

Designation: F3235 – $17^{\epsilon 1}$

Standard Specification for Electrical Storage Batteries in Small Aircraft¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F3235; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

ε¹ NOTE—Editorially corrected 4.1.2.3 in July 2017.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers international standards for the electrical storage battery aspects of airworthiness and design for "small" aircraft.
- 1.2 The applicant for a design approval must seek the individual guidance of their respective CAA body concerning the use of this specification as part of a certification plan. For information on which CAA regulatory bodies have accepted this specification (in whole or in part) as a means of compliance to their Small Aircraft Airworthiness regulations (hereinafter referred to as "the Rules"), refer to ASTM F44 webpage (www.ASTM.org/COMMITTEE/F44.htm) which includes CAA website links.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 Following is a list of external standards referenced throughout this specification; the earliest revision acceptable for use is indicated. In all cases, later document revisions are acceptable if shown to be equivalent to the listed revision, or if otherwise formally accepted by the governing civil aviation authority; earlier revisions are not acceptable.

2.2 ASTM Standards:²

F3060 Terminology for Aircraft
F3061/F3061M Specification for Systems and Equipment in
Small Aircraft

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Terminology specific to this specification is provided below. For general terminology, refer to Terminology F3060.
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *aircraft type code*, *n*—an Aircraft Type Code (ATC) is defined by considering both the technical considerations regarding the design of the aircraft and the airworthiness level established based upon risk-based criteria; the method of defining an ATC applicable to this specification is defined in Specification F3061/F3061M.

4. Electrical Storage Batteries

Note 1—Table 1 provides correlation between various Aircraft Type Codes and the individual requirements contained within this section; refer to 3.2.1. For each subsection, an indicator can be found under each ATC character field; three indicators are used:

An empty cell () in all applicable ATC character field columns indicates that an aircraft must meet the requirements of that subsection.

A white circle (o) in multiple columns indicates that the requirements of that subsection are not applicable to an aircraft *only* if all such ATC character fields are applicable.

A mark-out (x) in any of the applicable ATC character field columns indicates that the requirements of that subsection are not applicable to an aircraft if that ATC character field is applicable.

Example—An aircraft with an ATC of 1SRLLDLN is being considered. Since all applicable columns are indicated for 4.1.1, that subsection is applicable to the aircraft.

- 4.1 Nickel Cadmium Batteries:
- 4.1.1 Each nickel cadmium battery installation capable of being used to start an engine or auxiliary power unit must have provisions to prevent any hazardous effect on structure or

 $^{^{\}rm l}$ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F44 on General Aviation Aircraft and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F44.50 on Systems and Equipment.

Current edition approved Feb. 15, 2017. Published March 2017. DOI: 10.1520/F3235-17E01.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



TABLE 1 ATC Compliance Matrix, Section 4

Section	Airworthiness Level				Number of Engines		Type of Engine(s)		Stall Speed			Cruise Speed		Meteorological Conditions			Altitude		Maneuvers	
	1	2	3	4	S	М	R	Т	L	М	Н	L	Н	D	N	- 1	L	Н	N	Α
4																				
4.1																				
4.1.1																				
4.1.2																				
4.1.2.1																				
4.1.2.2																				
4.1.2.1 4.1.2.2 4.1.2.3																				

essential systems that may be caused by the maximum amount of heat the battery can generate during a short circuit of the battery or of its individual cells.

- 4.1.2 Nickel cadmium battery installations capable of being used to start an engine or auxiliary power unit must meet the requirements of either 4.1.2.1, 4.1.2.2, or 4.1.2.3.
- 4.1.2.1 If the requirements of either 4.1.2.2 or 4.1.2.3 are not met, nickel cadmium battery installations capable of being used to start an engine or auxiliary power unit must have a system to control the charging rate of the battery automatically so as to prevent battery overheating.
- 4.1.2.2 If the requirements of either 4.1.2.1 or 4.1.2.3 are not met, nickel cadmium battery installations capable of being

used to start an engine or auxiliary power unit must have a battery temperature sensing and over-temperature warning system with a means for disconnecting the battery from its charging source in the event of an over-temperature condition.

4.1.2.3 If the requirements of either 4.1.2.1 or 4.1.2.2 are not met, nickel cadmium battery installations capable of being used to start an engine or auxiliary power unit must have a battery failure sensing and warning system with a means for disconnecting the battery from its charging source in the event of battery failure.

5. Keywords

5.1 batteries; battery; cadmium; nicad; nickel

ASTM International takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and must be reviewed every five years and if not revised, either reapproved or withdrawn. Your comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and should be addressed to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, at the address shown below.

This standard is copyrighted by ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, United States. Individual reprints (single or multiple copies) of this standard may be obtained by contacting ASTM at the above address or at 610-832-9585 (phone), 610-832-9555 (fax), or service@astm.org (e-mail); or through the ASTM website (www.astm.org). Permission rights to photocopy the standard may also be secured from the Copyright Clearance Center, 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923, Tel: (978) 646-2600; http://www.copyright.com/