BS EN 438-1:2016



### **BSI Standards Publication**

# High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates)

Part 1: Introduction and general information



BS EN 438-1:2016 BRITISH STANDARD

#### National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 438-1:2016. It supersedes BS EN 438-1:2005 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee PRI/76, Laminated sheet for decorative purposes.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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ISBN 978 0 580 87153 5

ICS 83.140.20

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This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 29 February 2016.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date Text affected

## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 438-1

February 2016

ICS 83.140.20

Supersedes EN 438-1:2005

#### **English Version**

# High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) - Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) - Part 1: Introduction and general information

Stratifiés décoratifs haute pression (HPL) - Plaques à base de résines thermodurcissables (communément appelées stratifiés) - Partie 1: Introduction et informations générales

Dekorative Hochdruck-Schichtpressstoffplatten (HPL)
- Platten auf Basis härtbarer Harze (Schichtpressstoffe)
- Teil 1: Einleitung und allgemeine Informationen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 13 December 2015.

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#### **European foreword**

This document (EN 438-1:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics", the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 438-1:2005.

EN 438, *High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL)* — *Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates)*, consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Introduction and general information
- Part 2: Determination of properties
- Part 3: Classification and specifications for laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates
- Part 4: Classification and specifications for Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater
- Part 5: Classification and specifications for flooring grade laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates
- Part 6: Classification and specifications for Exterior-grade Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater
- Part 7: Compact laminate and HPL composite panels for internal and external wall and ceiling finishes
- Part 8: Classification and specifications for design laminates
- Part 9: Classification and specifications for alternative core laminates

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### 1 Scope

This part of EN 438 gives an overview of the standard, and provides guidance in the selection and application of test methods and specifications contained in EN 438-2, EN 438-3, EN 438-4, EN 438-5, EN 438-6, EN 438-7, EN 438-8 and EN 438-9.

This European Standard is applicable to high-pressure decorative laminate(s) (HPL) produced by using a high pressure process.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 438-2, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called Laminates) — Part 2: Determination of properties

EN 438-3, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) — Part 3: Classification and specifications for laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates

EN 438-4, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) — Part 4: Classification and specifications for Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater.

EN 438-5, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) — Part 5: Classification and specifications for flooring grade laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates

EN 438-6, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) — Part 6: Classification and specifications for Exterior-grade Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater

EN 438-7, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) — Part 7: Compact laminate and HPL composite panels for internal and external wall and ceiling finishes

EN 438-8, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) — Part 8: Classification and specifications for design laminates

EN 438-9, High-pressure decorative laminates (HPL) — Sheets based on thermosetting resins (usually called laminates) —Part 9: Classification and specifications for alternative core laminates

EN 13329, Laminate floor coverings — Elements with a surface layer based on aminoplastic thermosetting resins — Specifications, requirements and test methods

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1

#### high-pressure decorative laminate(s)

#### HPL.

sheet(s) consisting of decorative surface layer(s) and core layers bonded together by a high pressure process

Note 1 to entry: Typical values for the high pressure process are a temperature of  $\geq$  120 °C and a pressure of  $\geq$  5 MPa.

#### 3.2

#### surface layer

upper decorative layer consisting in one or more sheets of fibrous material (usually paper) impregnated with aminoplastic thermosetting resins (usually melamine based resins) or other curable resins or other decorative design surfaces such as metal foils, wood-veneers and textiles, etc. which are not necessarily treated with thermosetting resin

Note 1 to entry: The surface layers can appear on one or both side(s) of the laminate(s). In case of one-sided laminates, the back of the sheet(s) may be made suitable for adhesive bonding to a substrate.

#### 3.3

#### core layer

fibrous material (usually paper) impregnated with thermosetting resins (usually phenolic based resins) or other curable resins, eventually reinforced by metal layer(s) or metal mesh(es) and others which are not necessarily treated with thermosetting resin

#### 4 Guidance in the use of the standard

#### 4.1 Description of parts

EN 438-2 specifies the methods of test that shall be used to determine the performance of HPL products in their various internal and external application fields, e.g. construction, transport, furniture, flooring, etc. The test methods have been specifically developed for testing HPL.

It should be noted that not all test methods apply to all types of HPL. For example Test 11, Resistance to Abrasion, applies only to flooring grade laminates; while Test 10, Resistance to Surface Wear, applies to all types of HPL except flooring grade laminates. It is therefore important to read the scope of the test method to determine whether it is applicable to a particular HPL product.

EN 438-3, EN 438-4, EN 438-5, EN 438-6, EN 438-8 and EN 438-9 specify the performance requirements for different types of high-pressure decorative laminates. Each of these parts is independent of the others, and only requires reference to EN 438-2 for details of the appropriate test methods.

EN 438-3 applies to laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates to produce HPL composite panels. Classification systems and performance requirements are specified for heavy duty, horizontal and vertical grades of laminate, in standard, postforming and flame-retardant qualities.

EN 438-4 applies to Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater, in standard and flame-retardant qualities, intended for interior applications.

EN 438-5 applies to flooring grade laminates less than 2 mm thick intended for bonding to supporting substrates, to produce HPL flooring elements. As 'laminate floor coverings' they meet the requirements of EN 13329.

EN 438-6 applies to Exterior-grade Compact laminates of thickness 2 mm and greater, and specifies requirements for standard and flame-retardant laminates for use in moderate and severe outdoor conditions.

EN 438-7 is the harmonised standard covering the essential requirements specified in Construction Products Regulation for Internal and External Wall and Ceiling Finishes.

EN 438-8 applies to design laminates (pearlescent, wood veneer and metal surfaces). Classification system and performance requirements are specified for thin and compact laminates.

EN 438-9 applies to alternative core laminates (coloured and metal reinforced cores). Classification system and performance requirements are specified for thin and compact laminates.

#### 4.2 Applications

Table 1 below shows how the different parts of the standard relate to various fields of application.

**Application** Part 3 Part 4 Part 5 Part 6 Part 8 Part 9 Construction (internal) • Construction (external) **Transport** Furniture • • • • Flooring •

Table 1 — Applicable fields

#### 5 Product classification systems

EN 438-3, EN 438-4, EN 438-5, EN 438-6, EN 438-8 and EN 438-9 include product classification systems. While each of these systems is different, they contain some common elements as follows:

Main classifications:

H denotes Horizontal grade

V denotes Vertical grade

C denotes Compact laminate

E denotes Exterior grade

AC denotes Abrasion Class for flooring grade

A denotes Pearlescent laminate

M denotes Metal laminate

W denotes Wood veneer laminate

B denotes Coloured core laminate

R denotes Metal reinforced core laminate

T denotes Thin laminate < 2 mm

Sub-classifications:

D denotes Heavy duty or severe use

G denotes General purpose or moderate use

S denotes Standard grade

#### F denotes Flame-retardant grade

#### P denotes Postforming grade

In Part 5, the classification system AC1 to AC6 has been adopted as these classes relate directly to the corresponding product abrasion classes in EN 13329.

#### Annex A

(informative)

# Addendum relating to hygienic, health and safety information for laminates intended for interior use

#### A.1 Cleanability

Because they are easy to clean and maintain, high-pressure decorative laminates are suitable for use in hygienic applications such as hospitals, pharmacies, food processing areas, abattoirs, clean rooms, etc. For routine cleaning, wiping the surface with water and mild detergent is usually sufficient, but more severe methods such as hosing down with hot water or steam cleaning can be used where required by the application. Solvents such as white spirit, acetone or cellulose thinners can also be used (e.g. for graffiti removal) as they will not affect the laminate.

For the non melamine surface laminate cleaning, the manufacturer should be contacted.

#### A.2 Hygiene

When used in hospitals and surgeries, HPL melamine and other curable resin surfaces can be disinfected using any of the common disinfectants such as Ethanol 70 %, Formalin 1 % to 5 %, p-chlorine-m-cresol 0,3 %, Chloramine T 1 % to 5 %, Alkylbenzyldimethylammonium chloride 0,1 %. High-pressure decorative laminates show a high resistance to fungal and bacterial growth, when tested in accordance with EN ISO 846.

#### A.3 Contact with foodstuffs

When determination of the overall and specific migration is carried out in accordance with the test method shown below, the following results are typical of those for HPL melamine and other suitable curable resin surfaces:

Overall migration  $< 10 \text{ mg/dm}^2$ Specific migration (formaldehyde)  $< 2.5 \text{ mg/dm}^2$ 

Test methods - Methods for the examination of consumer goods, basic rules for the determination of the migration in simulant solvents corresponding to the Commission Regulation (Eu) No 10/2011 of 14 January 2011 and according to the Parts of the EN 1186.

Conditions 24 h at 40 °C

Test simulants acetic acid with a mass fraction of 3 %

ethanol with a volume fraction of 10 % ethanol with a volume fraction of 95 %

Test procedure one-sided contact

#### A.4 Dangerous substances

Pentachlorophenol, asbestos, halogens or heavy metals (Antimony, Barium, Cadmium, Chromium III and VI, Lead, Mercury, Selenium) are not used for the production of HPL.

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