



Standard Practice for Sample Preparation of Plastic Films used on Membrane Switch Overlays for Specular Gloss Measurements¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1843; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers the method of sample preparation, prior to taking gloss measurements on a membrane switch overlay.

1.2 Typical applications include window display areas on a graphic overlay, and surface texture.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D523 Test Method for Specular Gloss

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 *membrane switch, n*—a momentary switching device in which at least one contact is on (or made of) a flexible substrate.

3.1.2 *specular gloss, n*—the degree to which a surface simulates a perfect mirror in its capacity to reflect incident light.

3.1.3 *overlay, n*—the outer layer of a membrane switch on which the graphics are printed.

4. Summary of Practice

4.1 A water or alcohol droplet is placed on a black metal plate. The specimen to be measured is pressed down over the droplet. Capillary action causes intimate contact between

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F01 on Electronics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F01.18 on Printed Electronics.

Current edition approved June 1, 2015. Published July 2015. Originally approved in 1997. Last previous edition approved in 2009 as F1843-09. DOI: 10.1520/F1843-15.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

specimen and plate, thereby eliminating second surface reflection. Gloss readings may then be taken in accordance with Test Method **D523**.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 Gloss measurements are used to qualify a raw material or finished product.

5.2 Sample preparation will effect the outcome of gloss readings. This practice will eliminate second surface reflection, and allow a more accurate gloss reading of the substrate.

5.3 Materials which require this preparation include the following: clear or translucent substrates, colored transparent substrates, and areas printed with clear, translucent, or transparent colored coatings.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Gloss Meter*, in accordance with Test Method **D523**.

6.2 *Black Iodized Aluminum Test Plate*³, This plate is to be a hard, flat, smooth, matte black, nonporous surface. Gloss readings should be between 4 to 12 gloss units, when measured with a 60° gloss meter. Plate size should be sufficient to allow the specimen to be laid flat for readings, typically 12 by 12 in. (304.8 by 304.8 mm). Material thickness to be 0.062 in. (1.57 mm) or thicker.

6.3 *Distilled Water*, or *Isopropyl Alcohol*.

6.4 *Eye Dropper*.

6.5 *Hand Held Brayer* (rubber roller).

7. Procedure

7.1 Verify the specimen and plate are clean, dry, and free of contamination.

7.2 Use the eyedropper to place a few drops of distilled water or isopropyl alcohol in the center of the black plate.

7.3 Position the specimen over the droplet(s), with the side requiring a gloss reading facing up.

³ A black anodized aluminum plate with the designation "AAM21C22A43 -DYED BLACK, ALUMINUM ALLOY 6061 -T6 matte etch" is suitable for this purpose.

7.4 Slowly press the specimen down onto the plate.

7.5 Smooth out the specimen using a brayer. The measurement area of the specimen will appear darker, which is an indication of intimate contact.

7.6 The measurement area should be large enough to cover the sample port of the gloss meter.

7.7 Ensure there are no air bubbles within the measurement area. Air entrapment will prevent intimate contact of specimen

to plate, which will appear as lighter areas. If this occurs, remove the specimen from the plate and repeat 7.1 to 7.6.

7.8 Gloss readings may be taken in accordance with Test Method D523.

8. Keywords

8.1 gloss; membrane switch; plastics, translucent; plastics, transparent

ASTM International takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and must be reviewed every five years and if not revised, either reapproved or withdrawn. Your comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and should be addressed to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, at the address shown below.

This standard is copyrighted by ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, United States. Individual reprints (single or multiple copies) of this standard may be obtained by contacting ASTM at the above address or at 610-832-9585 (phone), 610-832-9555 (fax), or service@astm.org (e-mail); or through the ASTM website (www.astm.org). Permission rights to photocopy the standard may also be secured from the Copyright Clearance Center, 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923, Tel: (978) 646-2600; <http://www.copyright.com/>