

Technical specifications for centrifugal pumps — Class III

ICS 23.080

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 9908:1993+A1:2011. It supersedes BS EN ISO 9908:1998, which is withdrawn.

The start and finish of text introduced or amendment is indicated in the text by tags. Tags indicating changes to ISO text carry the number of the ISO amendment. For example, text altered by ISO amendment 1 is indicated by $\boxed{A1}$ $\langle A1 \rangle$.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee MCE/6, Pumps and pump testing.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard, having been prepared under the direction of the Machinery and Components Standards Policy Committee, was published under the authority of the Standards Board and comes into effect on 15 March 1994

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The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard:
Committee reference MCE/6
Draft for comment 91/76636 DC

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Amd. No.	Date	Comments
9865	February 1998	Renumbers BS 7736:1994 as BS EN ISO 9908:1998
	31 July 2011	Implementation of ISO amendment 1:2011 with CEN endorsement A1:2011

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ICS 23.080

Descriptors: See ISO document

English version

Technical specifications for centrifugal pumps — Class III

(ISO 9908:1993)

Spécifications techniques pour pompes
centrifuges —
Classe III
(ISO 9908:1993)

Technische Anforderungen für
Kreiselpumpen —
Klasse III
(ISO 9908-1:1993)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 18 October 1997.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

CEN

European Committee for Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation
Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 36, B-1050 Brussels

Foreword

The text of the International Standard from Technical Committee ISO/TC 115, Pumps, of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has been taken over as a European Standard by Technical Committee CEN/TC 197, Pumps, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 1998, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 1998.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard ISO 9908:1993 has been approved by CEN as a European Standard without any modification.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 9908:1993/AMD 1:2011 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 9908:1997/A1:2011 without any modification.

Foreword to amendment A1

This document (EN ISO 9908:1997/A1:2011) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 115 “Pumps” in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 197 “Pumps” the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN ISO 9908:1997 shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2011, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2011.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Introduction

This International Standard is the third of a set dealing with technical specifications of centrifugal pumps; they are designated as Classes I, II and III. Class I (see ISO 9905) comprises the most severe and Class III (this International Standard) the least severe requirements. For requirements for Class II centrifugal pumps, see ISO 5199.

The selection of the class to be used is made in accordance with the technical requirements for the application for which the pump is intended.

The class chosen is to be agreed between purchaser and manufacturer/supplier.

The safety requirements of the field of application are furthermore to be taken into account.

However, it is not possible to standardize the class of technical requirements for centrifugal pumps for a certain field of application, because each field of application comprises different requirements. All classes (I, II and III) can be used in accordance with the different requirements of the pump application. It may happen that pumps built in accordance with Classes I, II and III may work beside each other in one plant.

Further text covering specific applications or industry requirements are dealt with later in separate standards.

Criteria for the selection of a pump of the required class for a certain application may be based on:

- reliability,
- operating conditions,
- environmental conditions.

Throughout this International Standard, text written in bold letters indicates where a decision may be required by the purchaser, or where agreement is required between the purchaser and manufacturer/supplier.

1 Scope

1.1 This International Standard covers Class III requirements for centrifugal pumps of single stage, multistage, horizontal or vertical construction (coupled or close-coupled) with any drive and any installation for general application.

1.2 This International Standard includes design features concerned with installation, maintenance and safety of such pumps including baseplate, coupling and auxiliary piping but excluding the driver, if it is not an integral part of the pump.

1.3 Where the application of this International Standard has been called for:

a) and requires a specific design feature, alternative designs may be offered which meet the intent of this International Standard provided that the alternative is described in detail.

b) pumps not complying with all requirements of this International Standard may be offered for consideration, provided that all deviations are stated.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below.

Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 76:1987, *Rolling bearings — Static load ratings*.

ISO 281:1990, *Rolling bearings — Dynamic load ratings and rating life*.

A1) Text deleted **A1**

ISO 3069:1974, *End suction centrifugal pumps — Dimensions of cavities for mechanical seals and for soft packing*.

ISO 7005-1:1992, *Metallic flanges — Part 1: Steel flanges*.

ISO 7005-2:1988, *Metallic flanges — Part 2: Cast iron flanges*.

ISO 7005-3:1988, *Metallic flanges — Part 3: Copper alloy and composite flanges*.

ISO 9905:—, *Technical specifications for centrifugal pumps — Class I¹⁾*.

A1) ISO 9906:—²⁾, *Rotodynamic pumps — Hydraulic performance acceptance tests — Grades 1, 2 and 3* **A1**

¹⁾ To be published.

A1) ²⁾ To be published. (Revision of ISO 9906:1999) **A1**

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this International Standard, the definitions given in ISO 9905 and the following definitions apply.

3.1 rated conditions

conditions (driver excluded) that define the (guarantee) point necessary to meet all defined operating conditions, taking into account any necessary margins

NOTE 1 This definition differs slightly from that given in ISO 9905.

3.2 rated driver output

the maximum permissible driver power output under site operating conditions

3.3 pressure-temperature rating

relationship between pressure and temperature given in the form of a graph (see Figure 1)

4 Design

4.1 General

Whenever the documents include contradicting technical requirements, they apply in the following sequence:

- a) purchase order (or enquiry if no order is placed) (see Annex B);
- b) data sheet (see Annex A);
- c) this International Standard;
- d) other standards to which reference is made in the order (or enquiry if no order is placed).

4.1.1 Characteristic curve

The characteristic curve shall indicate the allowable operating range of the pump.

4.1.2 Net positive suction head (NPSH)

- A1)** The NPSHR shall be based on cold water as specified in ISO 9906. **A1)** The NPSHA must exceed NPSHR by a margin of at least 0,5 m. The basis for use in performance curves is that NPSH corresponding to a drop of 3 % of the total head of the first stage of the pump (NPSH3).

4.1.3 Installation

The pumps should preferably be suitable for outdoor installation under normal environmental conditions. If they are suitable only for indoor installation this information shall be clearly stated in the manufacturer/supplier's documentation.

For outdoor installation, the range of environmental conditions shall be specified by the purchaser.

4.2 Prime movers

4.2.1 Defined operating conditions

Prime movers required as driver for coupled pumps shall have power output ratings at least equal to the percentage of rated pump power input given in Figure 2 for the range of 1 kW to 100 kW. **For pump power input outside this range, the percentage is to be agreed upon between manufacturer/supplier and purchaser.** Where the prime mover has an output rating covering the power requirements at any operating conditions of the impeller diameter installed, no extra margins are required.

4.2.2 Undefined operating conditions

Prime movers as drivers for close-coupled pumps shall have power output ratings covering the power requirements at any operating conditions of the impeller diameter installed. These conditions eliminate the need for extra margins.

4.3 Critical speed, balance and vibration

4.3.1 Critical speed

Under operating conditions, the actual first lateral critical speed of the rotor when coupled to the drive agreed upon shall be at least 10 % above the maximum allowable continuous speed including the trip speed of a turbine-driven pump. For vertical lineshaft pumps, a flexible shaft is permitted.

4.3.2 Balance and vibration

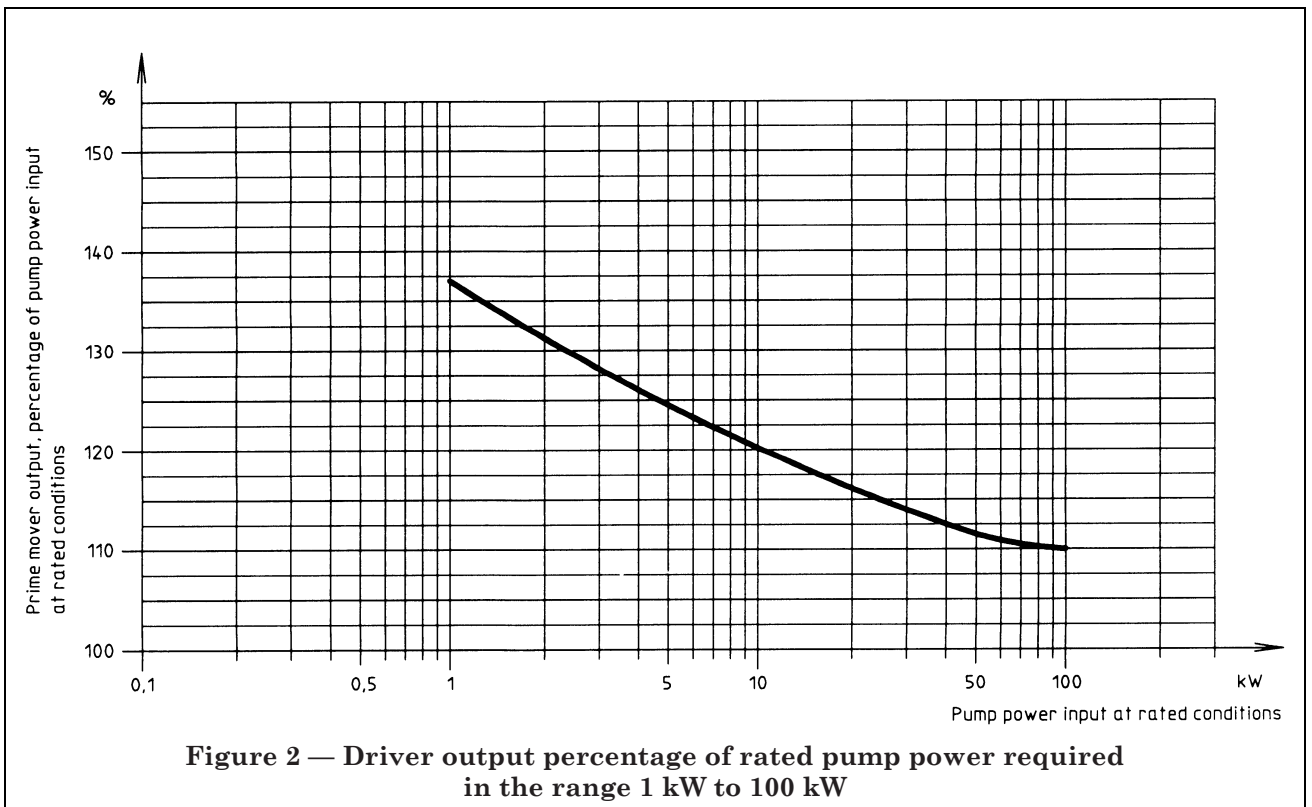
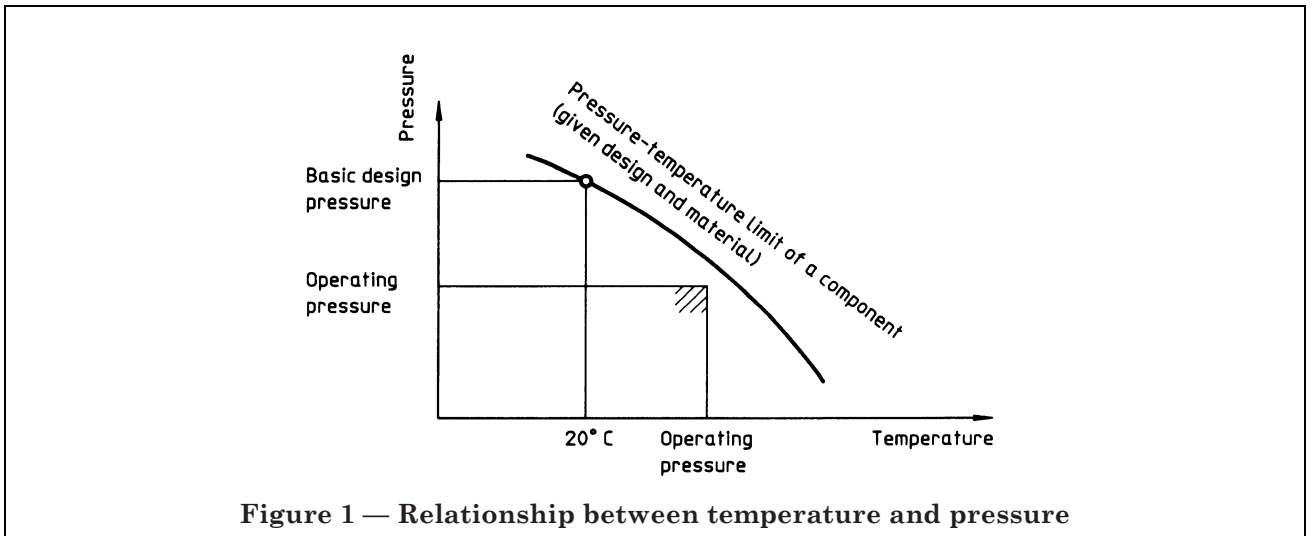
4.3.2.1 Horizontal pumps

Unfiltered vibration shall not exceed the vibration severity limits given in Table 1 when measured on the manufacturer/supplier's test facilities. These values are measured radially at the bearing housing at a single operating point at rated speed ($\pm 5\%$) and rated flow ($\pm 5\%$) when operating without cavitation.

Pumps with a special impeller, for example a single channel impeller, may exceed the limits given in Table 1. In such case the pump manufacturer/supplier should indicate this in his offer.

4.3.2.2 Vertical lineshaft pumps

- a) Vibration readings shall be taken on the top flange of the driver mount on vertical lineshaft pumps with rigid couplings and near to the top pump bearing on vertical pumps with flexible couplings.
- b) Vibration limits for both rolling and sleeve bearing pumps shall not exceed a velocity of 7,1 mm/s rms during shop test at rated speed ($\pm 5\%$), and rated flow ($\pm 5\%$) operating without cavitation.



A1) Table 1 — Limits of vibration severity for horizontal pumps with multivane impellers

Speed of rotation n min^{-1}	Maximum rms values of the vibration velocity for the shaft centreline height h_1^a mm/s	
	$h_1 \leq 225 \text{ mm}$	$h_1 > 225 \text{ mm}$
$n \leq 1\,800$	2,8	4,5
$1\,800 < n \leq 4\,500$	4,5	7,1

^a For horizontal foot-mounted pumps, h_1 is the distance between baseplate area in contact with pump feet and pump shaft centreline.

4.4 Pressure-containing parts

4.4.1 Pressure-temperature rating

The pressure limit (maximum allowable working pressure) of the pump at the most severe operating conditions shall be clearly defined by the manufacturer/supplier. In no case may the rated pressure of the pump (casing and cover, including shaft seal housing and gland follower/end plate) exceed that of the pump flanges.

The basic design pressure of the pump shall be a gauge pressure of at least 6 bar²⁾ at 20 °C when made of cast iron, ductile iron, carbon steel or stainless steel.

For materials the tensile requirements of which do not permit the 6 bar rating, the pressure-temperature rating shall be adjusted according to the stress-temperature rating for the material and shall be clearly stated by the manufacturer/supplier.

Low head pumps may have a lower pressure-temperature rating if this is clearly stated by the manufacturer/supplier on the nameplate and data sheet.

4.4.2 Wall thickness

Pressure casings including the shaft seal housing and gland end plate shall be of such thickness as will be suitable for containing pressure and limiting distortion under the maximum allowable working pressure at operating temperature.

The casing shall also be suitable for the hydrostatic test pressure (see clause 6) at ambient temperature.

4.4.3 Materials

The materials used for pressure-containing parts shall depend on the liquid pumped and the application of the pump (see clause 5).

4.4.4 Mechanical features

4.4.4.1 Dismantling

The pump should be designed to permit necessary dismantling for spare part replacement without disturbing inlet and outlet connections. If the design is such that dismantling will cause some disturbance, then it should be so stated.

4.4.4.2 Casing gaskets

Casing gaskets shall be of a design suitable for the rated operating conditions and for hydrostatic test conditions at ambient temperature.

4.4.4.3 External bolting

Bolts or studs that connect pressure-containing parts shall be selected to be adequate for the maximum allowable working pressure and for normal tightening procedures.

4.5 Branches (nozzles) and miscellaneous connections

NOTE 2 For the purpose of this International Standard the terms branch and nozzle are synonymous.

4.5.1 Type and size

Type and size of fluid connections shall be stated in the manufacturer/supplier's document.

4.5.2 Closures

Vent, pressure-gauge and drain openings shall be fitted with removable closures adequate to contain the maximum allowable working pressures and of material suitable for the pumped liquid.

4.6 External forces and moments on branches (inlet and outlet)

The manufacturer/supplier shall provide details of allowable external forces and moments on branches on request.

4.7 Branch (nozzle) flanges

If circular flanges are used the flange envelope shall be of a size to enable flanges as specified in ISO 7005-1, ISO 7005-2 and ISO 7005-3 to be used. **If the pump manufacturer/supplier's standard pattern entails a flange thickness and a diameter greater than that of the rating specified, the heavier flange may be supplied if requested by the manufacturer/supplier, but it shall be faced and drilled as specified above.**

Bolt holes shall straddle the centreline.

4.8 Impellers

4.8.1 Impeller design

Impellers of closed, semi-open or open designs may be selected according to the application.

4.8.2 Securing of impellers

Impellers shall be secured against circumferential and axial movement when rotating in the intended direction of rotation. Attention shall be drawn to the secure attachment of impeller in either direction of close-coupled pumps.

²⁾ 1 bar = 0,1 MPa

4.9 Running clearance

When establishing running clearances between stationary and moving parts, consideration shall be given to operating conditions and properties of the material (such as hardness and gall resistance) used for these parts. Clearances shall be sized to prevent contact under operating conditions, and material combinations selected to minimize the risk of seizure and erosion.

4.10 Shafts and shaft sleeves

4.10.1 General

Shafts shall be of ample size and stiffness to:

- a) transmit the prime mover rated power;
- b) minimize unsatisfactory packing or seal performance;
- c) minimize wear and the risk of seizure;
- d) take due consideration of the method of starting and inertia loading involved.

4.10.2 Surface roughness

Surface roughness in the gland sealing area shall be suitable for the satisfactory operation of either mechanical seal or gland packing.

4.10.3 Shaft deflection

The calculated shaft deflection at the radial plane through the outer face of the stuffing box caused by radial loads exerted during operation of the pump shall not exceed 50 µm, within the allowable operating range, as verified by prototype testing.

4.10.4 Diameter

The diameter of the portions of the shaft or shaft sleeves in the seal area shall be in accordance with ISO 3069 where practicable.

4.10.5 Shaft runout

Manufacture and assembly of the shaft and sleeve, if fitted, should ensure that the runout at a radial plane through the outer face of the stuffing box is not greater than 50 µm for nominal outside diameters smaller than 50 mm, not greater than 80 µm for nominal outside diameters 50 mm to 100 mm, and not greater than 100 µm for nominal outside diameters greater than 100 mm.

4.10.6 Axial movement

Axial movement of the rotor permitted by the bearings shall not adversely affect the performance of the mechanical seal.

4.11 Bearings

4.11.1 General

Rolling bearings of standard design are normally to be used.

4.11.2 Rolling bearing life

Rolling bearings shall be selected and rated in accordance with ISO 76 and ISO 281; the “basic rating life (L_{10})” shall be at least 10 000 h when operating within the allowable operating range.

4.11.3 Lubrication

The operating instructions shall include information on the type and amount of lubricant to be used and the frequency of application.

4.11.4 Bearing housing design

The bearing housing shall be designed to prevent the ingress of contaminants and the escape of the lubricant under normal operating conditions.

4.12 Shaft sealing

4.12.1 General

The pump design shaft permit the use of either mechanical seal(s) or soft packing (with the exception of glandless pumps).

The seal cavity dimensions shall be in accordance with ISO 3069 except where the operating conditions dictate otherwise.

4.12.2 Stuffing box

Ample space shall be provided for repacking, including compression of packing material, without removing or dismantling any part other than gland components and guards.

The gland shall withstand forces necessary for compressing the packing material.

4.12.3 Mechanical seals

The mechanical seal shall be suitable to withstand the given operating conditions.

Appropriate material for the seal components shall be chosen to withstand corrosion, erosion, temperature and mechanical stress, etc.

A mechanical seal shall not be subjected to a hydrostatic test pressure exceeding the seal pressure limit.

4.13 Nameplate

Nameplates shall be securely attached to the pump.

The minimum information required on the nameplate shall be name (or trademark) and address of the manufacturer/supplier, identification number of the pump (for example, serial number or product number), type and size.

Further space may be provided for additional information on rate of flow, pump total head and pump speed.

4.14 Direction of rotation

The direction of rotation shall be indicated by a prominently located arrow of durable construction. For portable close-coupled pumps the direction of the starting reaction may be indicated as alternative.

4.15 Couplings

If the driver is not integral with the pump design, the pump shall normally be coupled to the driver by a flexible coupling.

Coupling halves shall be effectively secured against circumferential and axial movement relative to the shafts.

If coupling components are balanced together, the correct assembly position shall be shown by permanent and visible marks.

An appropriate fixed guard shall be provided. Guards shall be designed in accordance with national safety regulations.

4.16 Baseplates for horizontal pumps

4.16.1 General

Baseplates designed for installations without grouting shall be rigid enough for freestanding installation or for installation by bolting on a foundation without grouting.

Baseplates requiring grouting shall be designed to ensure proper grouting (for example trapping of air shall be prevented).

4.16.2 Assembly of pump and driver on baseplate

Provision shall be made for spacers or shims for vertical adjustment of driver alignment to permit compensation for pump, driver and baseplate tolerances.

If the purchaser supplies a driver or coupling, he shall provide the pump manufacturer/supplier with certified installation dimensions of these components.

If the driver is not mounted by the pump manufacturer/supplier, the driver fixing holes shall not be drilled, if not otherwise specified.

5 Materials

The materials shall be selected by the manufacturer/supplier for the intended liquid to be pumped and for the intended application, unless specified by the purchaser.

6 Shop inspection and tests

A hydrostatic test shall be performed for pressure-containing parts of a pump at a test pressure of at least 1,3 times the basic design pressure.

Pumps are normally subject only to such other internal shop tests as may be decided by the manufacturer/supplier. If witnessed or nonwitnessed tests are required, this should be stated on the enquiry or order.

A) If a hydraulic performance test is required it shall be carried out in accordance with ISO 9906 class 2 for clean cold water. For liquids other than clean cold water and for special operating conditions, hydraulic performance is to be calculated by the manufacturer/supplier and the conversion method is to be indicated. **A)**

7 Preparation for dispatch

7.1 General

All internal parts shall be drained prior to shipment. Where bearings are oil-lubricated, the bearing housings shall be drained and a label warning that prior to startup filling with oil is required, shall be fitted.

7.2 Securing of rotating parts for transport

In order to avoid damage to bearings caused by vibration during transport, rotating parts shall be secured as required according to mode and distance of transport, mass of rotor and bearings design. In such cases a warning label shall be securely attached.

7.3 Openings

All openings to the pressure chamber shall have weather-resistant closures for transport, substantial enough to withstand accidental damage.

7.4 Identification

The pump and all components supplied loose with it are to be clearly and durably marked with the prescribed identification number.

7.5 Documentation

The specified copies of documents shall be supplied with the pump — if not otherwise specified according to Annex C.

Annex A (normative) Centrifugal pump — Data sheet


If a data sheet is requested or required, the following centrifugal pump data sheet serves:

- the purchaser for enquiring, ordering and contract handling; and
- the manufacturer/supplier for tendering and manufacturing.

The specification of the components is in accordance with this International Standard.

To provide more space for writing or typing, the data sheet can be enlarged and split in two pages but the line numbering in each case shall conform to the standard data sheet.

Instructions for completing the data sheet:

- the information required is to be indicated with a cross (×) in the appropriate column;
- the  so marked lines are to be completed by the purchaser for enquiry;
- the blank columns can be used to indicate information required and also for revision marks indicating where information has been inserted or revised;
- to facilitate communication about the information in an intended line and position of the column, use the following key:

for 3 columns

		Column 1		Column 2		Column 3	
29	X		X		X		29
		Example: Line 29/2		Column No.			
			Line No.				

for 2 columns

		Column 1		Column 2	
55	X		X		55
		Example: Line 55/1		Column No.	
			Line No.		

for 1 column

7	X		7
		Example: Line 7	
		Line No.	

More detailed explanations on the individual terms are given below, insofar as the terms are not considered to be generally understood.

Line	Term	Explanation
1/1 2/1	Plant	Kind of plant, location, operation, building or other characteristics
1/2	Service	Operational duty, for example boiler feed water pump, waste water pump, fire water pump, circulation pump, reflux pump, etc.
2/2	Specification class	For example, ISO 9908
3/2 4/2	Driver	Should drive not be direct, information is to be given under "Remarks"
5/1 6/1	Purchaser	Company name
5/2 6/2	Manufacturer/supplier	Company name
7	Site conditions	For example, outdoor, indoor installation, other environmental conditions
8/1	Liquid	A fairly accurate designation of the fluid. When fluid is a mixture, an analysis should be given under "Remarks"
8/3	NPSH available at rated/normal flow	It may be necessary, when specifying NPSH available, to take into account abnormal operating conditions
9/1	Solid content	Solid constituents in fluid with grain size, quantity in mass percentage of liquid, grain character (round, cubic, oblong) and solids density (kg/dm^3) and other specific properties (for example, tendency to agglomerate) are to be given under "Remarks"
10/1	Corrosion by	Corrosive constituents of liquid
12/2	Inlet gauge pressure, max.	Maximum pressure in the inlet during operation, for example, by varying level, system pressures, etc.
13/3	Maximum pump power input at rated impeller diameter	Maximum pump power requirements at rated impeller diameter, specified density, viscosity and speed
14/3	Maximum pump power input at maximum impeller diameter	Maximum pump power requirements at maximum impeller diameter, specified density, viscosity and speed
15/3	Rated driver power output	To be specified by consideration of: a) duty and method of operation; b) location of operating point in performance diagram; c) friction loss at shaft seal; d) circulation flow for mechanical seal; e) properties of medium (solids, density, viscosity).

Line	Term	Explanation
16/1	Hazard	For example, flammable, toxic, odorous, caustic, radiation
16/2	Head rated/curve, maximum	Maximum head at installed impeller diameter
20/2	Thrust reduction by	For example, axial thrust bearing, balancing disc/drum, balancing hole, opposed impeller
21/2	Radial bearing type, size	Internal clearances to be included
22/2	Thrust bearing, type, size	Internal clearances to be included
23/2	Lubrication	Type of lubricant, for example, oil, pressure oil, grease, etc.
	Lubricant supply	For example, oil pump, grease pump, oil level controller, grease cup, sight glass gauge stick, etc.
24/1	Impeller type	Type of impeller, for example, closed, open, channel, etc.
24/2	Shaft seal arrangement	Use adequate designation according to Annex E
26/2	Shaft seal	For mechanical seal: — type: balanced (B) unbalanced (U) bellows (Z) — size: nominal shaft or sleeve diameter in millimetres based upon shaft diameter passing through stationary ring (e.g. ISO 3069) For stuffing box: — size: diameter of seal cavity according to ISO 3069
26/3	Design pressure	Relating to auxiliaries (piping, cooler, etc.)
27/3	Test pressure	Relating to auxiliaries (piping, cooler, etc.)
33/1	Casing support	For example, shaft centre, bottom, bearing bracket
34/1	Casing split	Radial, axial, relating to the shaft
35/3 to 36/3	Driver	For more information, use separate data sheets or space under “Remarks”
44/2 to 49/2	Mechanical seal components	Use material code for mechanical seal components according to J.2 of ISO 9905, if required
46/2 to 47/2	Mechanical seal	For example, O-rings
50 to 52	Tests	Company or authority which is to carry out the different tests, for example manufacturer/supplier, and to what standards (51) and name of authority for witnessed tests (52)

Centrifugal pump Data sheet

1	Plant:	Service:	1
2	Specification class:		2
	No. req.	Pump type and size horizontal ¹⁾ vertical ¹⁾	Manufacturer serial No.
		Driver Kind Type, size	Item No.
3	Operation		3
4	Standby		4
5	Customer:	Enquiry No.:	Date:
6		Order No.:	Date:
7	Supplier:	Proposal No.:	Date:
7	Site conditions:	Contract No.:	Date:
Operating conditions			
8	Liquid		8
9	Solid content	% of mass	9
10	Corrosion by		10
11	Erosion by		11
12	Operating temp. (O.T.)	°C	12
13	Density at O.T.	kg/dm ³	13
14	Kinematic viscosity at O.T.	mm ² /s	14
15	Vapour pressure (abs.) at O.T.	bar	15
16	Hazard		16
Construction features			
17	Basic design pressure	bar	17
18	Rated pressure	pump bar at °C	18
19		auxiliaries bar at °C	19
20	Test pressure	bar	20
21	Number of stages		21
22	Impeller	rated ϕ / installed ϕ / mm	22
23		max. / min. ϕ / mm	23
24	Type		24
25	Rotation facing pump driven end	pump* clockwise/anticlockwise	25
26		driver** clockwise/anticlockwise	26

Annex B (normative) Enquiry, proposal purchase order

B.1 Enquiry

The enquiry shall include all information necessary for selection of the pump.

B.1.1 Proposal

The proposal shall include the following technical information:

- preliminary outline drawing with installation information;
- typical cross-section drawing or exploded view;
- characteristic curve, if specified.

B.2 Purchase order

The purchase order shall include technical information, for example operating conditions, construction features, materials, auxiliaries and required documentation.

Annex C (normative) Documentation

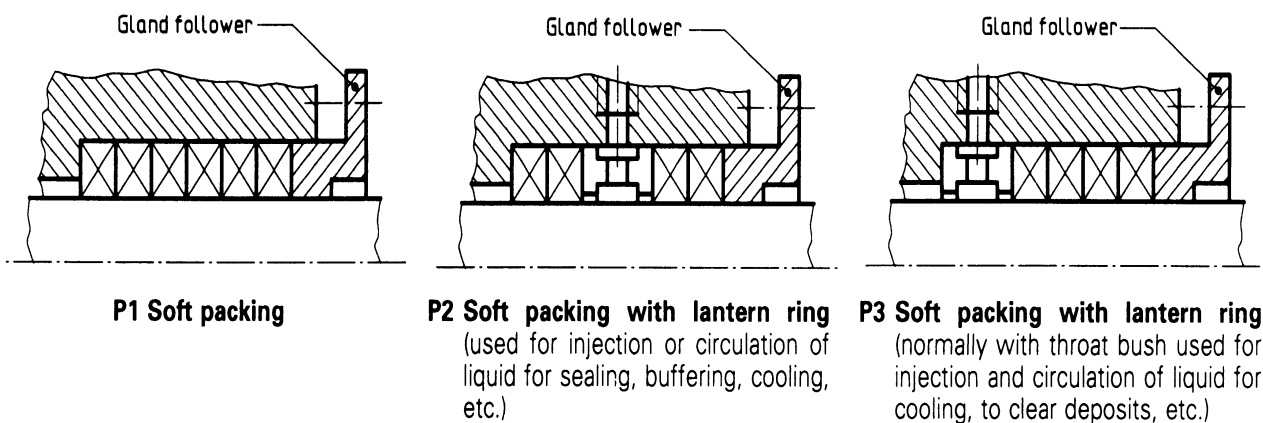
The agreed number of copies of the following documents shall be supplied with the pump, if not otherwise specified:

- outline drawing with installation information;
- instruction manual, including information for installation, commissioning, operation, shutdown, maintenance, cross-section drawings or exploded view with spare part list including material and standard part designation;
- performance curve, if required.

Annex D (informative) Examples of seal arrangements

The following figures show the principle of seal arrangements and not details of their construction.

D.1 Soft packing³⁾ (P)

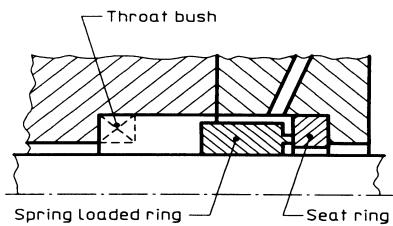


³⁾ Left-hand side of figures shows the pump side, right-hand side shows the atmospheric side.

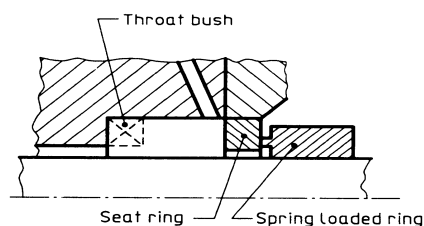
D.2 Single mechanical seal⁴⁾ (S)

These seals can be

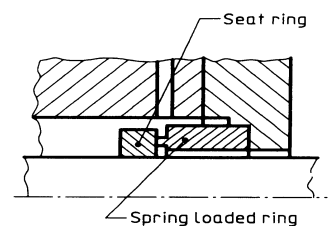
- a) unbalanced (U) (as in the figure) or balanced (B) or bellows (Z) normally;
- b) with or without circulation or injection to the sealed faces;
- c) with or without throat bush.



S1 Internal arrangement



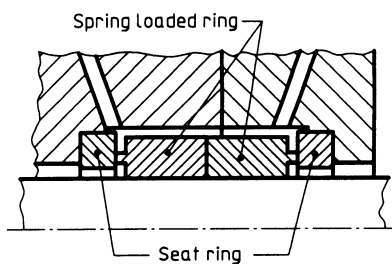
S2 External arrangement



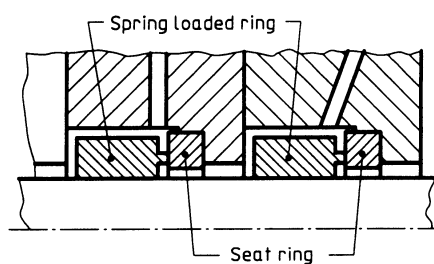
S3 Internal arrangement rotating seal ring (mating ring)

D.3 Multiple mechanical seal⁴⁾ (D)

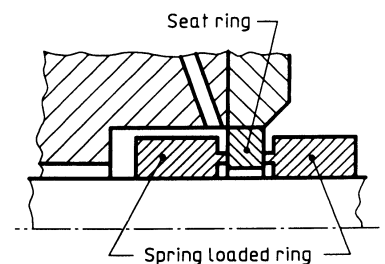
Either or both of these seals may be unbalanced (as in the figure) or balanced.



D1 Back-to-back arrangement

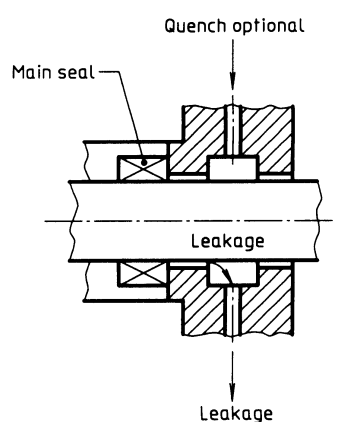


D2 Tandem arrangement

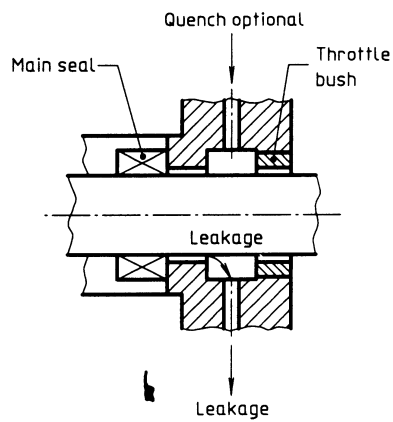


D3 Face-to-face arrangement
[The same arrangements are possible with a rotating ring (mating ring)]

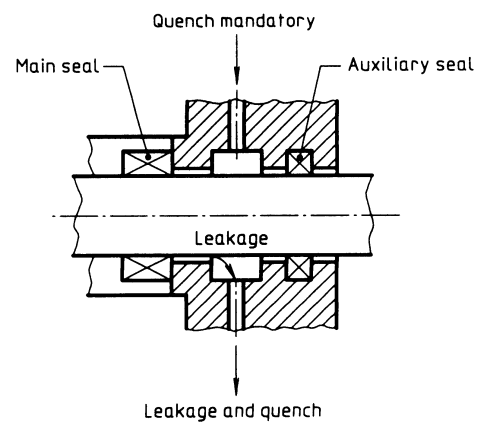
D.4 Quench arrangement (Q) for soft packing, single and multiple mechanical seal⁴⁾



Q1 Main seal without throttle bush or auxiliary seal



Q2 Main seal with throttle bush



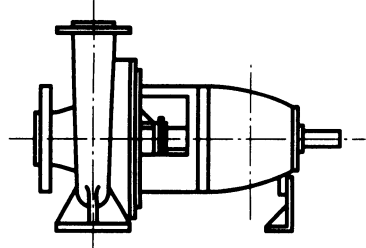
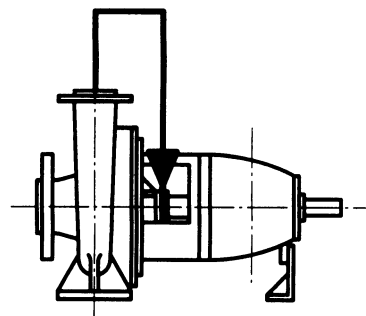
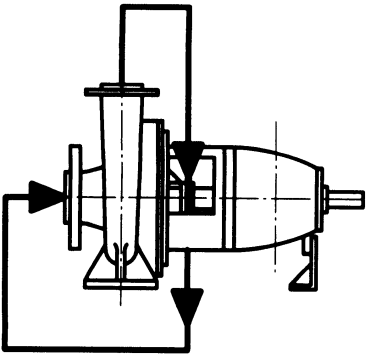
Q3 Main seal with auxiliary seal or packing

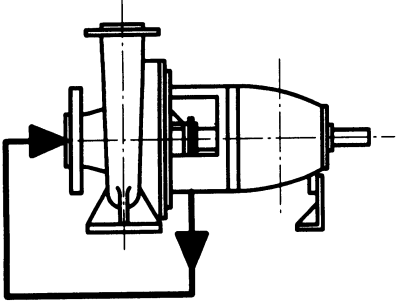
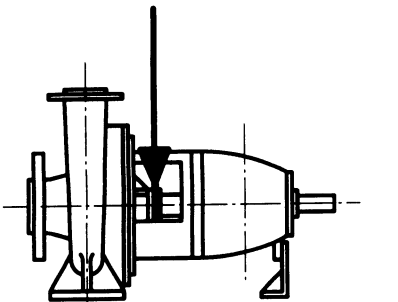
⁴⁾ Left-hand side of figures shows the pump side, right-hand side shows the atmospheric side.

Annex E (informative) Piping arrangements for seals

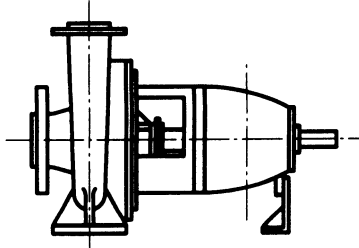
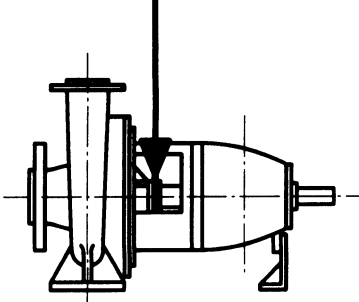
The following figures show the principle of piping arrangements for seals and not details of their construction.

E.1 Seal types according to basic piping

Basic arrangement			Applied to			
Designation code	Figure	Description	Soft packing P	Single mechanical seal S	Multiple mechanical seal D	Quench Q
00		No piping, no circulation	×	×		
01		No piping, internal circulation	×	×		
02		Circulation fluid from pump outlet to seal cavity (with internal return)	×	×		
03		Circulation fluid from pump outlet to seal cavity and return to pump inlet	×	×		

Basic arrangement			Applied to			
Designation code	Figure	Description	Soft packing P	Single mechanical seal S	Multiple mechanical seal D	Quench Q
07		Internal circulation fluid to seal and return to pump inlet	x	x		
08		Fluid from an external source a) to seal cavity with flow into pump b) to quench	x	x	x	x,

E.2 Designation examples

Example No.	Figure	Designation	Explanation
1		P1.01	Soft packing Basic arrangement 01
2		S1.08	Single mechanical seal Basic arrangement 08

Annex F (informative)

Check list

The following list indicates by paragraph number where a decision may be required by purchaser, or agreement is required between purchaser and manufacturer/supplier:

- 4.2 Prime movers**
- 4.7 Branch (nozzle) flanges**
- 5 Materials**
- 6 Shop inspection and test**

Inspections and tests requested.

Annex G (informative)

Bibliography

- [1] ISO 1940-1:1986, *Mechanical vibration — Balance quality requirements of rigid rotors — Part 1: Determination of permissible residual unbalance.*
- [2] ISO 5199:1986, *Technical specifications for centrifugal pumps — Class II.*
- [3] ISO 5343:1983, *Criteria for evaluating flexible rotor balance.*
- [4] ISO 8821:1989, *Mechanical vibration — Balancing — Shaft and fitment key convention.*

List of references

See national foreword.

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