## **BS EN ISO 9016:2012**



# **BSI Standards Publication**

Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Impact tests — Test specimen location, notch orientation and examination (ISO 9016:2012)



BS EN ISO 9016:2012

#### National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 9016:2012. It supersedes BS EN ISO 9016:2011 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee WEE/46, Non-destructive testing.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2012. Published by BSI Standards Limited 2012

ISBN 978 0 580 79591 6

ICS 25.160.40

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 November 2012.

Amendments issued since publication

Date Text affected

# EUROPEAN STANDARD

# NORME EUROPÉENNE

**EUROPÄISCHE NORM** 

November 2012

**EN ISO 9016** 

ICS 25.160.40

Supersedes EN ISO 9016:2011

## **English Version**

Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials - Impact tests - Test specimen location, notch orientation and examination (ISO 9016:2012)

Essais destructifs des soudures sur matériaux métalliques -Essai de flexion par choc - Position de l'éprouvette, orientation de l'entaille et examen (ISO 9016:2012) Zerstörende Prüfung von Schweißverbindungen an metallischen Werkstoffen - Kerbschlagbiegeversuch -Probenlage, Kerbrichtung und Beurteilung (ISO 9016:2012)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 31 October 2012.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

## **Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 9016:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44 "Welding and allied processes" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2013.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 9016:2011.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 9016:2012 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 9016:2012 without any modification.

Con	itents	Page
Forev	word	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative reference	1
3	Principle	1
4	Method of denomination 4.1 Lettering system 4.2 Characters	1 1
5	Examples of denomination	2
6	Examination	5
7	Test report	5
Anne	ex A (informative) Example of a test report	6
Bibli	iography	7

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 9016 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 44, *Welding and allied processes*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Testing and inspection of welds*.

 $This second \ edition\ cancels\ and\ replaces\ the\ first\ edition\ (ISO\ 9016:2001), which\ has\ been\ technically\ revised.$ 

Requests for official interpretations of any aspect of this International Standard should be directed to the Secretariat of ISO/TC 44/SC 5 via your national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org">www.iso.org</a>.

## Destructive tests on welds in metallic materials — Impact tests — Test specimen location, notch orientation and examination

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies mainly the method to be used when describing test specimen location and notch orientation for the testing and reporting of impact tests on welded butt joints.

This International Standard applies to impact tests on metallic materials in all forms of product made by any fusion welding process.

It is used in addition to ISO 148 (all parts) and includes test specimen denomination and additional reporting requirements.

## 2 Normative reference

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 148-1, Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 1: Test method

## 3 Principle

Impact testing shall be in accordance with ISO 148-1. The test temperature, location, type and size of test specimen, and notch orientation shall be in accordance with the relevant application standard.

In addition to the requirements of ISO 148-1, the notch position may be located by macroetching.

## 4 Method of denomination

## 4.1 Lettering system

The denomination is based on a lettering system to describe the type, location and notch orientation and a numbering system to show the distance (in millimetres) of the notch from reference lines (RL). The method of denomination is shown in Tables 1 and 2. The test specimen shall be taken from the welded joint such that its longitudinal axes are at right angles to the weld length.

### 4.2 Characters

The denomination comprises the following characters:

— 1st character U: Charpy U- notch.

V: Charpy V-notch.

— 2nd character W: notch in the weld metal; the reference line is the centre line of the weld at the

position of the test specimen.

H: notch in the heat affected zone; the reference line is the fusion or the joint line

(notch will include HAZ).

3rd character
 S: notched face parallel to the surface.

NOTE This orientation is equivalent to the denomination "surface notch" used in frac-

ture mechanics testing.

T: notch through the thickness.

— 4th character *a*: the distance of the centre of the notch from the reference line (if *a* is at the

centre line of the weld, a = 0 which should be recorded).

— 5th character *b*: the distance from the weld joint face side to the nearer face of the test

specimen (if b is at the surface of the weld, b = 0 which should be recorded).

NOTE In the case of double V, K or similar welds, the face side is the side that contains the larger width of the weld or from which the welding energy was first applied.

## 4.3 Additional information

In cases where this simple denomination does not sufficiently define the location or notch orientation, a sketch referring to the weld procedure should be provided.

## 5 Examples of denomination

Examples of denomination are given in Tables 1 and 2 and Figure 1.

Denomination
Centre of the weld

Representation
Pusion/joint line

Representation

VHS a/b

(pressure weld)

VHS a/b

(fusion weld)

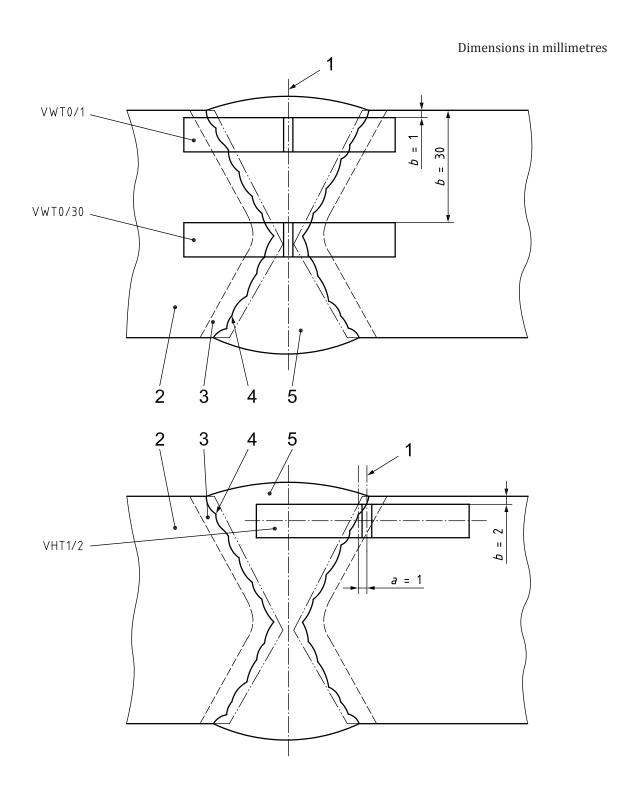
VHS a/b

(fusion weld)

Table 1 — Notched face parallel to the surface of the test piece (S position)

 $Table\ 2-Notched\ face\ perpendicular\ to\ the\ surface\ of\ the\ test\ piece\ (T\ position)$ 

Donomination	Centre of the weld	Denomination	Fusion/joint line			
Denomination	Representation	Denomination	Representation			
VWT 0/ <i>b</i>	RL	VHT 0/ <i>b</i>	q RL			
VWT a/b	RL	VHT a/b	RL RL			
VWT 0/ <i>b</i>	RL	VHT a/b	RL RL			
VWT a/b	a RL	VHT a/b	RL			



## Key

- 1 axis of the notch
- 2 parent metal
- 3 heat affected zone
- 4 fusion line
- 5 weld metal

 $Figure \ 1 - Typical \ examples \ of \ denomination$ 

## 6 Examination

 $The test specimens designated by this International Standard shall be tested in accordance with ISO\,148-1.$ 

## 7 Test report

The test report shall include the following information in addition to that given in ISO 148-1:

- a) reference to this International Standard, i.e. ISO 9016;
- b) test specimen denomination;
- c) sketch if required;
- d) type and dimensions of imperfections observed;
- e) other information as required by the application standard and/or by agreement between the contracting parties.

An example of a typical test report is given in Annex A.

## Annex A

(informative)

# Example of a test report

No									
According	cording to pWPS								
According	to test re test"	sult "tens	ile						
	test resu	lt "	n						
Manufactu	rer:								
Purpose of	the examination	on:							
Form of pr	oduct:								
Parent met	cal:								
Filler meta	l:								
	Та	ble A.1 — Iı	mpact tes	st in accord	ance with	ISO 9016			
Test speci-		Type and dimension	Test temper- ature	Impact toughness	Impact absorbed energy	Remarks			
<b>men</b> No.	Denomination	mm	°C	J/cm <sup>2</sup>	J	Location of fracture <sup>a</sup>	Type of fracture <sup>a</sup>	Type and size of imperfection	
a If requir	ed.								
n roquii									
Examiner or test body:						Certified by:			
(name, date and signature)							(name, date and signature)		

## **Bibliography**

- $[1] \hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{ISO 148-2, } \textit{Metallic materials} \textit{Charpy pendulum impact test} \textit{Part 2: Verification of testing machines}$
- [2] ISO 148-3, Metallic materials Charpy pendulum impact test Part 3: Preparation and characterization of Charpy V-notch test pieces for indirect verification of pendulum impact machines





# British Standards Institution (BSI)

BSI is the national body responsible for preparing British Standards and other standards-related publications, information and services.

BSI is incorporated by Royal Charter. British Standards and other standardization products are published by BSI Standards Limited.

#### About us

We bring together business, industry, government, consumers, innovators and others to shape their combined experience and expertise into standards -based solutions.

The knowledge embodied in our standards has been carefully assembled in a dependable format and refined through our open consultation process. Organizations of all sizes and across all sectors choose standards to help them achieve their goals.

#### Information on standards

We can provide you with the knowledge that your organization needs to succeed. Find out more about British Standards by visiting our website at bsigroup.com/standards or contacting our Customer Services team or Knowledge Centre.

## **Buying standards**

You can buy and download PDF versions of BSI publications, including British and adopted European and international standards, through our website at bsigroup.com/shop, where hard copies can also be purchased.

If you need international and foreign standards from other Standards Development Organizations, hard copies can be ordered from our Customer Services team.

## **Subscriptions**

Our range of subscription services are designed to make using standards easier for you. For further information on our subscription products go to bsigroup.com/subscriptions.

With **British Standards Online (BSOL)** you'll have instant access to over 55,000 British and adopted European and international standards from your desktop. It's available 24/7 and is refreshed daily so you'll always be up to date.

You can keep in touch with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards, both in single copy and subscription format, by becoming a **BSI Subscribing Member**.

**PLUS** is an updating service exclusive to BSI Subscribing Members. You will automatically receive the latest hard copy of your standards when they're revised or replaced.

To find out more about becoming a BSI Subscribing Member and the benefits of membership, please visit bsigroup.com/shop.

With a **Multi-User Network Licence (MUNL)** you are able to host standards publications on your intranet. Licences can cover as few or as many users as you wish. With updates supplied as soon as they're available, you can be sure your documentation is current. For further information, email bsmusales@bsigroup.com.

## **BSI Group Headquarters**

389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL UK

### **Revisions**

Our British Standards and other publications are updated by amendment or revision.

We continually improve the quality of our products and services to benefit your business. If you find an inaccuracy or ambiguity within a British Standard or other BSI publication please inform the Knowledge Centre.

## Copyright

All the data, software and documentation set out in all British Standards and other BSI publications are the property of and copyrighted by BSI, or some person or entity that owns copyright in the information used (such as the international standardization bodies) and has formally licensed such information to BSI for commercial publication and use. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means – electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise – without prior written permission from BSI. Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Department.

#### **Useful Contacts:**

#### **Customer Services**

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email (orders): orders@bsigroup.com
Email (enquiries): cservices@bsigroup.com

#### Subscriptions

Tel: +44 845 086 9001

Email: subscriptions@bsigroup.com

#### Knowledge Centre

Tel: +44 20 8996 7004

Email: knowledgecentre@bsigroup.com

#### **Copyright & Licensing**

Tel: +44 20 8996 7070 Email: copyright@bsigroup.com

