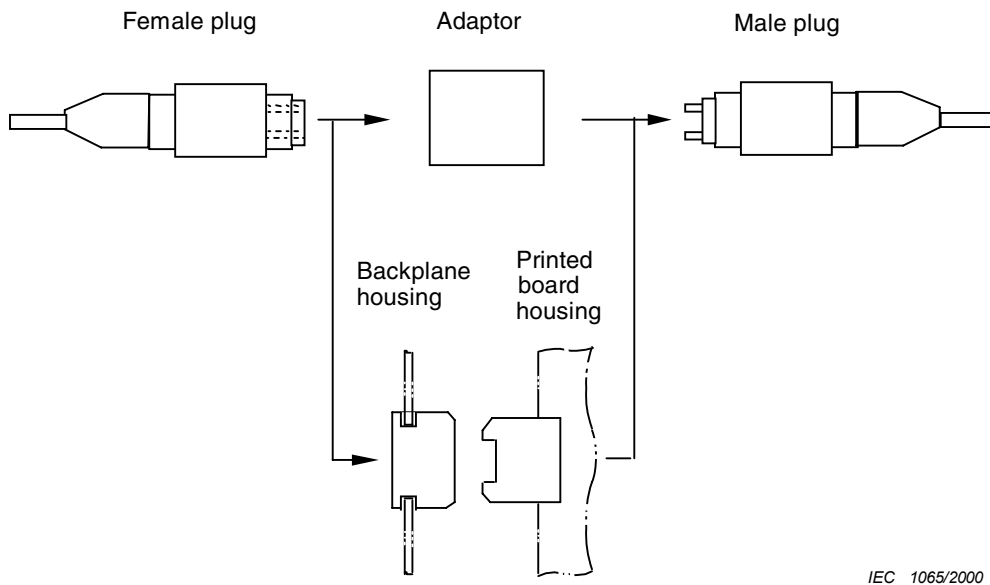
Interface 7-7: MPO printed board housing interface – Self-retaining

Interface 7-8: MPO adaptor interface – Push/pull, aligned key configuration

The following standards are intermateable:

Female plugs	Adaptors/housings	Male plugs
7-1-1	7-3	7-2-1
7-1-2	7-3	7-2-2
7-4-1	7-3 and 7-8	7-5-1
7-4-2	7-3 and 7-8	7-5-2
7-1-1	7-6 and 7-7	7-2-1
7-1-2	7-6 and 7-7	7-2-2
7-4-1	7-6 and 7-7	7-5-1
7-4-2	7-6 and 7-7	7-5-2

NOTE Connector interfaces among 2 to 12 fibres will intermate and will correctly align the lower defined numbers of optical datum targets. Also connector interfaces among 16 to 24 fibres will intermate and will correctly align the lower defined numbers of optical datum targets.



IEC 1065/2000

Figure 1 – MPO connector configurations

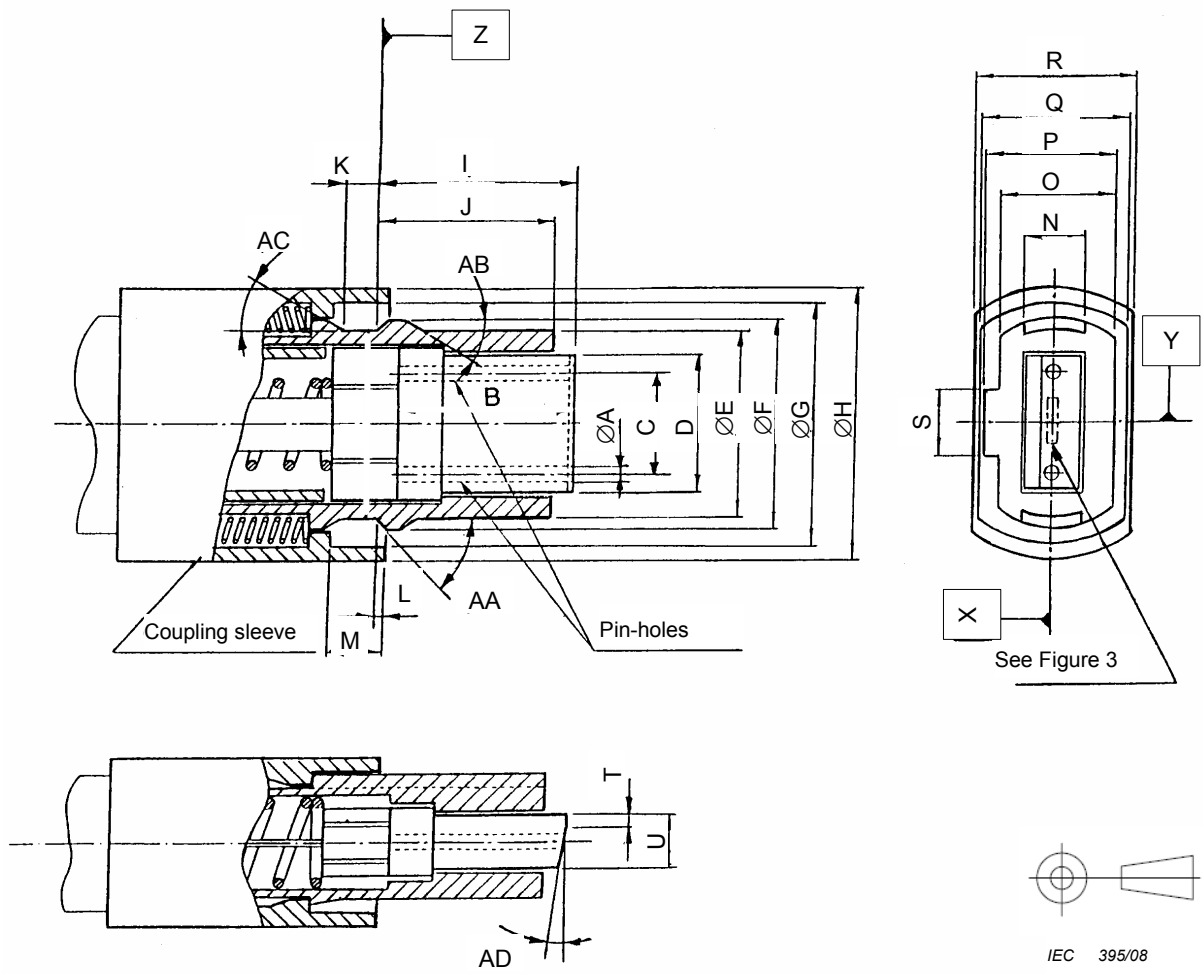


Figure 2 – MPO female plug connector angled interface

Table 1 – Dimensions of the MPO female plug connector angled interface

Reference	Dimensions		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
A	0,699 mm	0,701 mm	1
C	4,597 mm	4,603 mm	2
D	6,3 mm	6,5 mm	
E	8,34 mm	8,54 mm	
F	9,49 mm	9,59 mm	
G	10,85 mm	11,05 mm	
H	12,19 mm	12,59 mm	
I	8,8 mm	9,2 mm	3
J	7,9 mm	8,1 mm	
K	1,4 mm	–	
L	0,2 mm	0,8 mm	4 and 5
M	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
N	2,8 mm	3,0 mm	
O	4,89 mm	4,99 mm	
P	5,59 mm	5,69 mm	
Q	5,7 mm	–	
R	–	7,7 mm	
S	2,9 mm	3,1 mm	
T	–	0,8 mm	
U	2,4 mm	2,5 mm	
AA	42°	45°	
AB	–	45°	
AC	–	45°	
AD	7,5°	8,5°	

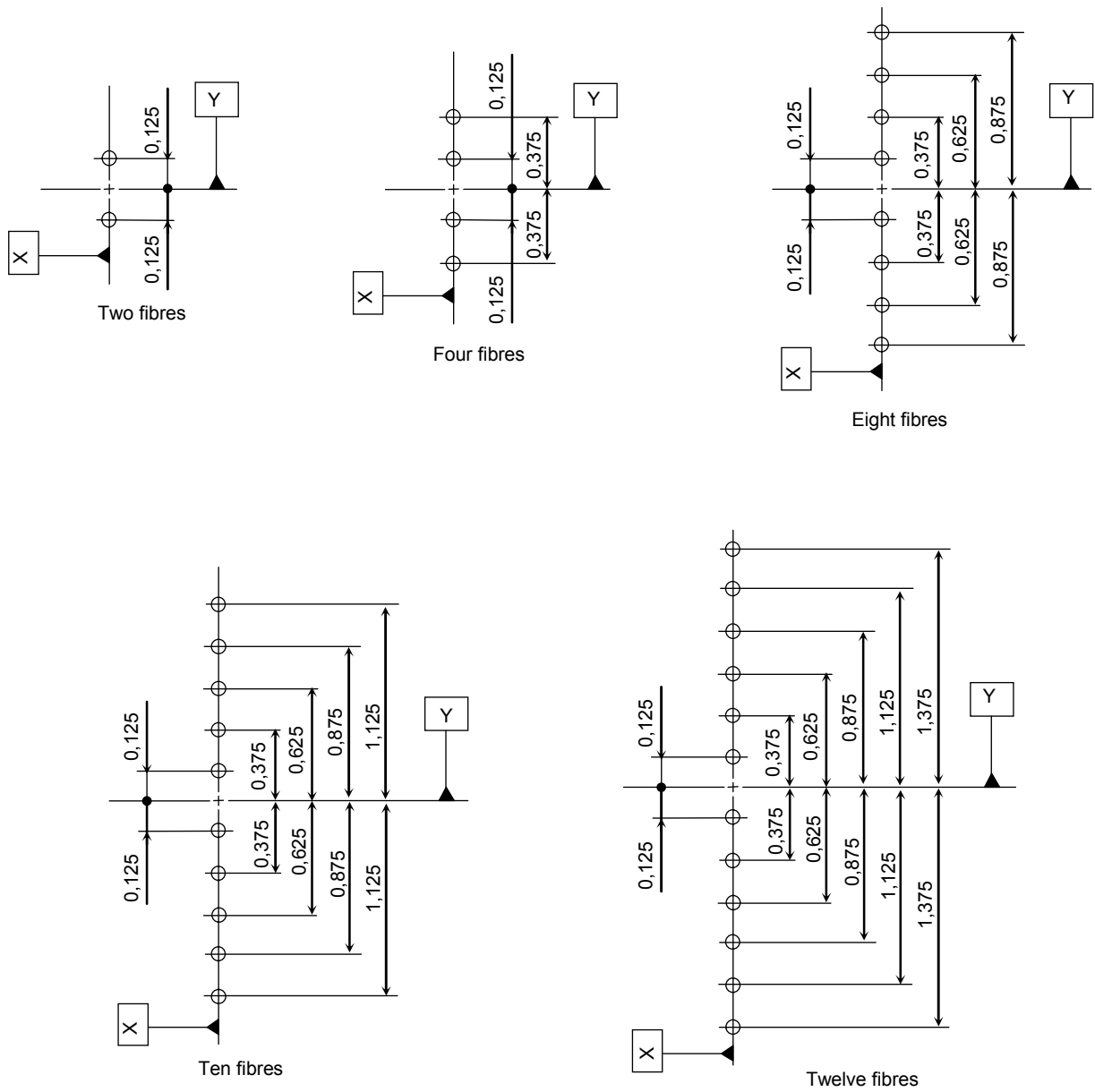
NOTE 1 Each pin-hole must accept a gauge pin as shown in Figure 4 to a depth of 5,5 mm with a maximum force of 1,7 N. In addition, two pin-holes of a plug must accept a gauge as shown in Figure 5 to a depth of 5,5 mm with a maximum force of 3,4 N.

NOTE 2 Dimension C is defined as the distance between two pin-hole centres.

NOTE 3 Dimension I is given for a fibre endface centre of a plug end when not mated. It is noticed that a ferrule is movable by a certain axial compression force, and therefore dimension I is variable. Ferrule compression force must be 7,8 N to 11,8 N when a position of the fibre endface from the datum Z is in the range of 8,2 mm to 8,4 mm.

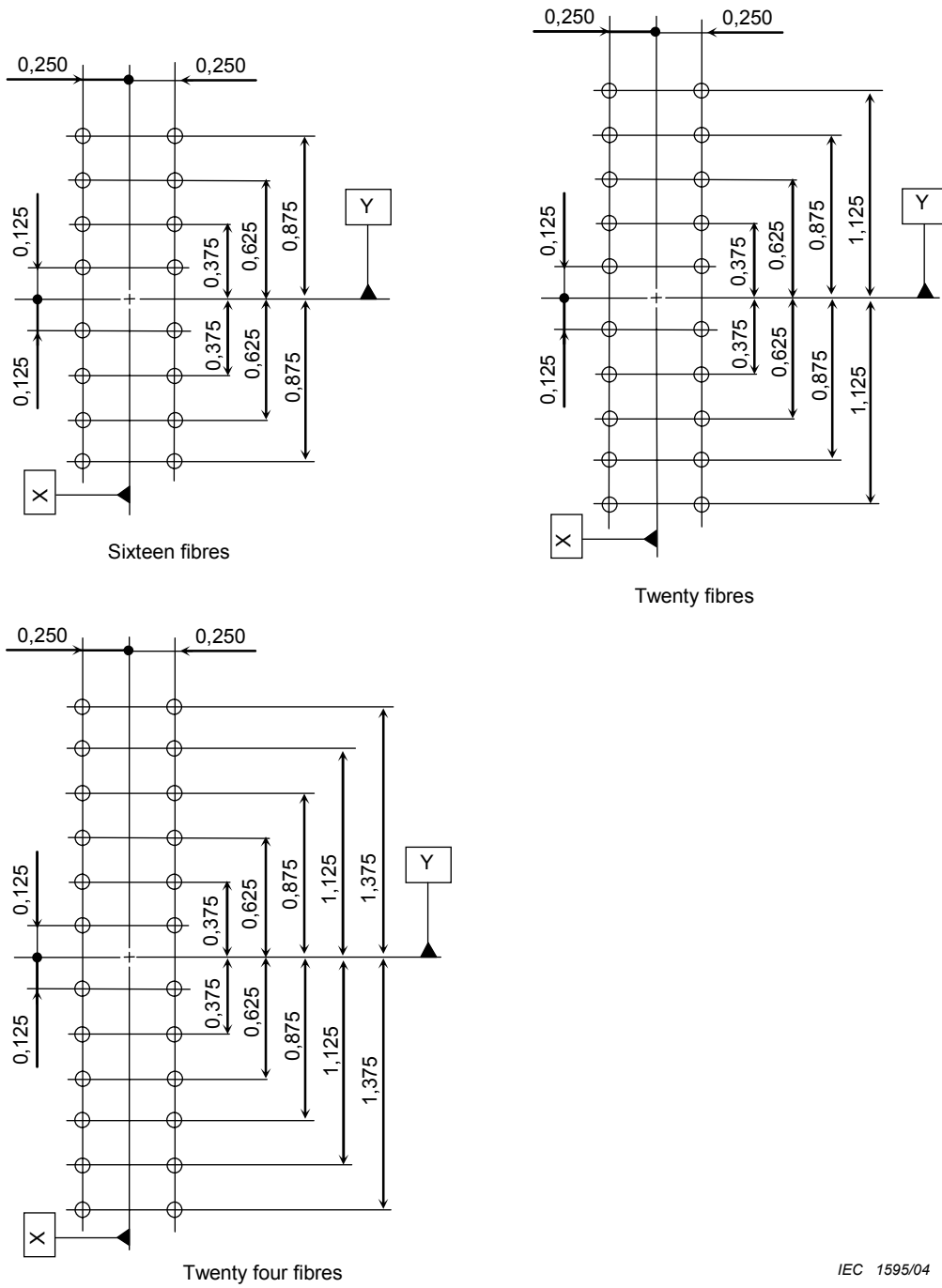
NOTE 4 Coupling sleeve must be movable by a certain axial compression force. Dimension L is given for a coupling sleeve end when not mated. Coupling sleeve compression force must be 2,9 N to 6,9 N when a position of the coupling sleeve endface from datum Z is in the range of 0 mm to 0,1 mm to the right or to the left of datum Z.

NOTE 5 An adaptor coupling part must be unlocked by a left-direction movement of a coupling sleeve, when it is separate from an adaptor. When the coupling sleeve is moved for unlocking, a position of the coupling sleeve endface must be larger than 2,0 mm in the left direction from the datum Z.



IEC 1594/04

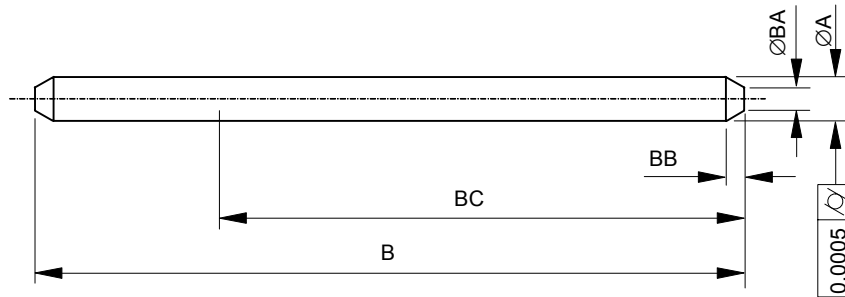
Figure 3 – Optical datum target location diagrams (1 of 2)



IEC 1595/04

NOTE The optical datum target location diagram is shown in the figure. Here, datum X is defined as the line passing through two pin-hole centres, and datum Y is defined as the line perpendicular to datum X and passing through the midpoint of two pin-hole centres.

Figure 3 (2 of 2)



IEC 1596/04

Figure 4 – Gauge pin

Table 2 – Dimensions of the gauge pin

Reference	Dimensions mm		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
A	0,698 5	0,699 0	1
B	10,8	11,2	2
BA	0,2	0,4	
BB	0,2	0,5	
BC	6,0	–	

NOTE 1 Surface roughness $R_z = 0,1 \mu\text{m}$ for the length of dimension BC.
NOTE 2 Typical dimensions.

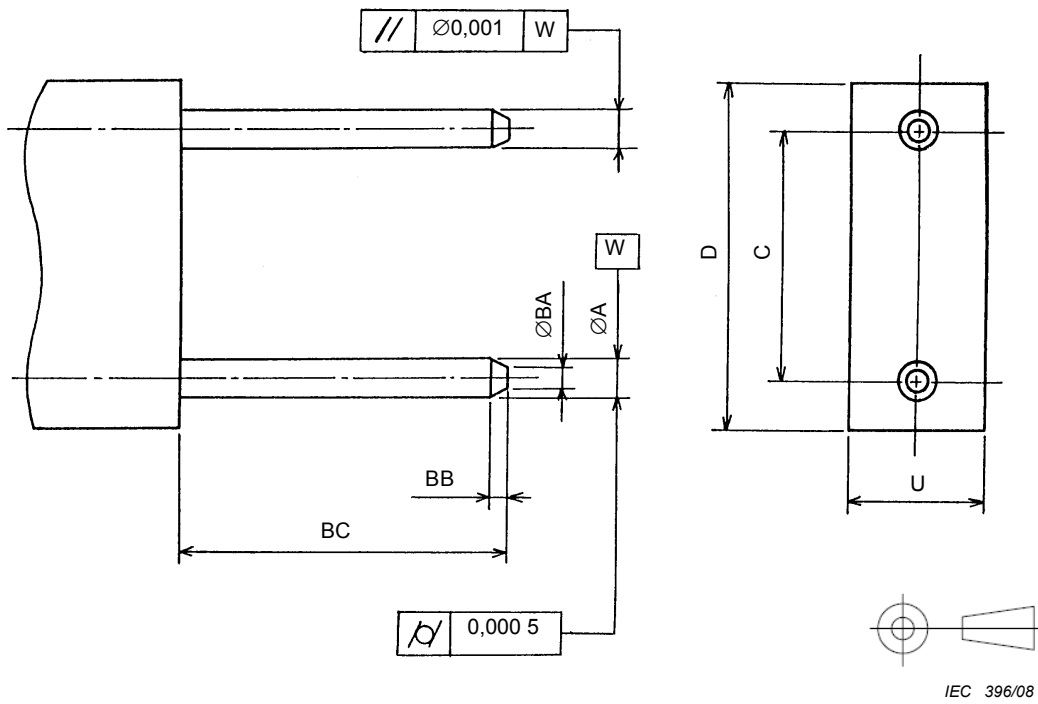


Figure 5 – Gauge for plug

Table 3 – Dimensions of the gauge for plug

Reference	Dimensions mm		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
A	0,698 5	0,699 0	For two pins, 1
C	4,599 5	4,600 5	
D	6,3	6,5	2
U	2,4	2,5	2
BA	0,2	0,4	
BB	0,2	0,5	
BC	6,0	6,5	

NOTE 1 Surface roughness $R_z = 0,1 \mu\text{m}$.
 NOTE 2 Typical dimensions.

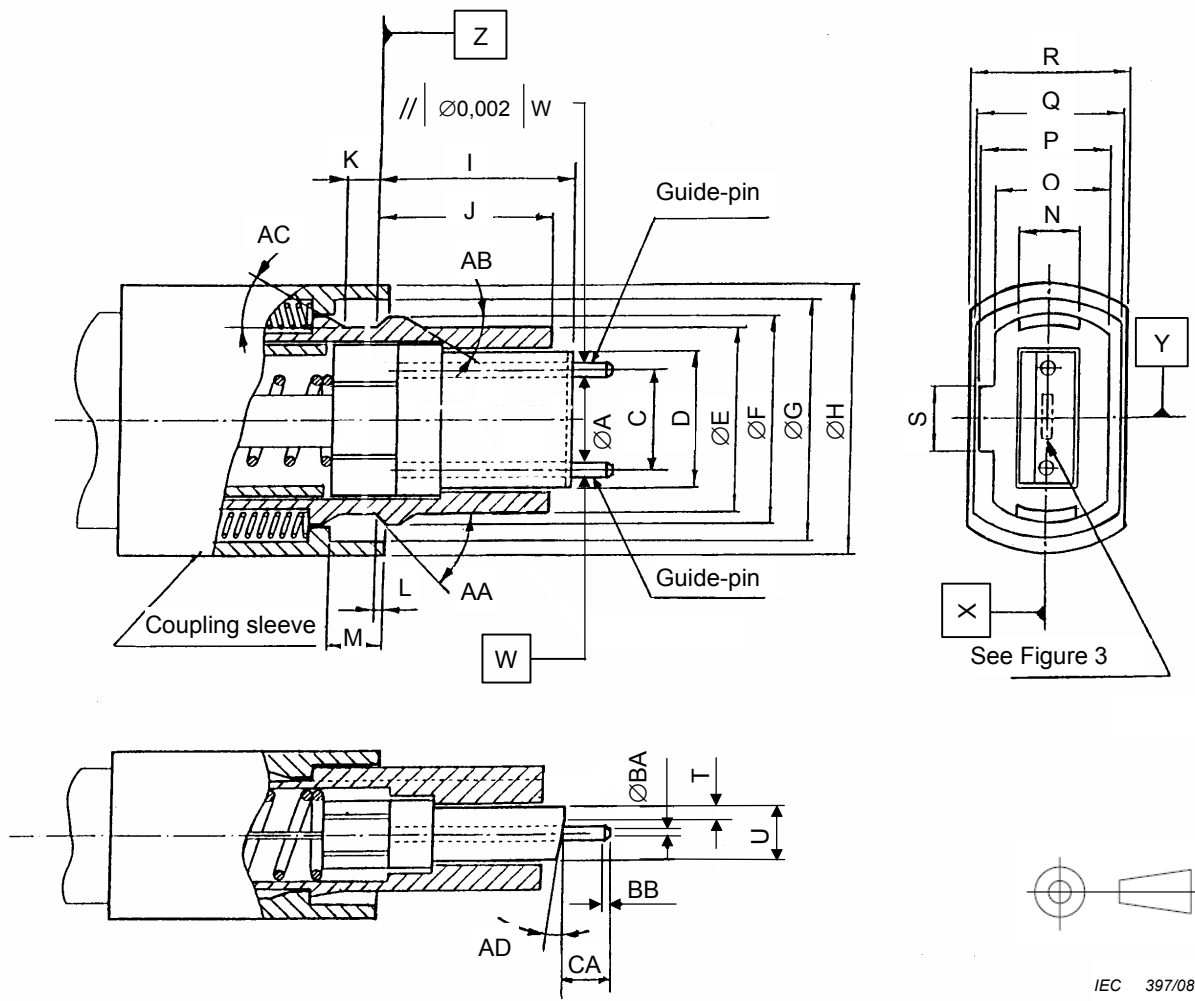


Figure 6 – MPO male plug connector angled interface

Table 4 – Dimensions of the MPO male plug connector angled interface

Reference	Dimensions		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
A	0,697 mm	0,699 mm	1
C	4,597 mm	4,603 mm	
D	6,3 mm	6,5 mm	2
E	8,34 mm	8,54 mm	
F	9,49 mm	9,59 mm	3
G	10,85 mm	11,05 mm	
H	12,19 mm	12,59 mm	4 and 5
I	8,8 mm	9,2 mm	
J	7,9 mm	8,1 mm	3
K	1,4 mm	–	
L	0,2 mm	0,8 mm	4 and 5
M	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
N	2,8 mm	3,0 mm	4 and 5
O	4,89 mm	4,99 mm	
P	5,59 mm	5,69 mm	4 and 5
Q	5,7 mm	–	
R	–	7,7 mm	4 and 5
S	2,9 mm	3,1 mm	
T	–	0,8 mm	4 and 5
U	2,4 mm	2,5 mm	
AA	42°	45°	4 and 5
AB	–	45°	
AC	–	45°	4 and 5
AD	7,5°	8,5°	
BA	0,2 mm	0,4 mm	4 and 5
BB	0,2 mm	0,5 mm	
CA	1,6 mm	3,3 mm	6

NOTE 1 Each guide pin must be retained with a minimum force of 19,6 N. Surface roughness R_z must be below 0,5 μm .

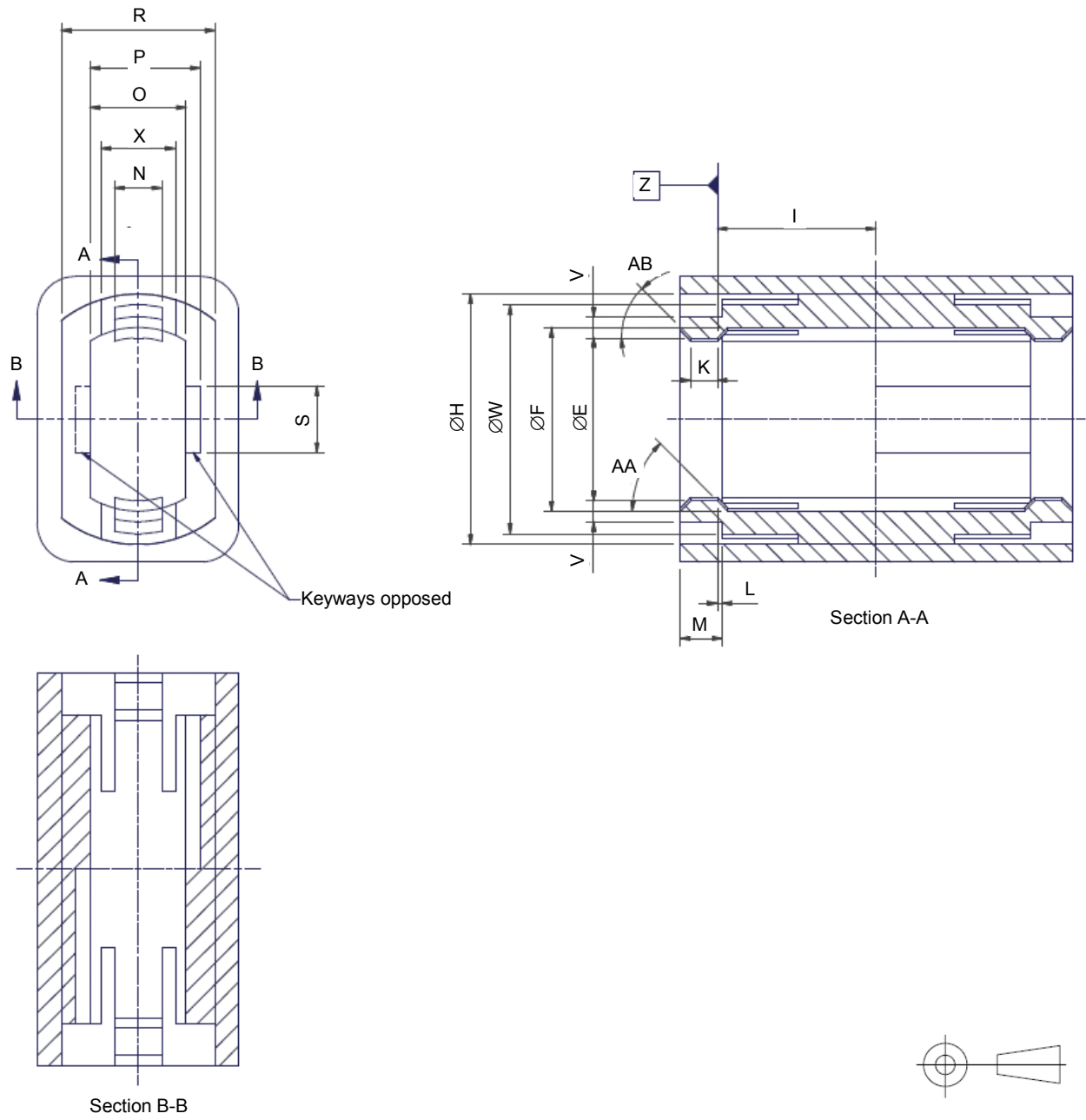
NOTE 2 Dimension C is defined as the distance between two guide-pin centres.

NOTE 3 Dimension I is given for a fibre endface centre of a plug end when not mated. It is noticed that a ferrule is movable by a certain axial compression force, and therefore the dimension I is variable. Ferrule compression force must be 7,8 N to 11,8 N when a position of the fibre endface from the datum Z is in the range of 8,2 mm to 8,4 mm.

NOTE 4 Coupling sleeve must be movable by a certain axial compression force. Dimension L is given for a coupling sleeve end when not mated. Coupling sleeve compression force must be 2,9 N to 6,9 N when a position of the coupling sleeve endface from datum Z is in the range of 0 mm to 0,1 mm to the right or to the left of datum Z.

NOTE 5 An adaptor coupling part must be unlocked by a left-direction movement of a coupling sleeve, when it is separate from an adaptor. When the coupling sleeve is moved for unlocking, a position of the coupling sleeve endface must be larger than 2,0 mm in the left direction from the datum Z.

NOTE 6 The top shape of guide-pin may be a round shape that is symmetrical about the guide-pin axis with a minimum radius of 0,15 mm.



IEC 398/08

Figure 7 – MPO adaptor interface

Table 5 – Dimensions of the MPO adaptor interface

Reference	Dimensions mm		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
E	8,54 mm	8,74 mm	1
F	9,6 mm	9,7 mm	
H	12,6 mm	–	
I	8,2 mm	8,4 mm	
K	–	1,39 mm	
L	0	0,1 mm	
M	1,6 mm	2,0 mm	
N	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
O	5,0 mm	5,1 mm	
P	5,7 mm	5,9 mm	
R	7,8 mm	–	
S	3,4 mm	3,6 mm	
V	0,95 mm	1,15 mm	
W	11,8 mm	12,2 mm	
X	3,4 mm	–	
AA	45°	48°	
AB	45°	50°	

NOTE 1 Dimension L is the distance from datum Z to a latch-ledge end. The latch-ledge end may be located to the right or to the left of datum Z.

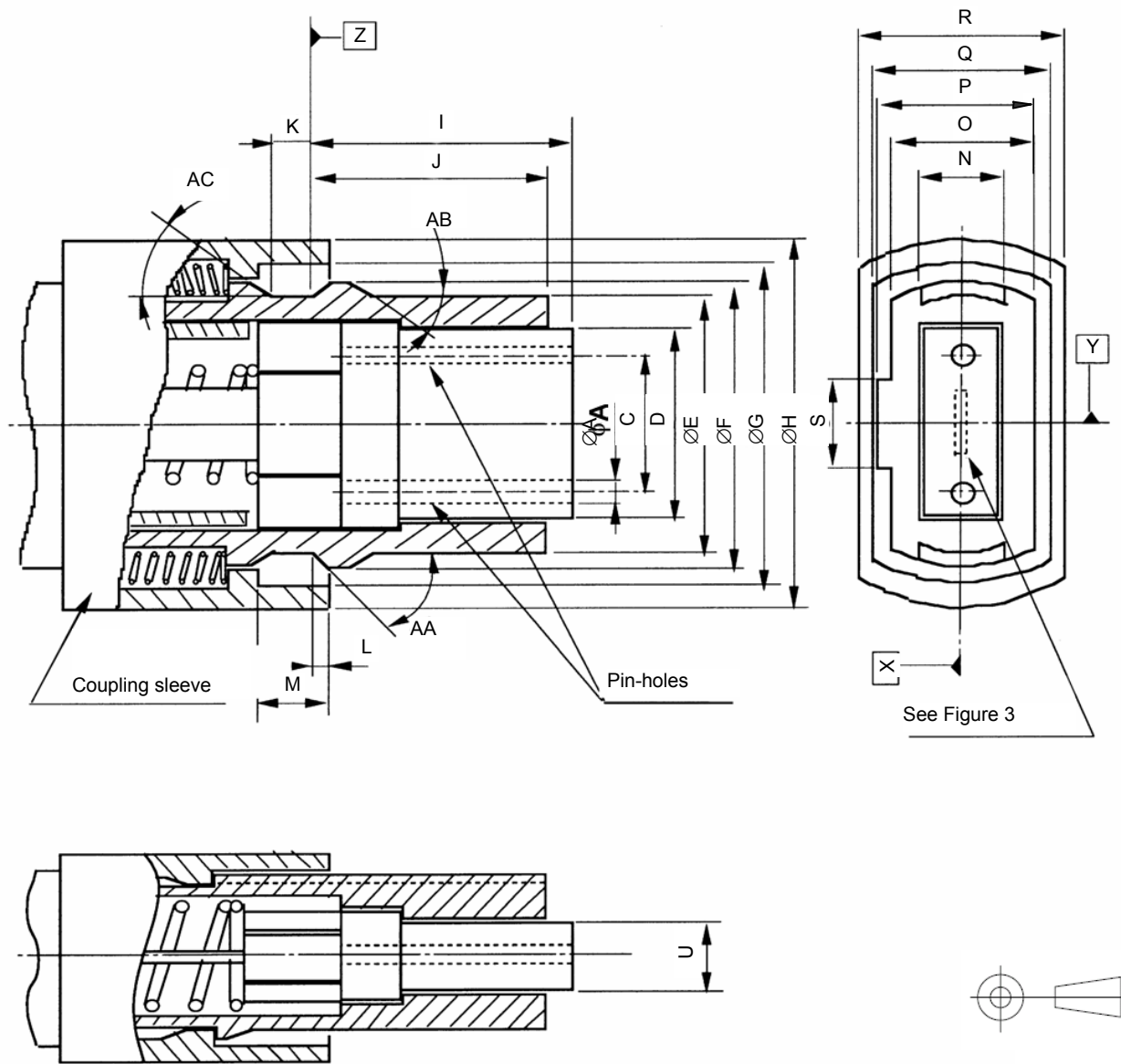


Figure 8 – MPO female plug connector flat interface

Table 6 – Dimensions of the MPO female plug connector flat interface

Reference	Dimensions		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
A	0,699 mm	0,701 mm	1
C	4,597 mm	4,603 mm	2
D	6,3 mm	6,5 mm	
E	8,34 mm	8,54 mm	
F	9,49 mm	9,59 mm	
G	10,85 mm	11,05 mm	
H	12,19 mm	12,59 mm	
I	8,8 mm	9,2 mm	3
J	7,9 mm	8,1 mm	
K	1,4 mm	–	
L	0,2 mm	0,8 mm	4 and 5
M	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
N	2,8 mm	3,0 mm	
O	4,89 mm	4,99 mm	
P	5,59 mm	5,69 mm	
Q	5,7 mm	–	
R	–	7,7 mm	
S	2,9 mm	3,1 mm	
U	2,4 mm	2,5 mm	
AA	42°	45°	
AB	–	45°	
AC	–	45°	

NOTE 1 Each pin-hole must accept a gauge pin as shown in Figure 5 to a depth of 5,5 mm with a maximum force of 1,7 N. In addition, two pin-holes of a plug must accept a gauge as shown in Figure 6 to a depth of 5,5 mm with a maximum force of 3,4 N.

NOTE 2 Dimension C is defined as the distance between two pin-hole centres.

NOTE 3 Dimension I is given for a fibre endface centre of a plug end when not mated. It is noticed that a ferrule is movable by a certain axial compression force, and therefore the dimension I is variable. Ferrule compression force must be 7,8 N to 11,8 N when a position of the fibre endface from the datum Z is in the range of 8,2 mm to 8,4 mm.

NOTE 4 Coupling sleeve must be movable by a certain axial compression force. Dimension L is given for a coupling sleeve end when not mated. Coupling sleeve compression force must be 2,9 N to 6,9 N when a position of the coupling sleeve endface from datum Z is in the range of 0 mm to 0,1 mm to the right or to the left of datum Z.

NOTE 5 An adaptor coupling part must be unlocked by a movement away from the adaptor of a coupling sleeve, when it is separate from the adaptor. When the coupling sleeve is moved for unlocking, a position of the coupling sleeve endface must be larger than 2,0 mm in the left direction from the datum Z.

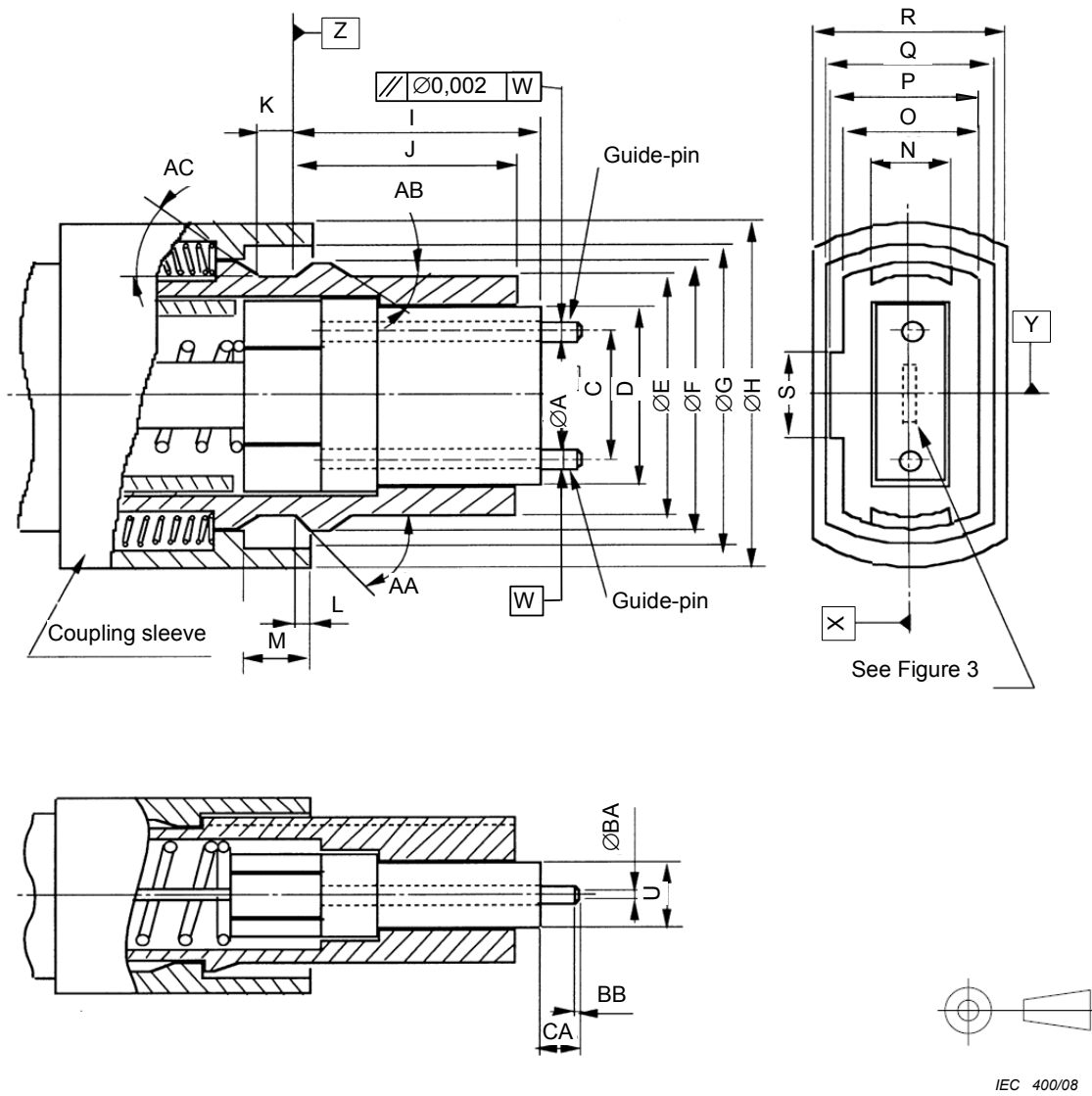


Figure 9 – MPO male plug connector flat interface

Table 7 – Dimensions of the MPO male plug connector flat interface

Reference	Dimensions		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
A	0,697 mm	0,699 mm	1
C	4,597 mm	4,603 mm	2
D	6,3 mm	6,5 mm	
E	8,34 mm	8,54 mm	
F	9,49 mm	9,59 mm	
G	10,85 mm	11,05 mm	
H	12,19 mm	12,59 mm	
I	8,8 mm	9,2 mm	3
J	7,9 mm	8,1 mm	
K	1,4 mm	–	
L	0,2 mm	0,8 mm	4 and 5
M	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
N	2,8 mm	3,0 mm	
O	4,89 mm	4,99 mm	
P	5,59 mm	5,69 mm	
Q	5,7 mm	–	
R	–	7,7 mm	
S	2,9 mm	3,1 mm	
U	2,4 mm	2,5 mm	
AA	42°	45°	
AB	–	45°	
AC	–	45°	
BA	0,2 mm	0,4 mm	6
BB	0,2 mm	0,5 mm	
CA	1,6 mm	3,3 mm	

NOTE 1 Each guide-pin must be retained with a minimum force of 19,6 N. Surface roughness R_z must be below 0,5 μm .

NOTE 2 Dimension C is defined as the distance between two guide-pin centres.

NOTE 3 Dimension I is given for a fibre endface centre of a plug end when not mated. It is noticed that a ferrule is movable by a certain axial compression force, and therefore the dimension I is variable. Ferrule compression force must be 7,8 N to 11,8 N when a position of the fibre endface from the datum Z is in the range of 8,2 mm to 8,4 mm.

NOTE 4 Coupling sleeve must be movable by a certain axial compression force. Dimension L is given for a coupling sleeve end when not mated. Coupling sleeve compression force must be 2,9 N to 6,9 N when a position of the coupling sleeve endface from datum Z is in the range of 0 mm to 0,1 mm to the right or to the left of datum Z.

NOTE 5 An adaptor coupling part must be unlocked by a movement away from the adaptor of a coupling sleeve, when it is separate from the adaptor. When the coupling sleeve is moved for unlocking, a position of the coupling sleeve endface must be larger than 2,0 mm in the left direction from the datum Z.

NOTE 6 The top shape of guide-pin may be a round shape that is symmetrical about the guide-pin axis with a minimum radius of 0,15 mm.

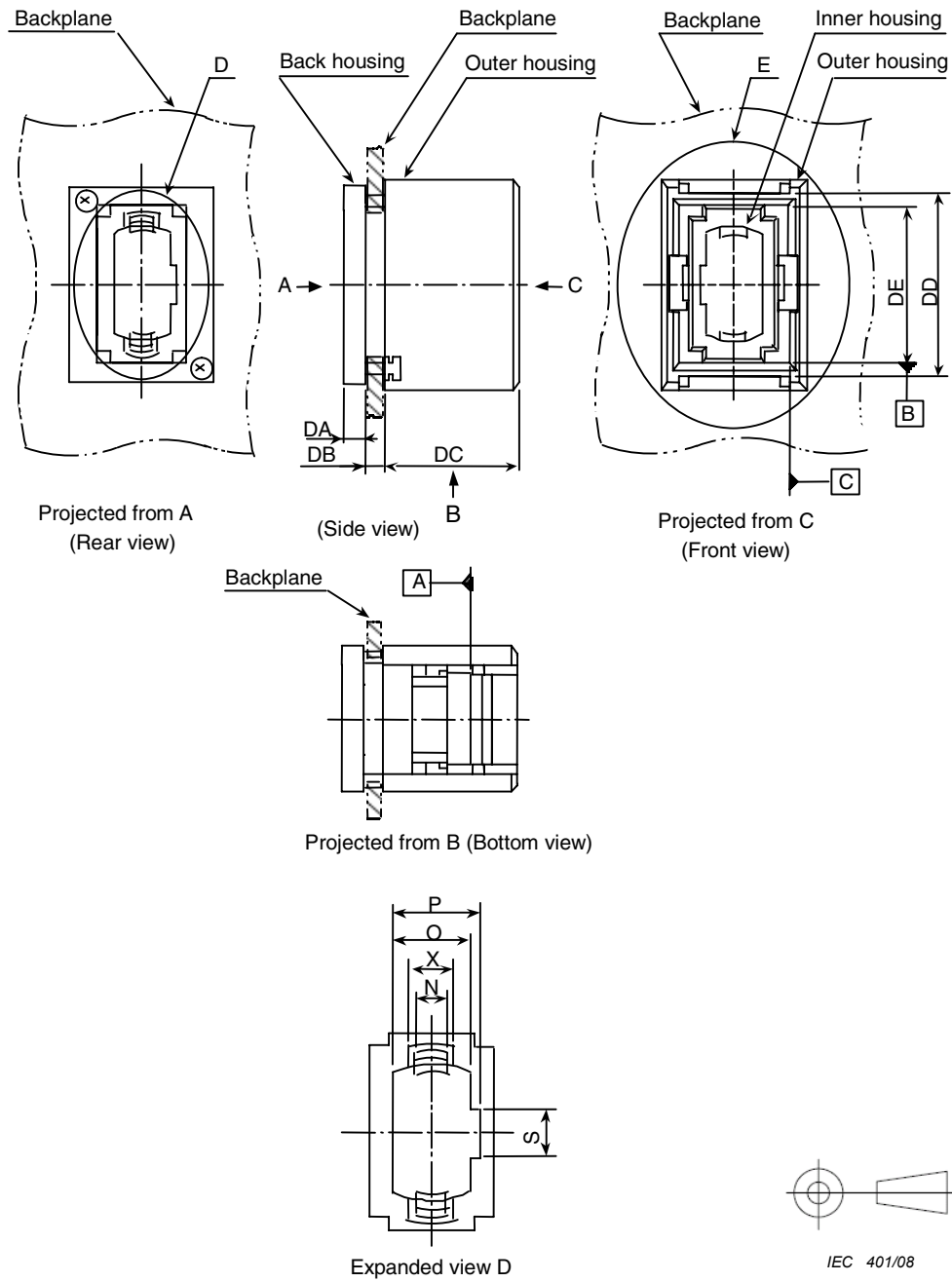
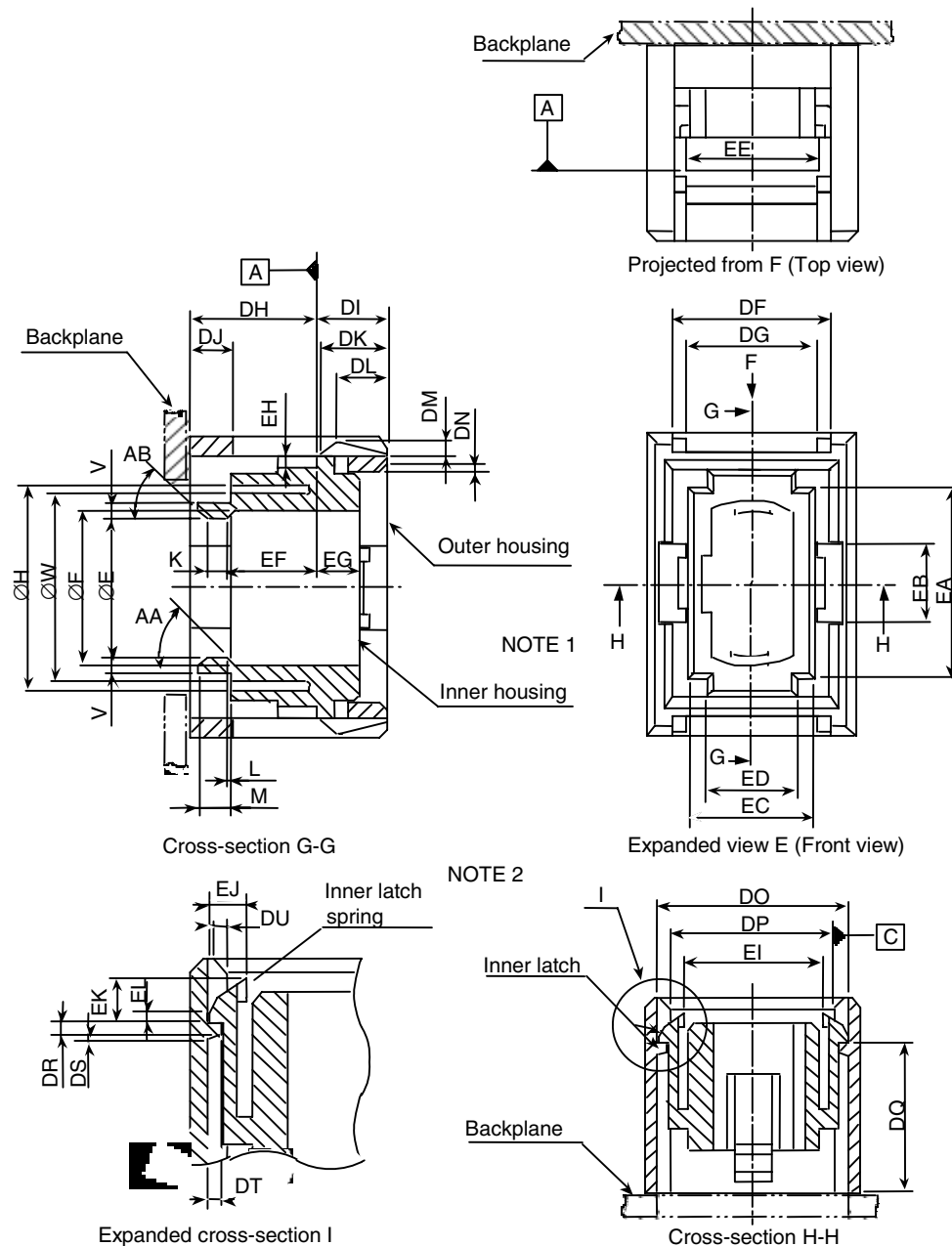


Figure 10 – MPO backplane housing interface (1 of 2)



IEC 1602/04

Figure 10 (2 of 2)

Table 8 – Dimensions of the MPO backplane housing

Reference	Dimensions		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
E	8,54 mm	8,74 mm	A part of diameter
F	9,6 mm	9,7 mm	A part of diameter
H	12,6 mm	–	A part of diameter
K	1,19 mm	1,39 mm	
L	0	0,1 mm	
M	1,6 mm	2,0 mm	
N	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
O	5,0 mm	5,1 mm	
P	5,7 mm	5,9 mm	
S	3,4 mm	3,6 mm	
V	0,95 mm	1,15 mm	
W	11,8 mm	12,2 mm	A part of diameter
X	3,4 mm	–	
AA	45°	48°	
AB	45°	50°	
DA			See Table 9
DB			See Table 9
DC	12,25 mm	12,35 mm	
DD	16,5 mm	16,6 mm	
DE	14,3 mm	14,4 mm	
DF	9,91 mm	10,01 mm	
DG	8,2 mm	8,4 mm	
DH	7,9 mm	8,1 mm	See note
DI	4,15 mm	4,45 mm	See note
DJ	2,65 mm	2,75 mm	
DK	4,1 mm	4,3 mm	
DL	3,35 mm	3,45 mm	
DM	0,9 mm	1,0 mm	
DN	0,55 mm	0,65 mm	
DO	11,55 mm	11,65 mm	
DP	9,91 mm	10,01 mm	
DQ	9,15 mm	9,25 mm	
DR	0,35 mm	0,45 mm	
DS	0,25 mm	0,35 mm	
DT	0,55 mm	0,65 mm	
DU	0,55 mm	0,70 mm	
EA	12,14 mm	12,2 mm	
EB	4,95 mm	5,05 mm	
EC	7,94 mm	8,00 mm	
ED	5,6 mm	5,8 mm	
EE	8,15 mm	8,25 mm	
EF	5,55 mm	5,65 mm	
EG	2,55 mm	2,65 mm	
EH	0,85 mm	0,95 mm	
EI	8,6 mm	8,7 mm	
EJ	1,45 mm	1,55 mm	
EK	1,9 mm	2,0 mm	
EL	0,35 mm	0,45 mm	

NOTE These dimensions are given when the inner housing is moved in its most left-side position under the condition that the inner latch is engaged.

Table 9 – Grade

Grade	Reference	Dimensions mm		Notes
		Minimum	Maximum	
1	DA	2,0	2,1	Backplane thickness 2,4 mm (see note)
	DB	2,65	2,75	
1	DA	2,0	2,1	Backplane thickness 3,2 mm (see note)
	DB	3,45	3,55	

NOTE Add grade number to the interface reference number.

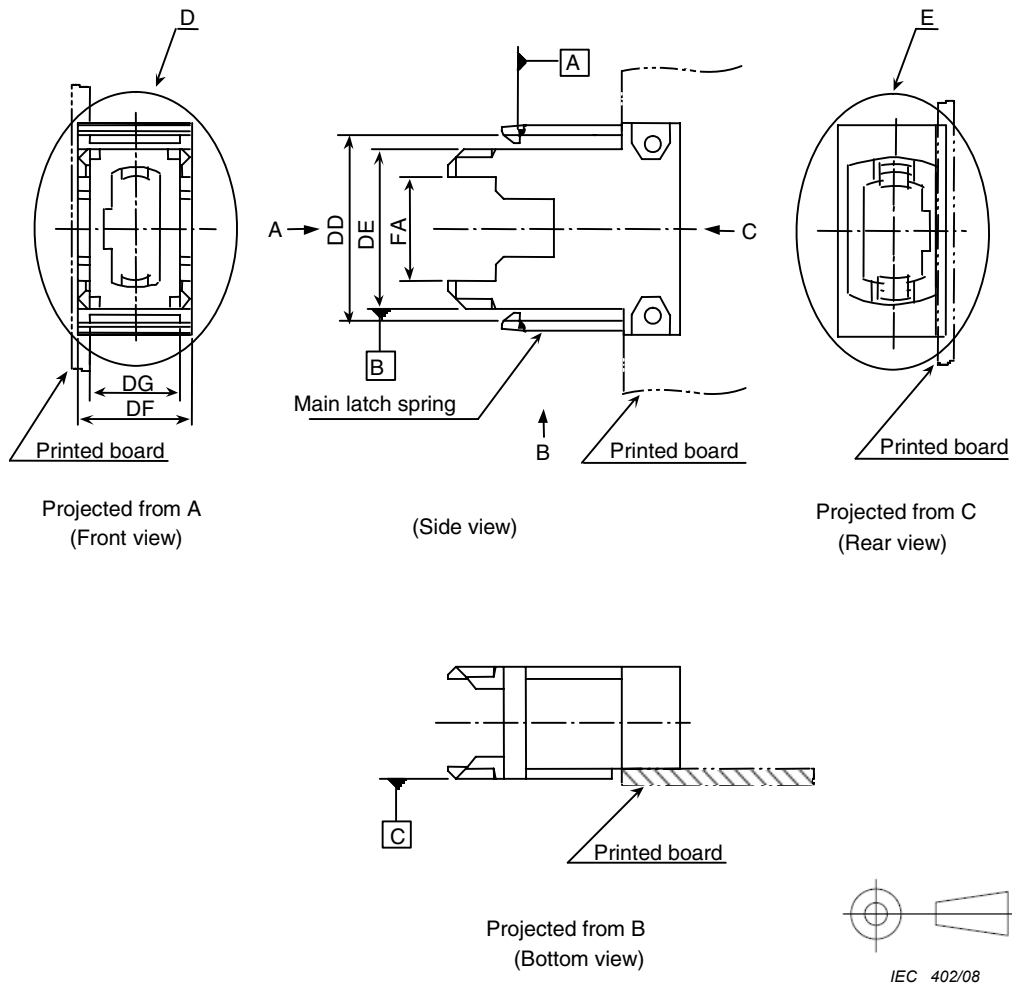
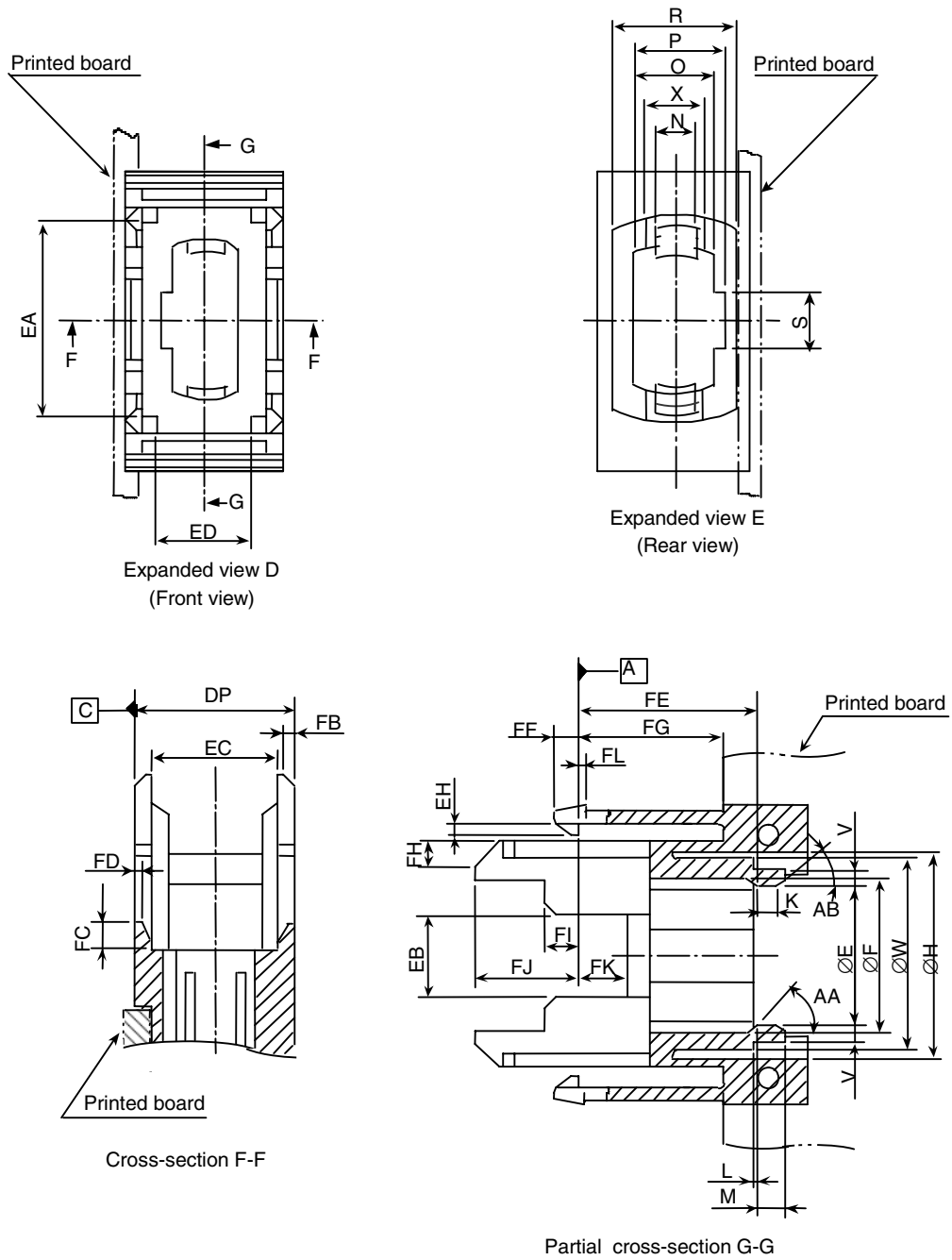


Figure 11 – MPO printed board housing interface (1 of 2)



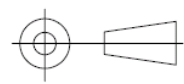
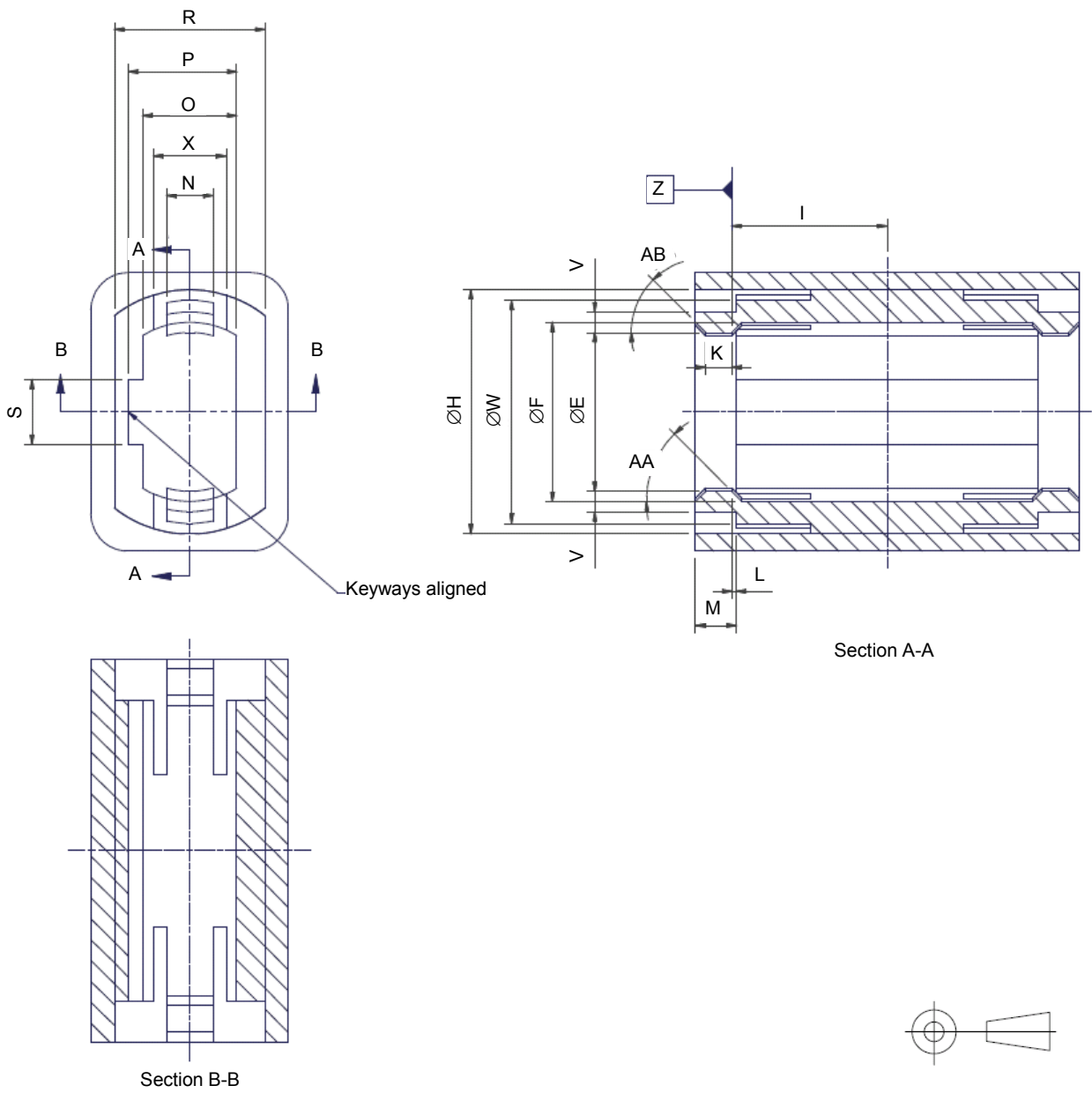
IEC 1604/04

Figure 11 (2 of 2)

Table 10 – Dimensions of the MPO printed board housing interface

Reference	Dimensions		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
E	8,54 mm	8,74 mm	A part of diameter
F	9,6 mm	9,7 mm	A part of diameter
H	12,6 mm	–	A part of diameter
K	1,19 mm	1,39 mm	
L	0	0,1 mm	
M	1,6 mm	2,0 mm	
N	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
O	5,0 mm	5,1 mm	
P	5,7 mm	5,9 mm	
R	7,8 mm	–	
S	3,4 mm	3,6 mm	
V	0,95 mm	1,15 mm	
W	11,8 mm	12,2 mm	A part of diameter
X	3,4 mm	–	
AA	45°	48°	
AB	45°	50°	
DD	16,5 mm	16,6 mm	See note
DE	14,05 mm	14,15 mm	
DF	9,8 mm	9,9 mm	
DG	7,9 mm	8,1 mm	
DP	9,8 mm	9,9 mm	
EA	12,21 mm	12,27 mm	
EB	5,1 mm	5,2 mm	
EC	8,01 mm	8,07 mm	
ED	5,9 mm	6,1 mm	
EH	0,75 mm	0,85 mm	
FA	9,1 mm	9,3 mm	
FB	0,6 mm	0,8 mm	
FC	1,35 mm	1,65 mm	
FD	0,25 mm	0,35 mm	
FE	11,05 mm	11,15 mm	
FF	1,55 mm	1,65 mm	
FG	8,9 mm	9,0 mm	
FH	1,4 mm	1,6 mm	
FI	1,9 mm	2,2 mm	
FJ	6,35 mm	6,55 mm	
FK	2,9 mm	3,0 mm	
FL	0,35 mm	0,45 mm	

NOTE The dimension DD is defined at the top of the main latch spring. The dimension DD must become greater than 18,6 mm when the printed board housing is coupled to, or removed from, a backplane housing.



IEC 403/08

Figure 12 – MPO aligned key adaptor interface

Table 11 – Dimensions of the MPO aligned key adaptor interface

Reference	Dimensions		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	
E	8,54 mm	8,74 mm	1
F	9,6 mm	9,7 mm	
H	12,6 mm	–	
I	8,2 mm	8,4 mm	
K	–	1,39 mm	
L	0	0,1 mm	
M	1,6 mm	2,0 mm	
N	2,4 mm	2,6 mm	
O	5,0 mm	5,1 mm	
P	5,7 mm	5,9 mm	
R	7,8 mm	–	
S	3,4 mm	3,6 mm	
V	0,95 mm	1,15 mm	
W	11,8 mm	12,2 mm	
X	3,4 mm	–	
AA	45°	48°	
AB	45°	50°	

NOTE 1 Dimension L is the distance from datum Z to a latch-ledge end. The latch-ledge end may be located to the right or to the left of datum Z.

NOTE 2 The keyways for each MPO plug are aligned on the same side of the adaptor. Dimension I is the distance from datum Z to the adaptor centreline.

British Standards Institution (BSI)

BSI is the independent national body responsible for preparing British Standards. It presents the UK view on standards in Europe and at the international level. It is incorporated by Royal Charter.

Revisions

British Standards are updated by amendment or revision. Users of British Standards should make sure that they possess the latest amendments or editions.

It is the constant aim of BSI to improve the quality of our products and services. We would be grateful if anyone finding an inaccuracy or ambiguity while using this British Standard would inform the Secretary of the technical committee responsible, the identity of which can be found on the inside front cover.
Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 9000 Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7400

BSI offers members an individual updating service called PLUS which ensures that subscribers automatically receive the latest editions of standards.

Buying standards

Orders for all BSI, international and foreign standards publications should be addressed to Customer Services.

Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 9001 Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7001

Email: orders@bsigroup.com

You may also buy directly using a debit/credit card from the BSI Shop on the Website <http://www.bsigroup.com/shop>.

In response to orders for international standards, it is BSI policy to supply the BSI implementation of those that have been published as British Standards, unless otherwise requested.

Information on standards

BSI provides a wide range of information on national, European and international standards through its Library and its Technical Help to Exporters Service. Various BSI electronic information services are also available which give details on all its products and services. Contact the Information Centre.

Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7111 Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7048

Email: info@bsigroup.com

Subscribing members of BSI are kept up to date with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards. For details of these and other benefits contact Membership Administration.

Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7002 Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7001

Email: membership@bsigroup.com

Information regarding online access to British Standards via British Standards Online can be found at <http://www.bsigroup.com/BSOL>.

Further information about BSI is available on the BSI website at <http://www.bsigroup.com>.

Copyright

Copyright subsists in all BSI publications. BSI also holds the copyright, in the UK, of the publications of the international standardization bodies. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI.

This does not preclude the free use, in the course of implementing the standard, of necessary details such as symbols, and size, type or grade designations. If these details are to be used for any other purpose than implementation then the prior written permission of BSI must be obtained.

Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Manager.

Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7070 Email: copyright@bsigroup.com