Incorporating Corrigendum No. 1

Plastics — Acrylonitrilebutadiene-styrene (ABS) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

The European Standard EN ISO 2580-2:2003 has the status of a British Standard

ICS 83.080.20

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National foreword

This British Standard is the official English language version of EN ISO 2580-2:2003. It is identical with ISO 2580-2:2003. It supersedes BS EN ISO 2580-2:2000 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee PRI/82, Thermoplastic materials, which has the responsibility to:

- aid enquirers to understand the text;
- present to the responsible international/European committee any enquiries on the interpretation, or proposals for change, and keep the UK interests informed;
- monitor related international and European developments and promulgate them in the UK.

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Cross-references

The British Standards which implement international or European publications referred to in this document may be found in the *BSI Catalogue* under the section entitled "International Standards Correspondence Index", or by using the "Search" facility of the *BSI Electronic Catalogue* or of British Standards Online.

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Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, the EN ISO title page, the EN ISO foreword page, the ISO title page, pages ii to iv, pages 1 to 7, the Annex ZA page, an inside back cover and a back cover.

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Plastics - Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) moulding and extrusion materials - Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties (ISO 2580-2:2003)

Plastiques - Acrylonitrile-butadiène-styrène (ABS) pour moulage et extrusion - Partie 2: Préparation des éprouvettes et détermination des propriétés (ISO 2580-2:2003)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 2580-2:2003) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics", the secretariat of which is held by IBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2004, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2004.

This document supersedes EN ISO 2580-2:1999.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 2580-2:2003 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 2580-2:2003 without any modifications.

NOTE Normative references to International Standards are listed in annex ZA (normative).

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

EN ISO 2580-2:2003 ISO 2580-2

Third edition 2003-12-01

Plastics — Acrylonitrile-butadienestyrene (ABS) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

Plastiques — Acrylonitrile-butadiène-styrène (ABS) pour moulage et extrusion —

Partie 2: Préparation des éprouvettes et détermination des propriétés



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 2580-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Thermoplastic materials*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 2580-2:1994), which has been technically revised.

ISO 2580 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Plastics* — *Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene* (ABS) moulding and extrusion materials:

- Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
- Part 2: Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

Plastics — Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) moulding and extrusion materials —

Part 2:

Preparation of test specimens and determination of properties

1 Scope

- **1.1** This part of ISO 2580 specifies the methods of preparation of test specimens and the test methods to be used in determining the properties of ABS moulding and extrusion materials. Requirements for handling test material and for conditioning both the test material before moulding and the specimens before testing are given here.
- **1.2** Procedures and conditions for the preparation of test specimens and procedures for measuring properties of the materials from which these specimens are made are given. Properties and test methods which are suitable and necessary to characterize ABS moulding and extrusion materials are listed.
- **1.3** The properties have been selected from the general test methods in ISO 10350. Other test methods in wide use for, or of particular significance to, these moulding and extrusion materials are also included in this part of ISO 2580, as are the designatory properties specified in Part 1.
- **1.4** In order to obtain reproducible and comparable test results, it is necessary to use the methods of specimen preparation and conditioning, the specimen dimensions and the test procedures specified herein. Values determined will not necessarily be identical to those obtained using specimens of different dimensions or prepared using different procedures.

2 Conformance

In Clause 3, the year of publication of each normative reference has been specifically stated. In order to be able to claim conformity with this part of ISO 2580, it is essential that the user use only those editions given, and not earlier or more recent editions.

3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 62:1980, Plastics — Determination of water absorption

ISO 75-2:1993, Plastics — Determination of temperature of deflection under load — Part 2: Plastics and ebonite

ISO 178:1993, Plastics — Determination of flexural properties

ISO 179:1993, Plastics — Determination of Charpy impact strength

- ISO 180:1993, Plastics Determination of Izod impact strength
- ISO 293:1986, Plastics Compression moulding test specimens of thermoplastic materials
- ISO 294-1:1996, Plastics Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose and bar test specimens
- ISO 306:1994, Plastics Thermoplastic materials Determination of Vicat softening temperature (VST)
- ISO 527-2:1993, Plastics Determination of tensile properties Part 2: Test conditions for moulding and extrusion plastics
- ISO 527-4:1997, Plastics Determination of tensile properties Part 4: Test conditions for isotropic and orthotropic fibre-reinforced plastic composites
- ISO 899-1:1993, Plastics Determination of creep behaviour Part 1: Tensile creep
- ISO 1133:1997, Plastics Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics
- ISO 1183:1987, Plastics Methods for determining the density and relative density of non-cellular plastics
- ISO 1656:1996, Rubber, raw natural, and rubber latex, natural Determination of nitrogen content
- ISO 2561:1974, Plastics Determination of residual styrene monomer in polystyrene by gas chromatography
- ISO 2580-1, Plastics Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS) moulding and extrusion materials Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
- ISO 2818:1980, Plastics Preparation of test specimens by machining
- ISO 3167:1993, Plastics Multipurpose test specimens
- ISO 4581:1994, Plastics Styrene/acrylonitrile copolymers Determination of residual acrylonitrile monomer content Gas chromatography method
- ISO 4589:1984, Plastics Determination of flammability by oxygen index
- ISO 8256:1990, Plastics Determination of tensile-impact strength
- ISO 10350:1993, Plastics Acquisition and presentation of comparable single-point data
- ISO 11357-2:1999, Plastics Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) Part 2: Determination of glass transition temperature
- IEC 60093:1980, Methods of test for volume resistivity and surface resistivity of solid electrical insulating materials
- IEC 60112:1979, Method for determining the comparative and the proof tracking indices of solid insulating materials under moist conditions
- IEC 60243-1:1998, Electrical strength of insulating materials Test methods Part 1: Tests at power frequencies
- IEC 60250:1969, Recommended methods for the determination of the permittivity and dielectric dissipation factor of electrical insulating materials at power, audio and radio frequencies including metre wavelengths
- IEC 60296:1982, Specification for unused mineral insulating oils for transformers and switchgear

IEC 60695-11-10:1999, Fire hazard testing — Part 11-10: Test flames — 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods

4 Preparation of test specimens

4.1 General

It is essential that specimens always be prepared by the same procedure (either injection moulding or compression moulding), using the same processing conditions. The procedure to be used for each test method is indicated in Tables 3 and 4.

The material shall be kept in moisture-proof containers until it is required for use. The moisture content of filled or reinforced materials shall be expressed as a percentage of the total mass of the compound.

4.2 Treatment of the material before moulding

Before processing, the material shall be dried under appropriate conditions to produce samples without surface defects such as splay marks.

4.3 Injection moulding

Injection-moulded specimens shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 294-1, using the conditions specified in Table 1, in which the temperature values given are target values (see ISO 294-1 for tolerances).

Table 1 — Conditions for injection moulding of test specimens

Material	Melt temperature	Mould temperature	Injection velocity	
Material	°C	°C	mm/s	
FR grade	220	60	200 ± 100	
General and high-heat grades	250	60	200 ± 100	

4.4 Compression moulding

Compression-moulded sheets shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 293, using the conditions specified in Table 2, in which the moulding temperatures given are target values (see ISO 293 for tolerances).

The test specimens required for the determination of the properties shall be machined from the compression-moulded sheets in accordance with ISO 2818 or stamped.

Table 2 — Conditions for compression moulding of test specimens

Material	Moulding temperature °C	Average cooling rate	Demoulding temperature °C	Full pressure MPa	Full pressure time	Preheating time min	
FR grade	200	10	≤ 60	4 ± 0,5	5 ± 1	5 ± 1	
General and high-heat grades	220	10	≤ 60	4 ± 0,5	5 ± 1	5 ± 1	

5 Conditioning of test specimens

Test specimens for rheological and thermal properties shall be dried and stored in a desiccator at (23 ± 2) °C until tested. Test specimens for other properties shall be conditioned for at least 16 h at (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 10) % relative humidity.

6 Determination of properties

In the determination of properties and the presentation of data, the standards, supplementary instructions and notes given in ISO 10350 shall be applied. All tests shall be carried out in the standard atmosphere of (23 ± 2) °C and (50 ± 10) % relative humidity unless specifically stated otherwise in Tables 3 and 4.

Table 3 is compiled from ISO 10350, and the properties listed are those which are appropriate to acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene moulding and extrusion materials. These properties are those considered useful for comparisons of data generated for different thermoplastics.

Table 4 contains those properties, not found specifically in Table 3, which are in wide use or of particular significance in the practical characterization of acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene moulding and extrusion materials.

Table 3 — General properties and test conditions (selected from ISO 10350)

	_					
Property	Unit	Test method	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation	Test conditions and supplementary instructions	
Rheological properties						
Melt mass-flow rate	g/10 min	ISO 1133	Moulding		000 %0 15 5 1 40 15 7 3	
Melt volume-flow rate	cm ³ /10 min	130 1133	compound	<u> </u>	220 °C, load 10 kg. ^a	
Mechanical properties						
Tensile modulus	MPa				Test speed 1 mm/min.	
Yield stress	IVIFA				Test speed 50 mm/min.	
Yield strain	- %				Test speed 50 mm/min.	
Strain at break	70	ISO 527-2, ISO 527-4			Test speed 50 mm/min.	
Stress at 50 % strain	MPa		ISO 3167		Test speed 50 mm/min. Only to be quoted if no yielding is observed up to 50 % nominal strain.	
Tensile creep modulus	MPa	ISO 899-1		Injection moulding	At 1 h At 1 000 h Strain ≤ 0,5 %	
Flexural modulus	MPa	ISO 178	80 × 10 × 4	Ü	Test speed 2 mm/min.	
Flexural strength	IVIFA	150 176	60 × 10 × 4		rest speed 2 mm/mm.	
Charpy impact strength			80 × 10 × 4			
Charpy notched impact strength	kJ/m ²	ISO 179	80 × 10 × 4 V-notch, r = 0,25		Edgewise impact. Also record type of failure.	
Tensile notched impact strength		ISO 8256	$80 \times 10 \times 4$ double V-notch, $r = 1$		Only to be quoted if fracture cannot be obtained with notched Charpy impact test.	

Table 3 (continued)

Property	Unit	Test method	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation	Test conditions and supplementary instructions	
Thermal properties						
Glass transition temperature	°C	ISO 11357-2	Moulding compound	_	Record mid temperature	point e. Use 10 °C/min.
Temperature of deflection under load	°C	ISO 75-2	80 × 10 × 4		0,45 MPa and 1,8 MPa.	
Vicat softening temperature	°C	ISO 306	10 × 10 × 4	Injection	Heating rate 50 °C /h, load 50 N.	
Burning behaviour	mm/min	IEC 60695-11-10	125 × 13 × 3	moulding		of classifications 2, HB40, HB75.
Oxygen Index	%	ISO 4589	80 × 10 × 4		Procedure /	A — top surface
Electrical properties						
Dolotivo normittivity	_				100 Hz	Compensate for electrode edge
Relative permittivity		IEC 60250			1 MHz	
Dissination factor		IEC 60250			100 Hz	effects.
Dissipation factor	_				1 MHz	
Volume resistivity	Ω·m		≥ 80 × ≥ 80 × 1	Compression moulding		1-minute value.
Surface resistivity	Ω	IEC 60093		3	Voltage 100 V	Use contacting line electrodes 1 mm to 2 mm wide, 50 mm long and 5 mm apart.
Electric strength	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1	≥ 80 × ≥ 80 × 1	Injection cylinder electron		/75 mm coaxial- ctrodes. Immerse
			$\geqslant 80 \times \geqslant 80 \times 3$	moulding	moulding accordance with Use a 20 s step-	
Comparative tracking index	_	IEC 60112	$\geqslant 15 \times \geqslant 15 \times 4$	Injection moulding	Use solution A.	
Other properties						
Water absorption	%	ISO 62	Thickness ≤ 1	Compression	Saturation value in water at 23 °C.	
γναιοι αυσυιμιστι			1110111000 1	moulding	Equilibrium value at 23 °C, 50 % relative humidity.	
Density	kg/m ³	ISO 1183	10 × 10 × 4	Injection moulding	Specimen to be taken from moulded product.	

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ 240 °C at 10 kg load is recommended for high-heat grades with a low content of N-phenylmaleimide when polymer residue adheres to the cylinder wall or MFR/MVR value is not reproducible at 220 °C, 10 kg load. Likewise, 265 °C, 10 kg load is recommended for high-heat grades with a high content of N-phenylmaleimide when polymer residue adheres to the cylinder wall or MFR/MVR value is not reproducible at 240 °C, 10 kg load.

Table 4 — Additional properties and test conditions of particular utility to ABS moulding and extrusion materials

Property	Unit	Test method	Specimen type (dimensions in mm)	Specimen preparation	Test conditions and supplementary instructions				
Mechanical properties	Mechanical properties								
Izod impact strength	kJ/m²	ISO 180	80 × 10 × 4	Injection moulding	Also record type of failure.				
Other properties									
Residual styrene monomer content	%	ISO 2561							
Residual acrylonitrile content	%	ISO 4581	Moulding compound	_					
Bound acrylonitrile content	%	ISO 1656			See Annex A.				

Annex A

(normative)

Determination of the bound-acrylonitrile content in the continuous phase

A.1 Principle

The unbound resin in the continuous phase is separated from the dispersed elastomeric phase, the nitrogen content of this resin is determined and the acrylonitrile content of the continuous phase calculated.

A.2 Procedure

A.2.1 Pre-extraction with *n*-hexane

Extract the dried particles (approximately $3 \text{ mm} \times 3 \text{ mm} \times 3 \text{ mm}$) with *n*-hexane for about 80 h in a Soxhlet apparatus. During this time, additives such as antioxidants and lubricants will be removed. Dry the residue under vacuum at 60 °C for at least 2 h.

A.2.2 Extraction with acetone

Extract 1,2 g of residue obtained in A.2.1 with 50 cm 3 of acetone, with occasional stirring, for 24 h at room temperature. Centrifuge the resin from the insoluble residue (20 000 rev/min for 40 min is satisfactory). Extract the residue several times with acetone and separate by centrifuging. The combined acetone extracts contain all the unbound resin, which can be precipitated by pouring it into a tenfold volume of methanol at -10 °C. Dry the precipitated resin under vacuum at 60 °C.

A.2.3 Acrylonitrile content

Determine the nitrogen content of the precipitated resin by the Kjeldahl semi-micro method specified in ISO 1656. Calculate the acrylonitrile content from the nitrogen content using the equation:

$$AN = 3,79 \times N$$

where

- AN is the acrylonitrile content, expressed as a percentage by mass;
- N is the nitrogen content, expressed as a percentage by mass;
- 3,79 is the ratio of the relative molecular masses of acrylonitrile (C_2H_3CN) and nitrogen.

A.3 Alternative procedure

The percentage acrylonitrile content may also be determined by a pyrolysis/thermal-conductivity method.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their relevant European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod.), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
ISO 62	1999	Plastics - Determination of water absorption	EN ISO 62	1999
ISO 75-2	1993	Plastics - Determination of temperature of deflection under load - Part 2: Plastics and ebonite	EN ISO 75-2	1996
ISO 293	1986	Plastics - Compression moulding test specimens of thermoplastic materials	EN ISO 293	2003
ISO 294-1	1996	Plastics - Injection moulding of test specimens of thermoplastic materials - Part 1: General principles, and moulding of multipurpose and bar test specimens	EN ISO 294-1	1998
ISO 306	1994	Plastics - Thermoplastic materials - Determination of Vicat softening temperature (VST)	EN ISO 306	1996
ISO 527-2	1993	Plastics - Determination of tensile properties - Part 2: Test conditions for moulding and extrusion plastics (including Corr 1:1994)	EN ISO 527-2	1996
ISO 527-4	1997	Plastics - Determination of tensile properties - Part 4: Test conditions for isotropic and orthotopic fibre-reinforced plastic composites	EN ISO 527-4	1997
ISO 1133	1997	Plastics - Determination of the melt mass- flow rate (MFR) and the melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics	EN ISO 1133	1999
ISO 2818	1994	Plastics - Preparation of test specimens by machining	EN ISO 2818	1996
ISO 8256	1990	Plastics - Determination of tensile-impact strength (including Technical Corrigendum 1:1991)	EN ISO 8256	1996

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