

# **BSI Standards Publication**

Safety and control devices for burners and appliances burning gaseous or liquid fuels — Control functions in electronic systems — Temperature Control function



BS EN 16830:2017 BRITISH STANDARD

#### National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 16830:2017.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee GSE/22, Safety and control devices for gas and oil burners and gas burning appliances.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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## **English Version**

# Safety and control devices for burners and appliances burning gaseous or liquid fuels - Control functions in electronic systems - Temperature Control function

Équipements auxiliaires pour brûleurs et appareils utilisant des combustibles gazeux ou liquides -Dispositifs de contrôle des systèmes électroniques -Dispositifs de régulation de la température Sicherheits- und Regeleinrichtungen für Brenner und Brennstoffgeräte für gasförmige oder flüssige Brennstoffe - Regelfunktionen in elektronischen Systemen - Temperaturüberwachungsfunktion

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 October 2016.

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tents	Page
oean foreword	4
luction	5
e 1 — Standards house	5
•	
1	
**	
TCF	12
General	12
Leak-tightness	12
Test for leak-tightness	12
Torsion and bending	12
Torsion and bending tests	12
Test for rated flow rate	13
Durability	13
Elastomers in contact with gas	13
Resistance to scratching	13
	ean foreword

7.8.4	Resistance to humidity	13
7.9	Performance tests for electronic controls	13
7.9.1	At ambient temperature	
7.9.2	At minimum temperature	
7.9.3	At maximum temperature	
7.10	Long-term performance for electronic controls	
	General	
	Stress test	
7.10.3 7.10.1	Long term performance test01 TCF Sensing element(s) assembly	
7.10.1		
7.10.1 7.11	Data exchange	
8	Electrical requirements	
9	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	15
10	Marking, installation and operating instructions	15
10.1	Marking	
10.2	Installation and operating instructions	15
10.3	Warning Notice	15
Annex	A (informative) Abbreviations and Symbols	16
	B (informative) Leak-tightness test for gas controls – volumetric method	
	C (informative) Leak-tightness test for gas controls - pressure loss method	
Annex	D (normative) Conversion of pressure loss into leakage rate	19
Annex	E (normative) Electrical/electronic component fault modes	20
Annex	F (normative) Additional requirements for safety accessories and pressure accessories as defined in EU Directive 97/23/EC	21
Annex	G (normative) Materials for pressurized parts	22
Annex	H (normative) Additional materials for pressurized parts	23
Annex	I (normative) Requirements for controls used in DC supplied burners and appliances burning gaseous or liquid fuels	24
Annex	J (normative) Method for the determination of a Safety Integrity Level (SIL)	25
Annex	K (normative) Method for the determination of a Performance Level (PL)	26
Annex	L (informative) Relationship between Safety Integrity Level (SIL) and Performance Level (PL)	27
Annex	M (normative) Reset functions	28
Annex	N (informative) Guidance document on Environnemental Aspects	29
Annex	O (normative) Seals of elastomer, cork and synthetic fibre mixtures	30
Biblio	eraphy	31

# **European foreword**

This document (EN 16830:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 58 "Safety and control devices for burners and appliances burning gaseous or liquid fuels", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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## Introduction

The generic requirements for controls are given in EN 13611 and methods for classification and assessment for new controls and control functions are given in EN 14459 (see Figure 1).

The requirements for controls are given in the specific control standard (see Figure 1).

Multifunctional Controls (MFC) according to EN 126:2012 and EN 126:2012/prA1:2014 with two or more controls and Application Control Functions, e.g. the Gas Shut-off Control Function, being inherently multifunctional controls. Each control integrated in the MFC should meet the applicable requirements of the relevant control standard(s). In addition, EN 126:2012 and EN 126:2012/prA1:2014 cover requirements for the safety related interactions between the different devices.

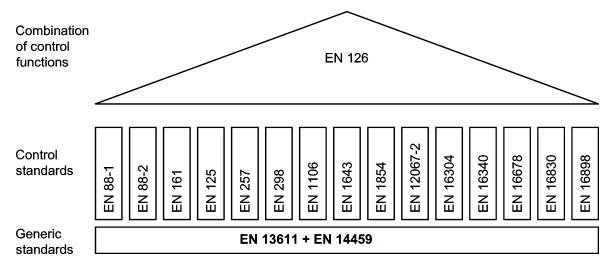


Figure 1 — Standards house

This control standard refers to clauses of EN 13611:2015 or adapts it by stating "with the following modification", "with the following addition", "is replaced by the following" or "is not applicable" in the corresponding clause. This document adds clauses or subclauses to the structure of EN 13611:2015 which are particular to this European Standard, i.e. subclauses or annexes that are additional to those in EN 13611:2015 are numbered starting from 101 or are designated as Annex AA, BB, CC etc. It should be noted that these clauses and subclauses are not indicated as an addition.

This control standard describes requirements for two types of temperature based Appliance Control Functions.

## 1) Temperature Control Function

The temperature control function (in the following called TCF) is a system that consists of temperature sensing, signal processing, switching actions (on/off or protective action) and reset (see Figure 2).

The purpose of a TCF is to control the temperature (temperature regulator) and to prevent the risk of excessive temperature (temperature limiter) which could lead to the hazard of overheating for gas and liquid fuel burning appliances. A TCF requires a safety class C system, based on a comparison, made between an automatic burner controller and a temperature control function, the implication on safety of either function being considered equivalent. Gas and liquid fuel appliance standards can allow a lower safety class in combination with constructional measures, as long as the overall result for TCF is a safety class C.

Traditional solutions, using a combination of mechanical thermostats as specified in the appliance standards (e.g. EN 15502-1) have been considered to fulfil the requirements. This assumption is based on specific mechanical solutions, originating from practice over many years and relying on redundancy as the principle.

#### 2) TTB

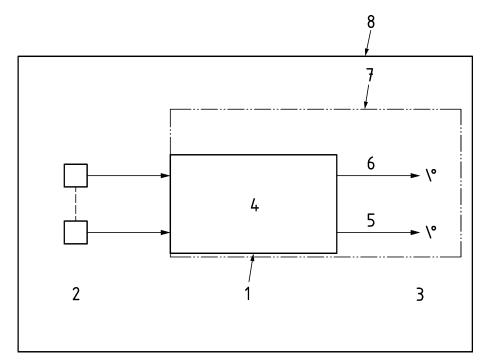
The Appliance Control Function TTB (Combustion Product Discharge Safety Device) is intended to provide protection against poisoning and suffocation in case of a (partially) blocked flue. This clause provides the requirements for electronic TTBs consisting of:

- a control that can take a protective action and
- a sensing element that monitors a significant physical value in relation to the spillage of combustion products into the environment where the gas appliance is installed.

If the spillage reaches a pre-set level, the TTB should initiate a protective action. Allowable spillage is determined by the application standard.

NOTE Instead of TTB, the term "Combustion Product Discharge Safety Device" is used in EN 15502–2–2.

For both TTB and TCF, the requirements in this European Standard are applicable to the combination of sensing element and control.



#### Key

- 1 reset
- 2 sensing element(s)
- 3 switching action(s)
- 4 temperature regulator and protective controller
- 5 protective action
- 6 on/off
- 7 control
- 8 temperature control function

Figure 2 — Temperature control function

# 1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the safety, design, construction and performance requirements for Temperature Control Function (TCF) and Combustion Product Discharge Safety Device (TTB) intended for use with burners and appliances using gaseous or liquid fuels.

It also describes the test procedures for checking compliance with these requirements.

This European Standard is applicable to AC and DC supplied TCF and TTB (for TCF and TTB supplied by stand-alone battery system, battery systems for mobile applications or systems which are intended to be connected to DC supply networks, see Annex I).

This European Standard is applicable to electronically based TTB and TCF only.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 13611:2015, Safety and control devices for burners and appliances burning gaseous and/or liquid fuels - General requirements

EN 60730-2-9:2010, Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use — Part 2-9: Particular requirements for temperature sensing controls (IEC 60730-2-9:2008, modified)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 13611:2015 and the following apply.

### 3.101

#### control

device that provides functionality as described in the specific control standard

#### 3.102

#### multifunctional control

#### MFC

combination of two or more controls and/or Application Control Function(s) whereby the functional parts cannot operate if separated

#### 3.103

### application control function

#### **ACF**

function to protect against harm(s) originating from a specific hazard by providing safe operation of gas burners and gas burning appliances

Note 1 to entry: The assembly to provide this function may consist of a combination of controls and/or multifunctional control(s) (e.g. actuators, sensors and control electronics).

#### 3.104

# combustion products discharge safety device

#### TTR

appliance control function that at least causes safety shut-down of the main burner when there is an unacceptable spillage of combustion products at the draught diverter

[SOURCE: EN 15502-2-2:2014, 3.1.4.101]

#### 3.105

## temperature control function

#### TCF

appliance control function that controls the temperature (temperature regulator) and prevents the risk of excessive temperature (temperature limiter) which could lead to the hazard of overheating in gas and liquid fuel burning appliances by initiating at least a shut-down of the main burner

### 4 Classification

#### 4.1 Classes of control

EN 13611:2015, 4.1 is replaced by the following:

The safety class of a TTB Appliance Control Function can be class A, class B or class C, depending on the application. The safety class of the TTB shall be stated in the installation and operating instructions.

The TCF shall be safety class C.

A lower class may be acceptable if this is proven by the analysis of the preventative measures within the appliance. The safety class of the TCF shall be stated in the installation and operating instructions.

A TCF may consist of various independent hardware and software devices. These individual devices, being part of the TCF, shall be classified as class A, class B or class C.

## 4.2 Groups of control

EN 13611:2015, 4.2 is not applicable.

#### 4.3 Classes of control functions

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 4.3.

## 4.4 Types of DC supplied controls

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 4.4.

### 5 Test conditions and measurement tolerances

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Clause 5.

## 6 Construction requirements

#### 6.1 General

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.1.

# 6.2 Mechanical parts of the control

EN 13611:2015, 6.2 is not applicable.

#### 6.3 Materials

EN 13611:2015, 6.3 is not applicable.

#### **6.4 Gas Connections**

EN 13611:2015, 6.4 is not applicable.

## 6.5 Electrical parts of the control

#### 6.5.1 General

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.5.1 with the following addition:

The switching actions and the reset as indicated in Figure 2 are an integral part of the TCF. For multifunctional controls, the TCF or parts of it can be physically integrated in other functional blocks (e.g. Automatic Burner Control).

### 6.5.2 Switching elements

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.5.2.

### 6.5.3 Electrical components

### 6.5.3.1 Performance of electrical components

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.5.3.1.

#### 6.5.3.2 Test

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.5.3.2.

#### 6.5.3.3 Sensing element

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.5.3.3 with the following addition:

To withstand temperature overshoot after a protective action, the sensing element, being in contact with this temperature, shall be able to withstand a maximum temperature as declared in 7.1. This is the maximum temperature that the sensor will face in its application for a short period of time. During the long-term performance tests of 7.10.101 b) and d) this extreme temperature shall be maintained for 10 min each for the last 10 cycles.

The sensing element of the TTB shall not be removable without tools. Incorrect refitting, after servicing shall be made difficult.

For TCF Appliance Control Functions, where the safety depends on the correct location of the sensing elements, these sensing elements shall not be removable without tools. Incorrect refitting, after servicing shall be made difficult.

For TTB and TCF based on sensors other than temperature sensors, equivalent requirements shall be applied.

#### 6.5.3.4 Gas controls employing electrical components in the gas way

EN 13611:2015, 6.5.3.4 is not applicable.

## 6.6 Protection against internal faults for the purpose of functional safety

## 6.6.1 Design and construction requirements

## 6.6.1.1 Fault avoidance and fault tolerance

#### 6.6.1.1.1 General

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.1.1.1 with the following addition:

TCF shall be safety class C.

EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.2 c) and 6.6.4.3 a), are not applicable.

The fault reaction time shall be stated in the installation and operating instructions.

TTB as a class B function

The requirements for protection against internal faults for the purpose of functional safety as given in 6.6 of EN 13611:2015 shall apply, with the exception of EN 13611:2015, 6.6.3.2 c).

The fault reaction time shall be stated in the installation and operating instructions with a limit of 24 h.

TTB as a class C function

Requirements for protection against internal faults for the purpose of functional safety as given in 6.6 of EN 13611:2015 shall apply, with the exception of EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.2 c) and 6.6.4.3 a).

The fault reaction time shall be stated in the installation and operating instructions.

#### 6.6.1.1.2 System design

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.1.1.2.

#### 6.6.1.2 Lock-out function

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.1.2.

#### 6.6.1.3 Reset device

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.1.3.

### 6.6.1.4 Documentation

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.1.4.

# 6.6.2 Class A

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.2.

#### 6.6.3 Class B

#### 6.6.3.1 Design and construction requirements

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.3.1.

### 6.6.3.2 First fault

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.3.2 with the following modification:

For TTB and TCF-subassemblies declared as class B, EN 13611:2015, 6.6.3.2 c) is not applicable.

# 6.6.3.3 Fault introduced during lock-out or safety-shut-down

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.3.3.

#### 6.6.4 Class C

### 6.6.4.1 Design and construction requirements

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.1.

#### 6.6.4.2 First fault

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.2 with the following modification:

For TCF and TTB, EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.2 c) is not applicable.

### 6.6.4.3 Second fault

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.3 with the following modification:

For TCF and TTB, EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.3 a) is not applicable.

### 6.6.4.4 Faults during lock-out or safety- shut-down

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.4.4.

#### 6.6.5 Circuit and construction evaluation

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 6.6.5.

#### 6.101 TTB

#### 6.101.1 General

The TTB shall not be adjustable. Protection against unintended or unauthorized access is considered to be non-adjustable.

If an unacceptable spillage is detected (threshold value reached), the TTB shall proceed to the safety shut-down or lock-out within a declared TTB reaction time.

The system shall only leave this safety shut-down or lock-out automatically after the declared minimum waiting time or without a waiting time initiated by manual reset action. The minimum waiting time shall be specified in the Installation and Operating instructions.

A continuous reset signal shall not lead to a restart.

#### 6.101.2 Threshold value

The significant physical threshold value and its tolerances to which the TTB responds shall be specified in the Installation and Operating instructions.

This should include:

- set point;
- tolerances on the set point of supplied TTB's;
- drift of the set point.

Information shall be supplied in the Installation and Operating instructions explaining the maximum deviation of the set point of the protective action, based on a calculation method using averaging with the mean square value.

# BS EN 16830:2017 EN 16830:2017 (E)

When tested under conditions of 7.9 and Clause 9 as well as after the test of 7.10, the threshold value shall not be outside the specified tolerances.

#### 6.102 TCF

The temperature limiter set point of the TCF shall not be adjustable. Protection against unintended or unauthorized access is considered to be non-adjustable.

The TCF shall perform a safety shut-down in the case of exceeding the set point of the protective action. Unless otherwise specified, this safety shut-down shall be followed by a non-volatile lock-out.

A continuous reset signal shall not lead to a restart.

#### 7 Performance

#### 7.1 General

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.1 with the following addition:

TCF and TTB devices shall comply with the requirements of type 2 of EN 60730-2-9:2011, in which case the installation and operating instructions shall specify the following:

- set point (for TCF: temperature limiter set point; for TTB: the significant physical threshold value);
- tolerances on the set point;
- drift of the set point(s);
- temperature which the sensing element is able to withstand;
- reaction time (being the response time of the sensing element and the response time of the electronics).

The technical documentation shall contain an explanation for the maximum tolerance on the set point of the protective action, based on a calculation method using averaging with the root mean square value.

When tested under conditions of 7.9 and Clause 9 as well as after the test of 7.10 the set point shall not be outside the specified tolerances.

#### 7.2 Leak-tightness

EN 13611:2015, 7.2 is not applicable.

#### 7.3 Test for leak-tightness

EN 13611:2015, 7.2.2 is not applicable.

## 7.4 Torsion and bending

EN 13611:2015, 7.3 is not applicable.

### 7.5 Torsion and bending tests

EN 13611:2015, 7.3.2.2 is not applicable.

### 7.6 Rated flow rate

EN 13611:2015, 7.4 is not applicable.

#### 7.7 Test for rated flow rate

EN 13611:2015, 7.4.2 is not applicable.

#### 7.8 Durability

### 7.8.1 Elastomers in contact with gas

EN 13611:2015, 7.5.1 is not applicable.

## 7.8.2 Marking

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.5.2.

#### 7.8.3 Resistance to scratching

EN 13611:2015, 7.5.3 is not applicable.

### 7.8.4 Resistance to humidity

EN 13611:2015, 7.5.4 is not applicable.

#### 7.9 Performance tests for electronic controls

#### 7.9.1 At ambient temperature

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.6.1 with the following addition:

During exposure of the control to the different ambient temperature conditions of 7.9.1, 7.9.2 and 7.9.3 the set point shall not be outside the tolerances, specified in 7.1.

#### 7.9.2 At minimum temperature

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.6.2.

## 7.9.3 At maximum temperature

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.6.3.

## 7.10 Long-term performance for electronic controls

#### **7.10.1 General**

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.7.1 with the following addition:

The performance as declared in 7.1 shall be verified after the long-term performance tests.

In this subclause, the tests for sensing element(s) assembly and control (see Figure 2) are described separately. As an alternative, both tests can be integrated in a system test of sensing element(s) assembly and control. If the control is integrated in other controls (e.g. the Automatic Burner Control), the long-term performance tests can be combined.

#### 7.10.2 Stress test

#### 7.10.2.1 Thermal stress test

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.7.2.1 with the following modification:

The number of cycles as specified in EN 13611:2015, 7.7.2.1 d) shall be 1 000 cycles.

#### 7.10.2.2 Vibration test

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.7.2.2.

#### 7.10.3 Long term performance test

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.7.3.

## 7.10.101 TCF Sensing element(s) assembly

The sensing element assembly shall be tested, using the temperature change method as described in EN 60730-2-9:2011, for:

- a) 245 000 cycles in the temperature range from 20 °C up to the maximum regulating temperature as stated in the installation and operating instructions,
- b) 5 000 cycles in a range from the maximum regulating temperature up to the temperature that the sensing element should be able to withstand, see 7.1,
  - or the sensing element assembly shall be tested, using the two baths method as described in EN 60730-2-9:2011, for:
- c) 100 000 cycles in a range from 20 °C up to the maximum regulating temperature as stated in the installation and operating instructions,
- d) 2 000 cycles in the temperature range from the maximum regulating temperature up to the temperature that the sensing element should be able to withstand, see 7.1.

NOTE Alternative test methods can be applied if comparable results will be achieved e.g. EN 60730–1:2011, Annex J for thermistors.

#### 7.10.102 TTB Sensing element(s) assembly

The sensing element assembly shall be tested, using the temperature change method as described in EN 60730-2-9:2011, for:

- a)  $245\,000$  cycles from  $20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  up to the maximum operating temperature as stated in the installation and operating instructions;
- b) 1 000 cycles from the maximum operating temperature up to the temperature that the sensing element should be able to withstand, see 7.1;

Alternatively the two baths method as described in EN 60730-2-9:2011 may be used:

- c) 100 000 cycles from 20 °C up to the maximum operating temperature as stated in the installation and operating instructions;
- d) 400 cycles in the temperature range from the maximum operating temperature up to the temperature which the sensing element should be able to withstand, see 7.1.

NOTE Alternative test methods can be applied if comparable results will be achieved e.g. EN 60730–1:2011, Annex J for thermistors.

## 7.11 Data exchange

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 7.8.

### 8 Electrical requirements

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Clause 8.

# 9 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Clause 9.

# 10 Marking, installation and operating instructions

# 10.1 Marking

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 10.1.

# 10.2 Installation and operating instructions

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 10.2 with the following addition:

For TCF control function, the following information shall be specified:

- set point of the temperature limiter;
- tolerances on the set point;
- drift of the set point(s);
- temperature that the sensing element is able to withstand;
- reaction time;
- fault reaction time.

For TTB control function, the following information shall be specified:

- safety class;
- set point for the significant physical threshold value;
- tolerances on the set point;
- drift of the set point(s);
- temperature that the sensing element is able to withstand;
- reaction time;
- minimum waiting time;
- fault reaction time.

# 10.3 Warning Notice

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, 10.3.

# **Annex A** (informative)

# **Abbreviations and Symbols**

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Annex A

# **Annex B** (informative)

# Leak-tightness test for gas controls – volumetric method

EN 13611:2015, Annex B is not applicable.

# Annex C (informative)

# Leak-tightness test for gas controls – pressure loss method

EN 13611:2015, Annex C is not applicable.

# Annex D (normative)

# Conversion of pressure loss into leakage rate

EN 13611:2015, Annex D is not applicable.

# Annex E (normative)

# Electrical/electronic component fault modes

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Annex E.

# Annex F

(normative)

# Additional requirements for safety accessories and pressure accessories as defined in EU Directive 97/23/EC

EN 13611:2015, Annex F is not applicable.

# **Annex G** (normative)

# Materials for pressurized parts

EN 13611:2015, Annex G is not applicable.

# Annex H (normative)

# Additional materials for pressurized parts

EN 13611:2015, Annex H is not applicable.

# Annex I (normative)

Requirements for controls used in DC supplied burners and appliances burning gaseous or liquid fuels

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Annex I.

# Annex J (normative)

# Method for the determination of a Safety Integrity Level (SIL)

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Annex J.

# Annex K (normative)

Method for the determination of a Performance Level (PL)

EN 13611:2015, Annex K is not applicable.

# **Annex L** (informative)

# Relationship between Safety Integrity Level (SIL) and Performance Level (PL)

EN 13611:2015, Annex L is not applicable.

# Annex M (normative)

# **Reset functions**

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Annex M.

# Annex N (informative)

# **Guidance document on Environnemental Aspects**

Shall be according to EN 13611:2015, Annex N.

# Annex 0 (normative)

# Seals of elastomer, cork and synthetic fibre mixtures

EN 13611:2015, Annex O is not applicable.

# **Bibliography**

According to EN 13611:2015, Bibliography with the following addition:

- [1] EN 126:2012, Multifunctional controls for gas burning appliances
- [2] EN 126:2012/prA1:2014, Multifunctional controls for gas burning appliances
- [3] EN 15502-2-2:2014, Gas-fired central heating boilers Part 2-2: Specific standard for type B1 appliances
- [4] EN 60730-1:2011, Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use Part 1: General requirements





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