Aerospace series — Inserts, MJ threads, self-locking, self-broaching keys — Technical specifications

ICS 49.030.30



National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 4621:2010.

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Luft- und Raumfahrt - Gewindeeinsätze, MJ-Gewinden, selbstsicherndmit selbsträumenden Stiften - Technische Lieferbedingungen

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Foreword

This document (EN 4621:2010) has been prepared by the Aerospace and Defence Industries Association of Europe - Standardization (ASD-STAN).

After enquiries and votes carried out in accordance with the rules of this Association, this Standard has received the approval of the National Associations and the Official Services of the member countries of ASD, prior to its presentation to CEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2010, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2010.

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BS EN 4621:2010 EN 4621:2010 (E)

Scope

This standard specifies the characteristics, qualification and acceptance requirements for self-locking inserts, self-broaching keys with MJ threads, for aerospace applications.

It is applicable whenever referenced.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

2024-T3 Extruded EN 2638, Aerospace series — Aluminium allov har and section 1,2 mm \leq (a or D) \leq 150 mm — With coarse peripheral grain control 1)

EN 4619, Aerospace series — Inserts, MJ threads, self-locking, with self-broaching keys — Installation and removal procedure

EN 4620, Aerospace series — Inserts, MJ threads, self-locking, with self-broaching keys — Design standard

EN 9133, Aerospace series — Quality management systems — Qualification procedure for aerospace standard parts

ISO 2859-1:1999, Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes — Part 1: Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection

ISO 3452:1984, Non-destructive testing — Penetrant inspection — General principles

ISO 4288, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Rules and procedures for the assessment of surface texture

ISO 5855-1, Aerospace — MJ threads — Part 1: General requirements

ISO 5855-2, Aerospace — MJ threads — Part 2: Limit dimensions for bolts and nuts

ASTM E 112-96, Standard Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size 2)

Terms and definitions 3

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

batch

quantity of finished parts, of the same type and same diameter, produced from the same material obtained from the same melt, manufactured in the course of the same production cycle, following the same manufacturing route and having undergone all the relevant heat treatments and surface treatments

¹⁾ Published as ASD Prestandard at the date of publication of this standard.

²⁾ Published by: American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 1916, Race Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103, USA.

3.2 Surface discontinuities

3.2.1

crack

rupture in the material which may extend in any direction and which may be intercrystalline or transcrystalline in character

3.2.2

seam

open surface defect

3.2.3

lap

surface defect caused by folding over metal fins or sharp corners and then rolling or forging them into the surface

3.2.4

inclusions

metallic or non-metallic particles originating from the manufacturing process

NOTE These particles may be isolated or arranged in strings.

3.2.5

test temperature

ambient temperature, unless otherwise specified

3.2.6

simple random sampling

taking of n items from a population of N items in such a way that all possible combinations of n items have the same probability of being chosen

3.2.7

critical defect

defect that, according to judgement and experience, is likely to result in hazardous or unsafe conditions for individuals using, maintaining, or depending upon the considered product, or that is likely to prevent performance of the function of a major end item

3.2.8

major defect

defect other than critical, that is likely to result in a failure or to reduce materially the usability of the considered product for its intended purpose

3.2.9

minor defect

defect that is not likely to reduce materially the usability of the considered product for its intended purpose, or that is a departure from established specification having little bearing on the effective use or operation of this product

3.2.10

sampling plan

plan according to which one or more samples are taken in order to obtain information and possibly to reach a decision

3.2.11

limiting quality

LQ_{10}

in a sampling plan, quality limit which corresponds to a specified 10 % probability of acceptance

It is the limiting lot quality characteristic that the consumer is willing to accept with a low probability that a lot of this quality would occur.

For the purposes of this standard, the limiting quality quoted in Table 4 corresponds to a probability of acceptance of 10 %.

3.2.12

acceptance quality limit

AQL

quality limit which in a sampling plan corresponds to a specified but relatively high probability of acceptance

NOTE It is the maximum percent defective (or the maximum number of defects per hundred units) that, for purposes of sampling inspection, can be considered satisfactory as a process average.

3.2.13

finished insert

insert ready for use, inclusive of any possible treatments and/or surface coatings, as specified in the definition

3.2.14

definition document

document specifying all the requirements for finished inserts

3.2.15

self-locking torque

ttorque to be applied to the associated bolt to maintain movement of rotation in relation to the part, the assembly being under no axial load and the insert locking zone being completely engaged with the bolt (minimum protrusion of two pitches, including the end chamfer)

3.2.16

seating torque

tightening torque to be applied to the insert or bolt to introduce or to increase the axial load in the assembly

3.2.17

unseating torque

untightening torque to be applied to the insert or bolt to reduce or remove the axial load in the assembly

3.2.18

breakaway torque

torque required to start unscrewing the insert or the bolt from the associated part, with the insert locking device still fully engaged on the bolt, but after the axial load in the assembly has been removed by unscrewing half a turn followed by a halt in rotational movement

4 Quality assurance

4.1 Qualification

EN 9133.

Qualification inspections and tests (requirements, methods, numbers of inserts with self-broaching keys) are specified in Table 1. They shall be carried out on:

- each type and diameter of inserts;
- 39 inserts selected from a single batch by simple random sampling.

The test programme may possibly be reduced, or the qualification be granted without inspection or testing.

Any such decision shall be based on the results obtained on similar types and diameters of inserts provided that the design and manufacturing conditions are identical.

Table 2 indicates the allocation of insert samples for the inspections and tests.

4.2 Acceptance

4.2.1 Purpose

The purpose of acceptance inspections and tests is to check, as simply as possible, by a method representative of actual use conditions, with the uncertainty inherent to statistical sampling, that the inserts constituting the batch satisfy the requirements of this standard.

4.2.2 Conditions

Acceptance inspections and tests (requirements, methods, numbers of inserts) are specified in Table 1. They shall be carried out on each batch inserts from the batch to be tested shall be selected by simple random sampling.

Each insert may be submitted to several inspections or tests.

If a more stringent inspection is deemed necessary, all or part of the qualification inspections and tests may be performed during the acceptance inspections and tests. In this case, the number of inserts submitted to these inspections and tests is the same as that submitted for qualification inspection and tests.

4.2.3 Responsibility

Acceptance inspections and tests shall be carried out by the manufacturer, or under his responsibility.

4.2.4 Inspection and test report

A test report showing actual numerical values shall be provided if specified in the purchase order.

5 Requirements

See Table 1.

Table 1 — Technical requirements and test methods

Clause	Characteristic	Requirement	Inspection and test method	Q/A ^a	Sample size
5.1	Material	In accordance with the definition document	Chemical analysis or certificate of conformity issued by the manufacturer of the semi-finished product	Q	
5.2	Dimensions, tolerances and	In accordance with the definition document.	Standard gauging	Q	39
	tolerances of form and position	A "GO" inspection gauge is to be fitted on the insert keys. On completion of this inspection, the keys shall neither be bent nor moved.	See Annex E.	А	Tables 3 and 4
5.3	Manufacturing				
5.3.1	Process	Insert threads may be produced by machining or forming.	Manufacturing method shall be indicated on test report.		
5.3.2	Heat treatment	The heat treatment medium or atmosphere shall not cause any surface contamination.	Calibration of the heat treatment equipment shall be confirmed.		
		Any scale which will not be removed by subsequent machining shall be removed by abrasive blasting with an appropriate equipment.	Visual examination		
		The material shall be heat treated in accordance with the material specification defined in the definition document.	Examination of the heat treatment specification		
5.3.3	Thread deformation	Threads in the locking zone	Standard gauging	Q	39
	(form out-of round)	may be deformed in any manner provided that the insert meets the requirements of this standard.		Α	Tables 3 and 4
		The finished inserts shall allow the "GO" thread plug gauge to enter a minimum of three turns, when gauged from the installation side before engagement in the locking zone.			
5.3.4	Surface	In accordance with the	ISO 4288	Q	3
	roughness	definition document		Α	Tables 3 and 4
5.3.5	Surface coating	In accordance with the	See applicable coating	Q	36
		definition document	standard.	Α	Tables 3 and 4
				Α	Table 6

Table 1 (continued)

Clause	Characteristic	Requirement	Inspection and test method	Q/A ^a	Sample size
5.4	Mechanical properties				
5.4.1	Installation requirement	The screwing of insert shall be possible freely by hand. After testing, the inserts shall show no signs of: - buckling and/or incomplete fitting of the keys; - deformation of the internal thread of the insert caused by keys installation.	Inserts shall be installed into test block (see Annex A, normative) in accordance with EN 4619. Use a tool specified in accordance with EN 4619. Visual examination at a suitable magnification of × 10 to × 20 The recorded hardness of the test blocks must be indicated in the test report.	Q A	5 Table 5
5.4.1.1	into test block in aluminium	See 5.4.1.	See 5.4.1.	Q	14
5.4.1.2	into test block in corrosion resisting steel	See 5.4.1.	See 5.4.1.	Q	16
5.4.1.3	into test block in titanium alloy	See 5.4.1.	See 5.4.1.	Q	6
5.4.2	Rotational resistance				
5.4.2.1	into test block in aluminium alloy	Inserts shall withstand the torque specified in Table B.1 without rotation.	Inserts shall be installed in accordance with 5.4.1.1. The installed inserts shall be tested in a counter clockwise direction as shown in Annex B (normative).	Q	5
5.4.2.2	into test block in corrosion resisting steel ^b	See 5.4.2.1.	Inserts shall be installed into test block in corrosion resisting steel (see Annex A). Test method, see 5.4.2.1.	Q	5

Table 1 (continued)

Clause	Characteristic	Requirement	Inspection and test method	Q/A ^a	Sample size
5.4.3	Axial load ^b	Inserts shall withstand axial strength corresponding to the strength class given in the definition document or in the material specification. Insert shall not axially move from the test block. Minimal length of external thread of the insert shall be fixed in the producer design. After testing inserts shall be free from: - cracks; - tearing or deformation of the internal thread of the insert preventing disassembly of the bolt. Permanent distortion or loss up to 40 % of the locking torque with regard with the breakaway torque recorded before axial load application is acceptable.	Inserts shall be installed in accordance with 5.4.1.1 and 5.4.1.2. The breakaway torque shall be recorded. The axial strength values specified in Annex C (normative) or in the definition document shall apply.	Q	6 ^c
5.4.4	Reusability	General: After testing, inserts shall not show any indications of distortion, galling or scratches of such a depth as to prevent reassembly of bolts freely, by hand, up to the self-locking zone. Bolt threads shall remain serviceable and permit assembly with a new insert freely, by hand, up to the self-locking zone.	Test assembly see Annex D (normative) A new bolt shall be used for each complete three, five and 25 cycles test. The pitch diameter of the bolts selected shall be in the lower 1/3 of tolerance specified in ISO 5855-1 and ISO 5855-2. During testing, the pitch diameter of the bolts may be checked and if found to be below the minimum the bolt shall be replaced. A new bolt within the above stated limits shall be used. Bolts shall be lubricated with clean engine oil at the beginning of each cycle during testing. The seating and unseating torque shall be recorded for each cycle.		

Table 1 (continued)

Clause	Characteristic	Requirement	Inspection and test method	Q/A ^a	Sample size
5.4.4.1	Self-locking torque at ambient	Shall be between the minimum breakaway torque and the maximum self-	a) Inserts shall be installed in accordance with 5.4.1.1 (aluminium alloy).	Q	3
	temperature (25 cycles)	locking torque Table D.1 for each cycle.	Inserts shall be installed in accordance with 5.4.1.2 (corrosion resisting steel).	Q	4
			Inserts shall be installed in accordance with 5.4.1.3 (titanium alloy).	Q	3
			b) Assemble the bolt and spacer onto the test assembly ensuring that the bolt thread is not lubricated and protrudes at least two pitches beyond the self-locking zone. Measure the self-locking		
			torque using a torque wrench.		
			c) Apply the seating torque stipulated in Table D.1.		
			d) Remove the load by unscrewing at least one half turn and stop.		
			Again unscrew and measure the breakaway torque, using the same procedure.		
			Remove the bolt from the insert.		
			Repeat above a total of 25 times.		

Table 1 (continued)

Clause	Characteristic	Requirement	Inspection and test method	Q/A ^a	Sample size
5.4.4.2	Self-locking torque at ambient temperature after baking (5 cycles)	Shall be between the minimum breakaway torque and the maximum self-locking torque Table D.1 for each cycle.	As 5.4.4.1, a) and b). The assembly shall be loaded $R_{p0,2}$ value given by the material specification of the insert and heated in a furnace to:		
			 (150 ± 5) °C for assembly with test block in aluminium 	Q	3
			Maximal temperature given in the definition document for assembly with test block in corrosion resisting steel	Q	4
			 Maximal temperature given in the definition document for assembly with test block in titanium alloy, only for MoS₂ coated inserts 	Q	3
			Held at this temperature for 6 h \pm 15 min removed from the furnace and cooled to ambient temperature.		
			Then proceed as 5.4.4.1, d), except cycles. Repeat above a total of five		
			times.		
5.4.4.3	Self-locking torque at ambient temperature (three cycles)	Shall be between the minimum breakaway torque and the maximum self-locking torque, see Table D.1, for each cycle.	Inserts shall be installed in accordance with 5.4.1.2 As 5.4.4.1 Repeat above a total of three	А	Table 5
5.4.4.4	Condition of the	After the locking tests, the	At magnification of 8 to 15	Q	20
	internal thread after testing	internal thread of the insert must be free from:		A	Table 5
		- cracks;			
		- deformations;			
5.4.5	Hardness	fretting corrosion. After final heat treatment the	Longitudinal agetics of the		5
5.4.5	Hardness	hardness shall be within the range specified in the product standard.	Longitudinal section of the insert and anywhere for the keys.	Q A	Table 5

Table 1 (continued)

Clause	Characteristic	Requirement	Inspection and test method	Q/A ^a	Sample size
5.5	Metallurgical properties		NOTE The same test sample may be utilized for more than one test provided that none of the characteristics of the samples are altered during the examination procedure (see Table 2).		
5.5.1	Microstructure	Inserts, before thread deformation, shall have a	Transverse section of test samples shall be etched in a	Q	2
		microstructure of fully recrystallized material.	suitable solution. Microscopic examination at a magnification of 100 ×	A	Table 5
5.5.2	Grain size	Grain size, measured	Longitudinal section of the	Q	2
		approximately at the geometrical centre of the half-section of the insert, shall be in accordance with the requirements of the material standard. It may vary according to section thickness and/or thread deformation, but shall, when compared with plate II of ASTM E 112, not be coarser than 3. Isolated grains not exceeding a mean diameter d of 0,5 mm are acceptable.	sample shall be etched in a suitable solution.	A	Table 5
5.5.3	Surface discontinuities	Inserts shall be examined for laps, seams and inclusions.	ISO 3452:1984	Q	3
	(before coating or plating)	See Table 6. Care shall be exercised to avoid confusing cracks with other discontinuities. Cracks are not allowed.	In the event of any doubt arising as to the nature of the defects detected, inspect nut under low magnification after sectioning.	А	Tables 3 and 4
5.6	Product	Marking in accordance with	Visual examination	Q	36
	identification	the definition document		Α	Tables 3 and 4
5.7	Packaging	Inserts shall be packed in such a way as to prevent any damage or corrosion occurring in the course of handling, transportation and storage. Each basic package shall only contain inserts with the same part number and batch number.	Visual examination	Α	100 %

Table 1 (concluded)

Clause	Characteristic	Requirement	Inspection and test method	Q/A ^a	Sample size
5.8	Labelling	Each basic package shall bear a label upon which is legibly recorded:	Visual examination	Α	100 %
		designation as specified by the definition document;			
		- quantity;			
		batch number;			
		manufacturer's name and trade mark.			

Q: Qualification, A: Acceptance.

This test covers use in titanium alloy due to higher hardness of test block in corrosion resisting steel (see Annex B).

Installed three inserts in test block in aluminium alloy and in corrosion resistant steel.

Mean diameter = the average of the major and minor axes of an individual grain.

Table 2 — Allocation of qualification testing requirements

Toma of toot	Defined																		Inse	rt sa	mpl	e nu	mbe	r																
Type of test	in	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	3
Non-destructive tests			•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•				•		•	•			•		•	•		•	•	•			•	•			
Dimensions, tolerances and tolerances of form and position	5.2	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	x	х	x	х	х	х	х	х	х	>
Thread deformation	5.3.3	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Surface roughness	5.3.4 ^a	Χ	Х	Х																																				
Surface coating	5.3.5				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Surface discontinuities	5.5.3 ^a	Х	Х	Х																																				
Product identification	5.6				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Destructive				-		•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-		•	•	<u> </u>					-	-	•	•		-		•	-			
Installation requirement	5.4.1																																							
into test block in aluminium	5.4.1.1				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х																						
into test block in corrosion resisting steel	5.4.1.2																		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						
into test block in titanium alloy	5.4.1.3																																		Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х
Rotational resistance	5.4.2				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х										Х	Х	Х	Х	Х																	
Axial load	5.4.3									Х	Х	Х												Х	Х	Х														
Reusability	5.4.4												Х	Х	Х												Х	Х	Х	Х					Х	Х	Х			
 25 cycles at ambient temperature 	5.4.4.1																																							
 five cycles at ambient temperature after baking 	5.4.4.2															Х	Х	Х													Х	Х	Х	Х				Х	Х	Х
Condition of the internal thread after testing	5.4.4.4												Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х									Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	×
Hardness	5.4.5																										Х	Х	Х	Х					Х					
Microstructure	5.5.1																										Х	Х	Х	Х					Х					
Grain size	5.5.2																										Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ					Х					П

Table 3 — Classification of defects

Category of defect	AQL	Characteristic concerned
		Presence of locking element
	0,065 %	Surface discontinuities
		Position of the keys
Major		Thread size
	1.0.0/	Coating
	1,0 %	Product marking
		Surface roughness
	2,5 %	Burs and sharp corners
Minor	4,0 %	Other dimensional characteristics not listed above

Table 4 — Sampling plans for visual inspections and dimensional characteristics

Batch size	Sample size				mber (Ac) ith the acc				
1 5		AQL 0	,065 %	AQL	1,0 %	AQL	2,5 %	AQL	4,0 %
		Ac	LQ ₁₀ %	Ac	LQ ₁₀ %	Ac	LQ ₁₀ %	Ac	LQ ₁₀ %
≤ 50	100 %	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
51 to 90	13	\	_	00	16,20	\	-	01	26,80
91 to 150	20	\	\	1	1	01	18,10	02	24,50
151 to 280	32	\	\	\	\	02	15,80	03	19,70
281 to 500	50	\	\	01	07,56	03	12,90	05	17,80
501 to 1 200	80	\downarrow	\downarrow	02	06,52	05	11,30	07	14,30
1 201 to 3 200	125	\downarrow	\	03	05,27	07	09,24	10	12,10
3 201 to 10 000	200	0	1,140	05	04,59	10	07,60	14	09,81
10 001 to 35 000	315	1	1	07	03,71	14	06,33	21	08,84
35 001 to 150 000	500	\downarrow	\downarrow	10	03,06	21	05,60	1	_
150 001 to 500 000	800	1	0,485	14	02,51	1	_	1	_

Use sampling plan above.

The data given in this table are based on single sampling plans for a normal inspection, as specified in ISO 2859-1:1999, Tables 2-A and 6-A.

Other sampling plans specified in ISO 2859-1 may be used (double or multiple sampling), but these shall be chosen in such a way as to ensure an equivalent quality limit.

For those manufacturers who carry out an inspection during the manufacturing process (inspection on a machine and/or inspection between operations), the sampling plan for the final inspection shall be compiled in such a way that the overall inspection plan shall guarantee an equivalent quality limit.

Use sampling plan below.

Table 5 — Sampling plans for the inspection of mechanical and metallurgical characteristics

Batch size	Samp	Acceptance number	
	Non-destructive tests A	Destructive tests B	(Ac)
≤ 500	8	3	0
501 to 3 200	13	5	0
3 201 to 35 000	20	5	0
≥ 35 001	32	8	0

Table 6 — Permissible surface discontinuities

Dimensions in millimetres

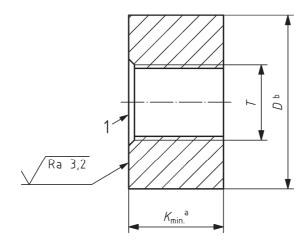
Nominal thread diameter	Depth		
Nominal tinead diameter	max.		
5	0,12		
6	0.13		
7	0,13		
8	0.15		
10	0,15		

Annex A (normative)

Definition of test block

See Figure A.1.

Dimensions in millimetres, values of surface roughness in micrometres.



Key

- Hole preparation EN 4620
- In conformity with EN 4620
- Across flats dimensions

Outside shape to be round, square or hexagonal.

T is the nominal diameter of insert external thread.

 $D \min = 2 \times T$

Figure A.1

Test block in aluminium alloy

Material: 2024-T3 according to EN 2638.

Hardness: ≤ 120HB.

Test block in heat resisting steel

Material: FE-PM3801(17-4PH), for example: EN 3161.

Hardness: ≥ 360HB.

Test block in titanium alloy

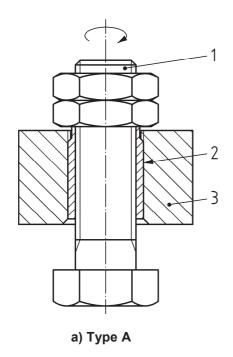
Material: TI-P63001(TA6V), for example: EN 3311.

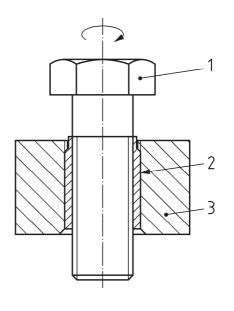
Hardness: ≥ 352HB.

Annex B (normative)

Assembly for rotational resistance test

See Figure B.1.





b) Type B

Key

- 1 Bolt
- 2 Installed inserts
- 3 Test block, see Annex A

Figure B.1

Definition of testing bolts: MJ profile class 4h6h matching the internal insert thread.

Other characteristics: all bolts ensuring installation shown in Figure B.1a) or Figure B.1b) are acceptable.

The rotational resistance test values are given in Table B.1.

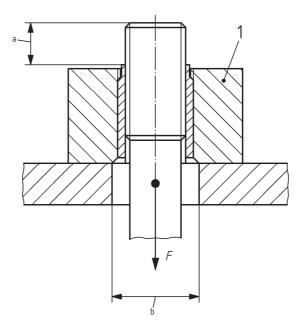
Table B.1

Internal thread size	Torque		
internal tilleau Size	Nm		
MJ5 × 0,8	10		
MJ6 × 1	16		
MJ7 × 1	22		
MJ8 × 1	33		
MJ10 × 1,25	46		

Annex C (normative)

Axial tensile strength test

See Figure C.1.



Key

- 1 Test block, see Annex A
- a Two pitches minimum
- b 1,5 times insert external thread

Figure C.1

Definition of testing bolts:

- a) thread = MJ profile class 4h6h matching the insert internal thread;
- b) material:
 - 1) for A286 inserts $R_m \ge 1$ 210 MPa;
 - 2) for Inconel 718 inserts $R_m \ge 1550$ MPa;
 - 3) for Waspaloy inserts $R_m \ge 1$ 240 MPa;
- c) length = all bolts ensuring installation shown in Figure C.1;
- d) coating = none.

The axial load test values are given in Table C.1.

Table C.1

	Axial load ^a						
Internal thread size	kN						
	FE-PA2601	NI-P101HT	NI-P100HT				
MJ5 × 0,8	16,8	17,4	23,7				
MJ6 × 1	23,9	24,7	33,7				
MJ7×1	34	35,3	47,9				
MJ8 × 1	45,9	47,9	64,6				
MJ10 × 1,25	71,6	74,8	101				

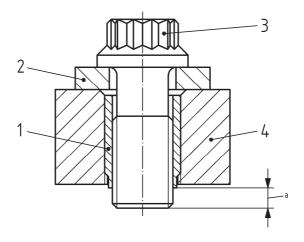
Load requirements for axial tensile strength test are based on the following stresses:

- 1 550 MPa for NI-PH2601 (Inconel 718);
- 1 210 MPa for NI-PH1302 (Waspaloy);
- 1 100 MPa for FE-PA2601 (A286).
- Tensile stress area formula $A = \pi/4 (d_3)^2 [2 (d_3/d_2)^2]$ where
 - is the tensile stress area in square millimetres;
 - d_2 is the max. pitch diameter class 4h6h in millimetres;
 - is the max. root diameter class 4h6h in millimetres.

Annex D (normative)

Assembly for reusability test

See Figure D.1.



Key

- 1 Insert
- 2 Spacer (material Inconel 718)
- 3 Bolt (material stainless steel alloy A286, passivated and rolled thread to ISO 5855-1 and ISO 5855-2). The pitch diameter of the bolts selected shall have:
 - minimum value: the minimum value specified in ISO 5855-1 and ISO 5855-2;
 - maximum value: the minimum value specified in ISO 5855-1 and ISO 5855-2 plus third of the tolerance.
- 4 Test block in corrosion resisting steel, see Annex A.
- a Two pitches minimum

Figure D.1

The values of breakaway torque, self-locking torque and seating torque are given in Table D.1.

Table D.1

	Breakaway torque		Self-locking torque		Seating torque			
Internal thread size	Nm		Nm		Nm			
						FE-PA2601	NI-PH1302	NI-PH2601
	min. ^a	min. ^b	min.c	max.d	max.e	min. ^f	min. ^f	min. ^f
MJ5 × 0,8	0,25	0,5	0,3	2,0	4,0	6	8	14,5
MJ6 × 1	0,35	0,7	0,4	3,2	6,4	10	13	24,5
MJ7 × 1	0,5	1,1	0,6	4,6	9,2	16	22	40
MJ8 × 1	0,65	1,4	0,8	6,0	12,0	25	33	60
MJ10 × 1,25	1,2	2,4	1,4	9,5	19,0	46	64	116

For 25 cycle test and five cycle test after baking.

b For first cycle of three cycle test.

For second and third cycle of three cycle test.

d For 25 cycle test and three cycle test.

е For five cycle test after baking.

For 25 cycle test and three cycle test.

Annex E (normative)

"GO" gauge for inspection of the position of the keys

See Figure E.1.

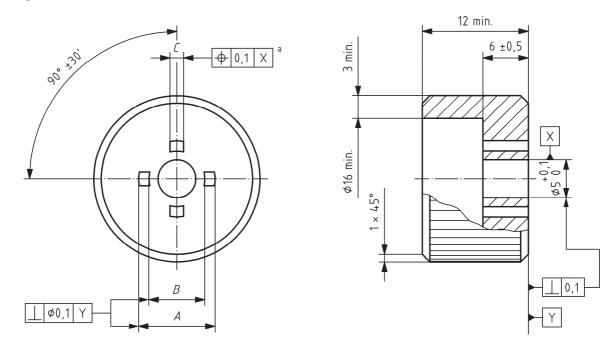


Figure E.1

Table E.1

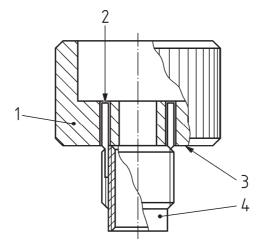
	Ø A	Ø B	C
Insert external thread	± 0,05	± 0,05	± 0,05
	0	0	0
MJ9 x 1	9,10	6,4	
MJ10 x 1	10,10	7,4	
MJ11 x 1	11,10	8,4	
MJ12 x 1	12,10	9,4	1,80
MJS13 x 1	13,10	10,4	1,60
MJ14 x 1	14,10	11,4	
MJ15 x 1	15,10	12,4	
MJ16 x 1	16,10	13,4	

Material: Steel

Treatment hardness: ≥ 50HRc

See Figure E.2.

Inspection



Key

- 1
- 2 Visual inspection of the position of the keys
- Insert bearing surface 3
- 4 Insert

Figure E.2

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