



Designation: D2220 – 17

Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) Insulation for Wire and Cable, 75°C Operation¹

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1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers a thermoplastic insulation of poly(vinyl chloride) or the copolymer of vinyl chloride and vinyl acetate.

1.2 This insulation is recommended for use in power and control circuits at temperatures not higher than 75°C. At a thickness of 15 mils (0.38 mm), application is limited to voltage ratings below 300 V, and to dry locations. At a thickness of 30 mils, the application range is widened to dry or wet applications, and to a voltage rating of 600 V.

1.3 In many instances the insulation material cannot be tested unless it has been formed around a conductor or cable. Therefore, tests are done on insulated wire or cable in this specification solely to determine the relevant property of the insulation material and not to test the conductor or completed cable.

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4.1 In some cases (including the title), temperatures are described in degrees Celsius only.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards*:²

- D1711 Terminology Relating to Electrical Insulation
- D2633 Test Methods for Thermoplastic Insulations and Jackets for Wire and Cable
- D2633 Test Methods for Thermoplastic Insulations and Jackets for Wire and Cable
- G153 Practice for Operating Enclosed Carbon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Nonmetallic Materials

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D09 on Electrical and Electronic Insulating Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D09.07 on Electrical Insulating Materials.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

[G155 Practice for Operating Xenon Arc Light Apparatus for Exposure of Non-Metallic Materials](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*:

3.1.1 For definitions of terms used in this specification, refer to Terminology D1711.

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard*:

3.2.1 *aging (act of), n*—exposure of materials to air or oil at a temperature and a time as specified in Table 1.

4. Physical Properties

4.1 The insulation shall conform to the requirements for physical properties prescribed in Table 1.

5. Electrical Requirements

5.1 Perform the ac voltage, insulation resistance, and dc voltage tests in that order when any of these tests are required. The sequence for other testing is not specified.

5.2 *AC Voltage Test*—Test the insulated conductor at the ac withstand voltage as specified in Table 2. Unless otherwise specified, omit this test if the dc withstand voltage test described in 5.4 is performed.

5.2.1 For cables or conditions of service where mechanical stresses govern, such as in submarine cables or long vertical risers, it is possible that the minimum conductor sizes in Table 2 are not strong enough.

5.2.2 The thicknesses given in Table 2 apply to aerial cables and to single conductors installed in conduits above ground and to the individual conductors of all multiple-conductor cables having a common jacket metallic sheath or protective covering over the assembly, except as shown in 5.2.2.1.

5.2.2.1 For single-conductor cables for installation in underground ducts or direct earth burial, add 15 mils (0.38 mm) to the insulation thicknesses given in Table 2 when such cables do not have a thermoplastic jacket or metallic sheath over the assembly.

5.2.3 Where the thickness of the insulation is increased for mechanical reasons or for special service conditions, determine the test voltage in Table 2 by the size of the conductor and the rated voltage.

5.3 *Insulation Resistance*:

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

TABLE 1 Physical Properties Requirements

Unaged Requirements:	
Tensile strength, min, psi (MPa)	2000 (13.8)
Elongation at rupture, min, %	150
Aged Requirements:	
After air oven test at 121± 1°C for 168 h:	
Tubular Specimens—up to size AWG 6 (13.3 mm ²)	
Tensile strength, min, % of unaged value	80
Elongation, min, % of unaged value	75
Buffed die-cut Specimens—sizes AWG 6 and larger	
Tensile strength, min, % of unaged value	75
Elongation, min, % of unaged value	50
Heat shock, 121 ± 1°C	no cracks
Heat distortion, 121 ± 1°C, max, % decrease	25
Vertical flame test, after five 15-s applications	passes
Oil resistance test:	
After oil immersion at 70± 1°C for 4 h:	
Tubular Specimens—up to size AWG 6 (13.3 mm ²)	
Tensile strength, min, % of unaged value	85
Elongation, min, % of unaged value	85
Buffed die-cut Specimens—sizes AWG 6 and larger	
Tensile strength, min, % of unaged value	80
Elongation, min, % of unaged value	60
Cold bend test, -30 ± 1°C for 1 h	no cracks

TABLE 2 Conductor Sizes, Insulation Thicknesses, and Test Voltages for Poly(Vinyl Chloride)-Insulated Control and Power Cables

Rated Circuit Voltage, Phase-to-Phase, V	Conductor Size, AWG or cmil (mm ²)	Insulation Thickness, mils (mm)	AC Test Voltage, kV
0 to 300	26 to 16 (0.13 to 1.31)	15 (0.38)	1.0
0 to 600	26 to 16 (0.13 to 1.31)	30 (0.76)	1.5
	14 to 9 (2.08 to 6.63)	45 (1.14)	3.0
	8 to 2 (8.37 to 33.6)	60 (1.52)	3.5
	1 to 0000 (42.4 to 10.7)	80 (2.03)	4.0
	225 000 to 500 000 (140 to 253)	95 (2.41)	5.0
	501 000 to 1 000 000 (254 to 507)	110 (2.79)	6.0
	Over 1 000 000 (507)	125 (3.18)	7.0

5.3.1 Insulated conductors in sizes AWG 14 (2.08 mm²) and larger shall have an insulation resistance of at least that corresponding to a constant of 2000 M Ω-1000 ft at 60°F (15.6°C).

5.3.2 If the temperature at the time measurement was made differs from 60°F (15.6°C), correct the insulation resistance to 60°F by multiplying the measured value by the proper correction factor from Table 1, Temperature Correction Factors for Insulation Resistance at 60°F, of Methods D2633.

5.4 DC Voltage Test—Upon completion of the insulation resistance test, test each non-shielded insulated conductor for

5 min at a dc withstand voltage which is three times the ac test voltage specified in Table 2. Unless otherwise specified, omit this test if the ac withstand voltage test described in 5.2 is performed.

5.5 Accelerated Water Absorption—The insulation shall meet the requirements in Table 3.

5.6 Dielectric Strength Retention— The insulation shall be capable of meeting a dielectric strength retention of at least 60 % of the original dielectric strength when tested at a temperature of 75 ± 1°C.

6. Thickness of Insulation

6.1 The average thickness of the insulation shall be at least that prescribed in Table 2. The minimum thickness shall be at least 90 % of the thickness prescribed in Table 2.

7. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

7.1 Apply the insulation directly to the surface of the conductor or conductor covering and obtain a tight fit to that surface.

7.2 Repairs and Joints—When making repairs or joints in the insulation, do the work in such a manner that the repaired part of the joint, and all parts affected by the process, meet the same electrical tests as the remainder of the insulation and maintain the limitations on the thickness specified in Section 6.

8. Sampling

8.1 Sample the insulation in accordance with Methods D2633.

9. Test Methods

9.1 Test the insulation in accordance with Methods D2633.

10. Keywords

10.1 accelerated water absorption; ac voltage test; dc voltage test; insulation resistance; poly (vinyl chloride) insulation; 75°C Poly (Vinyl Chloride) Insulation; thickness

TABLE 3 Accelerated Water Absorption Requirements

Electrical method 60 Hz at 75 ± 1°C:	
Permittivity after 24 h, max	10.0
Increase in capacitance, max, %:	
1 to 14 days	4.0
7 to 14 days	2.0

APPENDIX
X1. Optional Weatherometer Test
(Nonmandatory Information)

X1.1 The optional weather resistance shall be in accordance with Practice **G153**, using cycle 1 for Carbon Arc testing, or in accordance with ASTM Practice **G155** using cycle 1 for Xenon arc testing.

X1.2 Sample the insulation in accordance with Test Methods **D2633**.

X1.3 The insulation shall conform to the requirements for physical properties prescribed in **Table X1.1**, below.

TABLE X1.1 Weatherometer Physical Properties Requirements

Weather Resistance Test (Optional) After 720 H in Either Xenon or Carbon Arc Exposure	
Tubular Specimens—up to size AWG 6 (13.3 mm ²)	
Tensile strength, min, % of unaged value	80
Elongation, min, % of unaged value	80
Buffed die-cut Specimens—sizes AWG 6 and larger	
Tensile strength, min, % of unaged value	80
Elongation, min, % of unaged value	80

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee **D09** has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (D2220 – 11) that may impact the use of this standard. (Approved March 1, 2017.)

- (1) Added Practices **G153** and **G155** to Referenced Documents (Section 2). (2) Added **Appendix X1**.

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