# Spring-type straight pins — Coiled, light duty

The European Standard EN ISO 8751:2007 has the status of a British Standard

 $ICS\ 21.060.50$ 



#### National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 8751:2007. It supersedes BS EN ISO 8751:1998 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee FME/9, Nuts, bolts and accessories/steering committee.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 August 2007

© BSI 2007

) BSI 2007

ISBN 978 0 580 55834 4

#### Amendments issued since publication

Amd. No.	Date	Comments

# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 8751** 

April 2007

ICS 21.060.50

Supersedes EN ISO 8751:1997

#### **English Version**

#### Spring-type straight pins - Coiled, light duty (ISO 8751:2007)

Goupilles élastiques spiralées - Série mince (ISO 8751:2007)

Spiralspannstifte - Leichte Ausführung (ISO 8751:2007)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 March 2007.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Management Centre: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

#### **Foreword**

This document (EN ISO 8751:2007) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2 "Fasteners" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 185 "Fasteners", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2007, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2007.

This document supersedes EN ISO 8751:1997.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 8751:2007 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 8751:2007 without any modifications.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8751

Third edition 2007-04-15

# Spring-type straight pins — Coiled, light duty

Goupilles élastiques spiralées — Série mince



#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 8751 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 2, Fasteners, Subcommittee SC 10, Product standards for fasteners.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8751:1997), which has been technically revised.

### Spring-type straight pins — Coiled, light duty

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the characteristics of coiled light duty spring-type straight pins made of steel or of austenitic or martensitic stainless steel, with a nominal diameter,  $d_1$ , from 1,5 mm to 8 mm inclusive.

NOTE Spring-type straight pins, coiled, heavy duty, and spring type straight pins, coiled, standard duty, are the subjects of ISO 8748 and ISO 8750, respectively.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 286-2, ISO system of limits and fits — Part 2: Tables of standard tolerance grades and limit deviations for holes and shafts

ISO 3269, Fasteners — Acceptance inspection

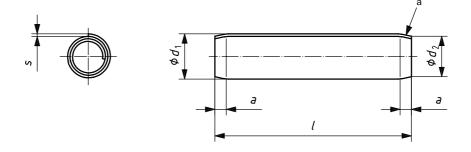
ISO 4042, Fasteners — Electroplated coatings

ISO 6507-1, Metallic materials —Vickers hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 8749, Pins and grooved pins — Shear test

#### 3 Dimensions

See Figure 1 and Table 1.



a Swaged chamfer at both ends.

Figure 1

Table 1 — Dimensions

Dimensions in millimetres

		nom.	1,5	2	2,5	3	3,5	4	5	6	8
d hofore mounting		max.	1,75	2,28	2,82	3,35	3,87	4,45	5,5	6,55	8,65
$d_1$ before	$l_1$ before mounting $\frac{l_1}{l_1}$ min.		1,62	2,13	2,65	3,15	3,67	4,20	5,2	6,25	8,30
$d_2$ before	d <sub>2</sub> before mounting max.		1,4	1,9	2,4	2,9	3,4	3,9	4,85	5,85	7,8
а		≈	0,5	0,7	0,7	0,9	1	1,1	1,3	1,5	2
S			0,08	0,11	0,14	0,17	0,19	0,22	0,28	0,33	0,45
Minimum shear strength, double, kN ——		а	0,8	1,5	2,3	3,3	4,5	5,7	9	13	23
		b	0,65	1,1	1,8	2,5	3,4	4,4	7	10	18
	l c				I	ı	I	I			I
nom.	min.	max.									
4	3,75	4,25									
5	4,75	5,25									
6	5,75	6,25									
8	7,75	8,25									
10	9,75	10,25									
12	11,5	12,5									
14	13,5	14,5									
16	15,5	16,5		Ra	nge						
18	17,5	18,5									
20	19,5	20,5									
22	21,5	22,5				C	of I				
24	23,5	24,5									
26	25,5	26,5									
28 30	27,5 29,5	28,5 30,5						Comm	nercial I		
32	31,5	32,5									
35	34,5	35,5								lend	l gths
40	39,5	40,5								.511	
45	44,5	45,5									
50	49,5	50,5				1					
55	54,25	55,75									
60	59,25	60,75									
65	64,25	65,75									
70	69,25	70,75									
75	74,25	75,75									
80	79,25	80,75									
85	84,25	85,75									
90	89,25	90,75									
95	94,25	95,75									
100	99,25	100,75									
120	119,25	120,75									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Applies to steel and martensitic corrosion resistant steel products.

Applies to austenitic stainless steel products.

For nominal lengths above 120 mm, steps of 20 mm.

#### 4 Application

The diameter of the hole into which the spring pin is to be inserted shall be equal to the nominal diameter,  $d_1$ , of the mating pin and to tolerance class H12 in accordance with ISO 286-2.

#### 5 Requirements and reference International Standards

See Table 2.

Table 2 — Requirements and reference International Standards

	S	teel	Austenitic stainless steel	Martensitic stainless steel				
		St	Α	С				
	All pin diameters Alternative for pin diameters $d_1 > 12 \text{ mm}$		Chemical composition limits (chemical analysis) %					
		mposition limits analysis) %						
	C ≥ 0,64	C ≥ 0,38	C ≤ 0,15	C ≥ 0,15				
	Mn ≥ 0,60	Mn ≥ 0,70	Mn ≤ 2,00	Mn ≤ 1,00				
M.4. 1.13	Si ≽ 0,15	Si ≽ 0,20	Si	Si ≤ 1,00				
Material <sup>a</sup>	Cr <sup>b</sup>	Cr ≥ 0,80	Cr 16 to 20	Cr 11,5 to 14				
		V ≽ 0,15	Ni 6 to 12	Ni ≤ 1,00				
	P ≤ 0,04	P ≤ 0,035	P ≤ 0,045	P ≤ 0,04				
	S ≤ 0,05	S ≤ 0,04	S ≤ 0,03	S ≤ 0,03				
			Mo ≤ 0,8					
	Hardened and tempere of 420 HV to 545 HV	ed to a Vickers hardness	Cold worked	Hardened and tempered to a Vickers hardness of 460 HV to 560 HV				
	Hardness testing accor	ding to ISO 6507-1.		Hardness testing according to ISO 6507-1.				
Surface finish	coating processes shouly hydrogen embrittlemen hydrogen embrittlemen electroplated or phosph electroplating or phosph for corrosion prevention customer and supplier, pins be baked immedia minimize the risk of hydrogen embrittle ISO 4042. Nevertheless embrittlement is not absolute the shall tolerances shall app	e lubricant, unless agreement between  ed, appropriate plating or all be employed to avoid to the risk of the risk	Plain, i.e. pins to supplied in natural finish.					
	of a plating or coating.  Pins shall be uniform in quality and free of irregularities or detrimental defects.							
Workmanship	No burrs shall appear on any part of the pin.							
Shear strength test	The test shall be in accordance with ISO 8749.							
Acceptability	The acceptance procedure shall be in accordance with ISO 3269.							
	as agreed between custome	er and supplier.						
b Use of Cr is option	onal.							

#### 6 Designation

EXAMPLE 1 A spring-type straight pin, coiled, light duty, with nominal diameter  $d_1$  = 6 mm and nominal length l = 30 mm, made of steel (St) is designated as follows:

Spring pin ISO 8751 -  $6 \times 30$  - St

EXAMPLE 2 A spring-type straight pin, coiled, light duty, with nominal diameter  $d_1$  = 6 mm and nominal length l = 30 mm, made of austenitic stainless steel (A) is designated as follows:

**Spring pin ISO 8751 - 6 × 30 - A** 

## **Bibliography**

- [1] ISO 8748, Spring-type straight pins Coiled, heavy duty
- [2] ISO 8750, Spring-type straight pins Coiled, standard duty

## **BSI** — British Standards Institution

BSI is the independent national body responsible for preparing British Standards. It presents the UK view on standards in Europe and at the international level. It is incorporated by Royal Charter.

#### Revisions

British Standards are updated by amendment or revision. Users of British Standards should make sure that they possess the latest amendments or editions.

It is the constant aim of BSI to improve the quality of our products and services. We would be grateful if anyone finding an inaccuracy or ambiguity while using this British Standard would inform the Secretary of the technical committee responsible, the identity of which can be found on the inside front cover. Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 9000. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7400.

BSI offers members an individual updating service called PLUS which ensures that subscribers automatically receive the latest editions of standards.

#### **Buying standards**

Orders for all BSI, international and foreign standards publications should be addressed to Customer Services. Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 9001. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7001. Email: orders@bsi-global.com. Standards are also available from the BSI website at  $\frac{\text{http://www.bsi-global.com}}{\text{http://www.bsi-global.com}}.$ 

In response to orders for international standards, it is BSI policy to supply the BSI implementation of those that have been published as British Standards, unless otherwise requested.

#### Information on standards

BSI provides a wide range of information on national, European and international standards through its Library and its Technical Help to Exporters Service. Various BSI electronic information services are also available which give details on all its products and services. Contact the Information Centre. Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7111. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7048. Email: info@bsi-global.com.

Subscribing members of BSI are kept up to date with standards developments and receive substantial discounts on the purchase price of standards. For details of these and other benefits contact Membership Administration.

Tel: +44 (0)20 8996 7002. Fax: +44 (0)20 8996 7001.

Email: membership@bsi-global.com.

Information regarding online access to British Standards via British Standards Online can be found at <a href="http://www.bsi-global.com/bsonline">http://www.bsi-global.com/bsonline</a>.

Further information about BSI is available on the BSI website at <a href="http://www.bsi-global.com">http://www.bsi-global.com</a>.

#### Copyright

Copyright subsists in all BSI publications. BSI also holds the copyright, in the UK, of the publications of the international standardization bodies. Except as permitted under the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 no extract may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means — electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise — without prior written permission from BSI.

This does not preclude the free use, in the course of implementing the standard, of necessary details such as symbols, and size, type or grade designations. If these details are to be used for any other purpose than implementation then the prior written permission of BSI must be obtained.

Details and advice can be obtained from the Copyright & Licensing Manager. Tel: +44~(0)20~8996~7070. Fax: +44~(0)20~8996~7553. Email: copyright@bsi-global.com.

BSI 389 Chiswick High Road London W4 4AL