



Designation: D2555 – 17

## Standard Practice for Establishing Clear Wood Strength Values<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D2555; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

### INTRODUCTION

The development of safe and efficient design values for lumber, laminated timber, plywood, round timbers, and other solid wood products, each with its own special requirements has, as a common starting point, the need for an authoritative compilation of clear wood strength values for the commercially important species. Also required are procedures for establishing, from these data, values applicable to groups of species or to regional groupings within a species where necessitated by marketing conditions. This practice has been developed to meet these needs and to provide, in addition, information on factors for consideration in the adjustment of the clear wood strength values to design values for engineering. Since factors such as species preference, species groupings, marketing practices, design techniques, and safety factors vary with each type of product and end use, it is contemplated that this practice will be supplemented where necessary by other appropriate standards relating to specific design values for each such product. Practice D245 is an example of such a standard applicable to the interpretation of the clear wood strength values in terms of allowable properties for visually graded lumber.

A primary feature of this practice is the establishment of tables presenting the most reliable basic information developed on the strength of clear wood and its variability through many years of testing and experience. The testing techniques employed are those presented in Test Methods D143. Among the recognized limitations of such strength data are those resulting from the problems of sampling material from forests extending over large regions, and the uneconomical feasibility of completely testing an intensive sample. A practical approach to the improvement of strength data is through the application of the results of density surveys in which the specific gravity of the entire forest stand for each species is determined on a sound statistical basis. Through regression equations derived from presently available strength data, revised strength values are established from the specific gravity-strength relationship for clear wood. This procedure greatly extends current capabilities to develop new estimates of strength and to improve or verify estimates made in the past.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers the determination of strength values for clear wood of different species in the unseasoned condition, unadjusted for end use, applicable to the establishment of design values for different solid wood products such as lumber, laminated wood, plywood, and round timbers. Presented are:

1.1.1 Procedures by which test values obtained on small clear specimens may be combined with density data from extensive forest surveys to make them more representative,

1.1.2 Guidelines for the interpretation of the data in terms of assigned values for combinations of species or regional divisions within a species to meet special marketing needs, and

1.1.3 Information basic to the translation of the clear wood values into design values for different solid wood products for different end uses.

1.1.4 For species where density survey data are not as yet available for the re-evaluation of average strength properties, the presently available data from tests made under the sampling methods and procedures of Test Methods D143 or Practice E105 are provided with appropriate provision for their application and use. Because of the comprehensive manner in which the density survey is undertaken, it follows that the re-evaluated strength data are intended to be representative of the forest stand, or rather large forest subdivisions.

1.1.5 Some useful mechanical properties (tensile strengths parallel and perpendicular to grain, modulus of rigidity for a

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longitudinal-transverse plane, and transverse modulus of elasticity) have not been extensively evaluated. Methods are described for estimating these properties by their relation to other properties.

1.2 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.3 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

- D143** Test Methods for Small Clear Specimens of Timber
- D245** Practice for Establishing Structural Grades and Related Allowable Properties for Visually Graded Lumber
- D2915** Practice for Sampling and Data-Analysis for Structural Wood and Wood-Based Products
- E105** Practice for Probability Sampling of Materials

## 3. Summary of Methods

3.1 Two methods are presented for establishing tables of clear wood strength properties for different species and regional subdivisions thereof in the unseasoned condition and unadjusted for end use. These are designated Method A and Method B.

3.1.1 Method A provides for the use of the results of surveys of wood density involving extensive sampling of forest trees, in combination with the data obtained from standard strength tests made in accordance with Test Methods **D143**. The average strength properties are obtained from wood density survey data through linear regression equations establishing the relation of specific gravity to the several strength properties.

NOTE 1—Density surveys have been completed for only a limited number of species. Data are thus not currently available for the use of Method A on all commercial species. As such data become available they will be incorporated in revisions of this practice.

3.1.2 Method B provides for the establishment of tables of strength values based on standard tests of small clear specimens in the unseasoned condition for use when data from density surveys are not available. Separate tables are employed to present the data on woods grown in the United States and on woods grown in Canada.

## 4. Procedure for Establishing Clear Wood Strength Values

4.1 *Method A*—Six steps are involved in establishing strength values by the wood density survey procedure. These

are: conducting the wood density survey, development of unit areas, determination of average specific gravity for a unit area, determination of strength-specific gravity relations, estimation of average strength properties for a unit area, and combining values for unit areas into basic groups and establishing average strength properties and estimates of variance for the groups. In these methods a basic group is a combination of unit areas representing a species or a regional division thereof.

4.1.1 *Conducting Wood Density Survey*—A well-designed and thorough wood density survey is required to provide needed data on specific gravity for the reevaluation of strength properties. Such a survey requires consideration of the geographic range to be covered, the representativeness of the sample, the techniques of density evaluation, and adequate data analysis.

NOTE 2—Detailed information on an acceptable method of conducting wood density surveys, together with survey data, are presented in the *U.S. Forest Service Research Paper FPL 27 (1)*.<sup>3</sup>

4.1.2 *Development of Unit Areas*—Subdivide the geographical growth range of each species into unit areas that contain 1 % or more of the estimated cubic foot volume of standing timber of the species and are represented by reliable estimates of specific gravity of at least 20 trees. Make up unit areas of U.S. Forest Service Survey Units, or similar units or subdivisions of units, for which reliable estimates of timber volume are available. Develop unit areas objectively by means of the following steps:

4.1.2.1 Select a base survey unit or subdivision of a survey unit to be grouped with others,

4.1.2.2 Group with similar adjacent areas to make up a unit area on the basis of a timber volume, and

4.1.2.3 Determine the number of tree specific gravity samples available in the proposed unit area.

NOTE 3—The rules for developing unit areas should represent an effort to subdivide objectively and uniquely the range of a species into small geographic areas, which are assumed to be considerably more homogeneous with respect to the mechanical properties of the species than is the entire range itself. The number of unit areas associated with a species is a function of the volume of timber on the smallest usable areas and the number of tree specific gravity samples taken. In general, the larger the range and the greater the commercial importance of the species, the greater are the number of unit areas. One acceptable procedure for establishing unit areas is presented in Appendix C of *U.S. Forest Service Research Paper FPL 27 (1)*.

4.1.3 *Determination of Average Specific Gravity for a Unit Area*—Calculate the average specific gravity of trees in each unit area as the simple average of individual estimates of specific gravity of trees within the unit area.

4.1.4 *Determination of Strength-Specific Gravity Relations*—From matched specific gravity and strength data on small clear specimens of wood, establish relationships of the form:

$$y = a + bx \quad (1)$$

where:

y = estimated strength value,

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>3</sup> The boldface numbers in parentheses refer to a list of references at the end of this standard.

$a, b$  = constants for the species, and  
 $x$  = specific gravity of the species.

for each species, using standard statistical methods of regression analysis. Equations for modulus of rupture, modulus of elasticity, maximum crushing strength, and maximum shear strength are established in this manner. The distribution of specific gravity in the samples used to compute regressions should be representative of the species and, in particular, shall represent the full specific gravity range. The nature of the true distribution of specific gravity can be obtained from results of wood density surveys. Obtain the data from specimens tested in accordance with Test Methods **D143**.

4.1.4.1 Several methods are available for securing suitable samples for obtaining data to compute strength-specific gravity relationships, as follows: strength and specific gravity values from samples obtained in conformance with Test Methods **D143** may be employed solely or in combination with data secured by sampling techniques described below or test samples may be obtained from the forest resource in the form of trees, logs, or lumber. Select samples that are representative of all growing stock from each of at least five different locations within the growth range of a species that include the scope of environmental conditions of the range. This implies that the sample from a single location must be such that all of the growing stock from that location is represented.

4.1.4.2 Where relationships between strength and specific gravity are shown to have a statistically significant difference at the 5 % level within a species growth range, subdivide the range to permit the development of more accurate estimating equations for each subdivision. Develop equations for subdivisions of a species growth range only if specimens from at least five distinctly different places in the proposed subdivision are available and if the correlation coefficients from the strength-specific gravity regressions are 0.50 or greater.

4.1.5 *Estimation of the Average Strength Properties for a Unit Area*—Given a set of strength-specific gravity estimating equations for each species or subdivision thereof, compute average strength properties for each unit area using these equations and the average specific gravity for the unit area.

4.1.6 *Combining Unit Areas into Basic Groups and Development of Average Strength Properties and Estimates of Variance for the Groups*—Combine all unit areas containing timber whose properties are described by the same strength-specific gravity relationships to produce a basic group of unit areas. Develop the following information for these basic groups:

4.1.6.1 For each unit area, obtain, from reliable volume data, the volume of the species being considered and estimate strength properties from appropriate equations. Determine average strength properties for a group of unit areas for a species or a subdivision thereof by the following equation:

$$\bar{Y} = \sum_i (\bar{Y}_i V_i / V) \quad (2)$$

where:

$\bar{Y}$  = weighted average strength property for the group of unit areas,

$\bar{Y}_i$  = average strength property for the  $i$ th unit area,

$V_i$  = percentage of standing timber volume of the species for the  $i$ th unit area, and

$V$  = total percentage of standing timber volume of the species in the group of unit areas being combined.

4.1.6.2 Compute the variability index, which is a measure of the homogeneity among average values for unit areas within a group, by dividing the group average by the lowest unit area average included in the group.

4.1.6.3 Estimate a standard deviation, providing a measure of the dispersion of individual strength values about the group average, for each basic group of unit areas using information on variance obtained from density survey and standard strength data. Compute estimates of standard deviation for each property as:

$$s = \sqrt{b^2(s_w^2 + s_a^2) + \text{RMS}} \quad (3)$$

where:

$s$  = standard deviation

$b$  = slope of the strength-specific gravity relation,

$s_w^2$  = within-tree variance in specific gravity estimated from data used to obtain strength-specific gravity relations,

$s_a^2$  = among-tree variance in specific gravity obtained from density survey data,

$(s_w^2 + s_a^2)$  = estimate of total variance in specific gravity, and

RMS = residual mean square from the strength-specific gravity relation.

NOTE 4—When a sampling technique is used that ensures only one specimen will be taken per tree (such as a suitably designed mill sample), the quantity  $(s_w^2 + s_a^2)$  is automatically obtained as a total variance of specific gravity.

NOTE 5—An alternative procedure for developing average strength values where all unit areas are contained within a single species or regional subdivision thereof consists of combining the volume weighted unit area specific gravities to establish a species or regional subdivision specific gravity and then computing the average strength properties by substituting the average specific gravity in the strength-specific gravity regression equations.

4.1.6.4 Average compression perpendicular to the grain values have not been developed by the procedures described in the preceding paragraphs but are based on available standard strength data alone as in Method B.

4.1.6.5 **Table 1** gives basic information on the strength properties of the commercially important species for which wood density survey data are available. Listed are averages and standard deviations for modulus of rupture, modulus of elasticity, maximum crushing strength parallel to grain, horizontal shear strength, proportional limit in compression perpendicular to grain, and specific gravity. These properties are for clear wood in the unseasoned condition. Variability indexes are given for the first four properties.

#### 4.2 Method B:

4.2.1 Base average strength properties for clear wood of species for which density survey data are not available on standard strength test data obtained in accordance with Test Methods **D143**. Estimate approximate standard deviations for these species as follows:

$$s = c\bar{Y} \quad (4)$$

**TABLE 1 Clear Wood Strength Values Unadjusted for End Use and Measures of Variation for Commercial Species of Wood in the Unseasoned Condition (Method A)<sup>A</sup>**

NOTE 1—All digits retained in the averages and standard deviations through the units position to permit further computation with minimum round-off error (specific gravity excepted).

| Species or Region, or Both | Property                        |                   |                |                                    |                   |                     |  |                   |                |                |                   |                |  |                |                        |                  |                   |           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|--|----------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|
|                            | Modulus of Rupture <sup>B</sup> |                   |                | Modulus of Elasticity <sup>C</sup> |                   |                     | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength |                   |                | Shear Strength |                   |                | Compression, Perpendicular to Grain <sup>D</sup> |                |                        | Specific Gravity |                   |           |
|                            | Avg., psi                       | Variability Index | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., 1000 psi                     | Variability Index | Std. Dev., 1000 psi | Avg., psi  | Variability Index | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., psi      | Variability Index | Std. Dev., psi | Stress at Proportional Limit                     | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., psi <sup>E</sup> | Avg.             | Variability Index | Std. Dev. |
| Douglas fir: <sup>F</sup>  |                                 |                   |                |                                    |                   |                     |  |                   |                |                |                   |                |  |                |                        |                  |                   |           |
| Coast                      | 7665                            | 1.05              | 1317           | 1560                               | 1.05              | 315                 | 3784   | 1.05              | 734            | 904            | 1.03              | 131            | 382  | 107            | 700                    | 0.45             | ...               | 0.057     |
| Interior West              | 7713                            | 1.03              | 1322           | 1513                               | 1.04              | 324                 | 3872   | 1.04              | 799            | 936            | 1.02              | 137            | 418  | 117            | 707                    | 0.46             | ...               | 0.058     |
| Interior North             | 7438                            | 1.04              | 1163           | 1409                               | 1.04              | 274                 | 3469   | 1.04              | 602            | 947            | 1.03              | 126            | 356  | 100            | 669                    | 0.45             | ...               | 0.049     |
| Interior South             | 6784                            | 1.01              | 908            | 1162                               | 1.00              | 200                 | 3113   | 1.01              | 489            | 953            | 1.00              | 153            | 337  | 94             | 578                    | 0.43             | ...               | 0.045     |
| White fir                  | 5854                            | 1.01              | 949            | 1161                               | 1.02              | 249                 | 2902   | 1.02              | 528            | 756            | 1.01              | 78             | 282  | 79             | 491                    | 0.37             | ...               | 0.045     |
| California red fir         | 5809                            | 1.01              | 885            | 1170                               | 1.01              | 267                 | 2758   | 1.01              | 459            | 767            | 1.00              | 146            | 334  | 94             | 573                    | 0.36             | ...               | 0.043     |
| Grand fir                  | 5839                            | 1.03              | 680            | 1250                               | 1.03              | 164                 | 2939   | 1.04              | 363            | 739            | 1.04              | 97             | 272  | 76             | 475                    | 0.35             | ...               | 0.043     |
| Pacific silver fir         | 6410                            | 1.07              | 1296           | 1420                               | 1.05              | 255                 | 3142   | 1.06              | 591            | 746            | 1.05              | 114            | 225  | 63             | 414                    | 0.39             | ...               | 0.058     |
| Noble fir                  | 6169                            | 1.07              | 966            | 1380                               | 1.08              | 310                 | 3013   | 1.08              | 561            | 802            | 1.04              | 136            | 274  | 77             | 478                    | 0.37             | ...               | 0.043     |
| Western hemlock            | 6637                            | 1.03              | 1088           | 1307                               | 1.02              | 258                 | 3364   | 1.03              | 615            | 864            | 1.02              | 105            | 282  | 79             | 457                    | 0.42             | ...               | 0.053     |
| Western larch              | 7652                            | 1.04              | 1001           | 1458                               | 1.02              | 249                 | 3756   | 1.04              | 564            | 869            | 1.03              | 85             | 399  | 112            | 676                    | 0.48             | ...               | 0.048     |
| Black cottonwood           | 4890                            | 1.00              | 951            | 1083                               | 1.00              | 197                 | 2200   | 1.00              | 360            | 612            | 1.00              | 92             | 165  | 46             | 305                    | 0.31             | ...               | 0.034     |
| Southern pine:             |                                 |                   |                |                                    |                   |                     |  |                   |                |                |                   |                |  |                |                        |                  |                   |           |
| Loblolly                   | 7300                            | 1.08              | 1199           | 1402                               | 1.08              | 321                 | 3511   | 1.09              | 612            | 863            | 1.05              | 112            | 389  | 109            | 661                    | 0.47             | 1.06              | 0.053     |
| Longleaf                   | 8538                            | 1.07              | 1305           | 1586                               | 1.07              | 295                 | 4321   | 1.07              | 707            | 1041           | 1.05              | 120            | 479  | 134            | 804                    | 0.54             | 1.05              | 0.058     |
| Shortleaf                  | 7435                            | 1.04              | 1167           | 1388                               | 1.04              | 268                 | 3527   | 1.05              | 564            | 905            | 1.05              | 125            | 353  | 99             | 573                    | 0.47             | 1.05              | 0.051     |
| Slash                      | 8692                            | 1.09              | 1127           | 1532                               | 1.08              | 295                 | 3823   | 1.07              | 547            | 964            | 1.05              | 128            | 529  | 148            | 883                    | 0.54             | 1.09              | 0.062     |

<sup>A</sup> For tension parallel and perpendicular to grain, modulus of rigidity, and transverse modulus of elasticity see 4.3.

<sup>B</sup> Modulus of rupture values are applicable to material 2 in. (51 mm) in depth.

<sup>C</sup> Modulus of elasticity values are applicable at a ratio of shear span to depth of 14.

<sup>D</sup> Based on a 2-in. wide steel plate bearing on the center of a 2-in. wide by 2-in. thick by 6-in. long specimen oriented with growth rings parallel to load.

<sup>E</sup> A coefficient of variation of 28 % can be used as an approximate measure of variability of individual values about the stresses tabulated.

<sup>F</sup> The regional description of Douglas fir is that given on pp. 54–55 of *U.S. Forest Service Research Paper FPL 27 (1)*.

where:

$s$  = standard deviation,

$\bar{y}$  = the average value for the species, and

$c$  = 0.16 for modulus of rupture,

0.22 for modulus of elasticity,

0.18 for maximum crushing strength parallel to grain,

0.14 for maximum shear strength,

0.28 for compression perpendicular to grain strength,

and

0.10 for specific gravity.

Alternatively, calculate the average strength properties for clear wood and standard deviations from data from a random sample obtained in accordance with Practice E105.

4.2.2 Table 2 and Table 3 present basic information on the strength properties of various species in the unseasoned condition as determined from standard strength tests of small clear specimens. Table 2 covers data on woods grown in the United States, and Table 3 woods grown in Canada.

4.3 Tensile strength parallel and perpendicular to grain, modulus of rigidity associated with a longitudinal-transverse plane, and transverse modulus of elasticity are sometimes

needed for design considerations. These properties have not been evaluated extensively. They may, however, be estimated from the clear wood properties of any combination of species, as described in the following criteria:

4.3.1 *Tension Parallel to Grain*—For clear wood strength in tension parallel to grain, the clear wood strength value for modulus of rupture may be used.

4.3.2 *Tension Perpendicular to Grain*—For the average green clear wood strength in tension perpendicular to grain, 0.33 times the average green clear wood shear strength value shall be permitted.

NOTE 6—The value of tensile strength perpendicular to grain obtained by this conversion applies to small clear wood specimens with cross sectional dimensions of 1 × 2 in. (25 × 51 mm) at mid-height.

4.3.3 *Modulus of Rigidity*—For clear wood modulus of rigidity, 0.069 times the modulus of elasticity shall be permitted.

NOTE 7—The factor 0.069 is 1/16 times 11/10 where the 11/10 converts the apparent moduli of elasticity tabulated in this practice to true moduli, and the 1/16 is an empirically determined ratio of shear modulus to elastic modulus.



**TABLE 2 Clear Wood Strength Values Unadjusted for End Use and Measures of Variation for Commercial Species of Wood in the Unseasoned Condition (Method B) (for Woods Grown in the United States)<sup>A</sup>**

NOTE 1—All digits retained in the averages and standard deviations through the units position to permit further computation with minimum round-off error (specific gravity excepted).

NOTE 2—Values of standard deviation have been calculated using the values for *c* given in 4.2.

| Species (Official Common Tree Names) | Property                        |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------|
|                                      | Modulus of Rupture <sup>B</sup> |                | Modulus of Elasticity <sup>C</sup> |                     | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength |                | Shear Strength |                | Compression, Perpendicular to Grain <sup>D</sup> |                    |                        | Specific Gravity |           |
|                                      | Avg., psi                       | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., 1000 psi                     | Std. Dev., 1000 psi | Avg., psi  | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., psi      | Std. Dev., psi | Stress at Proportional Limit                     | Stress at 0.04 in. | Avg., psi <sup>E</sup> | Avg.             | Std. Dev. |
| <b>SOFTWOODS</b>                     |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Baldcypress                          | 6640                            | 1062           | 1184                               | 260                 | 3580   | 644            | 812            | 114            | 403  | 113                | 683                    | 0.43             | 0.043     |
| Cedar:                               |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Alaska                               | 6450                            | 1032           | 1135                               | 260                 | 3050   | 549            | 842            | 118            | 349  | 98                 | 597                    | 0.42             | 0.042     |
| Incense                              | 6220                            | 995            | 840                                | 185                 | 3150   | 567            | 834            | 117            | 369  | 103                | 629                    | 0.35             | 0.035     |
| Port Orford                          | 6598                            | 860            | 1297                               | 247                 | 3145   | 397            | 842            | 122            | 301  | 71                 | 521                    | 0.39             | 0.034     |
| Atlantic white                       | 4740                            | 758            | 752                                | 165                 | 2390   | 430            | 694            | 97             | 244  | 68                 | 430                    | 0.31             | 0.031     |
| Northern white                       | 4250                            | 680            | 643                                | 141                 | 1990   | 358            | 616            | 86             | 234  | 66                 | 414                    | 0.29             | 0.029     |
| Eastern red                          | 7030                            | 1125           | 649                                | 143                 | 3570   | 643            | 1008           | 141            | 700  | 196                | 1155                   | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Western red                          | 5184                            | 761            | 939                                | 223                 | 2774   | 493            | 771            | 115            | 244  | 65                 | 430                    | 0.31             | 0.027     |
| Fir:                                 |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Balsam                               | 5517                            | 552            | 1251                               | 143                 | 2631   | 283            | 662            | 83             | 187  | 31                 | 340                    | 0.32             | 0.025     |
| Subalpine                            | 4900                            | 664            | 1052                               | 182                 | 2301   | 363            | 696            | 103            | 192  | 44                 | 348                    | 0.31             | 0.032     |
| Hemlock:                             |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Eastern                              | 6420                            | 1027           | 1073                               | 236                 | 3080   | 554            | 848            | 119            | 359  | 101                | 613                    | 0.39             | 0.039     |
| Mountain                             | 6270                            | 1003           | 1038                               | 228                 | 2880   | 518            | 933            | 131            | 371  | 104                | 632                    | 0.42             | 0.042     |
| Pine:                                |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Jack                                 | 6030                            | 965            | 1068                               | 235                 | 2950   | 531            | 754            | 106            | 296  | 83                 | 513                    | 0.40             | 0.040     |
| Eastern white                        | 4930                            | 789            | 994                                | 219                 | 2440   | 439            | 678            | 95             | 218  | 61                 | 389                    | 0.35             | 0.035     |
| Lodgepole                            | 5490                            | 878            | 1076                               | 237                 | 2610   | 470            | 685            | 96             | 252  | 71                 | 443                    | 0.39             | 0.039     |
| Monterey                             | 6625                            | 1060           | 1420                               | 312                 | 3330   | 599            | 875            | 123            | 440  | 123                | 742                    | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Ponderosa                            | 5130                            | 821            | 997                                | 219                 | 2450   | 441            | 704            | 99             | 282  | 79                 | 491                    | 0.39             | 0.039     |
| Red                                  | 5820                            | 931            | 1281                               | 282                 | 2730   | 491            | 686            | 96             | 259  | 73                 | 454                    | 0.42             | 0.042     |
| Sugar                                | 4893                            | 663            | 1032                               | 193                 | 2459   | 386            | 718            | 105            | 214  | 43                 | 382                    | 0.34             | 0.027     |
| Western white                        | 4688                            | 693            | 1193                               | 257                 | 2434   | 406            | 677            | 98             | 192  | 46                 | 348                    | 0.35             | 0.034     |
| Pine, southern yellow:               |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Pitch                                | 6830                            | 1093           | 1200                               | 264                 | 2950   | 531            | 860            | 120            | 365  | 102                | 622                    | 0.47             | 0.047     |
| Pond                                 | 7450                            | 1192           | 1281                               | 282                 | 3660   | 659            | 936            | 131            | 441  | 123                | 743                    | 0.51             | 0.051     |
| Spruce                               | 6004                            | 1102           | 1002                               | 286                 | 2835   | 580            | 895            | 136            | 279  | 95                 | 486                    | 0.41             | 0.041     |
| Sand                                 | 7500                            | 1200           | 1024                               | 225                 | 3440   | 619            | 1143           | 160            | 450  | 126                | 757                    | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Virginia                             | 7330                            | 1173           | 1218                               | 268                 | 3420   | 616            | 888            | 124            | 390  | 109                | 662                    | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Redwood:                             |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Old growth                           | 7500                            | 1202           | 1177                               | 259                 | 4210   | 758            | 803            | 112            | 424  | 119                | 716                    | 0.39             | 0.039     |
| Second growth                        | 5920                            | 947            | 955                                | 210                 | 3110   | 560            | 894            | 125            | 269  | 75                 | 470                    | 0.34             | 0.034     |
| Spruce:                              |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Black                                | 6118                            | 759            | 1382                               | 193                 | 2836   | 417            | 739            | 79             | 242  | 34                 | 427                    | 0.38             | 0.028     |
| Engelmann                            | 4705                            | 692            | 1029                               | 207                 | 2180   | 427            | 637            | 64             | 197  | 50                 | 358                    | 0.33             | 0.033     |
| Red                                  | 6003                            | 627            | 1328                               | 145                 | 2721   | 313            | 754            | 95             | 262  | 59                 | 459                    | 0.37             | 0.025     |
| Sitka                                | 5660                            | 906            | 1230                               | 271                 | 2670   | 481            | 757            | 106            | 279  | 78                 | 486                    | 0.38             | 0.038     |
| White                                | 4995                            | 878            | 1141                               | 265                 | 2349   | 439            | 636            | 68             | 210  | 51                 | 402                    | 0.33             | 0.034     |
| Tamarack                             | 7170                            | 1147           | 1236                               | 272                 | 3480   | 626            | 863            | 121            | 389  | 109                | 661                    | 0.49             | 0.049     |
| <b>HARDWOODS</b>                     |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Alder, red                           | 6540                            | 1044           | 1167                               | 257                 | 2960   | 484            | 770            | 108            | 250  | 70                 | 440                    | 0.38             | 0.038     |
| Ash:                                 |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Black                                | 6000                            | 960            | 1043                               | 229                 | 2300   | 414            | 861            | 120            | 347  | 97                 | 594                    | 0.45             | 0.045     |
| Green                                | 9460                            | 1514           | 1400                               | 308                 | 4200   | 756            | 1261           | 176            | 734  | 206                | 1209                   | 0.53             | 0.053     |
| White                                | 9500                            | 1520           | 1436                               | 316                 | 3990   | 718            | 1354           | 190            | 667  | 187                | 1102                   | 0.54             | 0.054     |
| Aspen:                               |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |                    |                        |                  |           |
| Bigtooth                             | 5400                            | 864            | 1120                               | 246                 | 2500   | 450            | 732            | 102            | 206  | 58                 | 370                    | 0.36             | 0.036     |
| Quaking                              | 5130                            | 821            | 860                                | 189                 | 2140   | 385            | 656            | 92             | 181  | 51                 | 272                    | 0.35             | 0.035     |

**TABLE 2** *Continued*

| Species (Official Common Tree Names) | Property                        |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|-----|--------------------|------------------|-----------|
|                                      | Modulus of Rupture <sup>B</sup> |                | Modulus of Elasticity <sup>C</sup> |                     | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength |                | Shear Strength |                | Compression, Perpendicular to Grain <sup>D</sup> |     |                    | Specific Gravity |           |
|                                      | Avg., psi                       | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., 1000 psi                     | Std. Dev., 1000 psi | Avg., psi  | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., psi      | Std. Dev., psi | Stress at Proportional Limit                     |     | Stress at 0.04 in. | Avg.             | Std. Dev. |
| Basswood, American                   | 4960                            | 794            | 1038                               | 228                 | 2220   | 400            | 599            | 84             | 170  | 48  | 313                | 0.32             | 0.032     |
| Beech, American                      | 8570                            | 1371           | 1381                               | 304                 | 3550   | 639            | 1288           | 180            | 544  | 152 | 907                | 0.57             | 0.057     |
| Birch:                               |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Paper                                | 6380                            | 1021           | 1170                               | 257                 | 2360   | 425            | 836            | 117            | 273  | 76  | 476                | 0.48             | 0.048     |
| Sweet                                | 9390                            | 1502           | 1650                               | 363                 | 3740   | 673            | 1245           | 174            | 473  | 132 | 794                | 0.60             | 0.060     |
| Yellow                               | 8260                            | 1322           | 1504                               | 331                 | 3380   | 608            | 1106           | 155            | 428  | 120 | 723                | 0.55             | 0.055     |
| Cottonwood:                          |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Eastern                              | 5260                            | 842            | 1013                               | 223                 | 2280   | 410            | 682            | 95             | 196  | 55  | 354                | 0.37             | 0.037     |
| Elm:                                 |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| American                             | 7190                            | 1150           | 1114                               | 245                 | 2910   | 524            | 1002           | 140            | 355  | 99  | 607                | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Rock                                 | 9490                            | 1518           | 1194                               | 263                 | 3780   | 680            | 1274           | 178            | 610  | 171 | 1012               | 0.57             | 0.057     |
| Slippery                             | 8010                            | 1282           | 1232                               | 271                 | 3320   | 598            | 1106           | 155            | 415  | 116 | 702                | 0.49             | 0.049     |
| Hackberry                            | 6480                            | 1037           | 954                                | 210                 | 2650   | 477            | 1070           | 150            | 399  | 112 | 676                | 0.49             | 0.049     |
| Hickory:                             |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Pecan                                | 9770                            | 1563           | 1367                               | 301                 | 3990   | 718            | 1482           | 207            | 777  | 218 | 1277               | 0.61             | 0.061     |
| Water                                | 10740                           | 1718           | 1563                               | 344                 | 4660   | 839            | 1440           | 202            | 881  | 247 | 1442               | 0.63             | 0.063     |
| Mockernut                            | 11080                           | 1773           | 1574                               | 346                 | 4480   | 806            | 1277           | 179            | 812  | 227 | 1333               | 0.64             | 0.064     |
| Pignut                               | 11740                           | 1878           | 1652                               | 363                 | 4810   | 866            | 1370           | 192            | 923  | 258 | 1509               | 0.67             | 0.067     |
| Shagbark                             | 11020                           | 1763           | 1566                               | 344                 | 4580   | 824            | 1520           | 213            | 843  | 236 | 1382               | 0.64             | 0.064     |
| Shellbark                            | 10530                           | 1685           | 1343                               | 295                 | 3920   | 706            | 1186           | 166            | 808  | 226 | 1326               | 0.63             | 0.063     |
| Bitternut                            | 10280                           | 1645           | 1399                               | 308                 | 4570   | 823            | 1237           | 173            | 799  | 224 | 1312               | 0.62             | 0.062     |
| Nutmeg                               | 9060                            | 1450           | 1289                               | 284                 | 3980   | 716            | 1032           | 144            | 760  | 213 | 1250               | 0.56             | 0.056     |
| Magnolia:                            |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Cucumbertree                         | 7420                            | 1187           | 1565                               | 344                 | 3140   | 565            | 991            | 139            | 330  | 92  | 567                | 0.44             | 0.044     |
| Southern magnolia                    | 6780                            | 1085           | 1106                               | 243                 | 2700   | 486            | 1044           | 146            | 462  | 129 | 777                | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Maple:                               |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Bigleaf                              | 7390                            | 1182           | 1095                               | 241                 | 3240   | 583            | 1108           | 155            | 449  | 126 | 756                | 0.44             | 0.044     |
| Black                                | 7920                            | 1267           | 1328                               | 292                 | 3270   | 589            | 1128           | 158            | 601  | 168 | 997                | 0.52             | 0.052     |
| Sugar                                | 9420                            | 1507           | 1546                               | 340                 | 4020   | 724            | 1465           | 205            | 645  | 181 | 1067               | 0.57             | 0.057     |
| Red                                  | 7690                            | 1230           | 1386                               | 305                 | 3280   | 590            | 1151           | 161            | 405  | 113 | 686                | 0.50             | 0.050     |
| Silver                               | 5820                            | 931            | 943                                | 207                 | 2490   | 448            | 1053           | 147            | 369  | 103 | 629                | 0.44             | 0.044     |
| Oak, red:                            |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Black                                | 8220                            | 1315           | 1182                               | 260                 | 3470   | 625            | 1222           | 171            | 706  | 198 | 1164               | 0.56             | 0.056     |
| Cherrybark                           | 10850                           | 1736           | 1790                               | 394                 | 4620   | 832            | 1321           | 185            | 765  | 214 | 1258               | 0.60             | 0.060     |
| Northern red                         | 8300                            | 1328           | 1353                               | 298                 | 3440   | 619            | 1214           | 170            | 614  | 172 | 987                | 0.56             | 0.056     |
| Southern red                         | 6920                            | 1107           | 1141                               | 251                 | 3030   | 545            | 934            | 131            | 547  | 153 | 912                | 0.53             | 0.053     |
| Laurel                               | 7940                            | 1270           | 1393                               | 306                 | 3170   | 571            | 1182           | 165            | 573  | 160 | 953                | 0.56             | 0.056     |
| Pin                                  | 8330                            | 1333           | 1318                               | 290                 | 3680   | 662            | 1293           | 181            | 715  | 200 | 1179               | 0.58             | 0.058     |
| Scarlet                              | 10420                           | 1667           | 1476                               | 325                 | 4090   | 736            | 1411           | 198            | 834  | 234 | 1368               | 0.61             | 0.061     |
| Water                                | 8910                            | 1426           | 1552                               | 341                 | 3740   | 673            | 1240           | 174            | 620  | 174 | 1028               | 0.56             | 0.056     |
| Willow                               | 7400                            | 1184           | 1286                               | 283                 | 3000   | 540            | 1184           | 166            | 611  | 171 | 1013               | 0.55             | 0.055     |
| Oak, white:                          |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Chestnut                             | 8030                            | 1285           | 1372                               | 302                 | 3520   | 634            | 1212           | 170            | 532  | 149 | 888                | 0.58             | 0.058     |
| Live                                 | 11930                           | 1909           | 1575                               | 346                 | 5430   | 977            | 2210           | 309            | 2039   | 571 | 3282               | 0.81             | 0.081     |
| Post                                 | 8080                            | 1293           | 1086                               | 239                 | 3480   | 626            | 1278           | 179            | 855  | 239 | 1401               | 0.60             | 0.060     |
| Swamp chestnut                       | 8480                            | 1357           | 1350                               | 297                 | 3540   | 637            | 1262           | 177            | 573  | 160 | 953                | 0.60             | 0.060     |
| White                                | 8300                            | 1328           | 1246                               | 274                 | 3560   | 641            | 1249           | 175            | 671  | 188 | 1109               | 0.60             | 0.060     |
| Bur                                  | 7180                            | 1149           | 877                                | 193                 | 3290   | 592            | 1354           | 190            | 677  | 190 | 1118               | 0.60             | 0.060     |
| Overcup                              | 8000                            | 1280           | 1146                               | 252                 | 3370   | 607            | 1315           | 184            | 539  | 151 | 899                | 0.56             | 0.056     |
| Swamp white                          | 9860                            | 1578           | 1593                               | 350                 | 4360   | 785            | 1296           | 181            | 764  | 214 | 1256               | 0.64             | 0.064     |
| Poplar, balsam                       | 3860                            | 618            | 748                                | 165                 | 1690   | 304            | 504            | 71             | 136  | 38  | 259                | 0.30             | 0.030     |
| Sycamore, American                   | 6470                            | 1035           | 1065                               | 234                 | 2920   | 526            | 996            | 139            | 365  | 102 | 622                | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Sweetgum                             | 7110                            | 1138           | 1201                               | 264                 | 3040   | 547            | 992            | 139            | 367  | 103 | 626                | 0.46             | 0.046     |

TABLE 2 Continued

| Species (Official Common Tree Names) | Property                        |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|-----|--------------------|------------------|-----------|
|                                      | Modulus of Rupture <sup>B</sup> |                | Modulus of Elasticity <sup>C</sup> |                     | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength |                | Shear Strength |                | Compression, Perpendicular to Grain <sup>D</sup> |     |                    | Specific Gravity |           |
|                                      | Avg., psi                       | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., 1000 psi                     | Std. Dev., 1000 psi | Avg., psi  | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., psi      | Std. Dev., psi | Stress at Proportional Limit                     |     | Stress at 0.04 in. | Avg.             | Std. Dev. |
| Tanoak                               | 10470                           | 1675           | 1550                               | 341                 | 4650   | 837            | ...            | ...            | ...  | ... | ...                | 0.58             | 0.058     |
| Tupelo:                              |                                 |                |                                    |                     |  |                |                |                |  |     |                    |                  |           |
| Black                                | 7040                            | 1126           | 1031                               | 227                 | 3040   | 547            | 1098           | 154            | 485  | 136 | 813                | 0.47             | 0.047     |
| Water                                | 7300                            | 1168           | 1052                               | 231                 | 3370   | 607            | 1194           | 167            | 480  | 134 | 805                | 0.46             | 0.046     |
| Yellow-poplar                        | 5950                            | 952            | 1222                               | 269                 | 2660   | 479            | 792            | 111            | 269  | 75  | 470                | 0.40             | 0.040     |

<sup>A</sup> For tension parallel and perpendicular to grain, modulus of rigidity, and transverse modulus of elasticity, see 4.3.

<sup>B</sup> Modulus of rupture values are applicable to material 2 in. (51 mm) in depth.

<sup>C</sup> Modulus of elasticity values are applicable at a ratio of shear span to depth of 14.

<sup>D</sup> Based on a 2-in. wide steel plate bearing on the center of a 2-in. wide by 2-in. thick by 6-in. long specimen oriented with growth rings parallel to load.

<sup>E</sup> A coefficient of variation of 28 % can be used as an approximate measure of variability of individual values about the stresses tabulated.

4.3.4 *Transverse Modulus of Elasticity*—For clear wood transverse modulus of elasticity, 0.055 times the modulus of elasticity shall be permitted.

NOTE 8—Transverse modulus of elasticity is based on the standard compression perpendicular to grain specimen configuration in Test Methods D143 with load applied to the radial surface. The factor 0.055 is 1/20 times 11/10 where the 11/10 converts the apparent moduli of elasticity, determined using Test Methods D143 flexure testing, to true moduli. The factor of 1/20 is the empirically determined ratio of transverse modulus of elasticity to true modulus of elasticity for Douglas-fir and represents an approximate average value across commercially important species tabulated in this practice.

## 5. Procedures for Assigning Values to Combinations

5.1 *General Requirements*—Administrative and marketing considerations often make it necessary or desirable to combine basic groups having relatively similar properties into a single marketing combination. When species are to be combined, it is necessary to give consideration to the species within the combination having the lowest strength and stiffness properties. This can be done by setting limits that determine when a species may be included in a combination without reducing the average properties for the combination. If a species is to be included and the limits are exceeded, the assigned property value for the combination must be reduced to a value such that the limits are not exceeded. In any combination of species, equitable treatment for each species in the combination is assured by using a weighting factor based on the standing timber volume of that species in relation to the total standing timber volume of the combination. Table 4 and Table 5 list cubic foot timber volume data for some commercially important species. The criteria in 5.1.1, 5.2, 5.3, and 5.4, based on experience with past accepted species groupings, are for use in developing clear wood strength and stiffness assignments for any combination of species or unit areas.

5.1.1 While strength values assigned to combinations under these methods do not necessarily require mixing of all the group members in a particular shipment, the assigned values shall reflect the probability of obtaining the higher strength as well as the lower strength members as the combination is used. If a portion of a combination is separately identified and

marketed to utilize fully its higher properties, the effect of such a separation shall be recognized by a re-evaluation of the remainder of the combination to assure that it also is marketed in accordance with its lower properties.

### 5.2 Combinations of Table 1 Species (Method A):

5.2.1 The modulus of elasticity value assigned to any combination of species and regional subdivisions of a species shall be the weighted average value for all species or regional subdivisions thereof included in the combination, subject to the following limitations:

NOTE 9—The weighted average modulus of elasticity and compression perpendicular to grain values are obtained by weighting the Table 1 values in proportion to the volume of standing timber in accordance with the data of Table 4, and then dividing the weighted values by the total volume they represent.

5.2.1.1 The modulus of elasticity value assigned to the combination shall not be more than 16 % greater than the lowest average value for any unit area included in the combination. The average modulus of elasticity for the lowest unit area of any species or subdivisions thereof may be computed from the information in Table 1. It is the quotient of the average modulus of elasticity divided by the associated variability index (see 4.1.6.2).

5.2.1.2 A species for which no timber volume data are available may be included in a previously established combination if the modulus of elasticity of the new species equals or exceeds the value assigned to the existing combination.

5.2.2 Establish compression perpendicular to grain values for combinations as described in 5.3.1. Establish other strength value assignments for combinations, which represent a value associated with the lower 5 % exclusion limit, as follows:

5.2.2.1 Strength values assigned to any combination of species and regional subdivisions of a species shall not exceed the 5 % exclusion value of the combined frequency distribution of all species or subdivisions included in the combination.

5.2.2.2 Determine the 5 % exclusion value for a combination of species and regional subdivisions of a species by adding the areas under the volume weighted frequency distribution of each species or subdivision thereof at successively higher

**TABLE 3 Clear Wood Strength Values Unadjusted for End Use and Measures of Variation for Commercial Species of Wood in the Unseasoned Condition (Method B) (for Woods Grown in Canada)<sup>A</sup>**

NOTE 1—Information on the strength properties of additional hardwood species can be obtained from Department of Forestry, Canada, *Publication No. 1104 (2)*.

NOTE 2—Values of standard deviation have been calculated using the values for *c* given in 4.2.

| Species (Official Common Tree Names) | Property                        |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      | Specific Gravity |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------|-----------|
|                                      | Modulus of Rupture <sup>B</sup> |                | Modulus of Elasticity <sup>C</sup> |                     | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength, max |                | Shear Strength |                | Compression, Perpendicular to Grain <sup>D</sup> |                   |                          | Avg. |                  | Std. Dev. |
|                                      | Avg., psi                       | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., 1000 psi                     | Std. Dev., 1000 psi | Avg., psi   | Std. Dev., psi | Avg., psi      | Std. Dev., psi | Fiber Stress at Proportional Limit               | Stress at 0.04 in | Avg., psi <sup>D,E</sup> |      |                  |           |
| SOFTWOODS                            |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Cedar:                               |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Eastern (northern) white             | 3860                            | 618            | 515                                | 113                 | 1890  | 340            | 660            | 92             | 196  | 55                | 354                      | 0.30 | 0.030            |           |
| Western red                          | 5300                            | 848            | 1046                               | 230                 | 2780  | 500            | 696            | 97             | 279  | 78                | 486                      | 0.31 | 0.031            |           |
| Cypress, yellow (Alaska cedar)       | 6640                            | 1062           | 1336                               | 294                 | 3240  | 583            | 880            | 123            | 350  | 98                | 599                      | 0.42 | 0.042            |           |
| Douglas fir                          | 7540                            | 1206           | 1613                               | 355                 | 3610  | 650            | 922            | 129            | 460  | 129               | 773                      | 0.45 | 0.045            |           |
| Fir:                                 |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Alpine                               | 5158                            | 825            | 1258                               | 277                 | 2502  | 450            | 684            | 96             | 258  | 72                | 452                      | 0.33 | 0.033            |           |
| Amabilis (Pacific silver)            | 5480                            | 877            | 1347                               | 296                 | 2770  | 499            | 714            | 100            | 234  | 66                | 414                      | 0.36 | 0.036            |           |
| Balsam                               | 5290                            | 846            | 1129                               | 248                 | 2440  | 439            | 679            | 95             | 243  | 68                | 429                      | 0.34 | 0.034            |           |
| Hemlock:                             |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Eastern                              | 6780                            | 1085           | 1268                               | 279                 | 3430  | 617            | 914            | 128            | 404  | 113               | 684                      | 0.40 | 0.040            |           |
| Western                              | 6960                            | 1114           | 1476                               | 325                 | 3580  | 644            | 752            | 105            | 373  | 104               | 635                      | 0.41 | 0.041            |           |
| Tamarack                             | 6820                            | 1091           | 1238                               | 272                 | 3130  | 563            | 919            | 129            | 413  | 116               | 699                      | 0.48 | 0.048            |           |
| Larch, western                       | 8680                            | 1389           | 1654                               | 364                 | 4420  | 796            | 920            | 129            | 519  | 145               | 867                      | 0.55 | 0.055            |           |
| Pine:                                |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Jack                                 | 6310                            | 1010           | 1167                               | 257                 | 2950  | 531            | 822            | 115            | 335  | 94                | 575                      | 0.42 | 0.042            |           |
| Lodgepole                            | 5650                            | 904            | 1274                               | 280                 | 2860  | 515            | 724            | 101            | 276  | 77                | 481                      | 0.40 | 0.040            |           |
| Red                                  | 5010                            | 802            | 1066                               | 235                 | 2370  | 427            | 711            | 100            | 281  | 79                | 489                      | 0.39 | 0.039            |           |
| Western white                        | 4830                            | 773            | 1187                               | 261                 | 2520  | 454            | 652            | 91             | 235  | 66                | 416                      | 0.36 | 0.036            |           |
| Ponderosa                            | 5700                            | 912            | 1130                               | 249                 | 2840  | 511            | 720            | 101            | 349  | 98                | 597                      | 0.44 | 0.044            |           |
| Eastern white                        | 5140                            | 822            | 1176                               | 259                 | 2590  | 466            | 635            | 89             | 238  | 67                | 421                      | 0.36 | 0.036            |           |
| Spruce:                              |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Black                                | 5870                            | 939            | 1320                               | 290                 | 2760  | 497            | 796            | 111            | 300  | 84                | 519                      | 0.41 | 0.041            |           |
| Engelmann                            | 5660                            | 906            | 1251                               | 275                 | 2810  | 506            | 702            | 98             | 268  | 75                | 468                      | 0.38 | 0.038            |           |
| Red                                  | 5880                            | 941            | 1325                               | 292                 | 2810  | 506            | 807            | 113            | 273  | 76                | 476                      | 0.38 | 0.038            |           |
| Sitka                                | 5420                            | 867            | 1370                               | 301                 | 2560  | 461            | 634            | 89             | 291  | 81                | 505                      | 0.35 | 0.035            |           |
| White                                | 5100                            | 816            | 1150                               | 253                 | 2470  | 445            | 670            | 94             | 245  | 69                | 432                      | 0.35 | 0.035            |           |
| HARDWOODS                            |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Aspen:                               |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Largetooth                           | 5340                            | 854            | 1082                               | 238                 | 2390  | 430            | 789            | 110            | 212  | 59                | 379                      | 0.39 | 0.039            |           |
| Quaking                              | 5460                            | 874            | 1307                               | 288                 | 2350  | 423            | 718            | 101            | 199  | 56                | 359                      | 0.37 | 0.037            |           |
| Cottonwood:                          |                                 |                |                                    |                     |   |                |                |                |  |                   |                          |      |                  |           |
| Black                                | 4060                            | 650            | 971                                | 214                 | 1860  | 335            | 558            | 78             | 101  | 28                | 202                      | 0.30 | 0.030            |           |
| Eastern                              | 4740                            | 758            | 869                                | 191                 | 1970  | 355            | 770            | 108            | 210  | 59                | 376                      | 0.35 | 0.035            |           |
| Poplar, balsam                       | 5010                            | 802            | 1151                               | 253                 | 2110  | 380            | 666            | 93             | 178  | 50                | 325                      | 0.37 | 0.037            |           |

<sup>A</sup> For tension parallel and perpendicular to grain, modulus of rigidity, and transverse modulus of elasticity, see 4.3.

<sup>B</sup> Modulus of rupture values are applicable to material 2 in. (51 mm) in depth.

<sup>C</sup> Modulus of elasticity values are applicable at a ratio of shear span to depth of 14.

<sup>D</sup> Based on a 2-in. wide steel plate bearing on the center of a 2-in. wide by 2-in. thick by 6-in. long specimen oriented with growth rings parallel to load.

<sup>E</sup> A coefficient of variation of 28 % can be used as an approximate measure of variability of individual values about the stresses tabulated.

levels of strength until a value is obtained below which 5 % of the area under the combined frequency distribution will fall.

NOTE 10—An approximate value for the 5 % exclusion limit of a combination can be obtained by computing the volume weighted average 5 % exclusion value for all included species or regional subdivisions

thereof from the appropriate standard deviations.

5.2.2.3 In addition, the composite dispersion factor (CDF) (Eq 5) shall not be less than 1.18 for any included species or subdivision thereof. For basic groups using Method A procedure:



TABLE 4 Standing Timber Volume for Commercially Important Species Grown in the United States

| Species         | Volume MMCF <sup>A, B</sup> | Species             | Volume MMCF <sup>A, B</sup> |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Alder, red      | 7764                        | Larch, western      | 5984                        |
| Ash             | 11 595                      | Maple:              |                             |
| Aspen:          |                             | Black               | 52                          |
| Bigtooth        | 3974                        | Red                 | 31 398                      |
| Quaking         | 17 445                      | Silver              | 1913                        |
| Baldcypress     | 4200                        | Sugar               | 21 950                      |
| Beech, American | 9262                        | Oak: <sup>C</sup>   |                             |
| Birch:          |                             | Select red          | 22 867                      |
| Sweet           | 2601                        | Other red           | 42 455                      |
| Yellow          | 4008                        | Select white        | 29 776                      |
| Cedar:          |                             | Other white         | 19 780                      |
| Alaska          | 105                         | Pine:               |                             |
| Atlantic white  | 311                         | Eastern white       | 13 483                      |
| Eastern red     | 1612                        | Jack                | 1561                        |
| Incense         | 3611                        | Lodgepole           | 28 420                      |
| Northern white  | 5354                        | Ponderosa           | 36 223                      |
| Port-Orford     | 272                         | Red                 | 4084                        |
| Western red     | 7736                        | Southern yellow:    |                             |
| Cottonwood:     |                             | Loblolly            | 57 990                      |
| Black           | 781                         | Longleaf            | 4795                        |
| Douglas-fir:    |                             | Pitch               | 1436                        |
| Coast           | 58 722                      | Pond                | 1251                        |
| Interior West   | 19 761                      | Shortleaf           | 15 284                      |
| Interior North  | 30 020                      | Slash               | 10 891                      |
| Interior South  | 5779                        | Spruce              | 576                         |
| Fir:            |                             | Virginia            | 7206                        |
| Balsam          | 5655                        | Sugar               | 3373                        |
| California red  | 3150                        | Western white       | 1227                        |
| Grand           | 11 134                      | Redwood             | 4631                        |
| Noble           | 1152                        | Spruce:             |                             |
| Pacific silver  | 5671                        | Black               | 1599                        |
| Subalpine       | 11 939                      | Engelmann           | 17 804                      |
| White           | 14 471                      | Red                 | 4803                        |
| Hackberry       | 1133                        | Sitka               | 1470                        |
| Hemlock:        |                             | White               | 1790                        |
| Eastern         | 8530                        | Sweetgum            | 18 388                      |
| Mountain        | 3040                        | Sycamore            | 2658                        |
| Western         | 20 894                      | Tamarack            | 1202                        |
| Hickory         | 7888                        | Tupelo <sup>D</sup> | 6507                        |
|                 |                             | Yellow-poplar       | 23 203                      |

<sup>A</sup> Million cubic feet.

<sup>B</sup> Source: Miles, et al (3). The attribute of interest is volume of growing stock in timberland (cuft) (live growing stock volume ≥5" DBH, on timberland). Based on survey data from 2000 or earlier.

<sup>C</sup> Select white oaks are *Quercus alba*(white), *Q. michauxii*(swamp chestnut), *Q. muehlenbergii*(chinkapin), *Q. durandii*Durand, *Q. bicolor*(swamp white), and *Q. macrocarpa*(bur). Select red oaks are *Q. rubra*(northern red), *Q. falcata* var. *pagodaefolia*(cherry bark), and *Q. shumardii*(shumard). Other Red and White are from Hardwoods of North America by Harry Alden. Definitions of other White are *Q. garryana* (Oregon White), *Q. lyrata* (overcup), *Q. stellata* (post), and *Q. prinus* (chestnut). Other Reds are *Q. falcata* (southern red), *Q. coccinea* (scarlet), *Q. kelloggi* (California black), *Q. laurifolia* (laurel), *Q. nigra* (water), *Q. nuttalli* (nuttal), *Q. palustris* (pin), *Q. phellos* (willow), and *Q. velutina* (black).

<sup>D</sup> Includes black gum.

$$CDF = \left[ \left( \frac{\bar{Y}}{V.I.} \right) - A \right] / s \quad (5)$$

where:

- $\bar{Y}$  = average value for each species or basic group of unit areas of a species included in the combination,
- V.I. = variability index for each species or basic group of unit areas of a species included in the combination,
- s = standard deviation for each species or basic group of unit areas of a species included in the combination, and
- A = the computed 5 % exclusion value of the combined frequency distribution.

5.2.2.4 A species for which no timber volume data are available may be included in a previously established combination if the 5 % exclusion values of the new species equal or exceed the strength property values assigned the combination.

NOTE 11—An exclusion limit is a level of strength below which a selected percentage of the strength values are expected to fall and corresponds to a selected probability point from the frequency distribution of strength values. A 5 % exclusion limit for a species of regional subdivision is obtained by multiplying the standard deviation for the strength property under consideration by 1.645 and subtracting the product from the average strength value.

5.3 Combinations of Table 2 and Table 3 Species (Method B):

5.3.1 The modulus of elasticity and stress in compression perpendicular to grain values assigned to any combination of species shall be the weighted average value for all species included in the combination, subject to the following limitations (Note 9):

5.3.1.1 Neither property value assigned to the combination shall be more than 10 % larger than the average value for any included species or regional subdivision.

**TABLE 5 Standing Timber Volume for Commercially Important Species Grown in Canada<sup>A</sup>**

| Species                        | Volume MMCF <sup>B</sup> | Species        | Volume MMCF <sup>B</sup> |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Aspen:                         |                          |                |                          |
| Largetooth                     | 11 179                   |                |                          |
| Quaking                        | 53 952                   | Tamarack       | 3613                     |
| Cottonwood:                    |                          | Larch, western | 2608                     |
| Black                          | 10 871                   |                |                          |
| Eastern                        | 73                       | Pine:          |                          |
| Cedar:                         |                          | Red            | 1235                     |
| Eastern (northern white)       | 7686                     | Ponderosa      | 640                      |
| Western red                    | 20 690                   | Western white  | 657                      |
| Cypress, yellow (Alaska cedar) | 5494                     | Eastern white  | 6779                     |
| Douglas Fir                    | 26 171                   | Jack           | 30 767                   |
|                                |                          | Lodgepole      | 86 860                   |
| Fir:                           |                          | Spruce         |                          |
| Amabilis                       | 13 793                   | White          | 57 193                   |
| Grandis                        | 10                       | Black          | 140 539                  |
| Alpine                         | 27 415                   | Red            | 21 077                   |
| Balsam                         | 45 566                   | Sitka          | 12 231                   |
|                                |                          | Engelmann      | 15 528                   |
| Hemlock:                       |                          | Poplar, balsam | 15 426                   |
| Eastern                        | 2108                     |                |                          |
| Western                        | 46 231                   |                |                          |

<sup>A</sup> From Canada's National Forest Inventory, 2001 (4). Timber volumes are compiled for not-reserved forest stock greater than 60 years in age and conforming to the definition of mature or older forests.

<sup>B</sup> Million cubic feet, converted from thousand cubic metres by a factor of .0353.

5.3.1.2 A species for which no timber volume data are available may be included in a previously established combination if the property of the new species equals or exceeds the value assigned to the existing combination.

5.3.2 Establish strength value assignments to combinations, which represent a value associated with the lower 5 % exclusion limit, as follows:

5.3.2.1 Strength values assigned to any combination of species shall not exceed the 5 % exclusion value of the combined frequency distribution of all species included in the combination.

5.3.2.2 Determine the 5 % exclusion value for a combination of species by adding the areas under the volume weighted frequency distribution of each species at successively higher levels of strength until a value is obtained below which 5 % of the area under the combined frequency distribution will fall (Note 10).

5.3.2.3 In addition, the composite dispersion factor (CDF) shall not be less than 1.48 for Method B, as established by the following equation:

$$\text{CDF} = (\bar{Y} - A) / s \quad (\text{see } 5.2.2.3) \quad (6)$$

5.3.2.4 A species for which no timber volume data are available may be included in a previously established combination

if the 5 % exclusion values of the new species equals or exceeds the strength property values assigned the combination.

5.4 *Combinations of Table 1 and Table 2 and Table 3 Species (Methods A and B Combined):*

5.4.1 Establish compression perpendicular to grain values for combinations as described in 5.3.1. The modulus of elasticity value assigned to any combination involving species analyzed by Method A and species analyzed by Method B shall be the weighted average value for all species and regional subdivisions thereof included in the combination and shall be subject to the following limitations (Note 9):

5.4.1.1 The modulus of elasticity value assigned to the combination shall not exceed the weighted average value for all species included in the combination. In addition, it shall conform to all requirements of 5.2.1.1 for those included species or regional subdivisions thereof analyzed by Method A; and shall conform to all the requirements of 5.3.1.1 for those included species or regional subdivisions thereof analyzed by Method B.

5.4.1.2 A species for which no timber volume data are available may be included in a previously established combination if the modulus of elasticity of the new species equals or exceeds the value assigned to the existing combination.

5.4.2 Strength values assigned to any combination involving species analyzed by Method A and species analyzed by Method B shall represent a value associated with the lower 5 % exclusion limit and shall be established as follows:

5.4.2.1 Strength values assigned to the combination shall not exceed the 5 % exclusion value of the combined frequency distribution of all species or subdivisions thereof included in the combination. The 5 % exclusion values shall be determined by the method described in 5.2.2.2 and 5.3.2.2. In addition, strength values shall conform to all the requirements of 5.2.2.3 and 5.3.2.3 for those species or regional subdivisions thereof analyzed by Methods A and B, respectively (Note 10).

5.4.2.2 A species for which no timber volume data are available may be included in a previously established combination if the 5 % exclusion values of the new species equal or exceed the strength property values assigned the combination.

5.5 *Illustration of the Application of Procedures for Assigning Values to Combinations*—The following examples, using hypothetical values, illustrate the procedures used to establish modulus of elasticity and strength assignments for species groupings:

*Example 1—Modulus of Elasticity (MOE) Assignment for Combination of Three Species Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method A):*

| Column 1 | Column 2           | Column 3          | Column 4                | Column 5 <sup>A</sup>                  |         | 5 %           | Percent           | Composite |                             |                         |                         |
|----------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|---------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Species  | Avg. MOE, 1000 psi | Variability Index | Percent of Total Volume | Avg. MOE of Lowest Unit Area, 1000 psi | Species | Avg. MOR, psi | Variability Index | Std. Dev. | Exclusion Value for Species | Percent of Total Volume | Dispersion Factor (CDF) |
| A        | 1503               | 1.06              | 40                      | 1418                                   | A       | 5700          | 1.04              | 850       | 4302                        | 40                      | 1.23 (lowest)           |
| B        | 1296               | 1.05              | 40                      | 1234                                   | B       | 6150          | 1.06              | 940       | 4604                        | 40                      | 1.46                    |
| C        | 1214               | 1.08              | 20                      | 1124                                   | C       | 5980          | 1.04              | 920       | 4467                        | 20                      | 1.43                    |

<sup>A</sup> Column 5 values = column 2/column 3.  
 Applicable grouping limit = 16 %.  
 Weighted average MOE of combination = [(1503 × 40) + (1296 × 40) + (1214 × 20)]/100 = 1362.  
 Lowest unit area MOE value × 1.16 = 1124 × 1.16 = 1304.  
 Lowest unit area MOE value governs, and the MOE value assigned to the combination is 1 300 000 psi.

*Example 2—Modulus of Elasticity Assignment for Combination of Three Species Not Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method B):*

| Species | Avg. MOE, 1000 psi | Percent of Total Volume |
|---------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| D       | 1585               | 25                      |
| E       | 1413               | 30                      |
| F       | 1292               | 45                      |

Applicable grouping limit = 10 %.  
 Weighted average MOE of = [(1585 × 25) + (1413 × 30) + (1292 × 45)]/100 = 1402.  
 Lowest species MOE value in combination × 1.10 = 1292 × 1.10 = 1421.  
 Weighted average value governs, average MOE assigned to combination shall not exceed 1 400 000 psi.

*Example 3—Modulus of Elasticity Assignment for Combination of Two Species Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method A) and a Species Not Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method B):*

| Species | Avg. MOE, 1000 psi | Variability Index | Percent of Total Volume | Avg. MOE of Lowest Unit Area, 1000 psi |
|---------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| G       | 1613               | 1.04              | 35                      | 1551                                   |
| H       | 1492               | 1.06              | 40                      | 1408                                   |
| I       | 1348               | ...               | 25                      | ...                                    |

Applicable grouping limit = 16 % (Method A).  
 Applicable grouping limit = 10 % (Method B).  
 Weighted average MOE of combination = [(1613 × 35) + (1492 × 40) + (1348 × 25)]/100 = 1498.  
 Lowest unit area MOE value × 1.16 = 1408 × 1.16 = 1633.  
 Lowest species value × 1.10 = 1348 × 1.10 = 1483.  
 Lowest species MOE value governs and the MOE value assigned to the combination is 1 483 000 psi.

*Example 4—Modulus of Rupture (MOR) Assignment for Combination of Three Species Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method A):*

Minimum allowable CDF = 1.18.  
 5 % exclusion value of combination = 4432.  
 The lowest CDF exceeds 1.18, hence the computed value governs, and the exclusion value assigned to the combination shall not exceed 4432 psi.

*Example 5—Modulus of Rupture Assignment for Combination of Three Species Not Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method B):*

| Species | Avg. MOR, psi | Std. Dev. | 5 % Exclusion Value for Species | Percent of Total Volume | Composite Dispersion Factor (CDF) |
|---------|---------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| D       | 6951          | 1112      | 5121                            | 25                      | 1.86                              |
| E       | 7202          | 1152      | 5305                            | 30                      | 2.02                              |
| F       | 6301          | 1008      | 4642                            | 45                      | 1.41                              |

Minimum allowable CDF = 1.48.  
 5 % exclusion value for combination = 4880.  
 The lowest CDF is less than the minimum allowable value. The exclusion value assigned to the combination shall not exceed 6301 – (1.48 × 1008) = 4809 psi.

*Example 6—Modulus of Rupture Assignment for Combination of One Species Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method A) and Two Species Not Analyzed by the Unit Area Procedure (Method B):*

| Species | Avg. MOR, psi | Variability Index | Std. Dev. | 5 % Exclusion Value for Species | Percent of Total Volume | Composite Dispersion Factor (CDF) |
|---------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| G       | 7000          | 1.05              | 1040      | 5289                            | 50                      | 1.74                              |
| H       | 6850          | ...               | 1096      | 5047                            | 40                      | 1.82                              |
| I       | 5400          | ...               | 864       | 3979                            | 10                      | 1.29 (lowest)                     |

Minimum allowable CDF for G = 1.18. Minimum allowable CDF for H and I = 1.48.  
 5 % exclusion value for combination = 4853.  
 The lowest CDF is less than the minimum allowable value. The exclusion value assigned to the combination shall not exceed 5400 – (1.48 × 864) = 4121 psi.

## 6. Requirements for Evaluation of New Data

6.1 New clear wood property data are reviewed for acceptance to determine if the new data adequately represent the target species. It is not the intent to address specific product-line concerns for practical implementation. Such concerns are addressed by the product-line subcommittees. Where clear wood values are already tabulated in these test methods for a species, new data may be presented to substantiate, augment,

or replace the existing data used to establish tabulated information. The following requirements shall be met before submission of the new data to the responsible subcommittee of Committee D07 for evaluation and recommended action (see [Appendix X2](#)).

6.1.1 *Replacement*—Before new data are considered for replacement of existing data (the latter defined as those data used to establish the property information tabulated in these test methods), the species shall have been representatively sampled and appropriate statistical tests conducted to show that the new data describing the species are significantly different than the existing data, with respect to mean, variance, fifth percentile, or any combination thereof. In the absence of analyses showing significant differences between new and existing data, the new data still may be submitted for replacement of existing data if documentation is provided showing that the new data represent a more adequate sample or are more completely documented than existing data, or both.

6.1.2 *Augment Existing Data*—Where new data are demonstrated to be representative of the species, but do not show the significant differences prescribed in [6.1.1](#), and where existing data are documented and are shown to be in need of additional

precision, new data may be submitted for consideration for combining with existing data to obtain a more precise estimate of the target population parameters.

6.1.3 *Substantiation*—Where new data are demonstrated to be representative of the species, but do not present the significant differences stated in [6.1.1](#), and where it is not possible or feasible to augment existing data, the new data analysis may be submitted for inclusion in permanent ASTM files as substantiation of the specific clear wood values to which the data apply. When acceptance of new data as substantiation of existing clear wood data is approved by action of subcommittee and committee, a footnote shall be added to the appropriate values tabulated in these test methods that references the document providing the substantiation and gives the date substantiation was approved.

## 7. Keywords

7.1 clear wood; density survey; laminated wood; lumber modulus of elasticity; plywood; round timber; species combinations; specific gravity; strength properties; timber volumes; variability

## APPENDIXES

### (Nonmandatory Information)

#### X1. PRINCIPLES FOR CONVERSION TO DESIGN VALUES

##### X1.1 General

X1.1.1 This section gives general principles and information that are applicable to all wood products to convert standard clear-wood strength values to design values. These principles deal with duration of load, moisture content, temperature, strength-reducing characteristics, shape and form, factor of safety, and rounding of the calculated values. Standards used for the development of design values for a product should show how these or other factors have been taken into account and should give reference to adequate supporting data or analysis.

##### X1.2 Duration of Load

X1.2.1 Standard strength values for wood are based on tests of 5 to 10-min duration, and all except modulus of elasticity are subject to adjustment for other durations of load. [Fig. X1.1](#) shows the generalized relation of strength to duration of load. Repeated loads have a cumulative effect that may have to be considered in some designs. Combinations of loads may be critical at the stress for the permanent part of the load or at some higher stress of shorter duration. Plastic flow effects may be taken into account where stiffness over a period of time is important. These factors are discussed in greater detail in “Duration of Load and Fatigue in Wood Structures.” ([5](#))

##### X1.3 Moisture Content

X1.3.1 Wood increases in strength and modulus of elasticity as it dries below the fiber saturation point, which is at about 30 % moisture content. The average increases in properties of

small clear specimens dried to 12 % moisture content, when compared with properties of matched specimens in the green condition, are tabulated in [Table X1.1](#) and [Table X1.2](#). Increases in strength and modulus of elasticity of the clear wood may not be fully realized in products because of the interaction of drying with type of product, form, size, occurrence of drying defects, and to some extent, species. Standards used for the development of design values for wood products should recognize the net gain of strength or stiffness from drying and should show how it is to be applied.

X1.3.2 Although drying results in increases of strength in many structural members, the size of a member is reduced by shrinkage resulting from drying. The net gain of strength or modulus of elasticity of a wood product and the rules for applying it with recognition of the effects of shrinkage are left to the appropriate standards for that product.

##### X1.4 Temperature

X1.4.1 Wood is stronger at low than at high temperature. Prolonged exposure to high temperature also causes a permanent reduction of strength. These effects are discussed in the *Wood Handbook* ([6](#)) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Strength values tabulated in this practice are derived from tests made at temperatures of 70 to 75°F (21 to 23.9°C). Standards used for the development of design values for wood products are expected to be suitable for the range of temperatures encountered in normal use or to include appropriate factors to compensate for the effects of abnormal temperatures if needed.

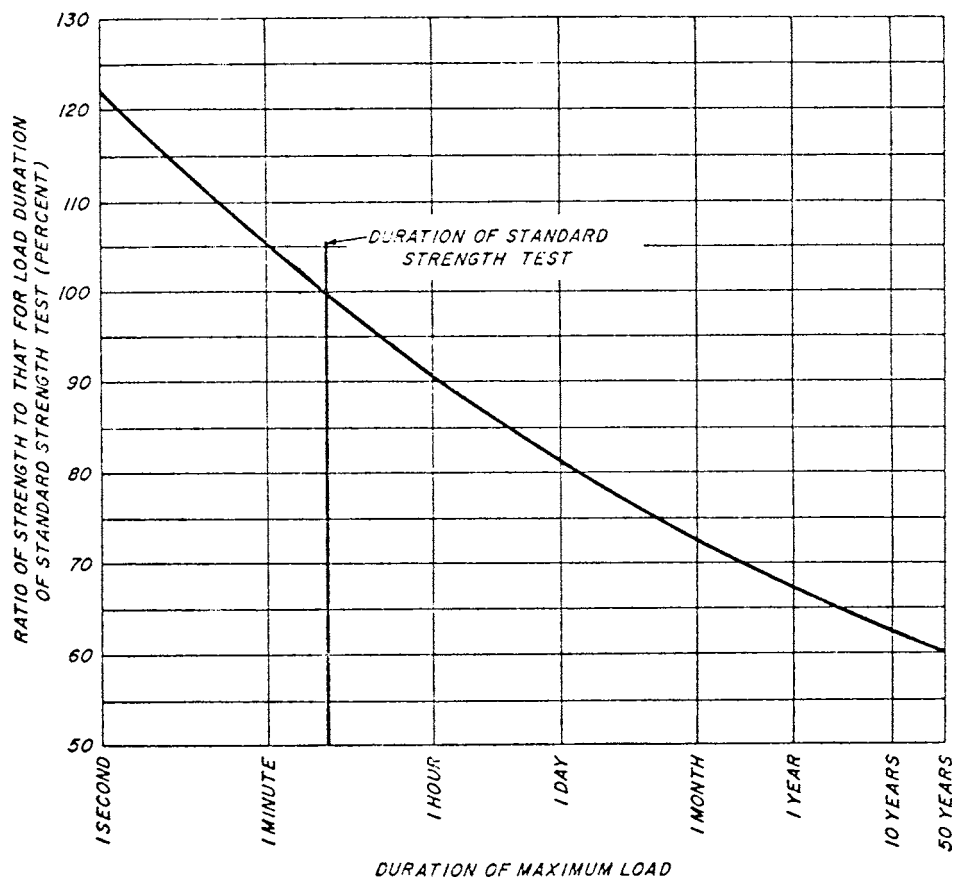


FIG. X1.1 Relation of Strength to Duration of Load

### X1.5 Strength-Reducing Characteristics

X1.5.1 Standard clear-wood strength values, including moduli of elasticity, provided by these methods are intended to be appropriately modified to account for effects of natural or induced strength-reducing characteristics. Strength-reducing effects specifically associated with the general grade or quality of each manufactured wood product should be expressed as grade strength ratios or other technically equivalent parameters derived from and justified by appropriate scientific studies.

### X1.6 Shape and Form

X1.6.1 Shape or form has an effect on the strength or stiffness of many wood structural products that is taken into account in developing design values. Factors for shape or form are discussed at several points in the *Wood Handbook*, U.S. Department of Agriculture (6).

### X1.7 Factor of Safety

X1.7.1 Standards used in the development of design values for marketed wood products should take into account, after applying the foregoing factors, whether a further reduction of stress for factor of safety should be made, and if so how much. The accounting should be made preferably by considering the factor of safety as multivalued and as depending upon conditions of both strength and use. The factor of safety may

recognize differences in the hazards and the consequences of failure appropriate to the expected uses of the various marketed wood products. An extended discussion of the factor of safety is found in *ASCE Transactions*, Paper No. 3051 (7).

### X1.8 Rounding of Values

X1.8.1 Table 1 and Table 2 and similar data indicate the degree of significance of the tabulated strength values and point out that these are to be used for computations. After computations of group or other values are made, the values should be suitably rounded for design use as may be determined by each product subcommittee to be appropriate in the standard being used to develop the design values.

### X1.9 Compression Perpendicular to Grain

X1.9.1 Compression perpendicular to grain stress at 0.04-in. deformation in Tables 1-3 is based on the following equation:

$$Y_{0.04} = 42.44 + 1.589 \text{ P.L.} \quad (\text{X1.1})$$

where P.L. is the average proportional limit stress in the corresponding Tables 1-3 except for values for Douglas fir—Coast, Douglas fir—interior north, shortleaf pine, western hemlock, Pacific sliver fir, Englemann spruce, white spruce, northern red oak, and quaking aspen. The stresses at 0.04-in. deformation for these species are the mean values from Table 1 of the literature. (8)



**TABLE X1.1 Ratios of Dry<sup>A</sup> to Green Clear Wood Properties for Woods Grown in the United States**

| Species or Region, or Both (Official Common Tree Names) | Property           |                       |  |                |  |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------|--|
|   | Modulus of Rupture | Modulus of Elasticity | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength | Shear Strength | Compression Perpendicular to Grain, Stress at Proportional Limit |
| S OFTWOODS  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Baldcypress   | 1.60               | 1.22                  | 1.78   | 1.23           | 1.81   |
| Cedar:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Alaska  | 1.73               | 1.25                  | 2.07   | 1.35           | 1.78   |
| Atlantic white  | 1.44               | 1.24                  | 1.97   | 1.16           | 1.67   |
| Eastern red   | 1.25               | 1.36                  | 1.69   | ...            | 1.32   |
| Incense   | 1.28               | 1.24                  | 1.65   | 1.05           | 1.59   |
| Northern white  | 1.54               | 1.24                  | 1.99   | 1.39           | 1.32   |
| Port Orford   | 1.93               | 1.31                  | 1.99   | 1.62           | 2.38   |
| Western red   | 1.46               | 1.18                  | 1.64   | 1.29           | 1.89   |
| Douglas fir:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Coast   | 1.62               | 1.25                  | 1.91   | 1.25           | 2.08   |
| Interior North  | 1.76               | 1.27                  | 1.99   | 1.48           | 2.16   |
| Interior South  | 1.75               | 1.28                  | 2.00   | 1.59           | 2.20   |
| Interior West   | 1.64               | 1.21                  | 1.92   | 1.38           | 1.82   |
| Fir:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Balsam  | 1.66               | 1.16                  | 2.01   | 1.43           | 2.16   |
| California red  | 1.81               | 1.28                  | 1.98   | 1.36           | 1.82   |
| Grand   | 1.53               | 1.26                  | 1.80   | 1.22           | 1.85   |
| Noble   | 1.74               | 1.25                  | 2.03   | 1.31           | 1.90   |
| Pacific silver  | 1.71               | 1.24                  | 2.04   | 1.64           | 1.98   |
| Subalpine   | 1.76               | 1.23                  | 2.11   | 1.54           | 2.01   |
| White   | 1.67               | 1.29                  | 2.00   | 1.46           | 1.89   |
| Hemlock:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Eastern   | 1.39               | 1.11                  | 1.76   | 1.25           | 1.81   |
| Mountain  | 1.83               | 1.28                  | 2.24   | 1.65           | 2.32   |
| Western   | 1.71               | 1.25                  | 2.14   | 1.49           | 1.94   |
| Larch, western  | 1.70               | 1.28                  | 2.03   | 1.56           | 2.32   |
| Pine:   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Eastern white   | 1.74               | 1.24                  | 1.97   | 1.33           | 2.01   |
| Jack  | 1.64               | 1.27                  | 1.92   | 1.55           | 1.95   |
| Lodgepole   | 1.70               | 1.24                  | 2.06   | 1.28           | 2.41   |
| Monterey  | 2.00               | 1.27                  | 2.22   | 1.69           | 2.11   |
| Ponderosa   | 1.84               | 1.30                  | 2.17   | 1.61           | 2.05   |
| Red   | 1.88               | 1.27                  | 2.22   | 1.77           | 2.31   |
| Sugar   | 1.67               | 1.16                  | 1.81   | 1.58           | 2.32   |
| Western white   | 2.06               | 1.22                  | 2.07   | 1.54           | 2.45   |
| Pine, southern yellow:                                  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Loblolly  | 1.75               | 1.28                  | 2.03   | 1.61           | 2.04   |
| Longleaf  | 1.70               | 1.25                  | 1.96   | 1.45           | 2.01   |
| Pitch   | 1.59               | 1.19                  | 2.01   | 1.58           | 2.23   |
| Pond  | 1.56               | 1.37                  | 2.06   | 1.48           | 2.06   |
| Sand  | 1.54               | 1.38                  | 2.01   | .96            | 1.86   |
| Shortleaf   | 1.76               | 1.26                  | 2.06   | 1.54           | 2.31   |
| Slash   | 1.87               | 1.29                  | 2.13   | 1.74           | 1.93   |
| Spruce  | 1.73               | 1.23                  | 1.99   | 1.66           | 2.63   |
| Virginia  | 1.77               | 1.25                  | 1.96   | 1.52           | 2.32   |
| Redwood   | 1.34               | 1.15                  | 1.68   | 1.25           | 1.93   |
| Spruce:   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Black   | 1.77               | 1.16                  | 2.10   | 1.67           | 2.27   |
| Engelmann   | 1.98               | 1.26                  | 2.06   | 1.89           | 2.06   |
| Red   | 1.80               | 1.25                  | 2.04   | 1.71           | 2.09   |
| Sitka   | 1.81               | 1.27                  | 2.10   | 1.51           | 2.07   |
| White   | 1.89               | 1.25                  | 2.20   | 1.53           | 2.06   |
| Tamarack  | 1.62               | 1.33                  | 2.06   | 1.49           | 2.07   |
| HARDWOODS   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Alder, red  | 1.50               | 1.18                  | 1.97   | 1.40           | 1.73   |
| Ash:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |

**TABLE X1.1** *Continued*

| Species or Region, or Both (Official Common Tree Names) | Property           |                       |  |                |  |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------|--|
|   | Modulus of Rupture | Modulus of Elasticity | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength | Shear Strength | Compression Perpendicular to Grain, Stress at Proportional Limit |
| Black   | 2.10               | 1.53                  | 2.60   | 1.82           | 2.20   |
| Green   | 1.49               | 1.18                  | 1.69   | 1.52           | 1.78   |
| Oregon  | 1.67               | 1.20                  | 1.72   | 1.50           | 2.36   |
| White   | 1.57               | 1.21                  | 1.86   | 1.41           | 1.73   |
| Aspen:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Bigtooth  | 1.68               | 1.27                  | 2.12   | 1.48           | 2.19   |
| Quaking   | 1.64               | 1.37                  | 1.99   | 1.30           | 2.04   |
| Beech, American   | 1.74               | 1.25                  | 2.06   | 1.56           | 1.86   |
| Basswood, American                                      | 1.76               | 1.41                  | 2.13   | 1.65           | 2.16   |
| Birch:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Paper or white  | 1.92               | 1.36                  | 2.41   | 1.45           | 2.20   |
| Sweet   | 1.80               | 1.32                  | 2.28   | 1.80           | 2.29   |
| Yellow  | 2.01               | 1.34                  | 2.42   | 1.70           | 2.26   |
| Butternut   | 1.51               | 1.21                  | 2.11   | 1.55           | 2.08   |
| Cherry, black   | 1.54               | 1.14                  | 2.01   | 1.51           | 1.91   |
| Chestnut, American                                      | 1.53               | 1.32                  | 2.15   | 1.36           | 2.00   |
| Cottonwood:   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Black   | 1.73               | 1.18                  | 2.05   | 1.69           | 1.82   |
| Eastern   | 1.62               | 1.35                  | 2.15   | 1.36           | 1.95   |
| Elm:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| American  | 1.65               | 1.20                  | 1.90   | 1.51           | 1.95   |
| Cedar   | 1.47               | 1.27                  | 1.61   | 1.70           | 1.57   |
| Rock  | 1.56               | 1.29                  | 1.87   | 1.51           | 2.02   |
| Slippery  | 1.62               | 1.21                  | 1.92   | 1.48           | 1.97   |
| Winged  | 1.61               | 1.36                  | 1.83   | 1.82           | 1.61   |
| Hackberry   | 1.70               | 1.25                  | 2.05   | 1.49           | 2.23   |
| Hickory:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Bitternut   | 1.66               | 1.28                  | 1.98   | 1.58           | 2.10   |
| Mockernut   | 1.74               | 1.41                  | 2.00   | 1.36           | 2.13   |
| Nutmeg  | 1.83               | 1.32                  | 1.74   | 1.79           | 2.06   |
| Pecan   | 1.40               | 1.26                  | 1.97   | 1.40           | 2.22   |
| Pignut  | 1.71               | 1.37                  | 1.91   | 1.57           | 2.15   |
| Shagbark  | 1.83               | 1.38                  | 2.01   | 1.60           | 2.08   |
| Shellbark   | 1.72               | 1.41                  | 2.04   | 1.78           | 2.23   |
| Water   | 1.65               | 1.30                  | 1.85   | ...            | 1.75   |
| Honeylocust   | 1.44               | 1.27                  | 1.70   | 1.36           | 1.60   |
| Locust, black   | 1.40               | 1.11                  | 1.50   | 1.41           | 1.58   |
| Magnolia:   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Cucumber tree   | 1.66               | 1.16                  | 2.01   | 1.35           | 1.74   |
| Southern magnolia                                       | 1.66               | 1.27                  | 2.02   | 1.47           | 1.86   |
| Maple:  |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Bigleaf   | 1.45               | 1.32                  | 1.84   | 1.56           | 1.68   |
| Black   | 1.68               | 1.22                  | 2.04   | 1.61           | 1.69   |
| Red   | 1.75               | 1.19                  | 1.99   | 1.61           | 2.48   |
| Silver  | 1.53               | 1.21                  | 2.10   | 1.41           | 2.00   |
| Sugar   | 1.67               | 1.18                  | 1.95   | 1.59           | 2.27   |
| Oak, red:   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Black   | 1.69               | 1.39                  | 1.88   | 1.56           | 1.32   |
| Cherrybark  | 1.67               | 1.27                  | 1.89   | 1.51           | 1.63   |
| Laurel  | 1.59               | 1.21                  | 2.20   | 1.55           | 1.85   |
| Northern red  | 1.72               | 1.35                  | 1.97   | 1.46           | 1.65   |
| Pin   | 1.69               | 1.31                  | 1.85   | 1.61           | 1.42   |
| Scarlet   | 1.67               | 1.30                  | 2.04   | 1.34           | 1.34   |
| Southern red  | 1.58               | 1.31                  | 2.01   | 1.49           | 1.60   |

**TABLE X1.1** *Continued*

| Species or Region, or Both (Official Common Tree Names) | Property           |                       |  |                |  |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------|--|
|   | Modulus of Rupture | Modulus of Elasticity | Compression Parallel to Grain, Crushing Strength | Shear Strength | Compression Perpendicular to Grain, Stress at Proportional Limit |
| Water   | 1.72               | 1.30                  | 1.81   | 1.63           | 1.65   |
| Willow  | 1.96               | 1.48                  | 2.35   | 1.40           | 1.85   |
| Oak, white:   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Bur   | 1.43               | 1.18                  | 1.84   | 1.35           | 1.78   |
| Chestnut  | 1.65               | 1.16                  | 1.94   | 1.23           | 1.58   |
| Live  | 1.54               | 1.25                  | 1.64   | 1.20           | 1.39   |
| Overcup   | 1.57               | 1.24                  | 1.84   | 1.52           | 1.50   |
| Post  | 1.63               | 1.39                  | 1.90   | 1.44           | 1.67   |
| Swamp chestnut  | 1.64               | 1.31                  | 2.05   | 1.58           | 1.93   |
| Swamp white   | 1.80               | 1.28                  | 1.97   | 1.54           | 1.56   |
| White   | 1.83               | 1.43                  | 2.09   | 1.60           | 1.59   |
| Poplar, balsam  | 1.76               | 1.47                  | 2.38   | 1.57           | 2.18   |
| Sweetgum  | 1.76               | 1.37                  | 2.08   | 1.61           | 1.70   |
| Sycamore, American                                      | 1.55               | 1.33                  | 1.84   | 1.47           | 1.91   |
| Tupelo:   |                    |                       |  |                |  |
| Black, blackgum   | 1.36               | 1.16                  | 1.82   | 1.22           | 1.92   |
| Water   | 1.32               | 1.19                  | 1.76   | 1.33           | 1.81   |
| Walnut, black   | 1.54               | 1.18                  | 1.76   | 1.13           | 2.08   |
| Yellow-poplar   | 1.70               | 1.29                  | 2.08   | 1.50           | 1.85   |

<sup>4</sup> Dry, here, means 12 % moisture content.

### X1.10 Untested Tension Perpendicular to Grain Provisions

X1.10.1 For those instances where tension perpendicular to grain strength has not been explicitly evaluated, 4.3.2 provides an approximate means to estimate the average green clear wood strength based upon the average green shear strength parallel to grain. Review of the *Wood Handbook* (6) by the U.S. Department of Agriculture suggests that the 0.33 ratio historically used by this standard is conservative for most hardwood species which range between 0.35 to 0.66 and have an overall average of 0.55. Additionally, the 0.33 ratio represents an approximate average for most softwood species which range from 0.21 to 0.49 and have an average of 0.35. Based on these reasons, it was the decision of the committee to use 0.33. The *Wood Handbook* (6) or other similar references should be consulted for a more accurate estimate for any given species.

X1.10.2 To establish a design strength for tension perpendicular to grain typically requires an understanding of the

strength variability. 4.2.1 does not provide an estimate of the variability associated with tension perpendicular to grain and neither does the current edition of the *Wood Handbook* (6). In the absence of better information, it is recommended by the committee to assume the coefficient of variation is not less than 0.25.

X1.10.3 Development of a design strength from green clear wood performance typically requires the influence of size, moisture content, and strength reducing characteristics to be understood. Review of the *Wood Handbook* (6) data compiled for tension perpendicular to grain suggests that application of the shear strength moisture adjustments to green tension perpendicular to grain averages will typically overestimate the 12 % moisture content performance in tension strength perpendicular to grain. Appropriate adjustments for moisture, volume, and strength reducing characteristic impacts on tension strength perpendicular to grain for any application fall outside the scope of this practice.

**TABLE X1.2 Ratios of Dry<sup>A</sup> to Green Clear Wood Properties for Woods Grown in Canada**

| Species or Region, or Both<br>(Official Common Tree Names) | Property              |                          |   |                   |   |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------|---|
|  | Modulus<br>of Rupture | Modulus of<br>Elasticity | Compression<br>Parallel to<br>Grain, Crushing<br>Strength | Shear<br>Strength | Compression<br>Perpendicular to<br>Grain, Stress<br>at Proportional Limit |
| SOFTWOODS  |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Cedar:   |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Cypress, yellow (Alaska cedar)                             | 1.74                  | 1.19                     | 2.05  | 1.52              | 1.96  |
| Eastern (northern) white                                   | 1.59                  | 1.23                     | 1.90  | 1.52              | 1.98  |
| Western red  | 1.47                  | 1.14                     | 1.77  | 1.16              | 1.78  |
| Douglas fir  | 1.70                  | 1.22                     | 2.01  | 1.50              | 1.89  |
| Fir:   |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Alpine   | 1.59                  | 1.18                     | 2.11  | 1.44              | 2.08  |
| Amabilis (Pacific silver)                                  | 1.82                  | 1.22                     | 2.14  | 1.53              | 2.24  |
| Balsam   | 1.60                  | 1.24                     | 2.04  | 1.34              | 1.90  |
| Hemlock:   |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Eastern  | 1.43                  | 1.11                     | 1.74  | 1.38              | 1.55  |
| Western  | 1.69                  | 1.21                     | 1.89  | 1.25              | 1.76  |
| Larch, western   | 1.79                  | 1.26                     | 2.00  | 1.46              | 2.04  |
| Pine:  |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Eastern white  | 1.84                  | 1.16                     | 2.02  | 1.39              | 2.07  |
| Jack   | 1.79                  | 1.27                     | 1.99  | 1.45              | 2.47  |
| Lodgepole  | 1.95                  | 1.24                     | 2.19  | 1.71              | 1.92  |
| Ponderosa  | 1.86                  | 1.22                     | 2.16  | 1.42              | 2.17  |
| Red  | 2.02                  | 1.29                     | 2.32  | 1.53              | 2.56  |
| Western white  | 1.92                  | 1.23                     | 2.08  | 1.41              | 2.00  |
| Spruce:  |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Black  | 1.94                  | 1.15                     | 2.19  | 1.57              | 2.06  |
| Engelmann  | 1.78                  | 1.24                     | 2.19  | 1.56              | 2.00  |
| Red  | 1.76                  | 1.21                     | 1.99  | 1.65              | 2.00  |
| Sitka  | 1.87                  | 1.19                     | 2.14  | 1.55              | 2.04  |
| White  | 1.78                  | 1.26                     | 2.17  | 1.47              | 2.04  |
| Tamarack   | 1.62                  | 1.10                     | 2.08  | 1.42              | 2.18  |
| HARDWOODS  |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Aspen:   |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Largetooth   | 1.78                  | 1.16                     | 1.99  | 1.39              | 2.23  |
| Quaking  | 1.79                  | 1.25                     | 2.24  | 1.36              | 2.57  |
| Cottonwood:  |                       |                          |   |                   |   |
| Black  | 1.76                  | 1.32                     | 2.16  | 1.54              | 2.56  |
| Eastern  | 1.58                  | 1.30                     | 1.95  | 1.50              | 2.25  |
| Poplar, balsam   | 2.02                  | 1.45                     | 2.38  | 1.33              | 2.38  |

<sup>A</sup> Dry, here, means 12 % moisture content.

## X2. DECISION SEQUENCE FOR ANALYSIS OF NEW DATA AND SUBSEQUENT DECISIONS

**TABLE X2.1 Example Sequence**

| Mean and Variances | <i>i</i> th Quantile | Action   |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| 1. Unequal         | Unequal              | Data are accepted for replacement. Product subcommittees may assess the practical significance.  |
| 2. Unequal         | Equal                | Examine distribution fit (see Practice <a href="#">D2915</a> ).<br>a. If normal, consult power table to assure adequate sample size. If adequate, data are accepted for replacement or augmentation. Product subcommittees may assess practical significance.<br>b. If not normal, see 4b. |
| 3. Equal           | Equal                | No changes in tabulated values. Data substantiates existing data.  |
| 4. Equal           | Unequal              | Examine distribution fit (see Practice <a href="#">D2915</a> ).<br>a. If normal, accept new data for replacement or augmentation. Product subcommittees may assess practical significance.<br>b. If not normal, further analysis required to determine appropriate action.                 |

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- (4) Power, K., Gillis, M., Canada’s Forest Inventory 2001, National Resources Canada, Canadian Forest Service, Pacific Forestry Centre, Victoria, BC, Canada, 2006.
- (5) “Duration of Load and Fatigue in Wood Structures,” Paper 1361 of the *Proceedings* of the American Society of Civil Engineers, 1957.
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- (8) “Mean and Tolerance Limit Stresses and Stress Modelling for Compression Perpendicular to Grain in Hardwood and Softwood Species”, U.S. Forest Service Research Paper FPL 337, Forest Products Laboratory, Madison, WI, 1979.

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