Paints, varnishes and binders — **Determination of MEQ** value of water-based coating materials and binders

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The European Standard EN ISO 15880:2004 has the status of a British Standard

ICS 87.060.20



#### National foreword

This British Standard is the official English language version of EN ISO 15880:2004. It is identical with ISO 15880:2000.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee STI/3, Paint media and related products, which has the responsibility to:

- aid enquirers to understand the text;
- present to the responsible international/European committee any enquiries on the interpretation, or proposals for change, and keep the UK interests informed;
- monitor related international and European developments and promulgate them in the UK.

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#### Cross-references

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#### Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, the EN ISO title page, the EN ISO foreword page, the ISO title page, pages ii to iv, pages 1 to 4, the Annex ZA page and a back cover.

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### EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 15880** 

May 2004

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#### English version

## Paints, varnishes and binders - Determination of MEQ value of water-based coating materials and binders (ISO 15880:2000)

Peintures, vernis et liants - Détermination de la valeur MEQ des produits de peinture et liants à base d'eau (ISO 15880:2000)

Beschichtungsstoffe und Bindemittel - Bestimmung des MEQ-Wertes von wasserverdünnbaren Beschchtungsstoffen und Bindemitteln (ISO 15880:2000)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 8 April 2004.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Management Centre has the same status as the official versions

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Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

#### **Foreword**

The text of ISO 15880:2000 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35 "Paints and varnishes" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 15880:2004 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 139 "Paints and varnishes", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2004, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2004.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 15880:2000 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 15880:2004 without any modifications.

NOTE Normative references to International Standards are listed in Annex ZA (normative).

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

EN ISO 15880:2004 ISO 15880

First edition 2000-10-15

# Paints, varnishes and binders — Determination of MEQ value of water-based coating materials and binders

Peintures, vernis et liants — Détermination de la valeur MEQ des produits de peinture et liants à base d'eau



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#### **Foreword**

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this International Standard may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 15880 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Test methods for binders for paints and varnishes*.

# Paints, varnishes and binders — Determination of MEQ value of water-based coating materials and binders

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a titrimetric method for determining the MEQ (milli-equivalent) value of water-based binders and coating materials, either as an MEQ(acid) value or an MEQ(alkali) value.

In contrast to other values, e.g. the acid value, saponification value or hydroxyl value, the MEQ value is always related to the non-volatile matter content of the binder or coating material.

#### 2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 3251:1993, Paints and varnishes — Determination of non-volatile matter of paints, varnishes and binders for paints and varnishes.

ISO 15528:2000, Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes — Sampling.

#### 3 Term and definition

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following term and definition applies.

#### 3.1

#### **MEQ** value

the number of milli-equivalents (MEQ) of acid or base contained in 100 g of the non-volatile matter of a water-based coating material or binder

#### 4 Reagents

- **4.1 Potassium hydroxide,** standard volumetric solution, c(KOH) = 0.1 mol/l, in 95 % by volume ethanol or in water.
- **4.2 Hydrochloric acid**, standard volumetric solution, c(HCI) = 0.1 mol/l, in water.
- **4.3 Perchloric acid,** standard volumetric solution,  $c(HCIO_4) = 0.1 \text{ mol/l}$ , in acetic acid.

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#### **4.4 Solvent,** for dissolving the sample.

The type and volume of solvent used depend on the solubility of the product under test, but allowance for this is made by carrying out a blank test. The solvent shall be inert to the neutralizing agent and shall be such that no precipitation occurs during the titration.

NOTE In most cases, methoxypropanol has been found suitable.

If necessary, an emulsifier may be used in addition to the solvent.

#### 5 Apparatus

Ordinary laboratory apparatus and glassware, together with the following:

- **5.1 Titration vessel**, e.g. conical flask, of suitable size.
- **5.2** Analytical balance, capable of weighing to an accuracy of 0,1 mg.
- 5.3 Heating device.
- 5.4 Magnetic stirrer.
- **5.5** Potentiometric titration apparatus, i.e. pH-meter or voltage meter fitted with a glass electrode and a reference electrode.

#### 6 Sampling

Take a representative sample of the product to be tested, as described in ISO 15528.

#### 7 Procedure

#### 7.1 General

Carry out the determination in duplicate.

#### 7.2 Test portion

The mass shall be chosen so that the volume of neutralizing agent used is about 10 ml.

#### 7.3 Determination of the non-volatile matter content

Determine the non-volatile matter content as described in ISO 3251.

#### 7.4 Determination of MEQ(acid)

Weigh, to the nearest 0,001 g, a test portion (mass  $m_1$ ) into the titration vessel (5.1) and dissolve, if necessary using the heating device (5.3) and the magnetic stirrer (5.4), in solvent (4.4). If necessary, cool the solution to room temperature before carrying out the determination. Titrate the solution with potassium hydroxide solution (4.1) till the point of inflection of the titration curve is reached (volume  $V_1$ ). If the titration curve shows several steps, take that step located in the most alkaline region as the end point.

Carry out a blank determination following the same procedure, but omitting the test portion (volume  $V_2$ ).

#### 7.5 Determination of MEQ(alkali)

Weigh, to the nearest 0,001 g, a test portion (mass  $m_2$ ) into the titration vessel (5.1) and dissolve, if necessary using the heating device (5.3) and the magnetic stirrer (5.4), in solvent (4.4). If necessary, cool the solution to room temperature before carrying out the determination. Titrate the solution with hydrochloric acid (4.2) or perchloric acid (4.3) till the point of inflection of the titration curve is reached (volume  $V_3$ ). If the titration curve shows several steps, take that step located in the most acidic region as the end point. The use of hydrochloric acid is preferred. In some cases, e.g. when testing water-based coating materials, hydrochloric acid can cause precipitation. In such cases, perchloric acid shall be used.

Carry out a blank determination following the same procedure, but omitting the test portion (volume  $V_4$ ).

#### 8 Expression of results

Calculate the MEQ value, in millimoles per 100 g of non-volatile matter, by the following equations:

$$MEQ(acid) = \frac{(V_1 - V_2) \times c \times 10000}{m_1 \times NV}$$
 (1)

$$MEQ(alkali) = \frac{(V_3 - V_4) \times c \times 10\ 000}{m_2 \times NV}$$
 (2)

where

 $V_1$  is the volume, in millilitres, of potassium hydroxide solution required for the determination in 7.4;

 $V_2$  is the volume, in millilitres, of potassium hydroxide solution required for the blank determination in 7.4;

 $V_3$  is the volume, in millilitres, of hydrochloric acid or perchloric acid required for the determination in 7.5;

 $V_4$  is the volume, in millilitres, of hydrochloric acid or perchloric acid required for the blank determination in 7.5;

c is the concentration, in moles per litre, of the titrant (= 0.1 mol/l, see 4.1 to 4.3);

 $m_1, m_2$  is the mass, in grams, of the test portion;

NV is the non-volatile matter content, expressed as a percentage by mass (see 7.3).

Report as the final result the mean to three significant figures, but in any case rounded to not more than one decimal place.

#### 9 Precision

#### 9.1 Repeatability limit (r)

The value below which the absolute difference between two single test results, each the mean of duplicates, obtained on identical material by one operator in one laboratory within a short interval of time using the standardized test method, may be expected to lie with a 95 % probability is 5 % (relative to the mean of the two test results) for MEQ(acid) and 3 % (relative to the mean of the two test results) for MEQ(alkali).

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#### 9.2 Reproducibility limit (R)

The value below which the absolute difference between two single test results, each the mean of duplicates, obtained on identical material by operators in different laboratories using the standardized test method, may be expected to lie with a 95 % probability is 8 % (relative to the mean of the two test results) for MEQ(acid) and 6 % (relative to the mean of the two test results) for MEQ(alkali).

#### 10 Test report

The test report shall contain at least the following information:

- a) a reference to this International Standard (ISO 15880);
- b) all details necessary for complete identification of the product tested (manufacturer, trade name, batch number, etc.);
- c) the result of the test as indicated in clause 8;
- d) any deviation from the test method specified;
- e) the date of the test.

### Annex ZA (normative)

## Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod.), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN</u>	<u>Year</u>
ISO 15528	2000	Paints, varnishes and raw materials for paints and varnishes - Sampling	EN ISO 15528	2000

BS EN ISO 15880:2004 BS 6782-17:2001

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