

Portable fire extinguishers —

Part 9: Additional requirements to EN 3-7 for pressure resistance of CO₂ extinguishers

The European Standard EN 3-9:2006 has the status of a
British Standard

ICS 13.220.10

National foreword

This British Standard was published by BSI. It is the UK implementation of EN 3-9:2006. It partially supersedes BS EN 3-3:1996. BS EN 3-9:2006, together with BS EN 3-8:2006, updates and amends the requirements that were previously contained in BS EN 3-3:1996, which is now withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee FSH/2, Fire extinguishers.

A list of organizations represented on FSH/2 can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 January 2007

© BSI 2007

ISBN 978 0 580 49993 7

Amendments issued since publication

Amd. No.	Date	Comments

ICS 13.220.10

English Version

Portable fire extinguishers - Part 9: Additional requirements to EN 3-7 for pressure resistance of CO₂ extinguishers

Extincteurs d'incendie portatifs - Partie 9 : Exigences
additionnelles à l'EN 3-7 relatives à la résistance à la
pression des extincteurs au dioxyde de carbone

Tragbare Feuerlöscher - Teil 9: Zusätzliche Anforderungen
zu EN 3-7 an die Druckfestigkeit von Kohlendioxid-
Feuerlöscher

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 25 October 2006.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

Contents

	Page
Foreword.....	3
1 Scope	4
2 Normative references	4
3 Terms and definitions	4
4 Materials	4
4.1 General.....	4
4.2 Material compatibility	4
5 Design	5
5.1 Cylinder and operating devices	5
5.2 Filling ratio.....	5
5.3 Operating device.....	5
5.4 Bursting disc.....	5
5.5 Hose and nozzle couplings – Prototype testing.....	5
5.6 Resistance to impact.....	6
6 Manufacturing of the assembled extinguisher	6
7 Final assessment of the assembled extinguisher	6
7.1 General.....	6
7.2 Validation of accessories.....	6
7.3 Validation of the design maximum filling mass	7
8 Marking	7
8.1 Operating device.....	7
8.2 Cylinder.....	7
8.3 Extinguisher assembly.....	7
Annex A (informative) Classification of the different parts of an extinguisher	8
Annex B (informative) Filling ratio for CO₂	9
Annex C (normative) Portable CO₂ fire extinguisher thread sizes	10
Annex D (normative) Impact tests	11
D.1 General.....	11
D.2 Test at TS_{min}	11
D.3 Test at TS_{max}	11
D.4 Apparatus	12
D.5 Procedure	12
Annex ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 97/23/EC	13
Table A.1 — Classification of the different parts of portable fire extinguisher.....	8
Table B.1 — Filling ratio for CO₂.....	9
Table C.1 — Cylinder neck thread dimensions	10
Table ZA.1 — Correspondence between this European Standard and Directive 97/23/EC	13

Foreword

This document (EN 3-9:2006) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 70 "Manual means of fire fighting equipment", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2007.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 97/23/CE.

For relationship with EU Directive 97/23/CE, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This document is included in a series of European Standards planned to cover:

- a) classification of fires (EN 2)
- b) mobile fire extinguishers (EN 1866)

EN 3 consists of the following parts, under the general title "*Portable fire extinguishers*"

- *Part 1¹⁾: Description, duration of operation, class A and B fire test*
- *Part 2¹⁾: Tightness, dielectric test, tamping test, special provisions*
- *Part 3: Construction, resistance to pressure, mechanical tests*
- *Part 4¹⁾: Charges, minimum required fire*
- *Part 5¹⁾: Specification and supplementary tests*
- *Part 6: Provisions for the attestation of conformity of portable fire extinguishers in accordance with EN 3 part 1 to part 5*
- *Part 7: Characteristics, performance requirements and test methods*
- *Part 8²⁾: Additional requirements to EN 3-7 for the construction, resistance to pressure and mechanical tests for extinguishers with a maximum allowable pressure equal to or lower than 30 bar*
- *Part 9²⁾: Additional requirements to EN 3-7 for pressure resistance of CO₂ extinguishers*
- *Part 10³⁾: Provisions for evaluating of conformity of a portable fire extinguisher to EN 3 part 7*

According to the CEN/GENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

¹⁾ Withdrawn and replaced by EN 3-7.

²⁾ EN 3-8 and 3-9 update and amend EN 3-3. On publication of these EN 3-3 will be withdrawn.

³⁾ In preparation. EN 3-10 updates and amends EN 3-6. On publication of EN 3-10 EN 3-6 will be withdrawn.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the rules of design, assembling, inspection and testing of CO₂ portable fire extinguishers as far as the pressure risk is concerned.

NOTE Annex A gives the classification of the different parts forming the assembly of the portable extinguisher.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 3-7:2004, *Portable fire extinguishers — Part 7: Characteristics, performance requirements and test methods*

EN 3-8:2006, *Portable fire extinguishers — Part 8: Additional requirements to EN 3-7 for the construction, resistance to pressure and mechanical tests for extinguishers with a maximum allowable pressure equal to or lower than 30 bar*

EN 629-1:1996, *Transportable gas cylinders — 25E taper thread for connection of valves to gas cylinders — Part 1: Specification*

EN ISO 11116-1:1999, *Gas cylinders — 17E taper thread for connection of valves to gas cylinders — Part 1: Specifications (ISO 11116-1:1999)*

EN ISO 15245-1:2001, *Gas cylinders — Parallel threads for connection of valves to gas cylinders — Part 1: Specification (ISO 15245-1:2001)*

ISO 6718:1991, *Bursting discs and bursting disc devices*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 3-7:2004, EN 3-8:2006 and the following apply.

3.1 filling ratio

maximum allowable fill measured in kg/l

4 Materials

4.1 General

Non metallic materials for bodies of operating devices are not permitted by this European Standard.

4.2 Material compatibility

Materials of components that may be in contact with the contents shall be compatible with both the contents and the material of other components.

5 Design

5.1 Cylinder and operating devices

The thread of the cylinder and operating device shall be in accordance with and marked with the appropriate code, see Annex C.

Operating devices with parallel threads shall include a means of automatically venting any pressure from the extinguisher before complete disengagement.

NOTE By nature of their shape taper threads naturally vent before complete disengagement.

5.2 Filling ratio

There is a relationship between the filling ratio, the maximum allowable pressure and the maximum allowable temperature depending on the pressure-temperature curves of carbon dioxide. Commonly used filling ratios are 0,667, 0,675 and 0,750, and the corresponding maximum allowable pressures at 60 °C are shown in Annex B.

5.3 Operating device

The operating device is a pressure accessory that can be fitted with the bursting disc.

The thread of the operating device shall be in accordance with Annex C and shall be stamped, engraved or embossed with the specified code.

5.4 Bursting disc

Extinguishers shall be fitted with a bursting disc, which shall comply with ISO 6718.

The bursting disc at $(T_{\max} \pm 2)$ °C shall operate at a pressure between 1,1 *PS* and the test pressure of the extinguisher *PT*, including all manufacturing tolerances.

NOTE *PS* of the extinguisher assembly cannot exceed the *PS* of any component of the extinguisher assembly.

5.5 Hose and nozzle couplings – Prototype testing

5.5.1 Requirements

The coupling systems given below shall function throughout the operating temperature range of the fire extinguisher. Coupling systems shall be designed and fitted in such a way that they cannot damage the hose. The burst pressure shall be equal to or greater than the appropriate value below when tested in accordance with 5.5.2.

1,5 times the pressure developed at T_{\max} , the test being carried out at (20 ± 5) °C – one specimen.

1,25 times the pressure developed at T_{\max} , the test being carried out at $(T_{\max} \pm 5)$ °C – two specimens:

- operating device/horn – operating device/hose;
- operating device hose/horn – operating device horn/nozzle.

5.5.2 Test conditions

The burst pressure shall be established by increasing the pressure to the minimum allowable burst pressure in a time not less than 30 s maintaining that pressure for a further 30 s during which failure shall not occur and then increasing the pressure at a maximum average rate of 10 bar/s until the point of failure.

5.6 Resistance to impact

5.6.1 Test Conditions

TS_{\max} and TS_{\min} claimed by the manufacturer shall be used for the tests in 5.6.2 and Annex D.

5.6.2 Requirements

When tested in accordance with D.1, extinguishers shall not show evidence of bursting, breakage or ejection of components.

6 Manufacturing of the assembled extinguisher

The compatibility between the thread of the cylinder and the thread of the operating device shall be checked.

The manufacturer's declared torque between the operating device and the cylinder and the operating device and the bursting disc shall be utilised.

Manufacturing process shall be defined and controlled and shall not adversely affect the design characteristics.

The identification and the traceability of the materials for all pressure retaining parts shall be ensured by the manufacturer after reception of these materials. This is realised by application of adequate procedures, internal to the manufacturer, such as batch control traceability.

7 Final assessment of the assembled extinguisher

7.1 General

The evaluation of the integration of the different parts of the extinguisher shall be checked by:

- document basis at the design stage;
- the duration of operation shall be as follows:
 - a) at T_{\max} duration of operation shall not be more than the value established at a temperature of + 20 °C;
 - b) at T_{\min} duration of operation shall not be more than 2,5 times the value established at + 20 °C.

Compliance shall be demonstrated using an appropriate sampling plan.

7.2 Validation of accessories

Fittings (excluding bursting disc subject to pressure shall meet the following requirements. For fittings in Category I or article 3 § 3 of Directive 97/23/EC, compliance shall be demonstrated by pressure testing components selected from production using an adequate sampling plan.

All fittings (excluding bursting disc) in Category II or higher shall be submitted to a pressure test.

The test pressure PT shall not be less than 1,43 times the maximum allowable pressure PS .

The test pressure shall be maintained for a minimum of 30 s and the fittings shall remain tight and show no dangerous defect.

Fittings include operating devices, hose assemblies. The fittings need not be tested as part of the complete extinguisher but the test equipment connection and blanking features shall replicate the adjacent components.

7.3 Validation of the design maximum filling mass

Check the content of each extinguisher by weight to ensure it is not overfilled.

8 Marking

8.1 Operating device

- The thread code shall be marked (Annex C).

8.2 Cylinder

- The thread code shall be marked (Annex C);
- test pressure in bar, with the letters "PT" before and followed by "BAR" or "bar". This marking shall be stamped, engraved or embossed.

8.3 Extinguisher assembly

The extinguisher assembly shall be marked with:

- mark of the extinguisher manufacturer as registered, for identification;
- serial or batch number of the extinguisher;
- year of manufacture of the extinguisher, which can be represented by the four digits, e.g. 2002;
- tare in kg, including permanently attached accessories (necessary for refilling);
- volume of the body – L;
- maximum allowable pressure of the extinguisher assembly with the letters "PS" before and followed by "BAR" or "bar";
- maximum filling mass – kg;
- contained gas.
- operating temperature range of the extinguisher assembly (T_{\min} / T_{\max}).

The markings specified above shall be permanently marked.

See also marking requirements specified in EN 3-7.

Annex A (informative)

Classification of the different parts of an extinguisher

In the framework of New Approach Directive 97/23/EC Pressure Equipment, the different parts forming the assembly of an extinguisher can be classified as indicated in Table A.1.

Table A.1 — Classification of the different parts of a portable fire extinguisher

EN 3	Pressure Equipment Directive		
Part	Type of equipment	Category	Table
Cylinder	Vessel	Category III	Table 2
Operating device	Pressure accessory	Art. 3 § 3 or category I in function of DN or category III when fitted with a safety accessory	Table 7
Hose	Piping	Art. 3 § 3	Table 7
Nozzle	Pressure accessory	Art. 3 § 3	Table 7
Bursting disc	Safety accessory	In at least category III	

Annex B (informative)

Filling ratio for CO₂

Table B.1 — Filling ratio for CO₂

Filling ratio kg/l	T_{\max} °C	PS bar
0,667	60	169,3
0,675	60	173,8
0,750	60	216,1

Annex C
(normative)

Portable CO₂ fire extinguisher thread sizes

Thread code (to be stamped, engraved or embossed on the body and the operating device).

The thread shall correspond to Table C.1.

Table C.1 — Cylinder neck thread dimensions

Thread code	25P	25E	17E
Standard	EN ISO 15245-1	EN 629-1	EN ISO 11116-1

Annex D (normative)

Impact tests

D.1 General

Resistance to impact by falling weight.

NOTE See 5.6.

The test shall be carried out on four portable fire extinguishers fitted with all accessories that are subject to pressure during normal operation.

Fill the extinguishers with water or a suitable liquid, to between 88 % and 92 % by volume, as fitted for use, i.e. complete with valve and internal fittings.

D.2 Test at TS_{\min}

NOTE A low freeze depressant may be added to prevent the freezing of the contained liquid.

Adjust with nitrogen the pressure of two extinguishers to such a pressure, that at TS_{\min} , the attained pressure corresponds to the pressure of CO₂ at this temperature in an extinguisher normally filled with CO₂ at its intended fill ratio.

Then condition these two extinguishers for a period of 24 h at $(TS_{\min} \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$.

Within 1 min of the removal of each extinguisher from the conditioning chamber it shall be subjected to the impact test.

One extinguisher shall be tested horizontally and the other vertically.

Both extinguishers shall be tested with the safety device in position.

D.3 Test at TS_{\max}

Adjust with nitrogen the pressure of two extinguishers to such a pressure that, at TS_{\max} , the attained pressure corresponds to the pressure of CO₂ at this temperature in an extinguisher normally filled with CO₂ at its intended fill ratio.

Then condition these two extinguishers for a period of 24 h at $TS_{\max} \pm 2 ^\circ\text{C}$.

Within 1 min of the removal of the extinguisher from the conditioning chamber it shall be subjected to the impact test.

One extinguisher shall be tested horizontally and the other vertically.

Both extinguishers shall be tested with the safety device in position.

D.4 Apparatus

A cylindrical steel weight, with flat surfaces, measuring 75 mm in diameter and weighing 4 kg, placed in a structure which will allow it to free-fall vertically from a height h (in metres) calculated by the following equation, with a minimum of 150 mm:

$$h = M/20$$

where M is the total mass, in kilograms, of the full extinguisher in complete working order.

D.5 Procedure

Place the extinguishers on a flat and rigid surface, one in each of the following positions:

- vertically, in its normal position;
- horizontally, in such a position that the device which seals the unit is pressing against the surface.

For each extinguisher, allow the weight to fall freely from height h , onto the device which seals the unit, the point of impact being determined by the authority carrying out the test.

Annex ZA (informative)

Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 97/23/EC

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission to provide a means of conforming to Essential Requirements of the New Approach Directive.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Communities under that Directive and has been implemented as a national standard in at least one Member State, compliance with the clauses of this standard given in Table ZA.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding Essential Requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

Table ZA.1 — Correspondence between this European Standard and Directive 97/23/EC

Clause(s) in EN 3-9	Essential Requirements of Directive 97/23/EC	Qualifying Remarks/Notes
5.1	2.3	Safe handling and operation
6	2.8	Assembly
5.2	2.9	Safe filling
7	3.2.1	Final inspection
8	3.3	Marking and labelling

WARNING — Other requirements and other EU Directives may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

BSI — British Standards Institution

BSI is the independent national body responsible for preparing British Standards. It presents the UK view on standards in Europe and at the international level. It is incorporated by Royal Charter.

Revisions

British Standards are updated by amendment or revision. Users of British Standards should make sure that they possess the latest amendments or editions.

It is the constant aim of BSI to improve the quality of our products and services. We would be grateful if anyone finding an inaccuracy or ambiguity while using this British Standard would inform the Secretary of the technical committee responsible, the identity of which can be found on the inside front cover.
Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 9000. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7400.

BSI offers members an individual updating service called PLUS which ensures that subscribers automatically receive the latest editions of standards.

Buying standards

Orders for all BSI, international and foreign standards publications should be addressed to Customer Services. Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 9001.
Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7001. Email: orders@bsi-global.com. Standards are also available from the BSI website at <http://www.bsi-global.com>.

In response to orders for international standards, it is BSI policy to supply the BSI implementation of those that have been published as British Standards, unless otherwise requested.

Information on standards

BSI provides a wide range of information on national, European and international standards through its Library and its Technical Help to Exporters Service. Various BSI electronic information services are also available which give details on all its products and services. Contact the Information Centre.
Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7111. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7048. Email: info@bsi-global.com.

Subscribing members of BSI are kept up to date with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards. For details of these and other benefits contact Membership Administration.
Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7002. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7001.
Email: membership@bsi-global.com.

Information regarding online access to British Standards via British Standards Online can be found at <http://www.bsi-global.com/bsonline>.

Further information about BSI is available on the BSI website at <http://www.bsi-global.com>.

Copyright

Copyright subsists in all BSI publications. BSI also holds the copyright, in the UK, of the publications of the international standardization bodies. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI.

This does not preclude the free use, in the course of implementing the standard, of necessary details such as symbols, and size, type or grade designations. If these details are to be used for any other purpose than implementation then the prior written permission of BSI must be obtained.

Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Manager.
Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7070. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7553.
Email: copyright@bsi-global.com.