BS EN ISO 1141:2012



BSI Standards Publication

Fibre ropes — Polyester — 3-, 4-, 8- and 12-strand ropes (ISO 1141:2012)



BS EN ISO 1141:2012 BRITISH STANDARD

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 1141:2012. It supersedes BS EN ISO 1141:2004 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee TCI/77, Ropes and cordage and fishing nets.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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ISBN 978 0 580 74410 5

ICS 59.080.50

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This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 August 2012.

Amendments issued since publication

Date Text affected

EUROPEAN STANDARD

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

August 2012

EN ISO 1141

ICS 59.080.50

Supersedes EN ISO 1141:2004

English Version

Fibre ropes - Polyester - 3-, 4-, 8- and 12-strand ropes (ISO 1141:2012)

Cordages en fibres - Polyester - Cordages à 3, 4, 8 et 12 torons (ISO 1141:2012)

Faserseile - Polyester - 3-, 4-, 8- und 12-litzige Seile (ISO 1141:2012)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 1141:2012) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2013, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2013.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 1141:2012 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 1141:2012 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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ISO 1141 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, Textiles.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 1141:2004), which has been technically revised.

Fibre ropes — Polyester — 3-, 4-, 8- and 12-strand ropes

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for 3-strand hawser-laid and 4-strand shroud-laid ropes, 8-strand braided ropes and 12-strand braided ropes for general service made of polyester, and gives rules for their designation.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1968, Fibre ropes and cordage — Vocabulary

ISO 2307, Fibre ropes — Determination of certain physical and mechanical properties

ISO 9554, Fibre ropes — General specifications

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 1968 apply.

4 Designation

Fibre ropes shall be designated by

- the words "fibre rope",
- the number of this International Standard,
- the construction or type of rope (see Clause 5),
- the reference number of the rope,
- the material from which the rope is made, and
- the type of stabilization (1 or 2 in accordance with ISO 9554).

Polyester-laid ropes that are required to have a heat setting on the rope to ensure lay and dimensional stability are designated as type 1 ropes. In other cases, polyester-laid ropes that are not required to have a heat setting on the rope are designated as type 2 ropes.

EXAMPLE

Designation of a 3-strand hawser-laid rope heat set (type 1), reference number 30 (type A), corresponding to a linear density of 682 ktex and made of polyester (PES):

Fibre rope ISO 1141 - A - 30 - PES - 1

5 General requirements

- **5.1** Polyester ropes shall be made in one of the following constructions:
- type A: 3-strand hawser-laid rope (see Figure 1);
- type B: 4-strand shroud-laid rope (see Figure 2);
- type L: 8-strand braided rope (see Figure 3);
- type T: 12-strand braided rope (see Figure 4).

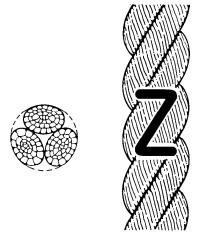


Figure 1 — Shape of a 3-strand hawser-laid rope (type A)

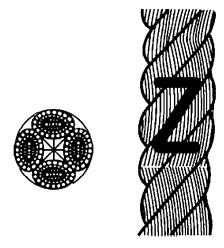


Figure 2 — Shape of a 4-strand shroud-laid rope (type B)



Figure 3 — Shape of an 8-strand braided rope (type L)



Figure 4 — Shape of a 12-strand braided rope (type T)

5.2 Construction, manufacture, lay, labelling, packaging, invoicing and delivery lengths shall be in accordance with ISO 9554.

6 Physical properties

Linear density and minimum breaking force shall be in accordance with Tables 1, 2 and 3.

Table 1 —Linear density and minimum breaking force (MBF) of 3-strand hawser-laid polyester ropes, type A

Linear density ^{b c}			Minimum breaking force ^{d e}		
Reference number ^a	Nominal	Tolerance	kN		
Treference frameer	ktex	%	Unspliced ropes	Ropes with eye-spliced terminations	
4	12,1		2,80	2,52	
4,5	15,3		3,51	3,19	
5	19,0	±10	4,25	3,82	
6	27,3		6,00	5,40	
8	48,5		10,6	9,54	
9	61,4		13,2	11,88	
10	75,8		16,0	14,4	
12	109	±8	22,4	20,2	
14	149		30,0	27,0	
16	194		40,0	36,0	
18	246		50,0	45,0	
20	303		60,0	54,0	
22	367		71,0	63,9	
24	437		85,0	76,5	
26	512		100	90,0	
28	594		118	106	
30	682		132	119	
32	2 776 150		135		
36	982		190	171	
40	1 210 ±5 236		236	212	
44	1 470		280	252	
48	1 750		335	302	
52	2 050 375		375	338	
56	2 380		425	383	
60	2 730		500	450	
64	3 100		560	504	

Table 1 (continued)

	Linear density ^{b c}		Minimum breaking force ^{d e}		
Reference number ^a	Nominal	Tolerance	kN		
Treference frameer	ktex %		Unspliced ropes	Ropes with eye-spliced terminations	
72	3 930		710	639	
80	4 850		850	765	
88	5 870		1 060	954	
96	6 990		1 250	1 125	
104	8 200		1 400	1 260	
112	9 510	±5	1 600	1 440	
120	10 900		1 900	1 710	
128	12 400		2 120	1 908	
136	14 000		2 360	2 124	
144	15 700		2 650	2 385	
160	19 400		3 350	3 015	

^a The reference number corresponds to the approximate diameter, in millimetres.

Table 2 —Linear density and minimum breaking force (MBF) of 4-strand shroud-laid polyester ropes, type B

	Linear density ^{b c}		Minimum breaking force ^{d e}		
Reference number a	Nominal	Tolerance	kN		
Trenerence mannaer	ktex %	Unspliced ropes	Ropes with eye-spliced terminations		
6	27,3	±10	5,60	5,04	
8	48,5		9,50	8,55	
10	75,8		15,0	13,5	
12	109	±8	21,2	19,1	
14	149		28,0	25,2	
16	194		35,5	32,0	
18	246		45,0	40,5	
20	303		56,0	50,4	
22	367		67,0	60,3	
24	437	±5	80,0	72,0	
26	512		90,0	81,0	
28	594		106	95,4	
30	682		118	106	
32	776		132	119	

^b The linear density, in kilotex, corresponds to the net mass per length of rope, expressed in grams per metre or in kilograms per thousand metres.

^c The linear density is under reference tension and is measured as specified in ISO 2307.

d The breaking forces quoted in this table relate to new dry and wet ropes.

^e A force determined by the test methods specified in ISO 2307 is not necessarily an accurate indication of the force at which that rope might break in other circumstances and situations. The type and quality of the termination rate of force application, prior conditioning and previous force applications to the rope can significantly influence the breaking force. A rope bent around a post, capstan, pulley or sheave might break at a significantly lower force. A knot or other distortion in a rope might significantly reduce the breaking force.

Table 2 (continued)

	Linear density b c		Minimum breaking force ^{d e}		
Reference number a	Nominal	Tolerance	kN		
	ktex	%	Unspliced ropes	Ropes with eye-spliced terminations	
36	982		170	153	
40	1 210		212	191	
44	1 470		250	225	
48	1 750		300	270	
52	2 050	±5	335	302	
56	2 380		400	360	
60	2 730		450	405	
64	3 100		500	450	
72	3 930		630	567	
80	4 850		800	720	
88	5 870		950	855	
96	6 990		1 120	1 008	
104	8 200		1 320	1 188	
112	9 510		1 500	1 350	
120	10 900		1 700	1 530	
128	12 400		1 900	1 710	
136	14 000		2 120	1 908	
144	15 700		2 360	2 124	
160	19 400		3 000	2 700	

^a The reference number corresponds to the approximate diameter, in millimetres.

^b The linear density, in kilotex, corresponds to the net mass per length of rope, expressed in grams per metre or in kilograms per thousand metres.

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Table 3 —Linear density and minimum breaking force (MBF) of 8-strand and 12-strand braided polyester ropes, types L and T

	Linear density ^{b c}		Minimum breaking force ^{d e}			
Reference number a	Nominal	Tolerance			kN	
lidilibei	ktex	%	8 strands		12 strands	
			Unspliced ropes	Ropes with eye-spliced terminations	Unspliced ropes	Ropes with eye-spliced terminations
12	109	±8	23,0	20,7	25,0	22,5
16	194		40,0	36,0	42,5	38,3
20	304		63,0	56,7	67,0	60,3
24	437		90,0	81,0	95,0	85,5
28	595		118	106	125	113
30	683		132	119	140	126
32	777		150	135	160	144
36	984		190	171	200	180
40	1 210		236	212	250	225
44	1 470		280	252	300	270
48	1 750		335	302	355	320
52	2 050		400	360	425	383
56	2 380	±5	450	405	475	428
60	2 730		500	450	530	477
64	3 110		560	504	600	540
72	3 930		710	639	750	675
80	4 860		900	810	950	855
88	5 880		1 060	954	1 120	1 008
96	6 990		1 250	1 125	1 320	1 188
104	8 210		1 500	1 350	1 600	1 440
112	9 520		1 700	1 530	1 800	1 620
120	10 900		1 900	1 710	2 000	1 800
128	12 400		2 240	2 016	2 360	2 124
136	14 000		2 500	2 250	2 650	2 385
144	15 700		2 800	2 520	3 000	2 700
160	19 400		3 350	3 015	3 550	3 195

^a The reference number corresponds to the approximate diameter, in millimetres.

^b The linear density, in kilotex, corresponds to the net mass per length of rope, expressed in grams per metre or in kilograms per thousand metres.

^c The linear density is under reference tension and is measured as specified in ISO 2307.

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NOTE The relation between the minimum breaking force (MBF) and the reference number (RN) is given by the following formula:

 $RN=2,\!349\times MBF^{0,520}$ for unspliced 8-strand ropes

 $RN=2,\!265\times MBF^{0,520}$ for unspliced 12-strand ropes

7 Marking

Type 1 ropes (reference number less than 14) shall be marked using a blue thread. For other ropes, the marking shall be in accordance with ISO 9554.





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