BS EN 1316-1:2012



BSI Standards Publication

Hardwood round timber — Qualitative classification

Part 1: Oak and beech



BS EN 1316-1:2012 BRITISH STANDARD

National foreword

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The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee B/543, Round and sawn timber.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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Foreword

This document (EN 1316-1:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 175 "Round and sawn timber", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1316-1:1997.

This standard is one of a series of standards concerning round timber (softwoods and hardwoods).

Other parts of this standard are:

EN 1316-2, Hardwood round timber — Qualitative classification — Part 2: Poplar

The main changes compared to the previous edition are:

- a) Clause 4 "qualitative classification" completely revised and classes A to D defined;
- b) Table 1 "grading rules for oak" revised and new features added;
- c) Table 2 "grading rules for beech" revised and new features added;
- d) Editorial revision.

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1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a qualitative classification and grade designations for felled round timber of oak and beech presented in the form of long poles or logs.

The classifications describe quality classes of round timbers for which the intended use is not known.

The classification applies for the following species: Oaks, *Quercus sessiliflora* SALISB. (or *Quercus petraea* LIEBL.), *Quercus robur* L. (or *Quercus pedunculata* EHRH.) and Beech (*Fagus sylvatica* L).

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 844-1:1995, Round and sawn timber — Terminology — Part 1: General terms common to round timber and sawn timber

EN 844-2:1997, Round and sawn timber — Terminology — Part 2: General terms relating to round timber

EN 844-5:1997, Round and sawn timber — Terminology — Part 5: Terms relating to dimensions of round timber

EN 844-7:1997, Round and sawn timber — Terminology — Part 7: Terms relating to anatomical structure of timber

EN 844-8:1997, Round and sawn timber — Terminology — Part 8: Terms relating to features of round timber

EN 844-10:1998, Round and sawn timber — Terminology — Part 10: Terms relating to stain and fungal attack

EN 1309-2, Round and sawn timber — Method of measurement of dimensions — Part 2: Round timber — Requirements for measurement and volume calculation rules

EN 1310, Round and sawn timber — Method of measurement of features

EN 1311, Round and sawn timber — Method of measurement of biological degrade

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 844-1:1995, EN 844-2:1997, EN 844-5:1997, EN 844-7:1997, EN 844-8:1997 and EN 844-10:1998 apply.

4 Qualitative classification

4.1 Grading principles

Each long pole, log or portion of a round timber individualized by a theoretical crosscut point, is qualified according to its dimensions and to the presence, size, and distribution (e.g. concentration) of specific features.

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4.2 Designation of grades

The qualitative grading has four classes; A, B, C and D. The grading is based on the following general description of quality classes:

Quality class A

First quality timber: generally corresponding to a butt log with clear timber or with only minor features which do not restrict use.

Quality class B

Timber of average to first quality, with no specific requirements for clear wood. Knots are permitted to such an extent as is considered to be average for each species.

Quality class C

Timber of average to low quality, allowing all quality features which do not seriously reduce the natural features of the wood.

Quality class D

Timber which can be sawn into usable wood, which, because of its features, falls into none of the quality classes A, B or C.

4.3 Features to be taken into account for the classification

The classes are defined more precisely in Table 1 for oak and Table 2 for beech. All the listed qualitative features in Table 1 and Table 2 shall be taken into account when a class is assigned and measurements shall be made according to EN 1309-2, EN 1310 and EN 1311.

In the case of one feature exceeding the limit of the class, which would lead to a downgrading, the reduction of length or diameter excluding the feature may allow to remain in this class.

This classification shall be completed with the Latin name of specified species. The abbreviation of this Latin name can also be used instead of the full name.

EXAMPLE 1 Oak: Quercus class B or Q-B.

EXAMPLE 2 Beech: Fagus class B or F-B.

5 Tables of rules of grading

Table 1 —Grading rules for oak (1 of 2)

| Factoria | Classes | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--------------------|
| Features | Α | В | С | D c |
| (1) dimension | | | | |
| minimum length | 3 m ^b | 3 m ^b | 2 m ^b | 2 m ^b |
| minimum mid diameter under bark ^a | 40 cm ^b | 35 cm ^b | 30 cm ^b | 20 cm ^b |
| (2) nail and epicormic shoot | 1 per 3 m | permitted | permitted | permitted |
| (3) sound knots | 1 per 3 m (≤ 2 cm) | 1 per 1 m (≤ 4 cm) or 1 per 3 m (≤ 6 cm) | permitted | permitted |
| (4) unsound knots (including roses) | not permitted | 1 per 2 m (≤ 3 cm; ≤ 4 cm for roses) | no limitation for knots ≤ 3 cm and roses ≤ 4 cm; 1 per 2 m ≤ 10 cm | permitted |
| (5) burl | not permitted | 1 per 2 m | permitted | permitted |
| (6) star shake | permitted in the central fifth of the radius | permitted in the central third of the radius | permitted in the central 2/3 of the radius | permitted |
| (7) ring shake | not permitted | permitted in the central fourth of the radius on the butt end only | permitted on the butt end only | permitted |
| (8) crack | not permitted | length of the crack on the surface shall be smaller than the mid diameter ^d | length of the crack on the surface shall be smaller than the doubled mid diameter ^d | permitted |
| (9) frost crack | not permitted | not permitted | not permitted | permitted |
| (10) insect attack | not permitted | not permitted | permitted in sapwood | permitted |
| (11) T disease | not permitted | not permitted | permitted | permitted |
| (12) sapwood | ≤ 3 cm | unlimited | unlimited | unlimited |
| (13) rate of growth | ≤ 4 mm | unlimited | unlimited | unlimited |

Table 1 —Grading rules for oak (2 of 2)

| _ , | Classes | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Features | Α | В | С | D c |
| (14) colour | homogeneous ^b | no require- ments | no require- ments | no require- ments |
| (15) eccentric pith | ≤ 10 % | ≤ 20 % | unlimited | unlimited |
| (16) spiral grain | ≤ 4 cm/m | ≤ 7 cm/m | permitted | permitted |
| (17) simple sweep | ≤ 2 cm/m | ≤ 4 cm/m | ≤ 10 cm/m | permitted |
| (18) included sapwood | not permitted | not permitted | not permitted | permitted |
| (19) rot | not permitted | permitted in the sapwood | permitted in the sapwood and permitted in the central fourth of the diameter | permitted |
| (20) brown oak | not permitted | not permitted | permitted in the central 1/3 of diameter | permitted |

For other features, as e.g. brown spot, brown streak, ovality, specific contract regulations are recommended.

a Contractors need to agree on a bark reduction.

b Except clauses stipulated by contract.

Provided that at least 80 % of the cross section is usable on the complete length.

d In case of traversing cracks, a reduction in length should be arranged.

e In case of white rot, a reduction in length should be arranged.

Table 2 — Grading rules for beech(1 of 2)

| _ , | Class | | | |
|---|---|--|---|------------|
| Features | Α | В | С | D e |
| (1) dimensions | | | | |
| minimum length | 3 m ^b | 3 m ^b | 2 m ^b | 2 m |
| minimum mid-diameter under bark ^a | 40 cm ^b | 35 cm ^b | 25 cm ^b | 20 cm |
| (2) sound knots | 1 per 3 m (≤ 4 cm) | 1 per 1 m (≤ 6 cm); or 1 per 2 m (≤ 8 cm) | permitted | permitted |
| (3) unsound knots | not permitted | not permitted | Sum of knot diameters ≤ 8 cm per 2 m | permitted |
| (4) covered knots | 1 per 3 m if branch scar quotient ≤ 1:4 | 1 per 1 m if branch scar quotient ≤ 1:2 and height of scar ≤ 10 cm | 2 per 1 m | permitted |
| (5) spiral grain | ≤ 3 cm/m | ≤ 7 cm/m | unlimited | unlimited |
| (6) eccentric pith | ≤ 10 % | ≤ 20 % | unlimited | unlimited |
| (7) simple sweep | ≤ 2 cm/m | ≤ 4 cm/m | ≤ 8 cm/m | permitted |
| (8) ovality | ≤ 15 % | unlimited | unlimited | unlimited |
| (9) fluting | not permitted | not permitted | permitted | permitted |
| (10) traversing crack | not permitted | one permitted in one level; length of the crack on the surface shall be smaller than the mid diameter | one permitted in one level if the length of the crack on the surface is smaller than the doubled mid diameter | permitted |
| (11) other cracks | not permitted | not permitted | permitted, if the longest length of the crack on the surface is smaller than the mid diameter | permitted |
| (12) insect attack | not permitted | not permitted | not permitted | permitted |
| (13) rot (% of the diameter) | not permitted | ≤ 15 in the heart | ≤ 25 in the heart | permitted |
| (14) red heart (% of the diameter) | ≤ 15 ° | ≤ 30 ^d | permitted | permitted |
| (15) star red heart (% of the diameter) | not permitted | ≤ 10 | ≤ 40 | permitted |

Table 2 — Grading rules for beech (2 of 2)

| | Class | | | |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| Features | Α | В | С | D e |
| (16) stain | not permitted | not permitted | not permitted | permitted |
| (17) T disease | not permitted | 1 per m | permitted | permitted |

- a Contractors need to agree on a bark reduction.
- b Except clauses stipulated by contract.
- c An "A red heart" under-class allows 100 % of homogeneous red heart, but otherwise sound.
- d A "B red heart" under-class allows 100 % of homogeneous red heart, but otherwise sound.
- d For all the features, in class D, > 40 % of the volume of the wood shall be useable.





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