

BS EN 12163:2016



BSI Standards Publication

Copper and copper alloys — Rod for general purposes

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 12163:2016. It supersedes BS EN 12163:2011 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee NFE/34, Copper and copper alloys.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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English Version

Copper and copper alloys - Rod for general purposes

Cuiivre et alliages de cuivre - Barres pour usages
générauxKupfer und Kupferlegierungen - Stangen zur
allgemeinen Verwendung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 April 2016.

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European foreword

This document (EN 12163:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 133 “Copper and copper alloys”, the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 12163:2011.

Within its programme of work, Technical Committee CEN/TC 133 requested CEN/TC 133/WG 4 “Extruded and drawn products, forgings and scrap” to revise the following standard:

— EN 12163:2011, *Copper and copper alloys — Rod for general purposes.*

This document is one of a series of European Standards for the copper and copper alloy products rod, wire, profile and forgings. Other products are specified as follows:

— EN 12164, *Copper and copper alloys — Rod for free machining purposes;*

— EN 12165, *Copper and copper alloys — Wrought and unwrought forging stock;*

— EN 12166, *Copper and copper alloys — Wire for general purposes;*

— EN 12167, *Copper and copper alloys — Profiles and bars for general purposes;*

— EN 12168, *Copper and copper alloys — Hollow rod for free machining purposes;*

— EN 13601, *Copper and copper alloys — Copper rod, bar and wire for general electrical purposes;*

— EN 13602, *Copper and copper alloys — Drawn, round copper wire for the manufacture of electrical conductors;*

— EN 13605, *Copper and copper alloys — Copper profiles and profiled wire for electrical purposes.*

In comparison with EN 12163:2011, the following significant technical changes were made:

- a) introduction of an optional procedure how to refer to restrictions to the chemical composition imposed by the 4 MS Common Composition List for materials used for products accepted for contact with drinking water;
- b) requirements and test methods for resistance of dezincification modified;
- c) provisions for surface quality added;
- d) mechanical properties for CuZn21Si3P (CW724R) modified.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

The European Committee for Standardization (CEN) draws attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this document may involve the use of a patent concerning the alloy CuZn21Si3P (CW724R) given in 6.1.

CEN takes no position concerning the evidence, validity and scope of this patent right.

The holder of this patent right has ensured the CEN that he is willing to negotiate licenses either free of charge or under reasonable and non-discriminatory terms and conditions with applicants throughout the world. In this respect, the statement of the holder of this patent right is registered with CEN. Information may be obtained from:

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CEN and CENELEC maintain online lists of patents relevant to their standards. Users are encouraged to consult the lists for the most up to date information concerning patents (<ftp://ftp.cencenelec.eu/EN/IPR/Patents/IPRdeclaration.pdf>).

Due to developing legislation, the composition of a material may be restricted to the composition specified in this European Standard with respect to individual uses (e.g. for the use in contact with drinking water in some Member States of the European Union). These individual restrictions are not part of this European Standard. Nevertheless, for materials for which traditional and major uses are affected, these restrictions are indicated. The absence of an indication, however, does not imply that the material can be used in any application without any legal restriction.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the composition, property requirements and dimensional tolerances for copper alloy rod in the shape of circles, squares, hexagons or octagons, finally produced by drawing or extruding intended for general purposes.

The sampling procedures and the methods of test for verification of conformity to the requirements of this European Standard are also specified.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1173, *Copper and copper alloys - Material condition designation*

EN 1412, *Copper and copper alloys - European numbering system*

EN 1655, *Copper and copper alloys - Declarations of conformity*

EN 10204, *Metallic products - Types of inspection documents*

EN 14977, *Copper and copper alloys - Detection of tensile stress - 5 % ammonia test*

EN ISO 6506-1, *Metallic materials - Brinell hardness test - Part 1: Test method (ISO 6506-1)*

EN ISO 6509-1, *Corrosion of metals and alloys - Determination of dezincification resistance of copper alloys with zinc - Part 1: Test method (ISO 6509-1)*

EN ISO 6892-1, *Metallic materials - Tensile testing - Part 1: Method of test at room temperature (ISO 6892-1)*

ISO 1190-1, *Copper and copper alloys — Code of designation — Part 1: Designation of materials*

ISO 6957, *Copper alloys — Ammonia test for stress corrosion resistance*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

rod

straight product of uniform cross-section along its whole length

3.2

deviation from circular form

difference between the maximum and the minimum diameters measured at any one cross-section of a round product

4 Designations

4.1 Material

4.1.1 General

The material is designated either by symbol or by number (see Tables 1 to 7).

4.1.2 Symbol

The material symbol designation is based on the designation system given in ISO 1190-1.

NOTE Although material symbol designations used in this standard might be the same as those in other standards using the designation system given in ISO 1190-1, the detailed composition requirements are not necessarily the same.

4.1.3 Number

The material number designation is in accordance with the system given in EN 1412.

4.2 Material condition

For the purposes of this standard, the following designations, which are in accordance with the system given in EN 1173, apply for the material condition:

| | |
|------------|--|
| M | Material condition for the product as manufactured without specified mechanical properties; |
| R... | Material condition designated by the minimum value of tensile strength requirement for the product with mandatory tensile property requirements; |
| H... | Material condition designated by the minimum value of hardness requirement for the product with mandatory hardness requirements; |
| S (suffix) | Material condition for a product which is stress relieved. |

Products in the M, R... or H... material condition may be specially processed (i.e. mechanically or thermally stress relieved) in order to lower the residual stress level to improve the resistance to stress corrosion and the dimensional stability on machining [see Clause 5 list entry l), list entry m) and 8.4].

Exact conversion between material conditions designated R... and H... is not possible.

Except when the suffix S is used, material condition is designated by only one of the above designations.

4.3 Product

The product designation provides a standardized pattern of designation from which a rapid and unequivocal description of a product is conveyed in communication. It provides mutual comprehension at the international level with regard to products which meet the requirements of the relevant European Standard.

The product designation is no substitute for the full content of the standard.

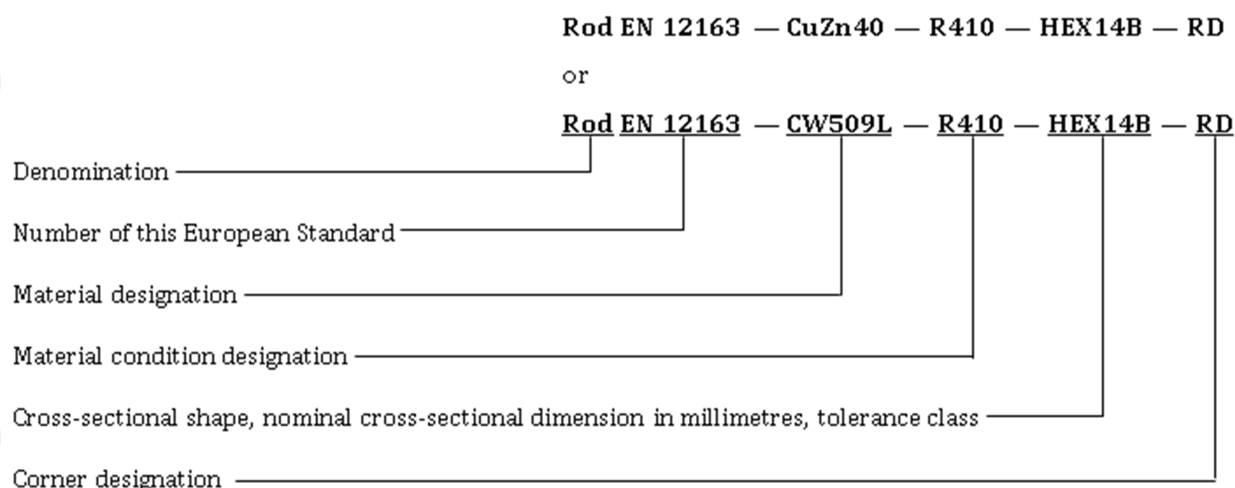
The product designation for products to this standard shall consist of:

- denomination (Rod);
- number of this European Standard (EN 12163);
- material designation, either symbol or number (see Tables 1 to 7);

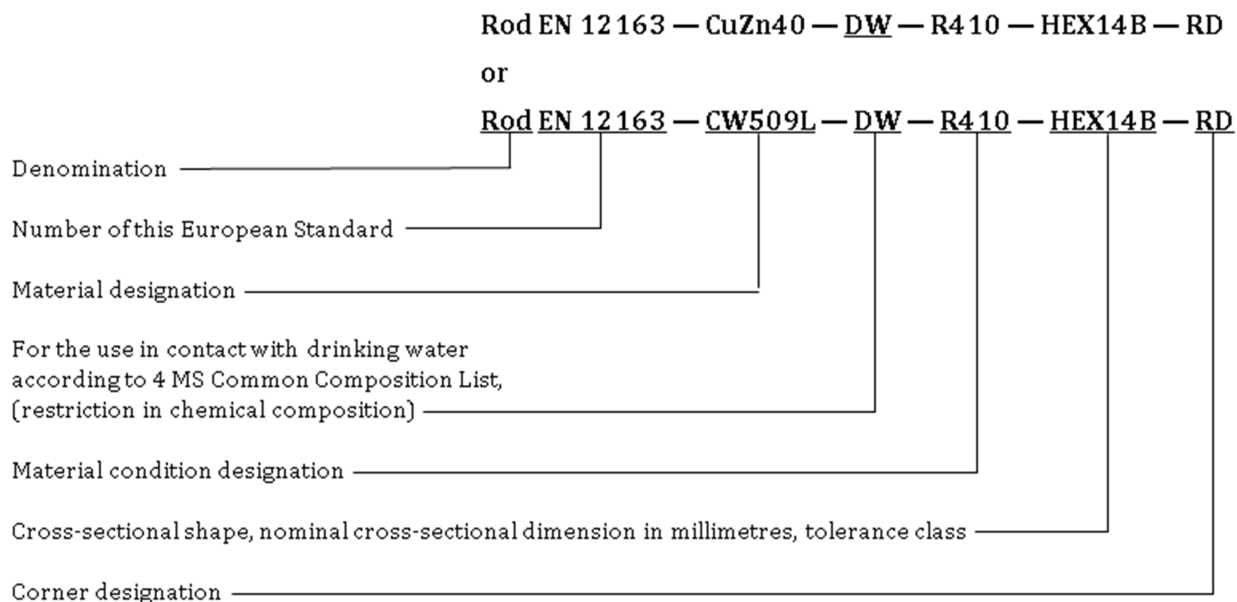
- DW for compliance in the chemical composition according to the 4 MS Common Composition List. This information is mandatory in the case in which the product is used for drinking water applications according to the 4 MS Common Composition List and not to be given in other cases;
- material condition designation (see Tables 8 to 14);
- cross-sectional shape (the following designations shall be used, as appropriate: RND for round, SQR for square, HEX for hexagonal, OCT for octagonal);
- nominal cross-sectional dimension (diameter or width across-flats);
- tolerance class (see Table 15);
- for polygonal rod, the corner shape (the following designations shall be used as appropriate: SH for sharp, RD for rounded), (see Table 17).

The derivation of a product designation is shown in the following examples.

EXAMPLE 1 Rod for general purposes conforming to this standard, in material designated either CuZn40 or CW509L, for standard applications, in material condition R410, hexagonal, nominal width across-flats 14 mm, tolerance Class B, rounded corners, will be designated as follows:



EXAMPLE 2 Rod for general purposes conforming to this standard, in material designated either CuZn40 or CW509L, for drinking water applications according to the 4 MS Common Composition List, in material condition R410, hexagonal, nominal width across-flats 14 mm, tolerance Class B, rounded corners, will be designated as follows:



5 Ordering information

In order to facilitate the enquiry, order and confirmation of order procedures between the purchaser and the supplier, the purchaser shall state on his enquiry and order the following information:

- a) mass of product required;
- b) denomination (Rod);
- c) number of this European Standard (EN 12163);
- d) material designation (see Tables 1 to 7);
- e) material condition designation (see 4.2 and Tables 8 to 14) if it is other than M;
- f) DW for compliance in the chemical composition according to the 4 MS Common Composition List. This information is mandatory in the case in which the product is used for drinking water applications according to the 4 MS Common Composition List and not to be given in other cases;
- g) cross-sectional shape;
- h) nominal cross-sectional dimension (diameter or width across-flats);
- i) whether other than class A tolerances are required (see Table 15);
- j) for polygonal rod: whether “sharp” or “rounded” corners are required unless the corner radii shall be left to the discretion of the supplier (see 6.5.5 and Table 17);

k) length and length tolerance (see 6.5.4).

It is recommended that the product designation, as described in 4.3, is used for items b) to k).

In addition, the purchaser shall also state on the enquiry and order any or the following, if required:

- l) whether the products are required to pass a stress corrosion resistance test. If so, which test method shall be used (see 8.5) if the choice is not to be left to the discretion of the supplier. If the purchaser chooses ISO 6957, the pH value for the test solution shall be selected;
- m) whether the products shall be supplied in a thermally stress relieved material condition;
- n) whether special surface quality is required (see 6.6);
- o) whether a declaration of conformity is required (see 9.1);
- p) whether an inspection document is required, and if so, which type (see 9.2);
- q) whether there are any special requirements for marking, packaging or labelling (see Clause 10).

EXAMPLE Ordering details for 500 kg rod for general purposes conforming to EN 12163, in material designated either CuZn40 or CW509L, for drinking water application according to the 4 MS Common Composition List, in material condition R410, hexagonal, nominal width across-flats 14 mm, tolerance class B, rounded corners, length 3 000 mm ± 100 mm:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <p>500 kg EN 12163</p> | <p>Rod — CuZn40 — DW — R410 — HEX14B — RD — length 3 000 mm ± 100 mm</p> |
| <p>or</p> | |
| <p>500 kg EN 12163</p> | <p>Rod — CW509L — DW — R410 — HEX14B — RD — length 3 000 mm ± 100 mm</p> |

6 Requirements

6.1 Composition

The composition shall conform to the requirements for the appropriate material given in Tables 1 to 7.

Due to developing legislation, specific applications (see 4.3) may require restrictions in the chemical composition. In this case the limitations shall be specified in the ordering information [see Clause 5, list entry f)].

6.2 Mechanical properties

The tensile or the hardness properties shall conform to the appropriate requirements given in Tables 8 to 14. The tests shall be carried out in accordance with 8.2 or 8.3.

6.3 Resistance to dezincification

The maximum depth of dezincification, in any direction, of CuZn38As (CW511L) and CuZn21Si3P (CW724R)) products shall be 100 µm.

The test shall be carried out in accordance with 8.4.

NOTE Shape and distribution of beta phase aggregates can influence the dezincification resistance of products. Special requirements relating to shape and distribution of β phase aggregates are subject to agreement between purchaser and supplier.

Products in alloy CuZn38As (CW511L) may be subjected to heat treatment in the range 500 °C to 550 °C during manufacture. If the user needs to heat the material above 530 °C during subsequent processing then advice should be sought from the supplier.

6.4 Residual stress level

Products ordered and supplied in the stress relieved condition (see 4.2, 2nd paragraph) shall show no evidence of cracking when tested. The tests shall be carried out in accordance with 8.5.

6.5 Dimensions and tolerances

6.5.1 Diameter or width across-flats

The diameter or width across-flats shall conform to the tolerances given in Table 15.

NOTE The diameter of round rod is calculated as the mean of one or more pairs of measurements taken at right angles at the same cross-section of the rod.

6.5.2 Shape tolerances

6.5.2.1 Round rod

The deviation from circular form shall not exceed half the range of the tolerance on diameter given in Table 15.

6.5.2.2 Polygonal rod

The width across-flats, measured at the centre of the faces at any one cross-section, shall not differ by more than half the range of the tolerance given for the size in Table 15.

6.5.3 Straightness

For rod of diameter, or width across-flats, from 10 mm up to and including 50 mm, and of length 1 000 mm or over, the deviation from straightness, defined as the curvature (depth of arc) against a datum line when the product is lying flat in a horizontal plane, shall conform to the tolerances given in Table 16.

NOTE Outside this range, the deviation from straightness is subject to agreement between the purchaser and the supplier.

6.5.4 Length

The length and length tolerance shall conform to the requirements stated on the enquiry and order [see Clause 5 list entry k)].

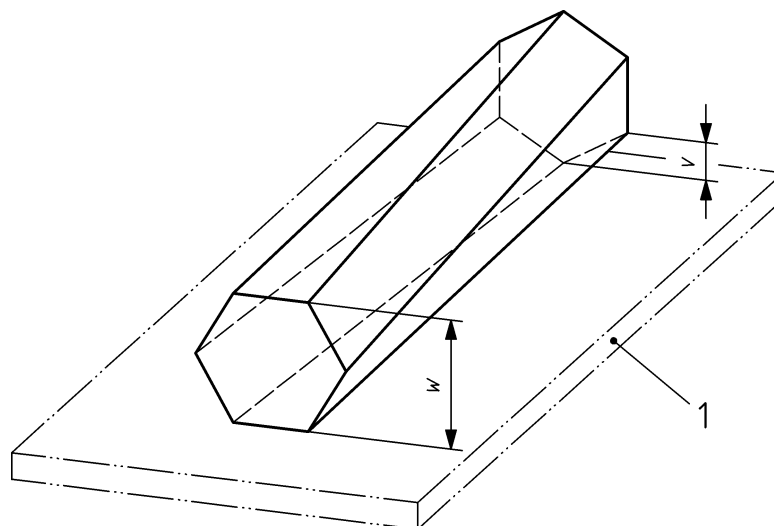
6.5.5 Corner radii

The corner radii of polygonal rod shall conform to Table 17 [see Clause 5 list entry j)].

Except in cases of dispute, the corners should be measured directly, either by use of a gauge or an optical projector. In cases of dispute, the method by optical projector should be used.

6.5.6 Twist of polygonal rod

The maximum permitted twist V (see Figure 1) of polygonal rod, as measured between two cross-sections along the rod, shall conform to Table 18.



Key

- 1 reference plane
- V twist
- W width across-flats

Figure 1 — Measurement of twist of polygonal rod

6.6 Surface quality

The surfaces shall be clean and smooth. The rods may have a superficial film of drawing lubricant or, if annealed or thermally stress relieved, a superficial, dull, iridescent oxide film, securely adherent on the surfaces.

Discontinuous irregularities on the surfaces of the rods are permitted if they are within the dimensional tolerances.

Special requirements (e.g. pickling, degreasing, etc.) relating to the surface quality shall be agreed between the purchaser and the supplier [see Clause 5, list entry n)].

7 Sampling

7.1 General

When required (e.g. if necessary in accordance with specified procedures of a supplier's quality system, or when the purchaser requests inspection documents with test results, or for use in cases of dispute), an inspection lot shall be sampled in accordance with 7.2 to 7.4.

7.2 Analysis

The sampling rate shall be in accordance with Table 19. A test sample, depending on the analytical technique to be employed, shall be prepared from each sampling unit and used for the determination of the composition.

When preparing the test sample, care should be taken to avoid contaminating or overheating the test sample. Carbide tipped tools are recommended; steel tools, if used, should be made of magnetic material to assist in the subsequent removal of extraneous iron. If the test samples are in finely divided form (e.g. drillings, millings), they should be treated carefully with a strong magnet to remove any particles of iron introduced during preparation.

In cases of dispute concerning the results of analysis, the full procedure given in ISO 1811-2 should be followed.

Results may be used from analyses carried out at an earlier stage of manufacturing the product, e.g. at the casting stage, if the material identity is maintained and if the quality system of the manufacturer is certified e.g. as conforming to EN ISO 9001.

7.3 Mechanical tests

The sampling rate shall be in accordance with Table 19. Sampling units shall be selected from the finished products. The test samples shall be cut from the sampling units. Test samples, and test pieces prepared from them, shall not be subjected to any further treatment, other than any machining operations necessary in the preparation of the test pieces.

7.4 Dezincification resistance and stress corrosion resistance test

The sampling rate which shall be applied to finished products shall be:

- for products that have been heat treated: one sampling unit per heat treatment batch;
- for products that have not been heat treated: in accordance with Table 19.

The test samples shall be cut from the sampling units. Test samples, and test pieces prepared from them, shall not be subjected to any further treatment, other than any machining operations necessary in the preparation of the test pieces.

8 Test methods

8.1 Analysis

Analysis shall be carried out on the test pieces, or test portions, prepared from the test samples obtained in accordance with 7.2. Except in cases of dispute, the analytical methods used shall be at the discretion of the supplier. In cases of dispute the methods of analysis to be used shall be agreed between the disputing parties. For expression of results, the rounding rules given in 8.8 shall be used.

8.2 Tensile test

8.2.1 General

Tensile test pieces shall be prepared in accordance with 8.2.2 and 8.2.3 and the test shall be carried out in accordance with 8.2.4.

8.2.2 Location of test pieces

Test pieces shall be machined from one of the following locations in the test sample obtained in accordance with 7.3:

- a) for test samples from products up to and including 30 mm diameter, or width across-flats, the test piece shall be coaxial with the product;

- b) for test samples from products over 30 mm diameter, or width across-flats, the longitudinal axis of the test piece shall be parallel to that of the product and shall be between 15 mm and 20 mm from the surface of the product.

8.2.3 Shape and size of test pieces

Test pieces shall be in accordance with EN ISO 6892-1, except that 200 mm gauge length is not permitted.

NOTE Elongation requirements for rod of diameter or width across-flats:

- a) less than 4 mm $(A_{100\text{ mm}})$;
b) 4 mm up to and including 8 mm $(A_{11,3})$;
c) greater than 8 mm (A) ;

are based on original gauge lengths of 100 mm, $11,3 \sqrt{S_0}$ mm and $5,65 \sqrt{S_0}$ mm respectively, where S_0 is the original cross-sectional area of the test piece in square millimetres.

8.2.4 Procedure for testing

The tensile test shall be carried out in accordance with the method given in EN ISO 6892-1.

8.2.5 Determination of results

The tensile strength and the elongation shall be determined from the tensile test results obtained in accordance with 8.2.4. For expression of results, the rounding rules given in 8.8 shall be used.

8.3 Hardness test

Hardness shall be determined on test pieces cut from the test sample obtained in accordance with 7.3. The test shall be carried out in accordance with EN ISO 6506-1.

The position of the impression/indentation shall be:

- a) for rod of diameter or width across-flats less than 5 mm upon agreement between customer and supplier;
b) for rod of diameter or width across-flats greater (equal) than 5 mm on the cross-section of the product midway between the central axis and the outside surface.

8.4 Dezincification resistance test

The test method given in EN ISO 6509-1 shall be used on the test samples obtained in accordance with 7.4.

A test piece shall be taken from each test sample so as to expose a prepared cross-sectional surface to the test solution.

At the completion of the test the maximum depth of dezincification in a longitudinal direction shall be measured;

8.5 Stress corrosion resistance test

The test method given in either ISO 6957 or EN 14977 shall be used on the test pieces prepared from the test samples obtained in accordance with 7.4. The choice of which of these tests is used shall be at

the discretion of the supplier, unless a preference is expressed by the purchaser [see Clause 5 list entry l)].

8.6 Determination of the electrical conductivity

If not otherwise specified the test method is left to the discretion of the supplier, e.g. eddy current method or resistance bridge.

8.7 Retests

8.7.1 Analysis, tensile, hardness and dezincification resistance tests and determination of the electrical conductivity

If there is a failure of one, or more than one, of the tests in 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 or 8.6, two test samples from the same inspection lot shall be permitted to be selected for retesting the failed property (properties). One of these test samples shall be taken from the same sampling unit as that from which the original failed test piece was taken, unless that sampling unit is no longer available, or has been withdrawn by the supplier.

If the test pieces from both test samples pass the appropriate test(s), then the inspection lot represented shall be deemed to conform to the particular requirement(s) of this standard. If a test piece fails a test, the inspection lot represented shall be deemed not to conform to this standard.

NOTE If an inspection lot of alloy CuZn38As (CW511L) fails the dezincification resistance test when tested or retested, the supplier has the option to heat treat, or to further heat treat, the inspection lot and resubmit it for all the tests called for on the order, except for analysis.

8.7.2 Stress corrosion resistance test

If a test piece fails the test in 8.5, the inspection lot represented by the failed test piece shall be permitted to be subjected to a stress relieving treatment. A further test sample shall then be selected in accordance with 7.4.

If a test piece from the further test sample passes the test, the stress relieved product shall be deemed to conform to the requirements of this standard for residual stress level and shall then be subjected to all the other tests called for on the purchase order, except for analysis. If the test piece from the further test sample fails the test, the stress relieved product shall be deemed not to conform to this standard.

8.8 Rounding of results

For the purpose of determining conformity to the limits specified in this standard an observed or a calculated value obtained from a test shall be rounded in accordance with the following procedure, which is based upon the guidance given in EN ISO 80000-1. It shall be rounded in one step to the same number of figures used to express the specified limit in this European Standard. Except for tensile strength and 0,2 % proof strength the rounding interval shall be 10 N/mm² and for elongation the value shall be rounded to the nearest 1 %.

The following rules shall be used for rounding:

- a) if the figure immediately after the last figure to be retained is less than 5, the last figure to be retained shall be kept unchanged;
- b) if the figure immediately after the last figure to be retained is equal to or greater than 5, the last figure to be retained shall be increased by one.

9 Declaration of conformity and inspection documentation

9.1 Declaration of conformity

When requested by the purchaser [see Clause 5 list entry o)] and agreed with the supplier, the supplier shall issue for the products the appropriate declaration of conformity in accordance with EN 1655.

9.2 Inspection documentation

When requested by the purchaser [(see Clause 5 list entry p)] and agreed with the supplier, the supplier shall issue for the products the appropriate inspection document, in accordance with EN 10204.

10 Marking, packaging, labelling

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser and agreed by the supplier, the marking, packaging and labelling shall be left to the discretion of the supplier [see Clause 5 list entry q)].

Table 1 — Composition of low alloyed copper alloys

| Material designation | | Composition % (mass fraction) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Density ^a g/cm ³ approx. | Electrical conductivity ^{a, b} MS/m approx. | |
|----------------------|--------|----------------------------------|------|----|-----|----|-----|------|----|-----|---|------|-----|----|------|--|---|----|
| Symbol | Number | Element | Cu | Al | Be | Co | Cr | Fe | Mn | Ni | P | Pb | Si | Zn | Zr | Others total | | |
| CuBe2 | CW101C | min. | Rem. | — | 1,8 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8,3 | 15 |
| | | max. | — | — | 2,1 | — | — | 0,2 | — | 0,3 | — | — | — | — | — | 0,5 | | |
| CuCo1Ni1Be | CW103C | min. | Rem. | — | 0,4 | — | — | — | — | 0,8 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8,8 | 28 |
| | | max. | — | — | 0,7 | — | — | 0,2 | — | 1,3 | — | — | — | — | — | 0,5 | | |
| CuCo2Be | CW104C | min. | Rem. | — | 0,4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8,8 | 25 |
| | | max. | — | — | 0,7 | — | — | 0,2 | — | 2,8 | — | — | — | — | — | 0,5 | | |
| CuCr1Zr | CW106C | min. | Rem. | — | — | — | 0,5 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0,03 | — | 8,9 | 46 |
| | | max. | — | — | — | — | 1,2 | 0,08 | — | — | — | — | 0,1 | — | 0,3 | 0,2 | | |
| CuNi1Si | CW109C | min. | Rem. | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1,0 | — | — | 0,4 | — | — | — | 8,8 | 22 |
| | | max. | — | — | — | — | — | 0,2 | — | 0,1 | — | 0,02 | 0,7 | — | — | 0,3 | | |
| CuNi2Be | CW110C | min. | Rem. | — | 0,2 | — | — | — | — | 1,4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8,8 | 38 |
| | | max. | — | — | 0,6 | — | — | 0,2 | — | 2,4 | — | — | — | — | — | 0,5 | | |
| CuNi2Si | CW111C | min. | Rem. | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1,6 | — | — | 0,4 | — | — | — | 8,8 | 20 |
| | | max. | — | — | — | — | — | 0,2 | — | 2,5 | — | 0,02 | 0,8 | — | — | 0,3 | | |
| CuZr | CW120C | min. | Rem. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0,1 | — | 8,9 | 50 |
| | | max. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0,2 | 0,1 | | |

^a For information only.

^b Only for solution heat treated and precipitation hardened material conditions.

Table 2 — Composition of copper-aluminium alloys

| Material designation | | Composition % (mass fraction) | | | | | | | | | | | Density a g/cm ³ |
|----------------------|--------|----------------------------------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Symbol | Number | Element | Cu | Al | Fe | Mn | Ni | Pb | Si | Sn | Zn | Others total | approx. |
| CuAl10Fe1 | CW305G | min. | Rem. | 9,0 | 0,5 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 7,6 |
| | | max. | — | 10,0 | 1,5 | 0,5 | 1,0 | 0,02 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,5 | 0,2 | |
| CuAl10Ni5Fe4 | CW307G | min. | Rem. | 8,5 | 3,0 | — | 4,0 | — | — | — | — | — | 7,6 |
| | | max. | — | 11,0 | 5,0 | 1,0 | 6,0 | 0,05 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,4 | 0,2 | |
| CuAl11Fe6Ni6 | CW308G | min. | Rem. | 10,5 | 5,0 | — | 5,0 | — | — | — | — | — | 7,4 |
| | | max. | — | 12,5 | 7,0 | 1,5 | 7,0 | 0,05 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,5 | 0,2 | |

^a For information only.

Table 3 — Composition of copper-nickel alloys

| Material designation | | Composition % (mass fraction) | | | | | | | | | | | | | Density a g/cm ³ |
|----------------------|--------|----------------------------------|------|------|------------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-----|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Symbol | Number | Element | Cu | C | Co | Fe | Mn | Ni | P | Pb | S | Sn | Zn | Others total | approx. |
| CuNi10Fe1Mn | CW352H | min. | Rem. | — | — | 1,0 | 0,5 | 9,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8,9 |
| | | max. | — | 0,05 | 0,1 ^b | 2,0 | 1,0 | 11,0 | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,05 | 0,03 | 0,5 | 0,2 | |
| CuNi30Mn1Fe | CW354H | min. | Rem. | — | — | 0,4 | 0,5 | 30,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 8,9 |
| | | max. | — | 0,05 | 0,1 ^b | 1,0 | 1,5 | 32,0 | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,5 | 0,2 | |

^a For information only.
^b Co max. 0,1 % is counted as Ni.

Table 4 — Composition of copper-nickel-zinc alloys

| Material designation | | Composition % (mass fraction) | | | | | | | | | | Density a g/cm ³ |
|----------------------|--------|----------------------------------|------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|--------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| Symbol | Number | Element | Cu | Fe | Mn | Ni | Pb | Sn | Zn | Others total | approx. | |
| CuNi12Zn24 | CW403J | min. | 63,0 | — | — | 11,0 | — | — | Rem. | — | 8,7 | |
| | | max. | 66,0 | 0,3 | 0,5 | 13,0 | 0,03 | 0,03 | — | 0,2 | | |
| CuNi18Zn20 | CW409J | min. | 60,0 | — | — | 17,0 | — | — | Rem. | — | 8,7 | |
| | | max. | 63,0 | 0,3 | 0,5 | 19,0 | 0,03 | 0,03 | — | 0,2 | | |

^a For information only.

Table 5 — Composition of copper-tin alloys

| Material designation | | Composition % (mass fraction) | | | | | | | | | Density ^a g/cm ³ approx. |
|----------------------|--------|----------------------------------|------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|-----|--------------|--|
| Symbol | Number | Element | Cu | Fe | Ni | P | Pb | Sn | Zn | Others total | |
| CuSn6 | CW452K | min. | Rem. | — | — | 0,01 | — | 5,5 | — | — | |
| | | max. | — | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,4 | 0,02 | 7,0 | 0,2 | 0,2 | |
| CuSn8 | CW453K | min. | Rem. | — | — | 0,01 | — | 7,5 | — | — | |
| | | max. | — | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,4 | 0,02 | 8,5 | 0,2 | 0,2 | |
| CuSn8P | CW459K | min. | Rem. | — | — | 0,2 | — | 7,5 | — | — | |
| | | max. | — | 0,1 | 0,3 | 0,4 | 0,05 | 8,5 | 0,3 | 0,2 | |

^a For information only.

Table 6 — Composition of copper-zinc alloys

| Material designation | | Composition ^b % (mass fraction) | | | | | | | | | | | Density ^a g/cm ³ approx. |
|----------------------|--------|---|------|------|------|------|----|-----|------|-----|------|--------------|--|
| Symbol | Number | Element | Cu | As | Al | Fe | Mn | Ni | Pb | Sn | Zn | Others total | |
| CuZn10 | CW501L | min. | 89,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 91,0 | — | 0,02 | 0,05 | — | 0,3 | 0,05 | 0,1 | — | 0,1 | |
| CuZn15 | CW502L | min. | 84,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 86,0 | — | 0,02 | 0,05 | — | 0,3 | 0,05 | 0,1 | — | 0,1 | |
| CuZn20 | CW503L | min. | 79,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 81,0 | — | 0,02 | 0,05 | — | 0,3 | 0,05 | 0,1 | — | 0,1 | |
| CuZn30 | CW505L | min. | 69,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 71,0 | — | 0,02 | 0,05 | — | 0,3 | 0,05 | 0,1 | — | 0,1 | |
| CuZn36 | CW507L | min. | 63,5 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 65,5 | — | 0,02 | 0,05 | — | 0,3 | 0,05 | 0,1 | — | 0,1 | |
| CuZn37 | CW508L | min. | 62,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 64,0 | — | 0,05 | 0,1 | — | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,1 | — | 0,1 | |
| CuZn40 | CW509L | min. | 59,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 61,5 | — | 0,05 | 0,2 | — | 0,3 | 0,2 | 0,2 | — | 0,2 | |
| CuZn42 | CW510L | min. | 57,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 59,0 | — | 0,05 | 0,3 | — | 0,3 | 0,2 | 0,3 | — | 0,2 | |
| CuZn38As | CW511L | min. | 61,5 | 0,02 | — | — | — | — | — | — | Rem. | — | |
| | | max. | 63,5 | 0,15 | 0,05 | 0,1 | — | 0,3 | 0,2 | 0,1 | — | 0,2 | |

- a For information only.
- b For drinking water applications, restrictions to the chemical composition of some materials listed in this table may apply according to national regulations/laws, e.g. as specified in the 4 MS Common Composition List.

Table 7 — Composition of complex copper-zinc alloys

| Material designation | | Composition ^b % (mass fraction) | | | | | | | | | | | | | Density ^a g/cm ³ approx. |
|----------------------|--------|---|------|------|----|-----|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|--|
| Symbol | Number | Element | Cu | Al | As | Fe | Mn | Ni | P | Pb | Si | Sn | Zn | Others total | |
| CuZn23Al6Mn4Fe3Pb | CW704R | min. | 63,0 | 5,0 | — | 2,0 | 3,5 | — | — | 0,2 | — | — | Rem. | — | 8,2 |
| | | max. | 65,0 | 6,0 | — | 3,5 | 5,0 | — | — | 0,8 | 0,2 | 0,2 | — | 0,2 | |
| CuZn31Si1 | CW708R | min. | 66,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0,7 | — | Rem. | — | 8,4 |
| | | max. | 70,0 | — | — | 0,4 | — | 0,5 | — | 0,8 | 1,3 | — | — | 0,5 | |
| CuZn35Ni3Mn2AlPb | CW710R | min. | 58,0 | 0,3 | — | — | 1,5 | 2,0 | — | 0,2 | — | — | Rem. | — | 8,3 |
| | | max. | 60,0 | 1,3 | — | 0,5 | 2,5 | 3,0 | — | 0,8 | 0,1 | 0,5 | — | 0,3 | |
| CuZn36Sn1Pb | CW712R | min. | 61,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0,2 | — | 1,0 | Rem. | — | 8,3 |
| | | max. | 63,0 | — | — | 0,1 | — | 0,2 | — | 0,6 | — | 1,5 | — | 0,2 | |
| CuZn39Sn1 | CW719R | min. | 59,0 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0,5 | Rem. | — | 8,4 |
| | | max. | 61,0 | — | — | 0,1 | — | 0,2 | — | 0,2 | — | 1,0 | — | 0,2 | |
| CuZn21Si3P | CW724R | min. | 75,0 | — | — | — | — | — | 0,02 | — | 2,7 | — | Rem. | — | 8,3 |
| | | max. | 77,0 | 0,05 | — | 0,3 | 0,05 | 0,2 | 0,10 | 0,10 | 3,5 | 0,3 | — | 0,2 | |

^a For information only.

^b For drinking water applications, restrictions to the chemical composition of some materials listed in this table may apply according to national regulations/laws, e.g. as specified in the 4 MS Common Composition List.

Table 8 — Mechanical properties of rod of low alloyed copper alloys

| Designations | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------|--------------------|--|------|--|------|-------------------------|---|------------------------|--------|------|------|----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|---|---|----|-----|-----|
| | Symbol | Material condition | Number | Material | | | from | over | | from | over | min. | max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CuBe2 | Material | M | All | mm | up to and including | mm | from | over | upto and including | R _m N/mm ² (MPa) | min. | R _p 0,2 N/mm ² (MPa) | min. | A _{100 m} m | % | A _{11,3} % | A % | min. | max. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 25 | 80 | 25 | 80 | 1 150 | 1 000 | | | 2 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 25 | 80 | 25 | 80 | | | | | | 340 | 410 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 25 | 2 | 25 | 1 300 | 1 100 | - | 2 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 25 | 2 | 25 | | | | | | 350 | 430 |
| CuCo1Ni1Be CuCo2Be | Material | M | All | mm | up to and including | mm | from | over | upto and including | R _m N/mm ² (MPa) | min. | R _p 0,2 N/mm ² (MPa) | min. | A _{100 m} m | % | A _{11,3} % | A % | min. | max. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 100 | 2 | 100 | 680 | 550 | 6 | 8 | 10 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 100 | 2 | 100 | | | | | | 220 | 270 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 60 | 2 | 60 | 730 | 610 | 4 | 6 | 8 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | 60 | 2 | 60 | | | | | | 230 | 310 |
| CuCr1Zr | Material | M | All | mm | up to and including | mm | from | over | upto and including | R _m N/mm ² (MPa) | min. | R _p 0,2 N/mm ² (MPa) | min. | A _{100 m} m | % | A _{11,3} % | A % | min. | max. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 25 | 100 | 25 | 100 | 370 | 250 | | | 16 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 50 | 100 | 25 | 100 | | | | | | 120 | 160 |

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | | Hardness | |
|--------------|----------|----------|------|--------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------|------|
| Symbol | Material | mm | | mm | | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | A _{100 m} % | A _{11,3} % | A % | min. | max. |
| | | from | over | from | over | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | R430 | 30 | 50 | 10 | 25 | 430 | | | 10 | | |
| | | H135 | 30 | 50 | 10 | 25 | | | | | 135 | 175 |
| | | R470 | 4 | 30 | | | 470 | - | 6 | 8 | | |
| | | H150 | 4 | 30 | | | | | | | 150 | 180 |
| | | M | All | | All | | | | | As manufactured | | |
| | | R440 | 50 | 80 | | 80 | 440 | | | 16 | | |
| | | H120 | 50 | 80 | | 80 | | | | | 120 | 180 |
| | | R540 | 30 | 50 | | 50 | 540 | | | 10 | | |
| | | H140 | 30 | 50 | | 50 | | | | | 140 | 190 |
| | | R590 | 2 | 30 | 2 | 30 | 590 | 8 | 10 | 12 | | |
| | | H160 | 2 | 30 | 2 | 30 | | | | | 160 | 210 |
| | | M | All | | All | | | | | As manufactured | | |
| | | R620 | 2 | 100 | 2 | 100 | 620 | 6 | 8 | 10 | | |
| | | H190 | 2 | 100 | 2 | 100 | | | | | 190 | 250 |
| CuNi1Si | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CuNi2Be | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | | Hardness | |
|--------------|----------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | mm | | mm | | % |
| Symbol | Material | Number | Material condition | from | up to | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | A _{100 m} | A _{11,3} | min. | min. | max. |
| | | | | over | including | | | m | % | | | |
| | | | R680 | 2 | 60 | — | 680 | 4 | 6 | 8 | | |
| | | | H210 | 2 | 60 | — | — | — | — | — | 210 | 260 |
| | | | M | All | | All | As manufactured | | | | | |
| CuNi2Si | CW111C | | R550 | 20 | 80 | 20 | 550 | — | — | 15 | — | — |
| | | | H150 | 20 | 80 | 20 | — | — | — | — | 150 | 190 |
| | | | R600 | 20 | 50 | 20 | 600 | — | — | 10 | — | — |
| | | | H165 | 20 | 50 | 20 | — | — | — | — | 165 | 210 |
| | | | R640 | 2 | 30 | 2 | 640 | 6 | 8 | 10 | — | — |
| | | | H180 | 2 | 30 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 180 | 230 |
| | | | M | All | | All | As manufactured | | | | | |
| CuZr | CW120C | | R250 | — | 80 | — | 250 | — | — | 20 | — | — |
| | | | H075 | — | 80 | — | — | — | — | — | 75 | 115 |
| | | | R280 | — | 50 | — | 280 | — | — | 15 | — | — |
| | | | H090 | — | 40 | — | — | — | — | — | 90 | 130 |

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | |
|--------------|----------|----------|----|--------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | A _{100 m} | A _{11,3} | min. | min. |
| Symbol | Material | from | to | from | to | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | % | % | min. | max. |
| | Material | 4 | — | 2 | — | 350 | 260 | — | 10 | 12 | — |
| | | R350 | 4 | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | 120 |
| | | 4 | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| | | 4 | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

^a See 8.2.3.

Table 9 — Mechanical properties of rod of copper-aluminium alloys

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | |
|--------------|--------|-----------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|----------|------|
| Material | Symbol | mm | | mm | | R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | $R_p 0,2$ N/mm ² (MPa) | A100 mm | A11,3 | min. | max. |
| | | from over | up to and including | from over | up to and including | | | min. | min. | | |
| | | All | | All | | | | As manufactured | | | |
| | | 10 | 80 | 10 | 80 | 530 | 290 | — | — | 10 | — |
| | | 10 | 80 | 10 | 80 | — | — | — | — | — | 170 |
| | | 10 | 30 | 10 | 30 | 630 | 490 | — | — | 5 | — |
| | | 10 | 30 | 10 | 30 | — | — | — | — | — | 155 |
| | | All | | All | | | | As manufactured | | | |
| | | 10 | 120 | 10 | 120 | 680 | 320 | — | — | 10 | — |
| | | 10 | 120 | 10 | 120 | — | — | — | — | — | 210 |
| | | 10 | 80 | 10 | 80 | 740 | 400 | — | — | 8 | — |
| | | 10 | 80 | 10 | 80 | — | — | — | — | — | 200 |
| | | All | | All | | | | As manufactured | | | |
| | | 10 | 120 | 10 | 120 | 740 | 420 | — | — | 5 | — |
| | | 10 | 120 | 10 | 120 | — | — | — | — | — | 260 |
| | | 10 | 80 | 10 | 80 | 830 | 550 | — | — | — | — |

| Designations | | Diameter | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | |
|--------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|----------|------|
| Material | Material condition | | mm | mm | | | A ₁₀₀ mm | A _{11,3} | | min. |
| Symbol | Number | from over | from over | up to and including | R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | $R_p 0,2$ N/mm ² (MPa) | % | % | min. | max. |
| | | 10 | 10 | 80 | — | — | — | — | 240 | — |

^a See 8.2.3.

Table 10 — Mechanical properties of rod of copper-nickel alloys

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | |
|--------------|--------|----------|------|--------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| Symbol | Number | mm | | mm | | R_m | $R_p 0,2$ | A100 mm | A11,3 | HBW | |
| | | from | over | from | over | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | % | % | min. | min. |
| | | All | | All | | | | As manufactured | | | |
| CuNi10Fe1Mn | | 10 | — | 10 | — | 280 | 90 | — | — | — | — |
| | | 10 | — | 10 | — | — | — | — | — | 70 | 100 |
| | | 2 | — | 2 | — | 350 | 150 | 6 | 8 | 10 | — |
| | | 2 | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | — |
| | | All | | All | | | | As manufactured | | | |
| CuNi30Mn1Fe | | 10 | — | 10 | — | 340 | 120 | — | — | — | — |
| | | 10 | — | 10 | — | — | — | — | — | 80 | 110 |
| | | 2 | — | 2 | — | 420 | 180 | 10 | 12 | 14 | — |
| | | 2 | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | 110 | — |

^a See 8.2.3.

Table 11 — Mechanical properties of rod of copper-nickel-zinc alloys

| Designations | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | 0,2 % proof strength $R_{p0,2}$ N/mm ² (MPa) | | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|------|---|--|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|----|----|-----|-----|
| | Material condition | mm | mm | mm | | min. | max. | A ₁₀₀ mm | A _{11,3} | min. | max. | | | | |
| Symbol | Number | from | over | from | over | including | including | including | including | including | including | | | | |
| CuNi12Zn24 | CW403J | M | All | All | All | All | All | All | All | All | All | | | | |
| | | R380 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 50 | 50 | 2 | — | 28 | 33 | 38 | — | — |
| | | H085 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 50 | 50 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 85 | 125 |
| | | R450 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 40 | 40 | 2 | — | 8 | 10 | 12 | — | — |
| | | H125 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 40 | 40 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 125 | 150 |
| | | R540 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 10 | 10 | 2 | — | 2 | 3 | 5 | — | — |
| | | H160 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 10 | 10 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 160 | 190 |
| | | R640 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 4 | 4 | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| | | H190 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 4 | 4 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 190 | — |

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | | Elongation ^a | | | Hardness | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------|----------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | min. | max. | min. | min. | min. | min. | min. | max. |
| Symbol | Material | Material condition | mm | | mm | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | % | A _{11,3} | % | A | % | HBW |
| | | | from | over | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | M | All | | All | | | | | | | | | |
| | | R400 | 2 | — | 50 | 400 | — | 290 | 25 | 30 | 35 | — | — | — |
| | | H095 | 2 | — | 50 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 95 | 135 | — |
| | | R480 | 2 | — | 40 | 480 | 250 | — | 7 | 9 | 11 | — | — | — |
| | | H140 | 2 | — | 40 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 140 | 175 | — |
| | | R580 | 2 | — | 10 | 580 | 400 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| | | H170 | 2 | — | 10 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 170 | 210 | — |
| | | R660 | 2 | — | 4 | 660 | 550 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| | | H200 | 2 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 200 | — | — |
| | CuNi18Zn20 | CW409J | As manufactured | | | | | | | | | | | |

^a See 8.2.3.

Table 12 — Mechanical properties of rod of copper-tin alloys

| Designations | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | 0,2 % proof strength $R_p 0,2$ N/mm ² (MPa) | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|---|---|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------|------|------|----|---|---|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|---|-----|-----|
| | Material | Material condition | Symbol | Number | | | from over | up to and including | | mm | from over | up to and including | mm | min. | max. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CuSn6 | M | All | All | All | All | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | R340 | 2 | — | 60 | 2 | — | 60 | 340 | — | 270 | 35 | 40 | 45 | — | — | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | H080 | 2 | — | 60 | 2 | — | 60 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 80 | 110 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | R420 | 2 | — | 40 | 2 | — | 40 | 420 | 220 | — | — | 25 | 30 | — | — | — |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | H120 | 2 | — | 40 | 2 | — | 40 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 120 | 155 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | R520 | 2 | — | 8 | — | — | — | 520 | 400 | — | 4 | 5 | — | — | — | — |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | H150 | 2 | — | 8 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 150 | 180 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | R700 | 2 | — | 4 | — | — | — | 700 | 600 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| H180 | 2 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 180 | 215 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CuSn8 CuSn8P | M | All | All | All | All | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | As manufactured | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | CW453K | 2 | — | 60 | 2 | — | 60 | 390 | — | 280 | 35 | 40 | 45 | — | — | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | CW459K | 2 | — | 60 | 2 | — | 60 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 85 | 125 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | R450 | 2 | — | 50 | 2 | — | 50 | 450 | 280 | — | 18 | 22 | 26 | — | — | |

| Designations | | Diameter mm | | Width across-flats mm | | Tensile strength R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | 0,2 % proof strength $R_p 0,2$ N/mm ² (MPa) | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | |
|--------------|--------------------|----------------|------|--------------------------|------|---|--|-------------------------|------------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | A100 mm % | A11,3 % | min. | max. |
| Material | Material condition | from | over | up to and including | from | over | up to and including | min. | max. | min. | max. |
| Symbol | Number | | | | | | | | | | |
| | H135 | 2 | — | 50 | 2 | — | 50 | — | — | 135 | 165 |
| | R550 | 2 | — | 12 | 2 | — | 12 | 10 | 12 | — | — |
| | H160 | 2 | — | 12 | 2 | — | 12 | — | — | 160 | 190 |
| | R620 | 2 | — | 8 | — | — | — | 5 | 8 | — | — |
| | H180 | 2 | — | 8 | — | — | — | — | — | 180 | — |
| | R750 | 2 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| | H210 | 2 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | 210 | — |

^a See 8.2.3.

Table 13 — Mechanical properties of rod of copper-zinc alloys

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | | | |
|--------------|--------|----------|------|--------------------|------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | Material condition | | Material condition | | Material condition | |
| Symbol | Number | mm | | mm | | R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | $R_{p0,2}$ N/mm ² (MPa) | A_{100} mm | $A_{11,3}$ | HBW | | | |
| | | from | over | from | over | | | min. | max. | min. | max. | | |
| | | All | | All | | As manufactured | | | | | | | |
| CuZn10 | M | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | R240 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 240 | — | 150 | — | 40 | 45 | — | — |
| | H050 | 4 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 50 | 95 | — |
| | R320 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 320 | 220 | — | 23 | 25 | — | — | — |
| | H090 | 4 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 90 | 120 | — |
| | R380 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 380 | 280 | — | 11 | 12 | — | — | — |
| CuZn15 | H110 | 4 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 110 | 150 | — |
| | M | All | | All | | As manufactured | | | | | | | |
| | R260 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 260 | — | 170 | — | 40 | 45 | — | — |
| | H060 | 4 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 60 | 115 | — |
| | R340 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 340 | 200 | — | 20 | 22 | — | — | — |
| | H100 | 4 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 130 | — |
| CuZn15 | R430 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 430 | 350 | — | 8 | 10 | — | — | — |
| | H130 | 4 | — | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 130 | 170 | — |

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | | | |
|--------------|----------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | | | mm | | | % | | |
| Symbol | Material | Material condition | Number | from | up to | mm | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | A _{100 mm} | A _{11,3} | | | |
| | | | | over | and including | | | | from over | including | min. | min. | max. |
| | | M | | All | | All | | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | R260 | 4 | — | 80 | 4 | 260 | — | 170 | — | 45 | — | — |
| | | H065 | 4 | — | 80 | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | 65 | 100 |
| | | R360 | 4 | — | 40 | 4 | 360 | 210 | — | — | 18 | 20 | — |
| | | H100 | 4 | — | 40 | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 130 |
| | | R450 | 4 | — | 10 | 4 | 450 | 300 | — | — | 6 | 7 | — |
| | | H130 | 4 | — | 10 | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | 130 | 190 |
| | | M | | All | | All | | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | R280 | 4 | — | 80 | 4 | 280 | — | 250 | — | 40 | 45 | — |
| | | H070 | 4 | — | 80 | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | 70 | 115 |
| | | R370 | 4 | — | 40 | 4 | 370 | 230 | — | — | 14 | 16 | — |
| | | H105 | 4 | — | 40 | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | 105 | 135 |
| | | R460 | 4 | — | 10 | 4 | 460 | 310 | — | — | 7 | 9 | — |
| | | H135 | 4 | — | 10 | 4 | — | — | — | — | — | 135 | — |
| | | M | | All | | All | | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | CW507L | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | CW503L | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | CW505L | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | CW507L | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Designations | | Material condition | Diameter | | | Width across-flats | | | Tensile strength R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | 0,2 % proof strength $R_p 0,2$ N/mm ² (MPa) | Elongation ^a | | | Hardness | | | |
|--------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-----------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|---|---|-------------------------|------|------|----------|------|-----|---|
| | | | mm | from over | up to and including | mm | from over | up to and including | | | mm | min. | max. | min. | max. | | |
| Symbol | Number | | | | | | | | | A100 mm | A11,3 | A | | | | | |
| CuZn37 | CW508L | R290 | 4 | — | 80 | 4 | — | 80 | — | 230 | — | — | 45 | — | — | | |
| | | H070 | 4 | — | 80 | 4 | — | 80 | — | — | — | — | — | 70 | 110 | | |
| | | R370 | 4 | — | 40 | 4 | — | 35 | 370 | 240 | — | — | 12 | 14 | — | — | |
| | | H105 | 4 | — | 40 | 4 | — | 35 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 105 | 145 | |
| | | R460 | 4 | — | 8 | 4 | — | 6 | 460 | 330 | — | — | 6 | 8 | — | — | |
| | | H140 | 4 | — | 8 | 4 | — | 6 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 140 | — | |
| | | M | All | | | All | | | As manufactured | | | | | | | | |
| CuZn40 | CW509L | R360 | 6 | — | 80 | 5 | — | 60 | 360 | — | 300 | — | 15 | 20 | — | — | |
| | | H070 | 6 | — | 80 | 5 | — | 60 | — | — | — | — | — | 70 | 100 | | |
| | | R410 | 2 | — | 40 | 2 | — | 35 | 410 | 230 | — | — | 8 | 10 | 12 | — | — |
| | | H100 | 2 | — | 40 | 2 | — | 35 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 145 | |
| | | R500 | 2 | — | 14 | 2 | — | 10 | 500 | 350 | — | — | 3 | 5 | 8 | — | — |
| | | H120 | 2 | — | 14 | 2 | — | 10 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 120 | — | |
| | | M | All | | | All | | | As manufactured | | | | | | | | |
| CuZn42 | CW510L | R360 | 6 | — | 80 | 5 | — | 60 | 360 | — | 320 | — | 15 | 20 | — | — | |

| Designations | | Diameter mm | | Width across-flats mm | | Tensile strength R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | 0,2 % proof strength $R_p 0,2$ N/mm ² (MPa) | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | |
|--------------|--|----------------|------|--------------------------|------|---|--|--------------------------|------------------------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | A ₁₀₀ mm % | A _{11,3} % | min. | max. |
| Symbol | Material Material condition Number | from | over | from | over | min. | min. | min. | min. | min. | max. |
| | | | H090 | 6 | — | 5 | — | — | — | — | — |
| | R430 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 430 | 220 | 6 | 8 | — | — |
| | H110 | 2 | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | 110 | 160 |
| | R500 | 2 | — | 2 | — | 500 | 350 | — | 3 | — | — |
| | H135 | 2 | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | 135 | — |

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|----------|------|------|-----------|---------------------|-----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | A100 mm | A11,3 | min. | max. | | | | | |
| Symbol | Material | Material condition | mm | | mm | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | % | % | HBW | min. | max. | | | | |
| | | | from over | up to and including | | | | | | | | | from over | up to and including | | |
| | | M | All | | All | As manufactured | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | R280 | 6 | — | 5 | — | 5 | 60 | 280 | — | 200 | — | 25 | 30 | — | — |
| | | H070 | 6 | — | 5 | — | 5 | 60 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 70 | 110 |
| | | R320 | 6 | — | 5 | — | 5 | 50 | 320 | 200 | — | — | 15 | 20 | — | — |
| | | H090 | 6 | — | 5 | — | 5 | 50 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 90 | 135 |
| | | R400 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 4 | 13 | 400 | 250 | — | — | 5 | 8 | — | — |
| | | H105 | 4 | — | 4 | — | 4 | 13 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 105 | — |

^a See 8.2.3.

Table 14 — Mechanical properties of rod of complex copper-zinc alloys

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | Hardness |
|--------------------|---------|----------|----|--------------------|----|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----------|
| Material | Symbol | mm | | mm | | R_m | $R_{p0,2}$ | A_{100} | $A_{11,3}$ | HBW |
| | | from | to | from | to | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | mm | % | |
| Material condition | | from | to | from | to | min. | max. | min. | min. | max. |
| CuZn23Al6Mn4Fe3Pb | CW704 R | All | | All | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | 10 | 80 | 10 | 60 | 780 | 540 | — | 8 | — |
| | | 10 | 80 | 10 | 60 | — | — | — | — | 190 |
| CuZn31Si1 | CW708 R | All | | All | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | 5 | 40 | 5 | 40 | 460 | 240 | — | 18 | 22 |
| | | 5 | 40 | 5 | 40 | — | — | — | — | 120 |
| | | 5 | 14 | 5 | 14 | 530 | 350 | — | 10 | 12 |
| | | 5 | 14 | 5 | 14 | — | — | — | — | 140 |
| CuZn35Ni3Mn2AlPb | CW710 R | All | | All | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | 5 | 40 | 5 | 40 | 490 | 290 | — | 15 | 18 |

| Designations | | Diameter | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | | Hardness | |
|--------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------|------|
| Material | Material condition | | mm | mm | | | R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | $R_p 0,2$ N/mm ² (MPa) | A ₁₀₀ mm | A _{11,3} | A |
| Symbol | Number | from | to | from | to | min. | max. | min. | min. | min. | max. |
| | | 5 | 40 | 5 | 40 | — | — | — | — | 120 | 160 |

| Designations | | Material condition | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength R_m N/mm ² (MPa) | 0,2% proof strength $R_{p0,2}$ N/mm ² (MPa) | Elongation ^a | | | Hardness | |
|--------------|------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---|---|-------------------------|------------------------|--------|----------|------|
| | | | from | up to and including | from | up to and including | | | A ₁₀₀ mm | A _{11,3} % | A % | min. | max. |
| Material | Number | | mm | | mm | | | | As manufactured | | | HBW | |
| Symbol | | | from | up to and including | from | up to and including | min. | max. | min. | min. | min. | min. | max. |
| CuZn36Sn1Pb | CW712 R | M | All | | All | | | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | R340 | 5 | 60 | 5 | 60 | 340 | 160 | — | 20 | 25 | — | — |
| | | H080 | 5 | 60 | 5 | 60 | — | — | — | — | — | 80 | 120 |
| | | R400 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 40 | 400 | 200 | — | 16 | 20 | — | — |
| | | H105 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 40 | — | — | — | — | — | 105 | 135 |
| CuZn39Sn1 | CW719 R | M | All | | All | | | | As manufactured | | | | |
| | | R340 | 5 | 80 | 5 | 60 | 340 | 140 | — | 15 | 20 | — | — |
| | | H080 | 5 | 80 | 5 | 60 | — | — | — | — | — | 80 | 120 |
| | | R400 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 40 | 400 | 180 | — | 10 | 15 | — | — |
| | | H105 | 5 | 50 | 5 | 40 | — | — | — | — | — | 105 | 145 |
| | | R450 | 5 | 25 | 5 | 20 | 450 | 250 | — | 5 | 10 | — | — |
| H120 | 5 | 25 | 5 | 20 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 120 | 160 | |

| Designations | | Diameter | | Width across-flats | | Tensile strength | 0,2 % proof strength | Elongation ^a | | | Hardness | | | |
|--------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------|----------|-----|-----|---|
| | | | | | | | | A ₁₀₀ mm | A _{11,3} | A | | | | |
| Material | Condition | mm | | mm | | N/mm ² (MPa) | N/mm ² (MPa) | % | % | % | HBW | | | |
| | | from | over | from | over | | | | | | | | | |
| Symbol | Number | mm | | mm | | min. | min. | min. | min. | min. | max. | | | |
| | | up to and including | up to and including | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | All | | All | | As manufactured | | | | | | | | |
| CuZn21Si3P | M | 6 | — | 80 | — | 80 | — | 450 | — | 13 | 15 | — | — | |
| | R500 | 6 | — | 80 | 35 | 80 | 500 | — | — | — | — | — | — | |
| | H130 | 6 | — | 80 | 35 | 80 | — | — | — | — | — | 130 | 180 | |
| | R600 | 10 | — | 40 | 15 | 40 | 600 | 300 | — | — | 12 | — | — | |
| | H150 | 10 | — | 40 | 15 | 40 | — | — | — | — | — | 150 | 220 | |
| | R670 | 2 | — | 20 | 2 | 15 | 670 | 400 | — | 8 | 9 | 10 | — | — |
| | H170 | 2 | — | 20 | 2 | 15 | — | — | — | — | — | 170 | — | — |

^a See 8.2.3.

Table 15 — Dimensional tolerances for rod

Dimensions in millimetres

| Nominal diameter or width across-flats | | Tolerances | |
|--|---------------------|------------|---------|
| over | up to and including | class A | class B |
| 1,6 ^a | 3 | ±0,10 | ±0,05 |
| 3 | 6 | ±0,15 | ±0,08 |
| 6 | 10 | ±0,20 | ±0,11 |
| 10 | 18 | ±0,25 | ±0,14 |
| 18 | 30 | ±0,30 | ±0,17 |
| 30 | 50 | ±0,60 | ±0,20 |
| 50 | 80 | ±0,70 | ±0,37 |

^a Including 1,6.

Table 16 — Tolerances on straightness of rod

| Nominal diameter or width across-flats | | Maximum deviation from straightness (see 6.5.3) | |
|--|---------------------------|--|---|
| from | mm up to and including | mm localized over any 400 mm length | mm over whole length <i>L</i> of rod in metres (<i>L</i> ≥ 1 m) |
| 10 | 50 | 2,5 | 6 × <i>L</i> |

Table 17 — Corner radii for square and polygonal rod

Dimensions in millimetres

| Nominal width across-flats | | Radii for sharp and rounded corners | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| over | up to and including | sharp max. | rounded range |
| 1,6 ^a | 3 | 0,2 | 0,2 to 0,3 |
| 3 | 6 | 0,3 | 0,3 to 0,5 |
| 6 | 10 | 0,4 | 0,4 to 0,8 |
| 10 | 18 | 0,5 | 0,5 to 1,2 |
| 18 | 30 | 0,6 | 0,6 to 1,8 |
| 30 | 50 | 0,7 | 0,7 to 2,8 |
| 50 | 60 | 0,8 | 0,8 to 4,0 |

^a Including 1,6.

Table 18 — Maximum twist of square and polygonal rod

Dimensions in millimetres

| Nominal width across-flats <i>W</i> | | Maximum permitted twist <i>V</i> in any 1 m length of rod |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| over | up to and including | |
| 10 ^a | 18 | 2,0 |
| 18 | 30 | 3,0 |
| 30 | 60 | 4,0 |

^a Including 10.

Table 19 — Sampling rate

| Nominal diameter or width across-flats mm | | Mass of inspection lot for one test sample kg up to and including |
|---|---------------------|--|
| over | up to and including | |
| — | 25 | 1 000 |
| 25 | — | 2 000 |

NOTE Larger quantities require sampling in proportion, up to a maximum of three test samples.

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