Building construction — Sealants — Determination of tensile properties at maintained extension

The European Standard EN ISO 8340:2005 has the status of a British Standard

ICS 91.100.50



National foreword

This British Standard is the official English language version of EN ISO 8340:2005. It is identical with ISO 8340:2005. It supersedes BS EN 28340:1991 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee B/547, Sealants for building and construction, which has the responsibility to:

- aid enquirers to understand the text;
- present to the responsible international/European committee any enquiries on the interpretation, or proposals for change, and keep UK interests informed;
- monitor related international and European developments and promulgate them in the UK.

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Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, the EN ISO title page, the EN ISO foreword page, the ISO title page, pages ii to iv, a blank page, pages 1 to 5 and a back cover.

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English version

Building construction - Sealants - Determination of tensile properties at maintained extension (ISO 8340:2005)

Construction immobilière - Mastics - Détermination des propriétés de déformation sous traction maintenue (ISO 8340:2005)

Hochbau - Fugendichtstoffe - Bestimmung des Zugverhaltens unter Vorspannung (ISO 8340:2005)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 8340:2005) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 59 "Building construction" in collaboration with CMC.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2005, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2005.

This document supersedes EN 28340:1990.

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The text of ISO 8340:2005 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 8340:2005 without any modifications.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 8340

Second edition 2005-06-15

Building construction — Sealants — Determination of tensile properties at maintained extension

Construction immobilière — Mastics — Détermination des propriétés de déformation sous traction maintenue



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Foreword

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ISO 8340 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 59, *Building construction*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Jointing products*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8340:1984) and its subsequent Technical Corrigendum (ISO 8340:1984/Cor.1:1995), which have been technically revised.

Building construction — Sealants — Determination of tensile properties at maintained extension

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies a method for the determination of the tensile properties at maintained extension of sealants used in joints in building construction.

NOTE A method for the determination of tensile properties (extension to break) is specified in ISO 8339.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6927, Building construction — Jointing products — Sealants — Vocabulary

ISO 8339, Building construction — Sealants — Determination of tensile properties (Extension to break)

ISO 13640, Building construction — Jointing products — Specification for test substrates

3 Definitions

For the purpose of this document, the definitions given in ISO 6927 apply.

4 Principle

Test specimens are prepared such that the sealant to be tested adheres to two parallel contact surfaces. The test specimens are extended to a defined width and this extension is maintained under defined conditions. Any loss of adhesion or cohesion is recorded.

5 Apparatus

5.1 Substrate materials, used for the preparation of test specimens as defined in ISO 13640. The substrate materials shall be selected from mortar and/or anodized aluminium and/or glass. Other substrate materials may be used as agreed by the parties concerned.

For each test specimen, two substrate pieces of the same material are required with a cross section of dimensions as shown in Figures 1 and 2. Test substrates of other dimensions may be used, but then the dimensions of the sealant bead and the area of adhesion shall be the same as those shown in Figures 1 and 2.

5.2 Spacers, of cross section (12 mm \times 12 mm) with anti-adherent surface. For the preparation of test specimens see Figures 1 and 2.

- **5.3 Anti-adherent substrate**, for the preparation of the test specimens, e.g. polyethylene (PE) film, preferably according to the advice of the sealant manufacturer.
- **5.4** Tensile test machine, capable of extending the test specimens at a rate of $(5,5 \pm 0,7)$ mm/min.
- **5.5** Refrigerated enclosure, capable of holding the test specimens whilst extended at a temperature of (-20 ± 2) °C.
- **5.6 Ventilated convection-type oven**, capable of being maintained at (70 ± 2) °C for conditioning according to method B (see 7.3).
- **5.7 Container**, for immersing test specimens in distilled water for conditioning according to method B (see 7.3).
- **5.8 Separators**, of appropriate dimensions to hold the test specimens extended to 25 %, 60 % or 100 % of the original width or any other width agreed between the parties concerned.
- **5.9** Measuring device, scaled to 0,5 mm.

6 Preparation of test specimens

The sealant and test substrates shall be brought to (23 ± 2) °C. For each substrate type and each test temperature (see Clause 8) three test specimens shall be prepared. For each specimen two substrates (5.1) and two spacers (5.2) shall be assembled (see Figure 1) and set on the anti-adherent substrate (5.3).

The instructions of the sealant manufacturer concerning, for instance, whether a primer is to be used and the mixing procedure for multi-component sealants shall be followed. The hollow volume formed by the substrates and the spacers shall be filled with the sealant.

The following precautions shall be taken.

- a) The formation of air bubbles shall be avoided.
- b) The sealant shall be pressed on the inner surfaces of the substrates.
- c) The sealant surface shall be trimmed so that it is flush with the faces of the substrates and spacers.

The test specimens shall be set on the edge of one of the supports. The anti-adherent substrate shall be removed as soon as possible. The specimens shall be placed in this position to allow curing or optimum drying of the sealant. The spacers shall be maintained in place during conditioning.

7 Conditioning of test specimens

7.1 General

The test specimens shall be conditioned either in accordance with method A (see 7.2) or method B (see 7.3), as agreed between the parties concerned.

7.2 Method A

The test specimens shall be conditioned for 28 days at (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 5) % relative humidity.

7.3 Method B

The test specimens shall be conditioned according to method A and shall then be subjected three times to the following storage cycle:

a) three days in the oven (5.6) at (70 ± 2) °C;

- b) one day in distilled water (5.7) at (23 ± 2) °C;
- c) two days in the oven (5.6) at (70 ± 2) °C;
- d) one day in distilled water (5.7) at (23 ± 2) °C.

Alternatively, this cycle may be carried out in the order c), d), a), b).

After conditioning according to method B, the test specimens shall be stored for 24 h at (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 5) % relative humidity before testing.

NOTE Method B is a normal conditioning procedure using the influence of heat and water. It is not suitable for giving information on the durability of the sealant.

8 Test procedure

8.1 General

The test procedure shall be carried out at temperatures of (23 ± 2) °C and (-20 ± 2) °C. Three test specimens shall be tested at each temperature.

8.2 Test procedure at (23 \pm 2) °C

The spacers (5.2) for the preparation of the test specimens shall be removed and the test specimens placed in the tensile test machine (5.4) at (23 ± 2) °C and extended at a rate of $(5,5 \pm 0,7)$ mm/min by 25 % or 60 % or 100 % of the original width (to 15 mm, 19,2 mm and 24 mm respectively), or to any other width as agreed between the parties concerned. The separators (5.8) shall be used to maintain the elongation at (23 ± 2) °C for 24 h. The depth of any loss of adhesion or cohesion shall be measured using a suitable measuring device capable of reading to 0,5 mm (5.9).

8.3 Test procedure at (- 20 \pm 2) °C

The test specimens shall be stored (5.5) at (-20 ± 2) °C for at least 4 h before the start of the test. The spacers (5.2) for the preparation of the test specimens shall be removed and the test specimens placed in the tensile test machine (5.4) at (-20 ± 2) °C and extended at a rate of $(5,5\pm0,7)$ mm/min by 25 % or 60 % or 100 % of the original width (to 15 mm, 19,2 mm and 24 mm respectively), or to any other width as agreed between the parties concerned. The separators (5.8) shall be used to maintain the elongation at (-20 ± 2) °C for 24 h. The test specimens shall be brought to (23 ± 2) °C. The depth of any loss of adhesion or cohesion shall be measured using a suitable measuring device capable of reading to 0,5 mm (5.9).

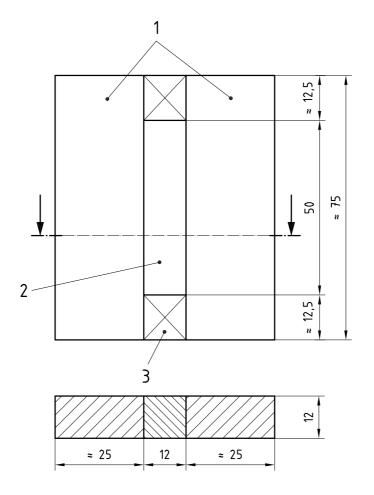
9 Test report

The test report shall contain the following information:

- a) test laboratory's name and date of test;
- b) reference to this International Standard;
- c) name, type (chemical family) and colour of sealant;
- d) batch of sealant from which the test specimens were produced;
- e) substrate used (see 5.1);
- f) primer used, if applicable;

- g) method of conditioning used (see Clause 7);
- h) elongation (%) (see Clause 8);
- i) depth of any loss of adhesion and/or cohesion break, in millimetres, for each test specimen;
- j) any deviations from this International Standard.

Dimensions in millimetres

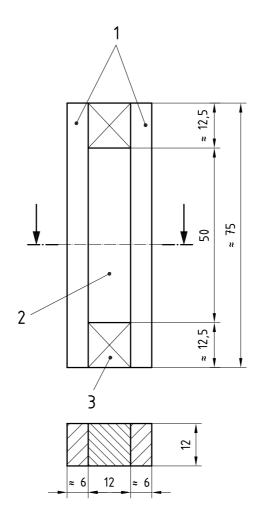


Key

- 1 mortar substrates
- 2 sealant
- 3 spacer (5.2)

Figure 1 — Test specimen with mortar substrates

Dimensions in millimetres



Key

- 1 anodized aluminium or glass substrates
- 2 sealant
- 3 spacer (5.2)

Figure 2 — Test specimen with anodized aluminium or glass substrates

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